THE WEEKLY ADVOCATE AND TIMES.

W. L. MERSHON & CO., PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS. OFFICE—37, 39 AND 41 CLINTON STREET.

NEW VOL., XXXIX,—No. 33. RAHWAY, N. J., SATURDAY, AUGUST 21ST, 1880. ESTABLISHED 1822.

TY DIRECTORY.

-Joseph W. Savage.
and Treasurer—Robert C. Brewster.
r of Taxes—Wm. E. Blanchard.
rk—Lewis S. Hyer
t of Council—Willit Denike.
orney—Leslie Lupton.
rveyor—William E. Clark.
hysicians — J. J. Daly, W. C.

Police—Wm. Tooker.
Commissioner—A. Pierson.
of Alms House—Richard Tice.
r of Poor—George W. Lawrence.
ustice—J. O. Tunison.
Assessors—1st dist., John B. Tur-
2d dist., F. E. Terrill.
rs at Large—B. B. Miller, H. V.
, Thomas Marsh.

COMMON COUNCIL.

ard—Uzal M. Osborn (1881).
James T. Melick (1882).
Edward Crolius (1883).
Ward—Edwin Martin (1881).
Elihu B. Silvers (1882).
Antoine Lohmiller (1883).
ard—J. K. F. Mansfield (1881).
Frank L. Sheldon (1882).
W. V. McKenzie (1883).
Ward—John Wilson (1881).
Silas H. Leonard (1882).
Willit Denike (1883).

COMMITTEE OF COUNCIL.

ent—Crolius, McKenzie, Lohmiller.
Leonard, Wilson, Martin.
ilvers, Wilson, Osborn.
artment—Melick, Wilson, Mans-

and Police—Silvers, Leonard, Mc-

—Lohmiller, Osborn, Sheldon.
ion—Silvers, Crolius, Osborn.
—Leonard, Melick, McKenzie.
Silvers, Lohmiller, Mansfield.
d Alms—Lohmiller, Wilson, Mc-

—Silvers, Lohmiller, Osborn.
perty—Leonard, McKenzie, Crolius
—Melick, Leonard, Martin.

RD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS.

D. Chapin, Linus High, Joseph
age, Samuel Leonard, James T. Me

reer, Patrick Clark; Superintendent
Morgan.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

id—
Ward—Uel Freeman.
ard—W. Rollinson.
Ward—Walter Brewster.
e—Cornelius H. Miller.
y—James M. Silvers.

CHURCHES.

Methodist, Grand street, Rev. E. C. Dutcher
10:30 A.M., 7 P.M.; Sabbath School 2 P.M.;
eeting Wednesday, 7:45 P.M., and Tuesday
sday, 7:45 P.M. in the class room of the

Methodist, Railroad and Milton avenue,
Hallron. Services 10:30 A.M., 7 P.M.; Sab-
hool 2 P.M.; Prayer meeting Wednesday,
Classes—Tuesday and Thursday, 7:45 P.
class room of the Church; Children's Class
instruction Saturday afternoon at 3 P.M. in
Room.

ethodist, Elm avenue, Rev. Albert Adams.
10:30 A.M. and 7 P.M., Sabbath school 2 P.M.

Presbyterian, Grand street, Rev. J. J.
y. Services 10:30 A.M., 7 P.M.; Sabbath
2 P.M.; Prayer meeting Wednesday, 7:30 P.M.

d Presbyterian, Main and Commerce street,
A. Liggitt. Services 10:30 A.M., 7 P.M.; Sab-
hool 2:30 P.M.; Prayer meeting Wednesday,
.; Young People's League Monday, 7:30.

Baptist, Milton avenue, Rev. William Rollin-
ervices 10:30 A.M., 7:30 P.M.; Sabbath school
.; Prayer meeting Tuesday and Friday, 8

Street Baptist, near Grand street, Rev.
———. Services 10:30 A.M., 7 P.M.; Sab-
hool 3 P.M.; Prayer meetings.

ul's, Irving street and Elm avenue, Rev.
Antwerp. Services 10:30 A.M., 7:30 P.M.;
school 2 P.M. Wednesday evening lecture
the Chapel.

of the Holy Comforter, Episcopal, Semi-
treet, near St. George's avenue. Rev. D.
ector. Services—Sundays, 10 1-2 a.m., and
.; Sunday School 3 p.m. Wednesday even-
yer with a lecture at a quarter to eight.

t Church, Rev. James Crystal, Rector, Sun-
hool, 9:00 a.m. Church Services 10:30 a.m.,

ary's Roman Catholic, Central avenue, Rev.
Smith. Services, Masses at 8:30 and
M.; Vespers and Benediction of the Most
acrament at 3:30 P.M. every Sunday. Sunday
at 2:30 P.M.

n Evangelical Luth. Zion's Church, Grand
Rev. A. Stuckert. Services 10:30 A.M., 7:30
sabbath school 9 A.M.

an St. Mark's (R. C.) Church, Hamilton

ds Meeting, Irving Street. 1st and 5th days,
M.

d Street Chapel. Sabbath school, 2:30 P.M.;
Friday evening 7:30 P.M.

Zaran A. M. E., Central avenue, Rev. B. W.
y. Services 10:30 A.M., 7:30 P.M., Sabbath
2:30 P.M.; Class, Tuesday, 8 P.M.; Prayer
Friday evening, 8 P.M.

Street Baptist Church, Rev. Joseph
Pastor. Preaching services on Sunday at
and 2.30 P.M. Cottage Prayer Meetings
esday evenings. Regular Church Prayer
on Friday evenings. Wm. W. Timmons,
lerk.

BANKS.

onal Bank—A. F. Shotwell, President; Walter
, Jr., Cashier.
n National Bank—Jonathan Woodruff,
ent; Robert C. Brewster, Cashier.
way Savings Institution—William C. Squier,
ent; Jos. S. Smith, Treasurer.

RAHWAY FIRE DEPARTMENT.

nt—D. R. Parker.
ry—Augustus B. Crane.
er—J. H. Lufbery.
er—Lewis Ghering.
nts—Lester Laforge, William H. Randolph.

EXEMPT FIREMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

nt—Dunham R. Parker.
ry—Charles I. Holder.

INSURANCE.

way Mutual Fire Insurance Company—Na-
Bank Building—Isaac Osborn, President;
Shotwell, Secretary.

MILITARY.

ompany, Third Regiment, N. G. S. N. meets
Tuesday evening.
., William Bloodgood; 1st Lieutenant,
A. Groves; 2d Lieutenant, J. S. Lunger.
ergeant, Wm. F. Muir.
do Wm. H. Way.
do Geo. Bechler.
do H. L. Clark, Jr.
do J. T. Davis.
Corporal, Benj. King.
do C. M. Hawkins.
do Thos. Van Horn.
do F. W. Oliver.
do Geo. McLeish.

SOCIETY ORGANIZATIONS.

way Library Association, Library building,
ing and Seminary Streets—Open for distri-
of books on Thursday of each week during
ear. Oct. 1 to May 1, 2 to 5 P.M. and 7:30 to
M. May 1 to Oct. 1, 3 to 6 P.M. and 7:30 to
M. Terms to subscribers $2 per annum.
Directress, Mrs. William C. Squier; Secretary,
U. Underhill.

avette Lodge, No. 27, A. F. A. M.—Meets
Monday evening, Masonic Hall, cor. Main
onroe Streets. Secretary, J. W. Ackerman;
G. R. Lindsay.

avette Chapter, No. 26, R. A. M.—Meets the
d third Thursday evening in each month,
nic Hall. Secretary.

ex County Lodge, No. 27, I. O. O. F.—Meets
Tuesday evening, Odd Fellows Hall, Hall's
g. Secretary, E. B. Clay.

ies' Aid Society—Fridays, 3 P.M., Exchange
g.

ion Council, No. 81, Jr., O. U. A. M.—Meets
Tuesday evening in Coles' Hall. Horace H.
, Secretary.

. Barry Post No. 27, Department of New
y. G. A. R., meets every Friday evening at
o'clock over Hall's Hardware Store. C. H.
r, Commandant, Ira F. Morgan, Adjutant.

ng Men's Christian Association of Rahway.
s meetings the first Thursday in each month.
ms in the Post-Office Building. Open every
g. William T. Miller, President; David J.
, Secretary.

ecretaries will please notify us of any errors
anges in the Lodges, so that we will be able to
e proper corrections. We wish to make this a
Directory for strangers while stopping in our

HOTELS.

mberlin's Hotel—Nos. 51, 53, 55 and 57 Cherry
t, opposite depot. Wm. S. Chamberlin, Pro-
tor.

BUSINESS CARDS.

D. C. MARSH,
DEALER IN
HOT AIR FURNACES,
Fire Place Ranges, Tin Roofing, &c.
137 Main Street, Rahway, N. J.

GEO. M. PLUM,
—DEALER IN—
DAILY AND WEEKLY PAPERS
Stationery, Books, Fancy Articles, &c.,
Confectionery and Nuts always fresh at
90 IRVING STREET.

N. V. COMPTON,
REAL ESTATE.
FIRE AND INSURANCE AGENT,
Flatt's Building, 80 Irving Street,
RAHWAY, N. J.
☞ All work in his line carefully attended to. ☜

THOS. WHITE,
DEALER IN
SEGARS AND TOBACCO,
MEERSCHAUM PIPES, &c.
☞ DAILY PAPERS ALSO FOR SALE HERE.
No. 5 CHERRY STREET.

WILLIAM HOLZWARTH,
DEALER IN
WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY,
142 MAIN STREET.
Special attention paid to repairing Watches.
All Work Warranted.

Chamberlin's Hotel,
Opposite Rail Road Depot,

RAHWAY, N. J.

This House is conveniently located for the traveling public.

Added to this Hotel for the accomodation of the public is a

LUNCH ROOM,

Where meals are served at all hours.

Transient Board and Lodging; 50c. per Meal and 50c. Lodging.

Permanent Board and Lodging
For Gentlemen from $5.00 to $8.00 per week.

ROOMS FOR FAMILIES.

☞ Billiard Room and Stable connected to the Hotel.

WM. S. CHAMBERLIN, Prop.

BOARD AND LODGING
—AT—
Danner's East Rahway Garden.

This place is located in the most pleasant and delightful part of Rahway, and only a few minutes' walk from the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot. All our rooms are large and well ventilated. Parties living at a distance and wishing to secure a pleasant and quiet place to board during the summer months, could not find a more suitable locality.

Board and Lodging only $5.00 per week.

Special rates made to families wishing to spend the summer here. Address,

GEO. DANNER,
P. O. BOX 253, RAHWAY, N. J.

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MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
FURNITURE, MATTRASSES & FEATHERS,
Undertaking in all its branches.
RE-UPHOLSTERING AND REPAIRING DONE.
12 MAIN STREET, RAHWAY, N. J.

SURVEYING AND LEVELING
in all its branches.
W. E. CLARK, - - CITY SURVEYOR.
Office—City Hall Building, corner Main and Monroe streets, Rahway, N. J.
Special attention paid to re-locating old property lines.
Drawings and specifications for Patents at reasonable rates. oct16-1y*

J. G. BECK,
(Organist of Second Presbyterian Church,)
TEACHER OF ORGAN & PIANOFORTE.
Main Street, near William, Rahway, N. J.
feb12-tf

MARSH & RYNO,
No. 111 Main St., Rahway, N. J.
Manufacturers and dealers in Furniture and Matrasses, which we offer as low as they can be purchased elsewhere. Please give us a call and examine our stock and prices. Undertaking in all its branches. jy1

B. A. VAIL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, MASTER IN CHANCERY. Rooms 4 and 5, Exchange Building, Rahway, N. J.

A. EDW'D WOODRUFF,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Equitable Building, No. 120 Broadway,
jy7 NEW YORK.

E. T. HARRIS,
DEALER IN REAL ESTATE.
Life and Fire Insurance Agent, 80 Irving st.,
Near the Rail Road, Rahway.

LESLIE LUPTON,
Counsellor at Law,
Exchange Building. Rahway, N. J.

WM. D. SCISCO,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.
Exchange Building, Room 6. Rahway, N. J
aug20

AUGUST SCHNEIDER,
Large Bread, Fancy Cake
and Pie Baker, 128 Main Street, Rahway, N. J. Weddings, Parties, Picnics and Entertainments furnished on the shortest notice, and at the most reasonable rates. Hot Rolls every morning at 6 o'clock. Orders solicited and promptly attended to. my7-1

M. K. STOKES,
GROCER,
Cor. Milton Ave. & Broad St.
Fine Butter and Cheese
A SPECIALTY.
Flour by the Barrel
OF SUPERIOR BRANDS.
Vegetables
IN THEIR SEASON.
Coffees and Teas
OF THE BEST QUALITY AND VARIETY.
Pure Spices,
Together with a general variety found in a first class grocery.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

On and after Monday June 21st, 1880 trains will leave Rahway as follows:

FOR HARRISBURG, PITTSBURG and points west 6:43 and 9:19 p. m. Daily.

FOR BALTIMORE, WASHINGTON, and points South: 9:07 a. m., and 1:43 p. m.

FOR PHILADELPHIA, 1:04, 9:07, and 11:50 a.m., 1:43 5:43, 7:53, and 9:19 p.m. Sunday, 1:04 a.m., 5:43, 7:53, 9:19 p. m.

FOR TRENTON, 1:04, 7:23, 9:07 and 11:50, a.m., 1:43, 2:45, 4:46, 5:43, 8:25, and 9:19 p. m. Sunday, 1:04 a. m., 5:43, 7:53, 9:19, p. m.

FOR NEW BRUNSWICK, 12:23, 1:04, 7:23, 9:07, 9:55, 11:50 a. m. 1:43, 2:45, 3:50, 4:46, 5:20, 6:17, 7:53, p. m. Sundays, 1:04 9:07, 10:23 a.m., 1:53, 5:23, 7:53, 10:20 p.m.

FOR METUCHEN, 12:23, 1:04, 7:23, 8:20, 9:55, 11:50, a. m. 1:49, 2:45, 3:50, 4:46, 5:20, 6:17, 7:13, 7:53 p. m. Sundays, 1:04, 9:07, 10:23 a. m. 1:53, 5:23, 7:20, 7:53, 10:20 p. m.

FOR UNIONTOWN, 12:23, 7:23, 9:55, 11:50 a. m. 1:49, 2:45, 3:50, 5:20, 6:17, 7:13, 7:53 p. m. Sundays, 1:04, 9:07, 10:23 a.m. 1:53, 5:23, 7:20 7:53, 10:20 p. m.

FOR PERTH AMBOY BRANCH, 7:27 and 10:55, a. m., 3:32, 5:38, 7:03, p. m.

FOR ELIZABETH, 2:45, 5:30, 6:30, 7:00, 7:21, 7:30, 7:46, 8:19, 8:30, 8:51, 9:30, 10:32, 11:30, a. m. 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:20, 5:20, 6:00, 6:30, 7:40, 7:50, 8:50, 9:10, 10:20, 11:20 p. m. Sundays, 2:45, 6:12, 7:30, 10:15, 10:32 a. m. 12:15, 5:10, 7:20, 8:20, 9:20, 11:35 p. m.

FOR NEWARK, 2:45, 5:30, 6:30, 7:00, 7:21, 7:30, 7:46, 8:30, 8:51, 9:30, 10:32, 11:30 a. m. 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:20, 5:20, 6:00, 6:30, 7:40, 7:50, 8:50, 9:10, 10:20, and 11:20 p. m. Sundays, 2:45, 6:12, 7:30, 10:15, 10:32, a. m., 12:15, 5:10, 7:20, 8:20, 9:20, 11:35 p. m.

FOR NEW YORK, 2:45, 5:30, 6:30, 7:00, 7:21, 7:30, 7:46, 8:19, 8:30, 8:51, 9:30, 10:32, 11:30, a. m. 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:20, 5:20, 6:00, 6:30, 7:40, 7:50, 8:50, 9:10, 10:20, 11:20, p. m. Sundays, 2:45, 6:12, 7:30, 10:15, 10:32, a. m. 12:15, 5:10, 7:20, 8:20, 9:20, 11:35 p. m.

FOR BROOKLYN, N.Y., all through trains connect at Jersey City with boats of "Brooklyn Annex" affording direct transfer to and from Fulton street, avoiding double ferriage and journey across New York City.

FOR BOSTON, (without change) 9:10, p. m.

TRAINS LEAVE NEW YORK FOR RAHWAY, 6:00, 6:30, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00, a. m., 12:00, noon, 1:00, 1:10, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:10, 4:30, 4:50, 5:10, 5:30, 5:40, 6:10, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 9:00, 10:00, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night. Sundays, 8:15, 9:30 a.m. 1:00, 4:30, 5:45, 6:30, 7:00, 8:15 9:30 p. m., 12:00 night.

PASSENGERS wishing to take Southern or Western express trains, not stopping at Rahway, will be obliged to take a preceding train to some point where the express train makes regular stop.

FOR FURTHER information apply to Ticket Agent who will furnish time tables and give information as to Routes, Checking Baggage, &c.

FRANK THOMSON, Gen'l Manager.
L. P. FARMER, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
F. W. JACKSON, Gen'l Sup't P. R. R. N. J. Div.
JAMES McCREA, Sup't N. Y. Div.

RAHWAY POST-OFFICE.

TO TAKE EFFECT MAY 10th, 1880

New York Time.

MAILS ARRIVE.

New York, North, East, and West,
5:16, 9:12, a. m., 1:52, 4:51 p. m.
Philadelphia, South and West,
5:16, 5:55, 9:52, a. m., 4:00, 5:48 p. m.
Woodbridge and Perth Amboy,
7:35 a.m., 4:20 p.m.
Northern Way Mails, 9:12 " 4:51 "
Southern " 9:57 " 4:00, 5:48

Mails are received from New Brunswick, Metuchen, Princeton, Trenton, Bristol, South and West Jersey, Belvidere, Delaware Railroads, at 9:57 a. m., 5:48 p. m.

Mails are received from Elizabeth, Newark, North Jersey, Delaware & Lackawanna, and New Jersey Central Railroads at 5:16, 9:12 a. m., 4:51 p. m.

MAILS CLOSE.

Woodbridge and Perth Amboy,
7:00 a. m., 5:15 p. m.
New York, North and East,
7:30, 9:30 a. m., 3:30, 5:15 and 7:15 p. m.
Philadelphia and Way,
8:45 a. m., 4:30 and 7:15 p. m.
Through Southern and Philadelphia,
8:45 a. m., 4:30, 5:15 and 7:15, p. m.

Mails are despatched for Elizabeth, Newark, Delaware and Lackawanna, New Jersey Central Railroads and Northern New Jersey, at 9:30 a. m., 3:30, 5:15 and 7:15 p. m.

Mails are despatched for Philadelphia, Trenton, Princeton, New Brunswick, Metuchen, South and West Jersey and Belvidere, Delaware Railroads at 8:45 a. m., 4:30, 5:15 and 7:15 p. m.

Office opens at 6:30 a. m.; closes at 7:30 p. m.

Sunday Mails arrive 5:16 and 9:57 a. m., and close to all points at 9:30 a. m.

Office open on Sunday from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.

MONEY ORDERS.

Sold at the following rates, payable at any money order office:

Orders not exceeding	$15 00	10 cents.		
" " "	30 00	15	"	
" " "	40 00	20	"	
" " "	50 00	25	"	

Orders payable in Great Britain and Germany, France, Algeria and Canada, are now sold at this office at the following rates:

BRITISH.—Orders not over $10, 20 cents; over $10, and not over $20, 40 cents; over $20, and not over $30, 60 cents; over $30, and not over $40, 80 cents; over $40, and not over $50, $1.00.

GERMANY, FRANCE AND ALGERIA.—Orders not over $10, 15 cents; over $10, and not over $20, 30 cents; over $20, and not over $30, 45 cents; over $30, and not over $40, 60 cents; over $40, and not over $50, 75 cents.

CANADIAN.—Orders not over $10, 20 cents; not over $20, 40 cents; not over $30, 60 cents; not over $40, 80 cents; not over $50 $1.00.

S. M. OLIVER, POSTMASTER

WILLIAM WESTERVELT,
Carpenter and Builder,
Shop on Bridge St.,
NEAR ESSEX, - RAHWAY, N. J.
Jobbing Promptly Attended To.
Residence, Hamilton St., near St. George's Av.

TO GRATIFY HIS WIFE.

An Interesting Story—A Hopeless Case Cured—A Good Reason for Happiness.

Statement of Mr. Washington Monroe, of Catskill, Green County, New York.

"For many years I have suffered from a complaint which the physicians called gravel. I had employed some of the most noted doctors without obtaining any permanent relief, and for a long time my case was regarded as hopeless. All who knew the circumstances said I must die. Finally, my wife induced me to try a bottle of Dr. Kennedy's 'Favorite Remedy' which she had somewhere heard of or seen advertised. Without the slightest faith in it, but solely to gratify her, I bought a bottle of a druggist in our village. I used that and two or three bottles more, and—to make a long story short—I am now as healthy a man as there is in the country.

"Since then I have recommended 'Favorite Remedy' to others whom I knew to have suffered from Kidney and Liver complaints; and, I assure the public, that the 'Favorite Remedy' has done its work with a similar completeness in every single instance, and I trust some other sick and discouraged mortal may hear of it and try the 'Favorite Remedy' as I did."

RAHWAY CITY BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD,
ALSO
BONDS & MORTGAGES.
City Taxes and Assessments Paid at a Discount.
Apply from 7 to 10.30 A.M., or 7 to 9 P.M., at the Real Estate Office of
N. MOONEY,
Cherry St., 2nd Building above Post Office.

E. LAING'S
Livery, Sale & Exchange
STABLES,
Cor. Milton Ave. & Campbell St.
RAHWAY, N. J.

CLOTHING.
Just received a New Stock of
FINE CASSIMERES
Which I will Make to Order in the Most Fashionable Style and Fit; warranted to please all.
C. W. BABEL,
30 Main St.,
RAHWAY, N. J.

GEO. MILLER, 143 MAIN ST.
AGENT FOR THE
United States Dyeing & Scouring
ESTABLISHMENT.
All kinds of Garments Dyed and Scoured with neatness and dispatch without being ripped at lowest cash prices
ap123-tf

HALL'S BAZAAR
Garden Seeds, Hoes, Rakes,
PLOUGHS, BONE DUST,
Fertilizers, Window Shades, Fixtures, &c., &c.
Hardware. Tinware and Crockery

THOMAS JARDINE'S
MONUMENT
—AND—
STEAM
MANTEL WORKS,
St. George's Avenue, Rahway, N. J.,
NEAR GRAND STREET.
GRANITE MONUMENTS.
Lots Enclosed, Etc.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

No other preparation but Simmons Liver Regulator has ever been discovered that would effect ually cure Dyspepsia and its kindred evils, and restore the patient to a perfectly healthy condition of body and mind. The rapidly increasing demand for this medicine and our large sales in consequence, is indeed sufficient evidence in itself of its great popularity.

Perfectly IT HAS NO EQUAL. Harmless.

It can be used any time without fear by the most delicate persons. No matter what the ailing, and it may be given to children with perfect safety, as no bad results follow its use, doing no possible injury. As a mild tonic, gentle Laxative and harmless Invigorant it is infinitely superior to any known remedy for

MALARIOUS FEVERS,	BOWEL COMPLAINTS,	
JAUNDICE,	COLIC,	RESTLESSNESS,
MENTAL DEPRESSION,	SICK HEADACHE,	
CONSTIPATION,	NAUSEA,	BILLIOUSNESS

DYSPEPSIA, &c.

Read the following names of persons well and widely known, who testify to the valuable properties of SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR OR MEDICINE. Hon. Alex. H. Stephens, John W. Beckwith, Bishop of Georgia; Gen. John B. Gordon, U. S. Senator; Hon. John Gill Shorter, Rt. Rev. Bishop Pierce, J. Edgar Thompson, Hon. B. Hill, Hon. John C. Breckinridge, Prof. David Wills, D.D., Hiram Warner, Chief Justice of Ga.; Lewis Wunder, Asst. P. M. Phila., and many others from whom we have letters commenting upon this medicine as a most valuable household remedy.

PURELY VEGETABLE.

Its low price places it within the reach of all be they rich or poor. If you are suffering and cannot find a relief, procure at once from your Druggist a bottle of Regulator. Give it a fair trial and it will not only afford relief, but permanently cure you. It is without a single exception The Cheapest, Purest and Best Family Medicine in the World!

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA.
Price, $1.00. Sold by all Druggists.

MY ONE GLEAM OF ROMANCE.

I am afraid that I am only a prosaic sort of being. Now and then the young ladies whom I meet in society think me unromantic and perhaps uninteresting. The gray hues of morning become lost in that "light of common day" which belongs to the afternoon of life. For me it is a quiet, cheerful, happy afternoon; with the music of the voices that I love, the fragrance of the flowers I tend. I know, too, that for me the bracing evening breezes will rise, and the evening skies be flushed with immortal hopes. Once I had a gleam of romance, which grew, indeed, into a steady radiance; and plain and prosaic as I am now—and it is mainly the ordinary episode of a woman's life—I think it perhaps more romantic than happens to most young ladies of the period, and I hope that they, too, may have a gleam equally propitious.

We were the six daughters of a country vicar; we lived four miles from the county town, which was also the cathedral city. We were a very happy nest of girls, save for certain unpropitious love affairs, which, however, came all right before the end of the third volume. Our Squire's son was very attentive to my elder sister, and our Squire, though very civil to us, was not supposed to like it, for he had trotted off his son for a long tour, and nobody knew for how long it might be. My second sister was engaged to my father's curate; helplessly, hopelessly engaged. He had only a hundred a year, and was not to think of marrying until he had at least another hundred. I came third. The rest of my younger sisters have become engaged to the series of subsequent curates. My father could not afford to send us to school, but we grew up somehow, and, like flowers, we grew up toward the sunlight. The education our good mother gave us was something like "Shakespeare, taste, and the musical glasses;" but our father added a robuster fibre. He considered that boys and girls ought, to a certain extent, to have the same education. Like Shakespeare aforesaid, we had a little Latin and less Greek. As far as Greek goes I never got beyond the irregular verbs—those rocks which have shipwrecked many a young scholar—but in Latin I read several of the easier classics. I did not compose any Latin verses, because my father very properly said that young ladies should not write verses, but have verses written to them. I had done the first three books of "Euclid," and in algebra had gone as far as quadratic equations, but not into them. I do not mention these humble attainments boastfully, but because it will be soon seen that they have something to do with my little story.

My father was able to give us a good home, but then I knew it was not a home that would last always. I did not see that there was any necessity in the nature of things that we six maidens should always be living together. Of course, it is necessary that one or two girls should always be at home looking after the father and mother, but half a dozen were really more than sufficient. I made up my mind thus: I should like to go out as a governess. My father and mother did not at all like the notion. The living was a fairly good one, and the notion had never entered their heads; but it had fully taken possession of mine. I was naturally fond of teaching, and had done even more than my share in teaching the younger ones. Moreover, I should like to see a bigger world than that which our village made up, except that on Saturday we went to the neighboring city, where we did some shopping and marketing, walked about, and went to hear the anthem in the cathedral. One day I saw an advertisement which seemed to suit me precisely. A governess was desired by a country gentleman in the Midlands, to teach three little boys. Now it was that my boyish education came in excellently. These lads were intended to go to Rugby, and it was discovered, after some little correspondence and comparing of notes, that I should be able to educate them up to the point of entering Rugby; even my father said so, and my father was a man who was sternly just and particular in these things, and would not for worlds let any of his children fly false colors. Then this gentleman and lady wanted my photograph, and I was rather ashamed to send it, for I was only a poor small brown little creature. Those who loved me said that I had loving eyes, just like our dog Pompey, who, I am sure, had eyes that were simply magnificent, only eyes do not come out very well in photographs. However, the matter was ultimately arranged between my father and these people. I suppose few young ladies made so good a start first off in the governess world as I did at nineteen, and all because I was able to teach the boys Latin and mathematics. I was to have fifty guineas a year, with laundress and traveling expenses, so that I really should not have to pay away anything out of my salary. In fact, the Reverend Jones, who was engaged to my sister Fanny, told me that I was a great deal better off than he was. When he had paid all his expenses he was hardly fifty shillings to the good. If it had been guineas instead of shillings he thought he might be tempted to perpetrate matrimony on the strength of it.

In order to get to my "place," as we laughingly called it, down in the shires, it was necessary that I should go up from our cathedral city to London, and then go down into the country by another line. Donnington was a very long way from the railway. At this time our railway system was still young, but even at the present time, though there are four or five railways in this neighborhood, none come within four or five miles of Donnington. I was to go down to Manningham Road Station, which was ten miles from the market town of Manningham itself, and then the village of Donningham was five miles on the other side of Manningham.

It was late in a September afternoon when I came to Manningham Road Station. The station itself was in a little village, but it ambitiously preferred taking its title from the market town, which was many miles off. The arrangement was that I should be met by one of the Wilmslows in their trap, which should take me and my belongings over to Donnington. Everything was taken out, but, unfortunately, the Wilmslows' conveyance had not arrived. The porter knew them very well, and said that they were sure to be there before very long. It was a long way to come, and they might have business at Manningham. So after waiting a rather long time I left my luggage on the platform, where the porter assured me it would be quite safe, and took a stroll about the village—a very little one, but presenting two remarkable features. The churchyard was very much timbered, almost grove-like in character, and with an avenue of fine branching elms. Moreover, the church-doors were unlocked, with every appearance of that being the normal state of things, and the church was gently filled with a dim suffusion of religious light. I paced that avenue, and sat quietly in that church, and my eyelids being heavy with a little wholesome crying, it is just possible—I admit this confidentially—that I may have slumbered for a few minutes in a most comfortable large square pew, which I gratefully recall to the present day. At last the thought occurred to me that I might in my turn be keeping the Wilmslows waiting at the station, and so somewhat hurriedly I retraced my steps.

When I got once more upon the platform I noticed with dismay that my luggage had vanished.

"Well, porter, I said, "what about my luggage? I suppose you have put it in the cloak-room?"

"Eh, miss, be that you?" said the porter. "Who'd have thought of seeing you here."

"But where's my luggage?" I answered, "and I wonder how long I shall have to wait."

"The luggage, miss—why, Mr. Wilmslow's got it. He are not been out of the station-yard six minutes."

"Gone, and without me!" I exclaimed, perfectly thunder struck.

"Why, miss, he came and asked after you. I said you had left your luggage here, but how it was my belief that you had walked on because he had kep' you so long a waiting. Whereupon his men whisked up your baggage and they started off after you."

I was in absolute despair, and asked if he could by a short cut get to any point where he could attract their attention by shouting or waving a handkerchief. At our place at home it was possible to resort to a move of this kind; but the railway porter only grinned, and explained that it was quite impossible. Then, having caused me this inconvenience and annoyance, the fellow touched his cap, and unconscionably expected a tip.

I was in a great quandary. What would be best to do? Surely, Mr. Wilmslow would return after he had gone a few miles, and found that I was not to be overtaken. Perhaps it would be best, after all, to hire a fly and go after him. It would be annoying to spend one of my few precious sovereigns; and it would be also annoying to meet Mr. Wilmslow returning to meet me, perhaps as soon as I had started. This part of the question was speedily set at rest by the porter informing me that it was impossible to hire anything. No fly was to be obtained nearer than Manningham; so I determined to walk, if necessary, to Manningham itself, and hire from there. We Leslie girls were strong, and I had done my ten miles' walk often before to-day. But it would be much pleasanter to be picked up, and I persuaded myself that it was this which was going to happen. I did not know that a few miles before you came to Manningham there was a road which left the town on the left, and went on to Donnington, saving three-quarters of a mile. It afterward transpired that Mr. Wilmslow, with a man's natural stupidity, took this by-road, supposing that every one must needs know the road which he knew best himself. If a girl had been driving she would have had more sense.

So I walked on, a solitary maiden, along that interminable country road. I walked in good spirits, and am always delighted when I first see a new prospect unfolding before me. But I had somewhat miscalculated my physical strength. It is one thing to walk out in the fresh morning, and another thing to make a forced journey after the morning's work is done. I got quite angry with myself for feeling tired almost on the outset of my walk. I felt that I should be very glad if I could make friends with any good-natured driver who could give me a lift. Sometimes when we came back on a market day father did not at all mind our carrier, who was also parish clerk, giving us a lift in his covered wagon. But this seemed to be a lonely road through an uninhabited country. There drove up a perfectly white man in a cart full of meal-bags; but there was hardly room for himself among his bags, and I besides did not want to be perfectly white. By the irony of fate there also came by a coal wagon, but I had as little wish to be black as to be white. Then I came to a little roadside inn which had a board with a painted remark about being "drunk on the premises." I rather quickened my pace, for such an announcement suggested that there might be roughs ahead. Then I listened, but listened in vain. I should have been glad of the company of any good old market woman with whom I could have chatted as I walked along, and in fact I would not at all have minded carrying her eggs for her for company's sake.

Presently I heard the sound of wheels, the sound of rapid driving. A turn of the road discovered to me a young man driving a tandem. The horses were spirited and fresh, and he had some difficulty in pulling them up when he came close to me.

"Well, my pretty maid," he cried, "are you all by yourself? Shall I give you a lift? Take a drive with me in my trap. It will be a lark for you."

Now I really was very tired. But it was very impertinent of him to call me a pretty maid, which, indeed, I was not. Then I knew that my father quite disapproved of young men driving tandem. Then it was disrespectful, to say the least of it, to make that remark about "a lark." Besides, the young man's eye and voice and manner were not at all to his credit. They suggested the idea that he had been at the inn which I had left behind me, and had carried out the idea of getting "drunk on the premises."

So I made up my mind in a moment.

"No, thank you, sir, I had rather walk."

"Where are you going?"

It was no business of his, but I answered quietly, "I am going to Manningham."

"So am I. And it is more than seven miles. You will never be able to do it. Get up, my dear; I'll lend you a hand."

This was very insolent—I mean calling me "my dear." I gave no answer but walked forward briskly. He was up in a moment and jumped out of his gig, keeping the reins in his hand.

"At any rate you will give me a kiss?"

I shrieked and ran away from him as fast as I could in the opposite direction, going over the ground which I had toilsomely traveled a little while before. My knees bent under me, and I thought I should have fainted. A glance showed me, however, that he did not dare leave the two horses, which were champing and fretting to be off. How, in my heart of hearts, I I blessed those honest horses. Then the wretch actually shook his fist at me uttering ugly words.

Presently, and with a feeling of great joy and relief on my part, he was out of sight as fast as his two horses could carry him. In the meanwhile, I had sunk down exhausted by the wayside. The road had a wide margin of grass which rose at this point into a hillock shadowed by a copse of trees. There was literally a mossy couch where I reclined, and also literally I watered it with my tears. In all my life I had never been so grossly degraded and insulted. Was this, indeed, the beginning of my entrance upon the world? Surely the world was something infinitely more vile and evil than my father's sermons had ever told me it was. I felt like some poor damsel in the days of Arthurian romance whom some wicked *Earl Doom* had insulted; but, alas! I thought in these Victorian days there is no knight *Geraint* "riding abroad, redressing human wrongs," saving fair ladies when they are lost in perilous paths. But it will be seen that I did the Victorian days an injustice.

The shadows were falling faster and longer as I, once more summoning all my energies, resumed the walk. It was quite clear to me that I should not get to Donnington till midnight; and what in the world would they think of me? And I am not partial to walking in the dark in a perfectly strange country; but though I lost my spirits, my courage kept up wonderfully. I kept on bravely for another three-quarters of an hour, but instead of persevering in the walk I had to sit down and rest myself, which all good walkers know to be a very bad sign. Presently I once more heard the sound of wheels, and looking back I saw that there was a young gentleman in a dog-cart. He stopped his horse at the bottom of the hill, and I perceived that he was lighting his side-lamps. That alone would be enough to remind me that the evening was fading into night. He came slowly up hill, but easily overtook me, and might have passed me unregardingly, only, happily, his eye fell upon me as I was nervously trying to crouch out of view.

"Ah," he said, "my poor girl, you seem tired. Have you far to go?"

I thought it best to put a good front on matters. My pride revolted at being called a poor girl, although such a word exactly described me as I then was.

As I came into view by the light of the carriage-lamps he most respectfully took off his hat and said: "I venture to ask, ma'am, if I can be of any use. It will soon be quite dark, and there is no moon to-night!"

"I have missed a carriage that was to have met me," I said, "and am walking on."

"This is the road to Manningham, where I am driving. You are going there too, I presume. I think you had better allow me to drive you to the town."

There was something very courteous and pleasant in his voice. There was sufficient light to discover a bright-eyed and handsome, kindly face, with thick curly hair. My instinct told me that I need not be afraid to be driven by him. At the same time, I had a horror of being driven by solitary gentlemen, especially after what had happened such a short time before, and answered, not, perhaps, in so firm a tone as I ought:

"No, thank you. I shall manage to walk on."

He moved his hat, and with a sinking heart I saw him proceed on his way. It came into my mind that I would call after him and accept his proposition. Pride, however, came to my help, and I refrained from doing so. Fortunately, however, he stopped his horse, and waited till I should come up.

"I hope, ma'am," he said, "that you will accept my offer. It is really not fit that a lady like yourself should be out after dark, in a country you don't know, and evidently very tired."

I stammered out some kind of refusal.

"But you must come," he said, with an air of authority. "My horse will not wait any longer, and it is impossible to leave you here. No one could answer for the consequences. Please jump in at once."

He was positively ordering me to get in, and I had not sufficient strength of mind or body to resist his orders. If he had tried to beg and entreat and coax me to get in, I know I should have walked on till I dropped; but, being peremptorily told to get in, my girlish instinct of obedience came to my help, and I was lifted in by a strong arm before I quite knew what was being done to me.

I was so thankful when I was being comfortably driven along, the swift motion and brisk air bringing back my high spirits, as they always do. I told my deliverer what was my destination. He knew Donnington, and he also knew Mr. Wilmslow very well, but he did not think that I should be able to get there that night. He questioned whether at that time of night I could get a vehicle to take me on. Perhaps it might not be right to travel up to the Wilmslows' at the late hour when I should arrive. Unfortunately, he himself had to go five miles in another direction. He was already past his time, and his horse was nearly knocked up. Perhaps, too, we both doubted how far it would be in exactly good taste for a young gentleman to drive up a young lady at midnight to a sedate household where she was to be an exemplary governess.

But we had a very pleasant talk. He told me all about the gentleman to whose house I was going, a country squire and at the same time a practical farmer, cultivating a thousand acres of his own. He thought I should like the place and the people, and he certainly amused me very much by the way in which he described all my future surroundings. But all the time it was easy for me to see that his mind was not quite at rest, that he was not quite certain what was best to be done, and rather anxious as to the upshot of the adventure.

At last the town of Manningham came in sight: pleasant streets, and a broad market-place full of twinkling lights. We drove up to the principal inn, and entered beneath an archway. Here he asked me to hold the reins for a moment while he went in to talk to his friend the landlady, of whom he had spoken in kindly and confident terms as we came along. Now, it so happened that there was a little window underneath the arch, opening into the landlady's private room, from which she could look out into the yard and issue her directions. A little conversation was going on in this room which turned out to be of a very unpleasant character. At first there was an indistinguishable murmur of voices, and presently the accents made themselves clear.

"No, indeed, Mr. William, you must go somewhere else. I cannot find accommodation for this person."

Mr. William appeared to be speaking in a remonstrating tone, but I could not make out what he said. But the landlady's next words, sharp and clear, brought the hot blood to my face.

"Those who really are ladies don't go tramping about the country till nearly ten o'clock, and then take seats in young gentleman's gigs. We never take in tramps at the Royal George."

"But, Mrs. Brown, what is this young lady to do? You say that all your flies are out, and she is quite unable to walk to the Wilmslows of Donnington."

"The Wilmslows of Donnington don't expect the likes of her, Mr. William. Those sort of people who run about the country always get hold of a good name or two."

"But this is dreadful," said poor William. "What am I to do with this lady?"

"You should have thought of that, sir, before you took her up into your father's carriage. There'll be a fine talk all over the country about this bit of work. I know you mean no harm, but you always were wild and wilful, Mr. William, and it's my belief that if you put a pair of tongs into petticoats you would want to drive them fire-irons all about the country."

"You are talking utter nonsense, Mrs. Brown; you are quite insulting."

"I know what I am about, Mr. Curtis, which is more than you do, when you let yourself be taken in in this way. You will make yourself as bad a name as John Blades himself, who's the terror of all the decent girls ten miles around."

"But only come and look at her, Mrs. Brown. Look at her for a single moment, I entreat you, and you will be more than satisfied."

"Oh, I'll take a look at my lady, never fear."

She came round to the door and looked, and in return she encountered the indignant look of an honest English girl, who, although almost heart-broken, had enough spirit and energy left to hold her own. Directly the landlady saw me she became suddenly and strangely altered. She gave me a smile and a curtsy, and came forward to greet me. She did not know that I had overheard this strange conversation, and I am glad to say that I had enough tact to refrain from alluding to it at the time.

"Dear me, Miss," she exclaimed, "Mrs. Wilmslow will be so dreadfully sorry that you have been prevented coming to her tonight by any accident or unpleasantness. How tired and hungry you must be. Come in, come in."

She led the way into a very pretty little room furnished as a drawing-room, where a tall, handsome, bouncing girl was sitting at a table copying music, and introduced me to her as her daughter Kate. Rectors' daughters and inn-keepers' daughters do not as a rule, see much of each other, but this was a wholesome, pleasant, pretty, lady-like girl, as much of a lady as any girl I had ever met. We shook hands heartily, and at once became great friends. The good people brought me tea and cold chicken, and made me as comfortable as I could have been at home.

"You have never been at an inn before, have you, my dear?" said Mrs. Brown, now mollified beyond all description.

"Not to sleep, ma'am; only now and then I have had lunch with my father when we have been at a hotel at our market town."

"Perhaps you will be a little nervous at night in a strange place," she rejoined.

"Not at all ma'am," I answered, attempting to be polite, although in reality I expected that I should feel rather uncomfortable.

"I think, my dear, if you don't mind, you had better sleep in my daughter Kate's room. There is a little bed there which will just suit you, and you will not feel lonely."

Kate's room was a perfect boudoir. She had all sorts of pretty things, and had been at a good boarding-school near London. She had a little swinging bookcase, just like my own, with the same admixture of novels, poems and devotional books. My little white couch was charming. In girl's fashion we lay in bed ever so long talking. I told her all the story of my day, from first start in the morning until Mr. Curtis drove me into Manningham. I was glad to hear her gossip a little about William Curtis. He was the son of a big farmer, or rather a Squire, just such another as Mr. Wilmslow, to whose house I was going. He had been the head boy of the Manningham Grammar School, and then at an agricultural college, and he had also traveled in foreign parts. It was quite clear that Kate regarded him as one of the aristocracy of the neighborhood. There was no difficulty in identifying the young man who had been driving tandem. Kate denounced him as a "perfect brute," and I heartily agreed with her energetic language. It was the very Mr. Blades whom I heard her mother alluding to in her conversation with William Curtis. Whenever he came to the inn she took care that she never came near him. She had seen him the worse for liquor once—which she believed was his usual condition—and her mother would never let her run the risk of seeing him thus a second time.

The morning came genial and brilliant. I slept soundly, and rose refreshed. A pleasant breakfast was spread in the sitting-room, where I had been over night. There was a little matter, which was sorely perplexing me. Being at the inn, I ought to ask for and pay my account, but on the other hand, I had been treated with such motherly kindness and hospitality that I really did not like to offer them money. I remembered, however, having heard my dear father say that it was very rarely indeed that you could offend people by offering them money which might be thought their due, and he also used to say that whether they took it or not they at least liked to have the offer of it. Accordingly, though with some stammering, I asked for my bill. As soon as ever I had uttered the monosyllable I was ashamed of it, for my good landlady took both my hands in hers and said I must not say another syllable on the subject, for they were charmed to have me there, and were thankful that I should have been their guest.

"And now, my dear," she said, "I declare there are visitors coming to see you already."

And sure enough, just underneath the archway, there was a low pony-carriage with a pair of white ponies, and a dear old lady and gentleman, white-headed, who exactly matched the ponies. In a minute they were within the room shaking hands with me very warmly.

"We are the father and mother of William Curtis, who brought you here last night," said the old lady, introducing herself. "We are so very glad that he was able to render you this service. The Wilmslows are old friends of ours, and we thought it might perhaps be nicer for you if we drove you over this morning in our pony-chaise. We are afraid that they must have been very much alarmed as you did not turn up."

Nothing could be kinder than this beautiful old lady was as we drove along. She knew all about my going to be a governess at the Wilmslows, and said that she hoped that she should be often seeing me, and that I must come and spend my shorter holidays at their home—Langley Manor House, on the other side of Manningham. In due time we came to Donnington, when the Wilmslows gave me a very kind reception. They had been greatly perturbed and dismayed by my non-arrival. Mrs. Wilmslow, with natural feminine sagacity, laid all the blame upon her irrational husband, who at once meekly accepted her reprimand.

This then, was the one gleam of romance which illumined my girlhood. It did not last so very long. That is to say, it lasted from five o'clock in the afternoon till ten o'clock that memorable September day. Since then I really cannot say that I have ever met with anything in the shape of an adventure. It is said by wise people that the nation is happy which has no history, and I think that the same may be said of a woman. But from this adventure, such as it was, there flowed several important results. I found in the Curtises the kindest and most loving friends I ever made in my life. As I made some mention of my family at the outset, I may say that the young Squire married my eldest sister, and through her influence our curate got a living, which enabled him to marry my second sister. As for myself, I often say that I am still a governess, but with this important difference—that I am a governess to children of my own, and as my boys grow up they are sometimes "cheeky," and call my dearest William the Governor. I often bless the day when that one gleam of romance, through tears and troubles, brought me to to the settled sunshine of my life.

HOUSEHOLD RECEIPTS.

HOUSEHOLD NOTES.—A good cook never wastes. It is her pride to make the most of everything with which she is provided, and to serve it in the most attractive and appetizing form.

Pots and kettles, after using, should be filled in part with hot water and set on the stove. This sends most of the grease into the hot water. Pour off this water and wash in very hot milk and water.

To wash cretonne—To a pail of water put a teaspoonful of sugar of lead. Soak in it the cretonne for ten or fifteen minutes. Then wash like calico; wring through thin starch water and iron on the wrong side.

In no other land than ours is there such profusion and variety of food, and certainly there is no other where there is so much waste caused by indifference and carelessness and gross ignorance of the principles which ought to govern the preparation of food.

PINEAPPLE JELLY.—Wash pineapples and cut off the ends; then grate them without peeling, and to every pound of grated fruit put a pound of lump sugar. Boil slowly (skimming occasionally) until the fruit is quite clear, put in glass jars and cover each with a paper dipped in brandy, then cover closely and keep in a cool place.

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NATIONAL REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT:

JAMES A. GARFIELD,

Of Ohio.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

CHESTER A. ARTHUR,

Of New York.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

FREDERIC A. POTTS,

OF HUNTERDON.

ELECTORS-AT-LARGE.

BARKER GUMMERE,

Z. K. PANGBORN.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

1st District—WM. E. POTTER.
2d District—E. B. GRUBB.
3d District—SIMON VAN WICKLE.
4th District—D. C. BLAIR.
5th District—GEORGE RICHARDS.
6th District—CHAS. M. THEBERATH.
7th District—GEORGE C. TOFFEY.

THE CONVENTION AND THE CANDIDATE.

The State Convention held last Wednesday was one of the most harmonious that ever assembled in New Jersey. It was composed of men thoroughly in earnest, whose object was to perform their duties in a prompt business-like way, without *making any mistakes.* The delegates were all in their seats at the hour appointed for meeting. Mr. Potts, who had announced his determination to accept the nomination for Governor provided the party generally desired it, was absent. He probably remained away purposely, in order that his nomination should receive no stimulation from his personal presence. In his absence ex-Congressman Amos Clark called the convention to order. Bishop Scarborough made an opening prayer, and by direction of the State Committee Judge Hoffman, of Hudson County, was made temporary chairman. He had hardly commenced before one could easily see that the convention was heartily in favor of pronounced Republican sentiments. As he was about closing General Kilpatrick entered one of the proscenium boxes with ex-Mayor Gopsill and General Sewell. It was well known that with the exception of Kilpatrick every one whose name had been mentioned as a candidate for Governor had openly declared for Potts. Kilpatrick had the Hudson delegation. They sat next the stage, and seemed disposed to assert their wishes in a very demonstrative way. When their favorite appeared they instantaneously rose and gave one of those ear-invading cheers that can be given only by those brought up in the suburbs of Tammany. Cheer followed cheer, and Kilpatrick stepped out of the box upon the platform. Very few knew the purpose of the call. Some thought it a dodge by which the convention would be carried off its feet in its intention to nominate Potts, and be swept away to Kilpatrick, while others thought it was to give Kilpatrick an opportunity to decline. The General, in a very few moments, satisfied the latter that they were right in their notions. He frankly acknowledged that he had been ambitious to receive the nomination for Governor and in his characteristic way gave reasons for the propriety of his ambition. He then withdrew his name from the canvass and asked his friends to support Mr. Potts. Turning from the subject of State to National politics he closed with a few sentences that made the convention wild with enthusiasm. After a powerful denunciation of the inconsistency of the Democratic party he wound up with a *peroration* that was electrical. He said:

> "Soldiers, old comrades—you will not rally around Hancock? Such soldiers as McClellan and 'Baldy' Smith and Fitz John Porter and Hampton will undoubtedly rally around him and with them Butler of South Carolina. But such soldiers as Grant and Sheridan and Howard and Hooker, aye, and brave Phil Kearney will be found in November tramping, tramping, tramping, boot to boot, shoulder to shoulder, elbow brushing elbow, keeping step to the old drum beat beneath the banner of the Union upheld by the stalwart arm of James A. Garfield."

After the recess Secretary Robeson, who was made permanent chairman, made a long and able speech and after the business of the convention was finished Senator Frelinghuysen spoke with his usual effectiveness.

When the list of counties was called to name a candidate for Governor, every one unanimously named Mr. Potts. It was the general feeling among all the delegates that no better selection could be made. The nomination is highly creditable to him. In the fullest sense it sought him. He has accepted it, *appreciating all the responsibilities* and prepared to take them without shirking.

Mr. Potts ought to be and we believe will be elected. He is of old Jersey stock and his home in Hunterdon county has been in the possession of his ancestors for five generations. His family is said to have been originally Quakers and his great-grandfather was a member of the Continental Congress. He is about forty-five years of age, of a large, well-formed physical frame and hair sufficiently gray to make him appear much older. He belongs to a family noted for affable manners and practical views. There is not a particle of meanness in him. He has conducted about the largest individual business, of its class, in the country, and with all his increasing influence and accumulations there is an entire absence of affectation or ostentation. He will poll a very large vote in this county. For some time he lived in Plainfield. His brother, who is a permanent resident there, is an active Republican, and President of the Council. No man could be brought before the people with more confidence. As a business man, he stands among the foremost in our metropolis, for capacity and credit. As a social man, his habits, manners and conversation are such as to attach everybody to him, while his whole-souled liberality adds largely to his popularity. As a Legislator, his three years' experience in our State Senate has not only made him familiar with our State legislation, but has proved his fitness for political place. He is one of the leaders to whom the State is indebted for the free railroad law. When the full extent of the defalcation of the late State Treasurer was known, it was discovered that some twenty thousand dollars of it would have been lost but for the passage of a law in the previous year, of which Mr. Potts was the chief advocate, and we think the author, whereby the Treasurer's official bond was required to be for a much larger amount than had before then been demanded. The Journal of the Senate shows that no one took a more active interest, or exhibited broader or more enlightened views than he.

In addition to all these qualities he has furnished several opportunities in which to test his popularity at the polls. His Congressional district usually gives a Democratic majority of from six to seven thousand. Twice, at the earnest solicitation of his party, has he accepted the nomination for Congress, and each time he reduced the majority to below two thousand. In his own county, no Republican State Senator ever had been elected when he ran for that office, and none since. He was selected by nearly four hundred majority.

With a party entirely harmonious, with a people largely interested in a protective tariff to which Mr. Potts is committed, and with such a candidate New Jersey bids fair to redeem herself from any further taint of association with a party that only exists by surrendering all its principles to a "solid South."

WANTED, A CHANGE!

This is the Democratic cry—the keynote of the policy on which they are conducting *the Presidential campaign.* Mr. Wm H. English in his letter accepting the nomination for the Vice Presidency, voiced the general feeling of his fellow Democrats in saying of the Republican party:—"Twenty years of continuous power is long enough." Well, in one sense, it is so. It is long enough to show the character of the party; long enough to test the stability of its principles, and long enough to demonstrate the value of its policy.

By that searching and conclusive test—the results achieved in the twenty years the Government has been in their hands—the Republican party is willing to be tried. It came into power when the Nation stood on the brink of a terrible civil war, the fruit of Democratic incapacity and treachery. It found itself fronted, on one hand, by an insurrection which already extended through seven States, and by an empty treasury, depleted arsenals, a scattered army and a dispersed navy on the other hand. And from that condition of threatened wreck and ruin it has lifted the Country into a unity and prosperity greater than it ever before enjoyed.

Five years of war tested the courage, the patriotism and the statesmanship of the Republican party, and the fifteen years of peace that have followed have shown the beneficence of its policy by healing the wounds which war had made and by bringing the country to a position in which its prestige among the nations is second to none, while in every element of material prosperity it stands at the head of all.

Order, happiness, industry and consequent abundance are seen in the lives of our people. Enterprise and progress are apparent in every part of the land. Stability, moderation and justice mark the administration of the Government. The most searching investigations on the part of its opponents have failed to discover the slightest evidence of failure in duty or of unfaithfulness to their trusts on the part of the officers of the Government.

Still a change is wanted. A change to what?

The only change that those who clamor for it would accept as satisfactory, is one that should place the Democratic party in power. With that there would come a change in policy, a change in results and a change in the men who fill the subordinate offices of the Government, and on whose ability and integrity so much depends. What evidence is there that such a change would not involve a descent from our present honor and prosperity to disaster and disgrace?

There is one of the States which has been for twenty years continuously under Democratic rule. The policy, the principles and the practices of that party have had unobstructed control. It is a State that has never been subjected to "carpet-bag rule," and in which, therefore, the beneficent fruits of Democratic government may justly be expected, showing the country what may be looked for throughout the Union should the General Government be intrusted to the same hands. That State is Kentucky. The *Louisville Post and News,* an independent Democratic paper recently gave a picture of the fruits of Democratic rule in Kentucky, as follows:

> "The condition of State affairs is lamentable. We are cursed with the worst system of assessment of any State in the Union, and our system of assessment is one degree better than our system of collection. Our public schools are in a decaying state; our rivers are unnavigable; our Penitentiary is full; and the State Treasurer has suspended payment. Our Judiciary excites no feelings of respect; the fee system and elective Judges have degraded it and brought it into contempt. The fee system prevails in every department, and it is a fruitful source of trouble. Lawlessness prevails everywhere, our courts seldom punish crime, and Judge Lynch is the chief protection in many counties. On the Supreme Bench of the State the Democratic party placed a man whose chief merit was that he once blacked boots, and who is now undergoing a judicial investigation for blacking his record. And they have placed at the head of the Executive Department a man whose record during the War is making many votes for the Republican party in Ohio. This is no overdrawn picture of the result of the reign of Bourbonism."

The editor says that the support of the State will be given to the Democratic nominee, and adds "but it will not be long before the support of Kentucky will be of questionable value." Had Mr. English been speaking of Democratic Kentucky when he said: "Twenty years of continuous power is long enough," most persons would have agreed with him; but when he asks that the general Government shall be put into the hands of the party whose principles and policy bear such fruit as Kentucky exhibits, his request is not likely to be granted. Only an idiot would listen to the sharper who should ask him to exchange his genuine coin for counterfeit bills; yet that is about the measure of the Democratic cry for "change."

'BEARING FALSE WITNESS.

A few weeks ago, Dr. Armitage, pastor of a Fifth Avenue Church, New York, preached a sermon on the subject named above, in which he spoke, with deserved severity, of the unscrupulous lying being practiced by a portion of the political press and especially of their villification of candidates to whom they are opposed. The N. Y. *Watchtower* in commenting on Dr. Armitage's discourse, gives a hearty endorsement, and adds:

> "President Hayes is acknowledged by all unprejudiced persons to be a gentleman of the strictest integrity, and a chief magistrate of patriotic and lofty purposes; but because the professional vilifiers believe that they can gain a partisan advantage by assailing him, he is denounced every day as the most infamous of mankind. The most shocking thing about these scurrilous attacks is not that they are against persons in high place, but they are made either men who *know* they are not deserved, or by men who do not care whether they are deserved or not, so long as they affect votes. The charges against Gen. Garfield, first made some years ago in the midst of the excitement of a sensational exposure, were long ago disproved, so far as they touched him, and the newspapers which repeat them are perfectly conscious of his innocence. But they think it is good policy to bear false witness, and they will go on, to the end of the campaign, disgracing themselves in the vain attempt to disgrace him.
>
> 'Have we come to that beggarly mental stagnation,' exclaimed Dr. Armitage, 'which can find no principles to discuss, no separate political policies to weigh and mature? Certainly there ought to be issues broad enough and various enough *for* determining a Presidential choice among intelligent men without blackmailing men who have served their country as grandly as the present nominees.' Yes, there are issues enough; but it is so much easier to lie about a man than to discuss his principles!"

We take the liberty of commending the above to our brother of the *National Democrat,* though with little hope of its helping to mend his manners.

NEW JERSEY REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

The Republican State Convention met at 12 o'clock yesterday and was called to order by Amos Clark, jr., Chairman of the State Committee. Bishop Scarborough offered prayer. Wm. F. Hoffman, of Hudson, was made temporary chairman. Gen. Kilpatrick made an address withdrawing as a candidate. The usual committees were appointed, and the convention took a recess for dinner.

At the afternoon session George M. Robeson, of Camden, was made permanent chairman. In his address he referred to the platform of the Democratic party, and charged that while that party declared against centralization it was advocating centralization in declaring congress supreme over the judiciary and the executive powers of the government. A tariff for protection formed the burden of the speech of Mr. Robeson.

The resolutions are in substance as follows: First, ratifying and indorsing the Chicago platform; second, ratifying the nomination of Garfield and Arthur; third, in favor of biennial sessions of the legislature of New Jersey; fourth, reducing the *State* expenses. The resolutions were adopted.

The convention was called upon for nominations for Governor, and all the counties responded in favor of Frederick A. Potts, except Hudson county, which presented no name. Subsequently at the suggestion of General Kilpatrick Hudson county also voted for Mr. Potts and he was declared the nominee for Governor by acclamation.

Barker Gummere, of Mercer, and Z. K. Pangborn, of Hudson, were elected electors-at-large. The following persons were nominated as district electors:

First district, Col. W. E. Potter, of Cumberland; Second, General E B. Grubb, of Burlington; Third, Simon Van Wickle, of Middlesex; Fourth, DeWitt C. Blair, of Warren; Fifth, Geo. Richards, of Morris; Sixth, Charles M. Theberath; Seventh, George C. Toffey, of Hudson.

The following were selected as the State Executive Committee:

First district, William T. Bailey and Daniel Sharp; Second, E. J. Anderson and B. F. Thorne; Third, Seth B. Ryder and Chillian Robbins; Fourth, J. M. Robinson and Charles E. Place; Fifth, Wm. M. Johnson and A. A. Vance; Sixth, Gardner R. Colby and Ira M. Harrison; Seventh, B. W. Throckmorton and W. T. Hoffman.

Jessie Lawson, colored, of Plainfield, insisted that his race ought to have a representative on the State Committee. He said the third district had not had a meeting, and he therefore asked that a colored delegate should be selected instead of Seth B. Ryder. The delegates from the Third district, after consultation, reported the same names as those first reported.

After cheers were given for Garfield and Arthur, and Frederick A. Potts, the convention adjourned.

THE YOUNG VOTERS!

MR. EDITOR.—It is estimated by reliable authorities, that 750,000 young men will vote this Fall for president for the first time, and both parties recognize the importance of this vote and the valuable aid it will give to the side obtaining it, and *therefore are using every opportunity* to impress upon this class the importance of identifying themselves with their party.

Now, Mr. Editor, all this is perfectly right and cannot be reasonably objected to, but when an organ like the *N. Y. World* in pursuance of this object, attempts to *tell us, that* the "war was *fought* for the purpose of restoring the Union," and that the "Union has been restored," and then goes on to relate with what unanimity all reports received at the Democratic headquarters agree in stating, that the "young voters take no interest whatever, in fact are utterly overcome with inertia, when they are referred by Republicans to the issues at stake, and that the Republican shibboleth of "slavery" or "slave-power," "Ku-Klux," "plantation manners," is as meaningless to them (the young voters) as would be any of the party cries of the eras of 1812 or 1846, I repeat when a paper makes statements like these it certainly shows that either the source of its information is pretty bad or the writer of the article is a fool.

The nomination by the Democratic party of a union general as their candidate for president, added to the declarations of the Southern rebel brigadiers in Congress and since, *forced* upon *all* voters, young and old, the consideration of just these issues which the *World* says, "have no weight" with the "young voters." He judges from a democratic point, who thinks that the "young voters" simply look upon the right of suffrage, as the simple act of dropping a piece of paper into the ballot box. The "young voters" of this age, are those who have had *all* the benefits of a good sound education, and as the result thereof, they are capable of realizing and appreciating that the war fought for the Union, was a holy war, and that those who fought therein to perpetuate the principles of our government are entitled to our eternal gratitude, and, that we will value the heritage given us, of a Union complete and unbroken, as the grandest bequest that can be made to the youth of a country.

With a full realization of this, when they come to consider the parties and candidates thereof, what do they find? Simply this, deny it if they can, that upon one side are found all those who endeavored by all the power they could command, to destroy and break up this Union, and on the other those who saved it. The war is over, they tell us; yes, but the only reason is because that rebel element of the South are too weak to keep it up. "Consider what Lee and Jackson would do were they alive. These are the same principles for which they fought for four years." U. S. Senator Wade Hampton uttered these words at Staunton, Virginia, to a Democratic meeting on July 26th, 1880—not 1865, but 1880, and the Democracy tell us that the war is over, and that the South accepts the results of the war in good faith. Well, that might do to tell some "young voters," but not those of the North, where intelligence and education are as free as water.

We have no desire to perpetuate the animosities engendered by the war, but we do not propose to elevate to complete power in the Union by our votes, those who lately sought to destroy it. The time is not yet ripe when it will be well in our judgment, to entrust all the great and growing interests, material and financial of this great *country to the hands of those self same rebels* who cost the loyal North billions of money and a million of lives. No! Mr. Editor, the young voters of the North are intelligent, and being so naturally select that party which represents those who saved the Union, as the party to continue *to rule it,* and will cast their first votes for Garfield and Arthur.

Yours truly,

A YOUNG REPUBLICAN.

RAHWAY, Aug. 18, 1880.

FALMOUTH HEIGHTS.

To the Editor of THE ADVOCATE AND TIMES:

"Where is Falmouth Heights?" is a question often asked by Eastern people who are not familiar with Cape Cod and its surroundings. Having spent several weeks in this delightful summer resort we are prepared to answer the question for the benefit of those who are seeking quiet homes combined with the advantages of pure air and fine sea bathing.

The old town of Falmouth was originally called Sechonesit or Succonessett and was incorporated in 1686, when it received the name of Falmouth, while the different surrounding localities, eight or ten in number, still retain their early suggestive musical Indian names. The principal village in the town is a mile and a half from the Heights and is considered one of the pleasantest of New England villages. Its public buildings consist of two churches, Congregational and Methodist; an Academy endowed by the bequest of the late Shubael Lawrence, Jr., with a fund of $10,000; a large edifice for the High and Common schools; a town hall; a bank with a capital of $100-000 and a Freemason's Hall. "Its early settlers were chiefly from Barnstable, strengthened in the progress of years by accessions from Sandwich." But the purpose of this article is not so much to give the early history of the place as to describe its present locality, so very desirable for quiet sea side homes. That portion of the town known as the Heights lies on the south western shore of the peninsula on Vineyard Sound, opposite Martha's Vineyard. The direct route from New York is by one of the Old Colony line of steamers to Fall River, thence by cars, via Middleborough, to Falmouth. As you leave the station and approach the Heights, your eye will be directed to the Observatory on its highest point. A circular building surrounded by piazzas on which a crowd are waiting, impatiently, twice a day for the mail. In the third story you get a view of the Bay and the surrounding country, which is beautiful beyond description. Opposite this building are Mr and Mrs. Goodwin's cottages, where the homeless find a home in the true sense of the word. There are about sixty tasteful cottages on the Heights, containing from eight to ten good sized rooms, and, with one or two exceptions, all have groves and croquet grounds attached, which give a rural appearance to the place unusual in a sea side resort. The village is more than half surrounded by the Bay and the facilities for bathing are very fine. The shores slope gradually into deep water and are considered safe for very young children. From almost any point as you look over the Bay you can count from sixty to seventy sail boats, varying in size from the little one sail pleasure craft up to the three masted full rigged schooner and square sail Brigantine. Capts. Childs and Pease are ready with their nice sail boats to take out pleasure parties whenever the weather will permit, and gentlemen for fishing excursions, who usually return boasting of their success. The Steamer Monohansett with her obliging Captain and Mate runs between here and Oak Bluffs three times a week (a city of cottages well worth visiting); once a week to Gay Head, and once a week to Nantucket, on excursion trips. Next week she is expected to depart from her usual route and make an excursion to Newport and back the same day. The round trip for $1. The low price charged for these excursions render them available for those whose purses have a limited length. Last week parties from here and other places availed themselves of a pleasure trip by rail to visit Provincetown, and look upon the place where our Pilgrim Fathers from the Mayflower first touched the shore of our then barren coast. On our route one point of interest by the way was the town of Pocasset, where the father sacrificed his little daughter in wild imitation of Abraham's act of faith. But God did not stay the uplifted hand, the knife did its work, and the poor fanatic is now in State's Prison suffering the penalty of his crime. Beyond this is Truro, on whose height is the most important lighthouse on the coast. Its light is not revolving, but seen from an immense distance. The face of the country changes as you near Provincetown. The sand hills become higher and more defined, often covered with cool grey lichen, and dotted over with patches of bright green poverty grass, which gives a pretty and striking variety of color.

An old settler informed us that it was gathered in loads in the fall for fuel, and reiterated the assurance that it was splendid to kindle fire. Almost all the excursions from here are pointed in interest by some association connected with the early history of our Pilgrim Fathers, and there are many expressions of regret that the season is drawing to a close. We shall soon see friend after friend depart, and know that the summer is ended, and then, "Providence permitting," home, sweet home, will unfold her bosom's rest.

August 18, 1880. M. A. B.

Some Parisian ladies have taken to frog shooting. The arm they use is a highly ornate steel cross-bow, from which a dart may be discharged with sufficient force to transfix the most corpulent and tough-hided of frogs at a range of twenty feet. By means of a silken cord this missile is attached to the breech of the cross-bow, a contrivance enabling the successful markswoman to dispense with the services of a retriever for the collection of her game. Having shot a frog, she can haul her wriggling victim to her very feet, where the duty of "bagging" it devolves upon her keeper.

MOSQUITOES AT CAPE MAY.—For four days recently a land breeze prevailed at Cape May, bringing clouds of swamp mosquitoes. Life was unendurable day and night; hops were brought to an end, for no lady could wear a low-necked dress and stand short sleeves, or even the short dresses, under the attacks of millions of searching, hungry Jersey insects. Hundreds of guests departed for other climes; and one hotel proprietor said that that breeze cost him $5,000. Probably Cape May is a loser, all told, of $50,000 by the visit of so insignificant a being as the mosquito.

Tennessee Democrats follow up the campaign bravely. Says the Memphis *Avalanche:*

> We must have but one party, and that the Democratic party. White men who dare to avow themselves here as Republicans should be promptly branded as the bitter and malignant enemies of the South. The name of every Northern man who presumes in this community to aspire to office upon Republican votes should be saturated with stench. We can spare all such, and would caution them to be careful to keep away. We must put an end forever to this shameless effrontery of Northern men and Republicans aspiring to office in the South. They must keep back seats, and very quiet ones, or get out.

A new feature in this campaign is the formation of distinct Irish Republican Clubs. When asked why they do not merge into the general mass of the party they say that they must isolate themselves in order to prove that an Irishman is not necessarily a Democrat by reason of his birth. In a speech made last Monday night the President of the club said: "It is said that there are no Irishmen outside the Democratic party, but we have organized here to show that this is not so. We will prove that there are Irishmen who will not bow down to the Democratic idol, nor worship it. The Democratic party favors the law of free trade, the law that made Ireland poor. The English adopted it, and it was death to Irish industry. What has Irish industry amounted to since 1821? Free trade will bring goods not only from England and France, but from Belgium, where workingmen can live on five or six cents a day; and if that happens what will become of the working Irishmen in America?

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF CHOSEN FREEHOLDERS OF UNION COUNTY, N. J.

[OFFICIAL.]

ELIZABETH, N. J., Aug. 5, 1880.

Pursuant to adjournment, the Board of Chosen Freeholders of the County of Union met at the Court House in the City of Elizabeth, on Thursday, Aug. 5, 1880, at two o'clock p. m.

All the members present.

The minutes of the last meeting were read, (reading of bills on motion, being omitted) and on motion the minutes approved as read.

COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication from the county physician relative to the disposition of money and articles of value that belonged to John *Crosbie,* deceased.

On motion received and placed on file.

A petition from citizens of Linden township, asking for the appointment of a committee to examine and report upon the necessity for a new bridge on the road leading from Roselle to Rahway, near the residence of Mr. C. V. Banta, was read. On motion received and placed on file.

COMMITTEE REPORTS.

From the committee on South avenue bridge, Cranford.

To the Board of Chosen Freeholders of the County of Union:

Your committee appointed to report the necessity for and probable cost of an iron truss bridge over Rahway river on South ave., *Cranford, N. J., and afterwards instructed to* put the same under construction, beg leave to report that the committee received proposals for erecting the necessary masonry and awarded the contract for the same, to J. G. Moore, of Cranford, for the sum of $6.84 per cubic yard for new masonry, and $2,13 per cubic yard for old masonry, which, according to present measurement will aggregate about $800.

They also received proposals for erecting the iron superstructure, and awarded the contract to the New York bridge company, for the sum of $2,150.

Aug. 5th, 1880.

Respectfully submitted,

John Isenmann, J. T. Wilcox, J. K. Roll, G. W. F. Randolph, Wm. H. Briant, Committee.

On motion of Freeholder Doty report received and ordered spread upon the minutes.

On motion of Freeholder Randolph it was ordered that all committee reports in future be spread upon the minutes.

From Committee on Grand street bridge, Rahway:

To the Board of Chosen Freeholders of the County of Union;

Your Committee appointed to examine the bridge over Rahway River on Grand street, Rahway, reported as being in an unsafe condition, beg leave to report that the Committee met and carefully examined the present structure on Tuesday, July 20th, at 2 p. m. and found many of the timbers rotted, and the bridge so much impaired that it was the opinion of some of the Committee that it was unsafe to risk further travel over it, and that prudence demanded that the street should be closed up. The present structure is built of white pine in the whole width of the street, 64 feet 8 inches space, and is supported by three frame bents resting on mud sills. The committee organized by appointing Director Martine, Chairman, and Geo. W. F. Randolph, Secretary, after which the following resolution was unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That this Committees recommend in their report to the Board that an Iron Truss bridge, 40 feet wide, 64 feet 7 inches span, be ordered built, and that it be put under construction as soon as possible. The bridge will cost when completed not exceeding $3,000.

W. M. Crowell, Wm. Jewell, J. T. Wilcox, G. W. Doty, G. W. F. Randolph, Committee.

On motion of Freeholder Randolph, the report was received and recommendation adopted by a unanimous vote.

From committee on open water course in the city of Rahway.

To the Board of Chosen Freeholders of the County of Union:

Your committee appointed at the last meeting of the Board "to examine into and confer with the county attorney as to jurisdiction of this board in a matter complained of as a nuisance caused by an open water course in the city of Rahway," beg leave to report that they visited the location in question, and find that the water course complained of formerly drained a large section of land crossing the Pennsylvania railroad, and several streets, including the main street of the city. Recent grading and sewering has diverted a greater part of or nearly all the water through the sewer in another direction, thus leaving the water course nearly dry, a receptacle for the accumulation and drainage of the few yards of the neighborhood which under a summer sun is certainly unpleasant. We find at all the street crossings the bridges in good order and sufficient to carry all the water, and after conferring with our Attorney have come to the conclusion that the Board has no *jurisdiction* in the matter. All of which is respectfully submitted.

T. Forsyth, W. H. Briant, S. O. Smith, Committee.

Elizabeth, Aug. 3, 1880.

On motion of Freeholder Randolph the report was received.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Freeholder Randolph:

Resolved, That the money and effects of John Crosbie, fatally injured on the 4th inst., and now in possession of the county physician, be retained by him until such time as an administrator is appointed or some other legal disposition can be made of them.

On motion of Freeholder Roll adopted.

By Freeholder Briant:

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed to meet with a committee of Morris county, and report as to the condition of a bridge near the New Providence depot.

On motion of Freeholder Randolph adopted, and the following committee appointed: Freeholders Briant, Roll, Smith, Wilcox, Doty.

By Freeholder Forsyth:

Resolved, That the collector be instructed to make a warrant payable to order of John Berger for the sum of $200, as part payment on Bridge street draw bridge contract.

Freeholder Roll moved the adoption of the resolution, which was carried by the following vote:

Ayes, Freeholders Briant, Ball, Doty, Forsyth, Jewell, Nolte, O'Sullivan, Roll, Thompson, 9.

Nays, Director Martine and Freeholders Crowell, Hubbard, Isenmann, Miller, Randolph, Smith, Wilcox, 8.

By Freeholder Roll:

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed to inquire into the necessity of building a bridge over the branch of Westbrook in Linden Township on the road leading from Roselle to Rahway, and report the probable cost of same to this Board.

On motion of Freeholder Briant, adopted, and Freeholders Roll, Ball, Miller, Isenmann, Randolph appointed as such committee.

PAYMENT OF BILLS.

The following bills were read and ordered paid by unanimous vote:

I G Hulbert, bridge, Rahway, $12.15; S O Terrill, bridge, Rahway, 165; Ayers & Lufbery, bridge, Rahway, 67.44; B W Hughes, bridge, Rahway, 5; Ira G Hulbert, bridge, Rahway, 2.26; J Clarkson, bridge, Rahway, 25; Wm Long, bridge, Summit, 10; E Miller, bridge, Summit, 8; G Todd, bridge, Westfield, 110.80; C G Dunn, bridge, Summit, 82; J G Moore, bridge, Cranford, 50; J G Moore, bridge, Cranford, 12.20; P John, bridge, Cranford, 26; E D Badgley, bridge, New Providence, 6.12; L Moore & Son, bridge, Fanwood and Rahway, 19 38; L W Haviland, bridge, Linden, 16; H Lammerling, bridge, Linden, 8.25; A Kline, bridge, Linden, 21.20; J Maxwell, bridge, New Providence, 130.13; B F Beirne, bridge, Elizabeth, 3.50; C E Clark, bridge, Summit, 32.80; J H Kelly, bridge, Summit, 20.87; J & S S Thompson, bridge, Elizabeth, 28.94; W S Davenport, court, 2.55; Ford & Stiles, coroner's expenses, 30.04; Thos Terrill, Jr., M D do 8.89; W H Briant, committee expenses, 11.75; C W L Martine, do 6.45; L B Coles, do 5.50; B F Crowell, do 4.50; John W Taylor, incidental (county line), 42 95; G Ackerson, do 50; J B McIntosh, do 60; G S Woodhull, do 60; Elizabeth Daily Journal, do 56; McCloud & McGrath, jail expenses, 13,38; Henry Zolzer, do 16.80; T B Smith, do 13.35; W B Tucker & Son, do 20.83; W C Baker, do 19.31; H G Bauer do 27.25; John Voorhees, do 63; J J Ogden, do 13.60; T G Ward, do 6.72; Thurber & Co. do 16.37; J E Marsh, do 9.38; E G Putnam, do 7.25; J O Pinneo, M D do 62.50; B Arrison, do 9.71; Elizabeth Ice Co do 42.73; D Mulford, do 5.66; Mrs R C Marsh, matron, 75; J E Marsh, warden, 875; do jail expenses, 18.66; W H Briant, members' pay, 48; Jos Nolte, do 66.50; J Ball, do 58.80; C W L Martine, do 76; W M Crowell, do 90; W J Thompson, do 82; Drake, Cook & Hall, publication, 12.50; Elizabeth Daily Journal, do 12.50; Hall & Carlton, public buildings, 758; N K Thompson, do 6.45; J B Forey, do 7 50; J B Furey, do 97.20; E C Beitel, do 6; P H Gilhooly, legal expenses, 142.51; do salary, 75; T Terrill, Jr M D 41.66; J L Crowell, salary and incidentals, 31.50; J S Vosseller, stationery, 67.50.

Freeholder Thompson moved to adjourn. Which was carried.

The Director declared the board adjourned to Thursday, September 2d 1880, at 2 o'clock, p. m.

J. L. CROWELL, Clerk.

August 5th, 1880,

SHERIFF'S SALE.—In Chancery of New Jersey. Between Hugh H. Bowne, Trustee &c., *et. al.,* complainants, and Margaretta S. Runyon, *et. al.,* defendants. *Fi. fa.,* etc.

By virtue of the above stated writ of fieri facias to me directed, I shall expose for sale at public vendue, at the Court House, in the city of Elizabeth, N. J., on

WEDNESDAY, THE EIGHTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A.D., 1880.

at two o'clock, p. m., all that tract or parcel of land, situate in the city of Rahway, county of Union, and State of New Jersey.

Beginning at a stake planted on the north side of Seminary street, the same being the corner of a lot lately conveyed by said Goltra to Samuel Moye; and from thence running as the needle pointed in eighteen hundred and fifty-one, north fifty-six degrees west, one hundred feet along said street to Fernote street; thence south, fourteen degrees twenty-five minutes east, one hundred and thirty-three feet along Fernote street to the corner of a lot now or late of Charles Diebold; thence along said Diebold's line and binding thereon south, seventy-five degrees, thirty-five minutes east, forty feet and five-tenths; thence along Diebold's line, south fifty six degrees east, one hundred and seven feet to the northwest corner of the above mentioned lot of Samuel Moye; and from thence south thirty-four degrees west one hundred and thirty-eight feet and nine-tenths along said Moye's line to the place of beginning.

M&A SETH B. RYDER, Sheriff.
Vail & Ward, Sol'rs.
Fees $7.20

A FURTHER SUPPLEMENT TO AN ORDINANCE TO REGULATE THE BURIAL OF THE DEAD, IN THE CITY OF RAHWAY.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Common Council of the City of Rahway:

SECTION 1.—No body shall be disinterred in any burial place in this city without immediately being disinfected, unless it has been buried at least ten years.

SEC. 2.—No body shall be removed from one burial yard or cemetery to any other without first being thoroughly disinfected and enclosed in an air-tight metallic case.

SEC. 3.—No body shall be disinterred or removed between the first day of April and the first day of September without the written consent of the Chairman of the Board of Health.

WILLITT DENIKE,
Pres't of Common Council.

Passed July 27, 1880.
Attest:
LEWIS S. HYER, City Clerk.

J. W. SAVAGE, Mayor.
Approved August 5th, 1880.

DIVIDEND NOTICE!

THE RAHWAY SAVING'S INSTITUTION—NEW ACCOUNT.

A dividend at the rate of four (4) per cent. per annum has been ordered credited to depositors on the NEW ACCOUNT for the six months ending June 30th, 1880.

ROSS VANDERHOVEN, Treasurer.

kett
&
Paterson.

Goods,
Carpets,
Oilcloths,
tings, Rugs, &c.,
herry and Main Sts.,
Rahway, N. J.

ration being completed, our store
d in size, and now is the best
re in Rahway; our facilities be-
improved, we are now prepared
much larger and finer stock of
invite all to come and ex-
STOCK and PRICES, which we
not be undersold for the same
ds.

TS, OILCLOTHS, MATTINGS,
C., is a new department with us
the goods to suit all classes of
AT THE LOWEST PRICES, call and
ur stock, no trouble to show our
and see the Carpet-sample ex-

keep a much larger assortment
GOODS, &C., and add a finer
ods as we see the demand re-
have SPRING and SUMMER
ODS, in all the newest shades;
BUNTINGS, in all fashionable
some designs in DRESS GING-
d all the latest novelties in
AWNS. Call and examine this

Gents' and Children's UNDER-
ll grades and sizes; a splendid
of GLOVES always on hand,
e, Thread, Lace tops and but-
black and colored silk gloves;
CORSETS, and LACE GOODS
ariety, PARASOLS and SUN
LAS, a fine assortment.

Furnishing department we have
for Gents' wear. Calico and
RTS, to suit all. NECK
nd TIES, all the latest styles;
S and CUFFS; plain and fancy
OSE; COLLAR BUTTONS,
BUTTONS, STUDS, &C.

emorests reliable PATTERNS,
styles now ready. QUARTERLY
c.; WHAT TO WEAR, 15c.;
OF FASHION, 15c. Catalogues
lying at our store.

ett & Paterson
ain and Cherry Sts.,
RAHWAY.

SCOVILL'S
AND LIVER SYRUP,

s remedy for Scrofula, White
s, Cancer, Erysipelas, Gout,
Sores, Syphilis, Tumors,
es, Salt Rheum, Malaria,
Complaints, and all diseases
g an Impure Condition of
d. This Grand Remedy is a
d of vegetable extracts, the
which are SARSAPARILLA
LLINGIA. The cures effected
LL'S BLOOD AND LIVER
are absolute, and their
s undisfigured by failure.
by all Druggists.

MOTT'S
ER PILLS,

t Cathartic Vegetable Regulator.
ify torpidity of the Liver.
tone to the Stomach.
nt griping of the Bowels.
ove bile from the Blood.
ify and invigorate the Body.
all bilious complaints.

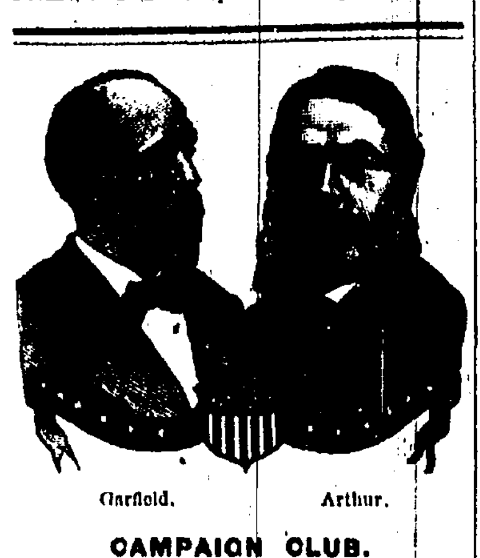
UGERS'
ABLE WORM SYRUP
troys WORMS and is recommended by
the best WORM MEDICINE.

R'S PAIN PANACEA
MAN and BEAST.
External and Internal Use.
st Pain Reliever of the Age.

TON'S BALSAM
S COLDS, COUGHS, ETC.
an be used as a Plaster.
OR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
. HENRY, CURRAN & CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
e Place, New York.

TIAN EHRLICH,
o. 88 Irving Street,
Manufacturerer of
EGARS.
olesale and Retail Dealer in
ST BRANDS OF HOME MANU-
E AND IMPORTED SEGARS, TO-
SNUFF, ETC. MEERSCHAUM
OTHER PIPES, AND SMOK-
S' ARTICLES OF ALL DE-
SCRIPTIONS.
OR RED STAR AND AMERICAN
E STEAMSHIP COMPANIES.
s Sold on Any Part of Europe.
ENT FOR GERMANIA FIRE INSUR-
OMPANY OF NEW YORK CITY.

ADVOCATE & TIMES.


Garfield. Arthur.

CAMPAIGN CLUB.

The next regular meeting of the

GARFIELD AND ARTHUR CLUB

will be held in Chamberlin Hall on

at which time there will be speakers in attendance to address the meeting. All persons favorable to the election of JAMES A. GARFIELD and CHESTER A. ARTHUR are cordially invited to attend and enroll their names.

J. HENRY STONE, Pres.
D. G. URMSTON, Rec. Sec.

YOUNG MEN'S REPUBLICAN CLUB.

All young men favorable to the election of the Republican candidates are requested to attend and enroll their names. Reading room over R. Coles' Drug Store; open every night.

FRED. WARD, Sec'y. W. C. TERRILL, Pres.

LOCAL NEWS

Garfield, Potts and a protective tariff.

Fall overcoats are beginning to sprout.

Crab (apple) fishing is profitable about this time.

Frost grapes are ripening early; said to be a sure sign of an early winter.

Garrett Berry has pitched his tent in a graveyard. Sort of a last resort as it were.

A lady was knocked down and robbed at Roselle, by a negro one day last week. The robber escaped.

The Farmers' Club of this county held a meeting on Thursday of this week, the first in some time.

Street commissioner Pierson during the early part of this week had a gang of men cleaning Main and Cherry streets.

WANTED.

A few good pantaloon hands wanted to make cheap pants at Sheldon's, cor. Irving and Cherry streets, Rahway, N. J.

Our neighbor of the *Democrat* doesn't seem to "hang to" the idea of another Democratic daily or weekly being started in this city.

There was a larger crowd at Boynton Beach, Wednesday, than has assembled there any one day since it became a resort for picnickers, etc.

The Greenback Convention to nominate a candidate for Governor of this State and nine Presidential electors will be held in New Brunswick, August 25th.

Movement is on foot in Linden township to organize a Garfield and Arthur club. The Republicans are united and enthusiastic and will make an efficient canvass of the township.

The West End Archery Club of this city, will hold another of their pleasant sociables at Sawyer & Tappen's Pavilion Hotel, Woodbridge Landing, on Wednesday evening next.

As will be seen, ex-Councilman George Fuhr was elected to fill the vacancy in Council caused by the resignation of Mr. John Wilson. The Republicans voted for Mr. William Wilson.

Several robberies have occurred in Woodbridge lately and the *Hour* thinks its getting a "little too monotonous." Try the shotgun policy, neighbor, it will work better here than in politics.

This campaign is indeed a carnival of mud throwing. Somebody says Garfield looks like the editor of the Rahway *Democrat*.—*Plainfield Bulletin.* Rahway Republicans think this the unkindest cut of all.

Mr. Ira G. Hulburt's flag-pole, or rather the top of it, has recently taken to leaning towards Governor's Island. Too much influence at the poles, probably. It looks emblematic of a broken party.

Mr. John H. Lufbery has a crab-apple tree in his orchard which is fairly covered with fruit, the apples hanging in many cases in clusters like grapes. Those seeing the tree will admit that our comparison is quite apple-cable.

HIGH-TONED GYPSIES.—A band of Gypsies hiring colored waiters and stablemen to take care of themselves and horses is one of the latest features in this vicinity. As this is a high-toned crowd, chickens will make their beds accordingly.

Wm. McGrath has bought out the business of H. C. Wilson on Cherry street. He has been Mr. Wilson's assistant for some time and brings considerable experience to aid him in his venture. Mr. Wilson goes in business elsewhere.

Mr. J. W. Taylor, who recently lost about $322, had the money returned to him a few days ago, by a gentleman residing in Metuchen who found it on a ferry boat plying between Jersey City and New York. Most people think Mr Taylor pretty fortunate.

The Sunday School of the Church of the Holy Comforter held its picnic on Tuesday, the Irving Street Baptist Church Sunday School on Wednesday, and the Christ Church Sunday School Thursday, the former two going to Boynton Beach and the last to Acker's.

Barry Post was well represented at Bordentown; the members accompanied by Columbia drum corps started Monday morning and were among the first to arrive at the grounds. The four days were crowded full of enjoyment though there were many inconveniences to put up with.

THAT BIG LOCOMOTIVE SOLD.—The big locomotive built for the Reading railroad to run a mile a minute between Philadelphia and New York over the Central road, and which nearly accomplished the work on a trial trip last May, has been sold to Russia, and is now on its passage across the ocean.

The Elizabeth police have had no pay since last September and are naturally getting somewhat anxious about it. A meeting was called for Wednesday evening to consult with the city officials concerning the matter, but nothing of importance was accomplished. The force is rapidly disbanding.

On Sunday William Close appeared before the police court and made complaint against Charles Danner for breach of the peace. Upon being arrested and arraigned he pleaded not guilty, and the trial was set down for Monday morning. The complainant not appearing the court dismissed the complaint.

The funeral of Captain Harris took place in Philadelphia on Thursday morning and the body was brought to this city on the afternoon of the same day, and was placed in the vault at Hazelwood Cemetery.

John Carrollton attempted to board a moving train yesterday morning at Perth Amboy, and was violently thrown to the ground, the fall fracturing his skull in several places. He died a short time after. The dead man lived at Springfield, Union county.

Hancock saved the nation on the field of Gettysburg.—*Democrat.* Put on your glasses, neighbor, and take another look at your history. If we mistake not, General Meade bore the responsibility of that battle and his must be the fame. Gen. Hancock assisted, but so did many another Union General. Throw out your line again.

John R Lawrence was bitten by a dog on the hand on Saturday last. He was walking along swinging his arms by his side, when the dog sprang up and bit him. The animal will never attempt it again, as his hide was well ventilated with shot-holes immediately after the occurrence. His "bark is on the sea" now.

On Sunday afternoon, Chief Tooker and officer Conger arrested Patrick Pearsall, John Everett and James Everett on Main street for drunkenness and disorderly conduct, and lodged them in the station house. On Monday morning they were arraigned before the police court and pleaded guilty. The court fined them two dollars each. They hailed from Woodbridge.

During the Grand Army of the Republic Encampment at Bordentown, the Pennsylvania R. R. Company ran a special train, leaving the camp grounds at 10 P. M., for Trenton, New Brunswick, Rahway, Elizabeth, Newark, New York and intermediate points. This accommodation to visitors has been fully appreciated, and as the fare was exceedingly low the number visiting the camp was very large.

The colored voters of this city met pursuant to adjournment on Wednesday evening in the hall over the post office building, for the purpose of completing the organization of a Garfield and Arthur Campaign Club. The following officers were elected: President, John H. Edgar; Vice-President, Edward L. Hopper; Secretary, John Robinson; Assistant Secretary, Simon Aaron; Treasurer, Peter Robinson.

Hon. J. Henry Stone of this city, made a stirring address before a large and enthusiastic meeting, at Summit, on Thursday of last week, the occasion being the unfurling of a campaign banner by the Garfield and Arthur Club of that place. The Republicans of Summit are thoroughly organized and in earnest, and expect to do their full share of work for the success of the party and the consequent prosperity of the State and nation.

A grand union excursion to Ocean Grove will be given under the auspices of Goodwill Council Junior Order United American Mechanics and the Young Men's Christian Association of New Brunswick, on Friday, August 27th. A special train will leave Rahway at 7:30 A.M., fare for the round trip one dollar. As this will be the last opportunity offered to our citizens this season for a cheap trip to the sea shore, all those who desire one day more of pleasure at that place should embrace the opportunity and accompany the excursionists.

It is said that the singers and lecturer of the Flagg Liver Pad Co., who held forth so long a time in this city, were treated to a salute of stale eggs at New Brunswick where they went from this city. Their pads were not protection against a sudden attack of this kind and the eggs gained the day, or rather the evening. The songsters laid away their songs and as the stale jokes wouldn't mix well with stale eggs they were also placed on the shelf; the lecturer sought safety in flight. In fact it was a general "clearing out."

We clip the following from the Philadelphia *Record* of last Friday, in relation to the late Captain Harris of this city.

A meeting of the directors of the American Steamship Company was held yesterday, when a tribute to the memory of the late Captain Harris, of the steamship Pennsylvania, was adopted and placed on the minutes. The memorial recited the high estimation in which the deceased was held as an officer and navigator, and for his true manliness and virtues as a Christian gentlemen and sailor. A copy of the minutes was ordered to be forwarded to the family.

NO GOLD FOR PLAINFIELD.—It was rumored a few months ago that a chance discovery had proved there was a large quantity of gold in the ore taken from the Field mine in the mountain just back of Plainfield, and that the very streets of that city were paved with the precious ore. It seemed then too good to be true, and now comes the report that about two weeks ago Dr. Cook, the State Geologist, secured ore from the Hopewell opening, near Plainfield, where those interested announced the precious metal abounded, and had the same assayed at the Rutgers College laboratory by the chemist, Edward Bogardus. No gold was found at all. The assayers of the company interested in "the mines" claim to have found gold in the minerals taken out of them, and further tests will be made to discover whether the chemicals were "doctored" to produce this result. The general belief appears to be that the amount of gold to be found would not feed a family for any length of time.

BADGERED.—Our little joke concerning the son of the editor of the *Democrat* wearing a Garfield badge, seems to have been taken as a serious matter. As a joke it was remarkably effective, for it was made the occasion for the editor to indulge in a homily upon the subject of Republican booms, etc., and to empty the vials of his wrath (condensed air) upon somebody's devoted head. It was much ado about nothing and we can't think why the editor was so deeply stirred. Perhaps the ridiculousness of the situation overcame him; the father hurling his philippics (clipped from other papers) at the heads of his opponents; the son wearing the badge of him whom his opponents have rominated as their standard bearer. Or perhaps that last "antecedent" was "the straw which broke the camel's back." Or perhaps—but we won't make any other suppositions. In any event the little badge has had its use. And even though it now adorns the spout of a teakettle or coffee-pot or some other household utensil it has sufficed to create quite a stir in the enemy's camp. We can't help thinking that "antecedents" is a good word.

THE CRANFORD CRIME.—We noticed last week the burning of a store in Cranford for the purpose of obtaining the insurance money. A man and woman were arrested and the following story told by the man. The woman at first denied the whole story, but afterward confessed the crime. Adam Breemer kept a store on Union ave., Cranford. Four weeks ago last Monday he went to Germany, but before going he went to Fanwood to another shoemaker named Robert Snyder who worked for him, and told him that his stock and furniture were insured for $500, and that if he (Snyder) would set fire to them after he (Breemer) had gone to Europe he would give him $35. On Saturday, two weeks ago, Mrs. Breemer went to Fanwood and told Snyder that she wanted him to come on Sunday (the 8th) and set fire to the place. He did not come on Sunday, but on Monday night he left Fanwood and went to Mrs. Breemer's and while there the conversation concerning the burning of the place was renewed. She got the kerosene can, and filling a teacup with oil she threw it on a mattress of cornhusk, and then gave him the can and some light wood, etc., to go out and start a fire on the outside. The plan was carried out, that he should fire the outside and she the inside, and then she and her sister and the children were to run to the corn-crib, leaving the hired man to be awakened by the alarm. As for Snyder, he was to run away and not be seen. The prisoners were remanded for sentence until September next. Many believe that Mrs. Breemer was forced into the act by her husband.

OUR COUNTY FAIR.—One of the most successful fairs in this State last year, was that of the Union and Middlesex Counties' Mutual Agricultural Association, held at their spacious and well arranged grounds near Plainfield, in this county. That was their first fair, but it was so well arranged, the agricultural displays were so good, the several departments so well filled, and the trotting so excellent, that the fair was successful in every way.

And now they make public announcement of their second annual fair, which begins Monday, the 27th of September, and continues for four days. The first day will be devoted to the reception and arrangement of articles for the exhibition, but the remaining days will be full of interest. All articles raised, grown or manufactured in the counties of Union and Middlesex and in the township of North Plainfield may be exhibited, although the owner may not reside in such counties or township, and this gives an opportunity to ladies, children, farmers, gardeners, manufacturers, horse or cattle raisers, poultry breeders, and to everybody in this county, the opportunity to exhibit and obtain a premium. The premium lists are published and those desiring them can get them by applying to the County Clerk, Mr. James S. Vosseler, at the Court House in Elizabeth, or by writing to him at Plainfield, N. J. He is the secretary of the Association, and not a little to him and President Holly, the noted stock raiser and the owner of the Holly Farm, is the success of the Association due. They have given much time, skill and energy to the work, and will materially assist in making the second fair even to surpass the first.

Quite some has been said in the papers concerning the abandonment of his wife by Samuel Ayres, who formerly resided in this city. We gain the following particulars from the Jersey City *Journal:* Ayres married his wife six years ago, and can bring nothing against her character. Both were residents of Rahway, and Mrs. Belle Ayres enjoys an unexceptionally good character among her neighbors. She says that her husband never really supported her. They boarded with her parents, he paying his own board but not hers. After the birth of their only child, now a boy four years old, Mrs. Ayres persuaded her husband to go to housekeeping. Three times they tried it, and each time Ayres broke up the home, on the plea that he could not afford it. Mrs. Ayres says he spent all his earnings on himself, and claimed that he was obliged to look well or he would lose his situation. He received fair wages in T. C. Brown & Co.'s, Jersey City, but contributed little or nothing to the support of his family. Last winter he professed conversion in Trinity M. E. Church, Jersey City, and has succeeded in gathering about him the members of that church. Recently his wife wrote him, begging him for a pair of shoes for their boy. He returned a curt refusal. Since he left T. C. Brown & Co.'s he has had several situations, but has sent no money to his wife. Thursday of last week, when he was arrested, and brought before Justice Peloubet at Jersey City, several prominent members of Trinity M. E. Church clustered around him and furnished him with counsel. Mrs. Ayres was alone and among strangers, and between them all she agreed to take $2.50 a week, provided Ayres had steady employment. Ayres offers no excuse for abandoning her. Judge Blair put in the technical plea that as Mrs. Ayres lives in Rahway she could not become a charge upon Hudson County, and therefore a suit for abandonment will not lie there. Justice Peloubet plainly showed his disapprobation of such a petty plea. He claimed that anybody should be ashamed to back up the husband in his attempt to shirk the just responsibility resting upon him. It is now certain that Mrs. Ayres will make a very warm fight for her rights. Her friends have come to her rescue, and will endeavor to set her right.

THE G. A. R. CAMP AT BORDENTOWN.

Since the arrival of most of the Posts Monday the Park has presented an animated appearance. It is estimated that not less than 20,000 people were in the camp and in the streets of Bordentown on Wednesday and a similar number on Thursday. The street parade in the city was the event of Wednesday; Barry Post of this city held a place well in the front of the line; altogether there were 1400 men in line. The housetops and streets were decorated with flags and buntings and a right royal reception was given to the veterans of the Grand Army. The Rahway and Morristown bands were very earnest in their efforts to drum up a fire on Wednesday night. They searched about nineteen miles of territory, and their carriage was truly military.

The weather Thursday was delightful and the camp all day presented a very lively and attractive appearance. Every train was thronged with people, a large number of ladies and children being among the visitors. A number of distinguished people were on the grounds. During the afternoon there were parades and drills by different posts, and by the artillery corps, and there was a noisy and lively time with the marching of men, the playing of bands and the waving of flags. Later in the day there was a dress parade which was witnessed by an immense crowd of people, with great delight. The proposed sham battle between artillery and gunboats, which was to have taken place in front of Gen. Grubb's place at Edgewater, was abandoned on account of the serious illness of one of the General's children.

Uzal Dodd Post, No. 12, of Orange, came into camp about one hundred strong, and Ulric Dahlgreen Post, No. 25, of Elizabeth, about sixty. Philadelphia Posts were largely represented.

Barry Post, No. 27, from this city visited the "Castle," yesterday. During their inspection of the building, they were well rewarded by a visit to the tower. While in the tower, they gave three G. A. R. shells. Before leaving the building, Miss Munday, of Metuchen, gave an exhibition of her powers as a reader, to the delight of the veterans then assembled.

After dress parade on Thursday afternoon, Miss May Munday, of Metuchen, in front of headquarters, recited "Kentucky Belle," in a very effective manner, and to the delight of all who were fortunate enough to hear her. Comrade Stahl's daughter, Rosie, followed Miss Munday in the recitation of "All Quiet Along the Potomac." Her voice was clear and pathetic and was distinctly heard by all, even amid the boom of the cannon which were then being fired by Co. B.

There is a prospect of the park becoming the permanent property of the G. A. R.

The Grand Army will do well if it succeeds in securing this park for its annual encampments, for few locations are so admirably adapted for the purpose, and there are none to which visitors will more readily go. The price of the park grounds proper is, thirty-three thousand dollars. Two thousand shares of stock at ten dollars each taken and disposed of by the Grand Army, with an appropriation of thirteen thousand dollars by the State, would place in its possession the handsomest public grounds in the State, and it is a good suggestion that the Soldiers' Home could be moved from Newark here, where the war-worn veterans would enjoy a home surrounded with natural beauties that surpass the far-famed Sailors' Snug Harbor of Staten Island. The idea of this purchase was mentioned to one of Newark's distinguished citizens, and he said at once, "I could dispose of a hundred shares of stock in a day in Newark."

On Friday morning the Gen. Meade Post of Philadelphia came into camp; there was a review of all the Posts at 11 o'clock, there being three thousand veterans in line. In the afternoon at three o'clock the sham battle took place; it was witnessed by about 50,000 people; the gun boats came up the river and attacked the camp and for a while, though the whistling of bullets was absent, in other particulars the struggle aptly represented an encounter of the war. The camp was not spacious enough for the manœuvering of two large bodies of infantry, so that the struggle took the nature of a battle between troops and gun boats. The boats shelled the camp and the fire was returned by artillery placed on the banks of the river, while the infantry supported the artillery to prevent the landing of any troops by the gun boats. Such was the plan of battle, and it was well carried out. Immediately after the cessation of hostilities the crowd began to move toward the depot and the trains from that hour until dark were packed with the immense throngs of people. Such a day Bordentown has probably never seen before and it will no doubt be some time before it will witness such another.

COMMON COUNCIL.

ADJOURNED MEETING AUGUST 17, 1880.

Present.—Crolius, Denike, Leonard, Lohmiller, Mansfield, Martin, McKenzie, Melick, Osborn and Silvers.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

Councilman Silvers moved to suspend the rules, in order that Council may proceed to fill the vacancy in the Fourth Ward. Agreed to.

Councilman Leonard nominated George Fuhr to fill the vacancy. Councilman Mansfield nominated William M. Wilson. The roll was called with the following result: For Mr. Fuhr, Councilmen Crolius, Denike, Leonard, Lohmiller, Melick and Silvers (6); for Mr. Wilson, Councilmen Mansfield, Martin and McKinzie (3); not voting, Councilman Osborn (1).

COMMUNICATIONS.

From J. E. Marsh, Warden Union County Jail, asking Council to remit fine and costs against Peter Johnson. Referred to Committee on Lamps and Police.

From Robert C. Brewster, City Treasurer, submitting his monthly report, showing receipts to be $5,603.13, expenditures $6,284.85. Ordered on file.

From Richard Tice, Superintendent of Almshouse, submitting his report for the month of July, showing the number of inmates to be 18; expenses, $91.89. Ordered on file.

From William E Blanchard, Receiver of Taxes, showing amount of taxes collected since last report to be taxes, $2,217.33; interest, $2,246.15; total, $2,463.48. Ordered on file.

From Leslie Lupton, submitting an opinion in relation to the liability of the bondsmen of the late City Clerk. Ordered on file.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

From the Committee on Fire Department, submitting the report of the Chief Engineer in regard to condemned hose, and recommending the sale of the same. Report received and recommendation adopted.

From the Committee on Lamps and Police in relation to making contract with gas company. Report received and Committee authorized to make contract.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

The ordinances entitled "A Supplement to an Ordinance Respecting the Taxes for the year 1880;" "A Further Supplement to an Ordinance entitled An Ordinance to Institute and Regulate the Fire Department of the City of Rahway," passed December 27, 1878; "A Further Supplement to an Ordinance entitled An Ordinance to Regulate Licensing Shows, Circuses, and other Exhibitions, Hawkers, Pedlars and Auctioneers in the City of Rahway," passed June 8, 1858, were, on motion, laid over.

NEW BUSINESS.

By Councilman Silvers:

Resolved, That the fine and costs imposed in the Police Court upon Peter Johnson be remitted. Adopted.

By Councilman Osborn:

Resolved, That the resolution by which the City Clerk has been in the habit of receiving license fees be and the same is hereby rescinded, and that no license hereafter issued until fees have been paid into the hands of the City Treasurer. Laid over.

BILLS ORDERED PAID.

Bill of Rahway Gaslight Company, and of Jacob R. Shotwell for rent of colored school were, on motion, laid over.

Adjourned.

LIST OF LETTERS

remaining in the post-office, Rahway, on August 19th, 1880:

Mr. John Ash, Mr. Wm. Mockeridge, Mr. Chas. Spencer, Mr. Alexander Willshau, Miss Mary Nulty, Fannie B. Butts.

Persons calling for the above will please say "advertised."

S. M. OLIVER, P. M.

LOCAL MISCELLANY.

There are no railroads on shipboard; yet if you go into the hold you can see the cargo.

Sailor shirts for Gents and Boys at LAMBERTI'S.

The genrl adopshn ov fonetik speln wud nok Josh Billings hirn a kite.—*Cincinnati Saturday Night.*

Neckwear—all styles and qualities at LAMBERTI'S.

Why will men allow themselves to suffer and their noble horse when Kendall's Spavin Cure applied properly will remove all suffering from man and beast. See Advt.

Kendall's Spavin Cure always cures if properly used. Read Advertisement.

The advertisement of the American Shoe Tip Company, which appears in another column, is of the greatest importance to parents. Read it, and learn how to save money. Ask your shoe dealer for these goods.

Hats and Caps—all styles in straw, felt, horsehair, silk, etc., at LAMBERTI'S.

"A word to the wise is sufficent." An effective and pleasant remedy for the treatment of Catarrh, Hay Fever and Catarrhal Deafness is Ely's Cream Balm. A sure cure. Price 50 cents. See Advt.

Not disagreeble; hardly more bitter than lager beer; and much more satisfactory and pleasant. Simmons' Liver Regulator can be taken at any time, without interfering with business or pleasure. It is so gentle, safe, and such a good digester, that it is often used after a hearty meal to settle the food and relieve any apprehension that the meal may disagree with you.

Humphrey's Good Samaritan Liniment cures Rheumatism and Neuralgia. 50 cts. Trial size, 10 cents.

When Sidney Smith was out of health, his doctor advised him to take a walk on an empty stomach. The witty patient asked: "Whose?"

Proprietor—"If you boys don't clear out, I'll call that officer and have you taken in." Boy—"That's where you'd be taken in; that policeman's my dad, he is."

A little boy has been drowned in a public bath. This comes of the fatal habit of going into the water before having learnt to swim.—*Puck.*

ABSENCE OF MIND.—"Speaking of absence of mind," said the Rev. Sidney Smith, "the oddest instance happened to me once in forgetting my name. I knocked at a door in London, and asked if Mrs. B. was at home. 'Yes, sir; pray what name shall I say?' I looked in the man's face astonished—what name? Aye, that is the question—what is my name? I believe the man thought me mad, but it is true that during the space of two or three minutes I had no more idea of who I was than if I never existed. I did not know whether I was a dissenter or layman; I felt as dull as Sternhold or Jenkins. At last to my relief it flashed across me that I was Sidney Smith. I heard also of a clergyman, who went jogging along on a road until he came to a turnpike. 'What is to pay?' 'Pay, sir? for what?' asked the turnpike man. 'Why, for my horse, to be sure!' 'Your horse, sir! what horse? Here is no horse, sir!' 'No horse! God bless me!' said he, suddenly looking down between his legs, "I thought I was on horse back!'"

Rum is always staring the Delaware peach crop in the face. That is the reason for the peach's blush.

Dress shirts, silk handkerchiefs, linen collars and cuffs, summer underwear etc., at LAMBERTI'S.

Some Indians use scalping-knives of tortoise-shells, probably on account of the old fable in which the tortoise was alleged to have got away with the hare.

William Tell, says the Cincinnati *Saturday Night*, was Captain of an archery club, and one of the best shots with a bow and arrow in all Switzerland. The country was then under the rule of the tyrant Gesler. One day Gesler set his plug hat on a pole for men to salute, and ordered that every man in Altorf should make obeisance to it or die. And they did, every man of them. Even the trees standing around made their best boughs. Finally Bill Tell came along with his little boy. He told the men of Altorf that before he would bow to Gesler's hat he would 'Altorf and stamp on it. That was the kind of a bow-and-arrow he was. Gesler arrested him on the spot, being Marshal of the village as well as tyrant, thus drawing a salary from two offices, contrary to the Constitution. Gesler, as puishment for his audacity, ordered him to shoot an apple off the head of his boy. This he did, although it was an arrow escape for young Tell. The apple fell, pierced to the core, no encore being allowed, owing to the extreme length of the performance. As Tell rushed forward to embrace his boy another arrow dropped out of his vest. "Ha!" cried the tyrant, "Wherefore concealest that arrow?" Replied Tell, pointing to Gesler's head gear, on the top of the pole: "To shoot that hat!" The joke was so good that Gesler released him and gave him $20 in gold.

NEW BRUNSWICK, Oct. 11, 1879.

MESSRS. WM. RUST & SONS—Gents: Since boyhood I have been troubled with Catarrh and Hay Fever, and have been unable to obtain permanent relief until I used Ely's Cream Balm, which has cured me. After a few days' use I could sleep all night, which I could not do before using the Balm. Yours truly,

E. L. CLICKENER,
Scott Street.

Scrofulous swellings, carbuncles and boils, blotches, pimples and eruptions, enlarged glands, internal soreness, torpid liver, and general clogged condition of the system, all yield in due time to nature's sovereign remedy—Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Sold around the world by druggists and chemists. Foreign trade supplied from London branch. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Proprietors, Buffalo, N. Y., R. V. Pierce, M.D., President.

WEST BLUE MOUND, Wis., March 8, 1879.

DR. R. V. PIERCE:

Dear Sir—Having suffered many weary months from liver complaint without relief, I was last summer induced to try your Golden Medical Discovery and Pellets. At the time I was scarcely able to walk. Owing to their effect I commenced to improve rapidly and am now as well and strong as ever. I thank you from the depths of my heart for the good they have done me and wish you all success. Yours truly

MRS. S. STAGNER.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, free of charge. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D., New York City.*

Funeral Flowers at BAUMANN'S.

CLOSING OUT SALE
OF OUR MILLINERY GOODS
BELOW COST
TO MAKE ROOM FOR
FALL GOODS.
LACE TOP GLOVES,
SUMMER UNDER WEAR,
AND FANS AT COST PRICE.
TRY OUR GLOBE CORSET, THE CHEAPEST AND BEST. NEW BELTS, MITTS, SIDE COMBS, AND ALL THE NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON.
All Our Goods Are Sold at the Lowest Price
M. MEYER & Co.
34 Main St., Rahway, N. J.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

GRADING, CURBING AND GUTTERING MADISON AVENUE.

Public notice is hereby given that by virtue of a certain provision of the Charter of the city of Rahway, the undersigned Committee of the Common Council of the city of Rahway, will meet in the office of the City Surveyor on Thursday evening, August 12, 1880, at 8 o'clock P. M., to hear such persons who have filed objections to said assessment.

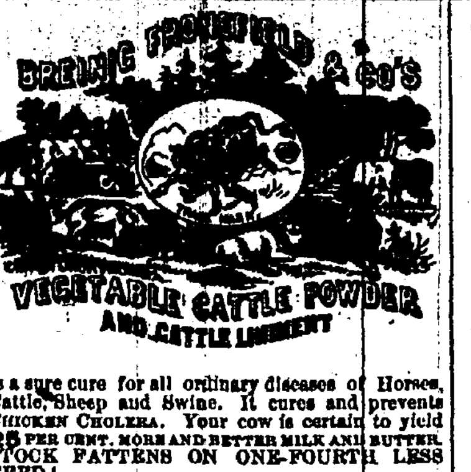
ED. CROLIUS,
WM. V. MCKENZIE,
ANTOINE LOHMILLER,
Committee on Assessment.

Dated RAHWAY, July 28, 1880.

Now come RATS.
Now come MICE.
Now come ROACHES.
Now come ANTS.
Now come FLEAS.
Now come BUGS.
INSECTS.
INSECTS.
INSECTS.
INSECTS.
On Plants, Fowls, Animals, Moths, in Furs, Woolens, &c., &c.,
KILL quick and SURE.
KILL quick and SURE.
KILL quick and SURE.
KILL quick and SURE.
"Costar's" Exterminators for Rats.
"Costar's" Exterminators for Roaches.
"Costar's" Exterminators for Bed Bugs.
"COSTAR'S" Insect POWDER.
"COSTAR'S" Insect POWDER.
"COSTAR'S" Insect POWDER.
"COSTAR'S" Insect POWDER.
Pure, Pure, only Pure. Every box Warranted in Perforated Sifting Boxes.
Ask for "COSTAR'S"—TAKE NO OTHER.
Dealers wanting terms, address
COSTAR COMPANY,
405 Broome St., N. Y.

C. C. C. C. or Trenton Business College has no superior as a practical training school. It is complete in all its departments and noted for its thoroughness. The course is *short*, practical and comprehensive, just what no young man should be without if he hopes for success. It pays from the start. Ladies find it equally beneficial. The college will be open for the reception of students August 30th. Session begins September 1st. Apply at the office, or send for catalogue.

A. J. RIDER, Principal,
Trenton, N. J.



is a sure cure for all ordinary diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Swine. It cures and prevents CHICKEN CHOLERA. Your cow is certain to yield 25 PER CENT. MORE AND BETTER MILK AND BUTTER. STOCK FATTENS ON ONE-FOURTH LESS FEED!

Being in possession of a large number of excellent testimonials, I subjoin a few:

I have been using your Cattle Powder for horses, cows, chickens and pigs, and find it a FIRST-CLASS thing.—GEORGE BOND, Germantown, Pa.

Please send me half a gross of Cattle Powder. I have used two packs on my cow and chickens. THE COW GAVE NEARLY TWICE THE QUANTITY OF MILK that she did before, and gave TWICE THE AMOUNT OF BUTTER. My chickens were dying, but were CURED IMMEDIATELY after I had used the powder. Yours truly, JONAS PASOUR, Dallas, N. C.

I have used and compared your Cattle Powder with all others, and must say it is the best for horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, &c. I have tried it on poultry for many complaints, with SUCCESS IN EVERY CASE.—JONATHAN WEAVER, Berrysburg, Pa.

Last summer you sent me a package of your powder which I gave to my poultry, and have not had one droopy turkey or chicken since.—MRS. WM. KNAPP, Orange, N. Y.

Send me a pack or two of your Cattle Powder. The pack I got from you last winter CURED THE CHICKEN CHOLERA. I gave some of it to a neighbor and it cured his chickens.—JOHN WILLIAMS, Spruce Vale, Ohio.

Address me for a phamphlet full of useful information for the farmer, horseman or dairyman.

F. A. MILLER,
331 Arch St., PHILA, PA.

Van Dyke's Sulphur Soap.

THE MARVEL OF THE AGE!

For the cure of Skin Diseases of all descriptions it is without a rival. Having long been in the market and thoroughly tested by the medical faculty and the public, it is needless to enter into details upon its virtues. Price 25 cents a cake or 3 cakes for 60 cents. For sale by druggists and all country storekeepers. ASCHENBACH & MILLER, Proprietors, Third and Callowhill Sts., PHILA., Pa.

DR. JONES' TARAXACUM TONIC

OR DYSPEPSIA MEDICINE, A VEGETABLE COMPOUND whose virtues have stood a test of forty years, is infallible in the cure of Dyspepsia, General Debility, Chronic Weakness of Lungs, Spleen, Kidneys, Short Breath, Heartburn, St. Vitus' Dance, Pain in the Stomach, Back and Chest. Particularly adapted to all Female Diseases, no matter what the age of the patient may be. Price 75 cents. Sold by all druggists.

ASA JONES, Prop'r, 319 N. 3d St., Phila. Pa.

PERSIAN INSECT POWDER
(ASHENBACH & MILLER'S.)

JUST THE THING WANTED IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD,

Roaches, ants, bugs, moths, garden worms, etc. fall victims to its deadly effects immediately upon coming in contact with it. It is truly the genuine Persian, the flowers being imported direct, then ground and prepared at our laboratory under our own supervision, so that we can guarantee its absolute freedom from adulteration. Druggists and country store-keepers sell it. Wholesale depot, N. W. Corner 3d and Callowhill St., Phila., Pa.

AFTER all other Liniments have failed try Dr. Ware's renowned

Electric Relief!

Taken internally it will cure Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cramp, Colic, Asthma, Influenza, Spasms, Sick Headache, Morning Sickness, Heartburn, Sour Stomach, Pain in the Bowels and Sunstroke. Applied externally it will relieve you of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sore Throat, Lumbago, Earache, Toothache, Inflamed Breast, Mumps, Gout, Pleurisy, Pneumonia, Frost Bites, Bruises, Sprains, Burns, Scalds, Wounds, Contracted Tendons, Leucorrhœa, Swollen Joints, Stings and Bites of Insects, Sold by druggists. Wholesale depot, N. W. cor. 3d and Callowhill St., Phila.

MAKE YOUR OWN BEER,

by using a 25 CENT PACKAGE of Ashenbach & Miller's preparation, which will give you *five gallons* of delicious

Aromatic Birch Beer!

compounded of roots and herbs that are specially healthful, giving tone and vigor to the system. It is wholesome, nutritious, and an efficient preventive of Summer Complaints. Is the most agreeable and refreshing of summer drinks without being stimulating. Read testimonials:

I have tried Aschenbach & Miller's Birch Beer, and consider it superior to any article of the kind I ever used.—JAMES LONGWELL, Ceylon Spice Mills, 147 N. Front St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Having tried Aschenbach & Miller's Birch Beer, I regard it as an excellent summer drink. My neighbors think likewise. Success to it.—G. W. SCHOCH, pub. *Telegraph*, Mifflinburg, Union co., Pa.

If you cannot get it of your druggist, or you happen to live in the country, send 25 cents to Aschenbach & Miller, 3d and Callowhill Sts., Phila., and it will be forwarded to you at once.

Timmons'
Ice Cream Parlors,
154 Main Street,
Are Now Open
For the Accommodation of the Public, and Parties can be served with Fine Ice Cream of all Flavors.

FUSSELL'S
ICE CREAM.

For the accommodation of the citizens of Rahway and vicinity, a DEPOT AND SALOON, for the sale of Fussell's Celebrated Ice Cream, has just been established at

No. 145 1-2 Main Street,

(a few doors above Lewis St.) Received fresh from Newark, every day. Large or small orders promptly supplied. A call solicited from every one.

BOXES OF CREAM TO CARRY HOME.

CHARLES E. HAYWARD.

Get Major Bundy's "Life of Garfield"
NOW READY:
THE LIFE OF
Gen. JAMES A. GARFIELD.
The Tow-Boy, the Scholar, the Citizen-Soldier, the Statesman,
BY MAJOR J. M. BUNDY,

His personal friend, recently his guest at Mentor, and with every facility given him by Gen. Garfield and his *most intimate friends*, for compiling the most *readable* and *authentic* life. "Major Bundy's Life of General Garfield," says the *Commercial Advertiser*, "is the best one that has yet appeared, and will undoubtedly be the best that will be published." Price, paper, 50 cents; cloth, $1.00.

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E. B. TREAT, 757 Broadway, NEW YORK, Publisher of First class Subscription Books, wants one or more Agents in every County. Steady work and best terms.

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MISS WILLIAMS' SCHOOL,
—FOR—
Young Ladies and Children,

Grand Street, corner Whittier, will re-open Monday Sept. 6th, 1880. Besides the usual English branches, classes will be formed in Latin and French. Drawing and painting will be taught by Miss Chandler, of Elizabeth, vocal music by Miss Chapin, and instrumental by Miss Bessie Williams

THE PUZZLE SOLVED AT LAST!!

All Wool Pants to Order $5 Up.

$1 Will buy Men's & Boys' Strong Pants.	$2 Will buy Boys' Dress Pants.	$3 Will buy Child's Suit.	$4 Will buy Boy's Suit.
$5 Will buy Men's Dress Pants.	$6 Will buy Boys' Dress Suits.	$7 Will buy Youth's Suit.	$8 Will buy A Good Spring Coat.
$9 Will buy Youth's Dress Suits.	$10 Will buy Men's Business Suits.	$11 Will buy Indigo Blue Flannel Suits.	$12 Will buy All Wool Business Suit.
$13 Will buy Diag. Worsted Frock Coat and Vest.	$14 Will buy Diag. Worsted Prince Albert Coat and Vest	$15 Will buy All Wool Suit to Order.	At Miller THE Clothier and Tailor. Call and examine Goods.

All Wool Pants to Order $5 Up.

The Above is the Only Correct Solution thus far given,
BY MILLER
TAILOR THE CLOTHIER,
143 Main St., Rahway, N. J.

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Office at the National Bank.
Agent for the Following First Class Companies:

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Good Workmanship,
LOW PRICES,
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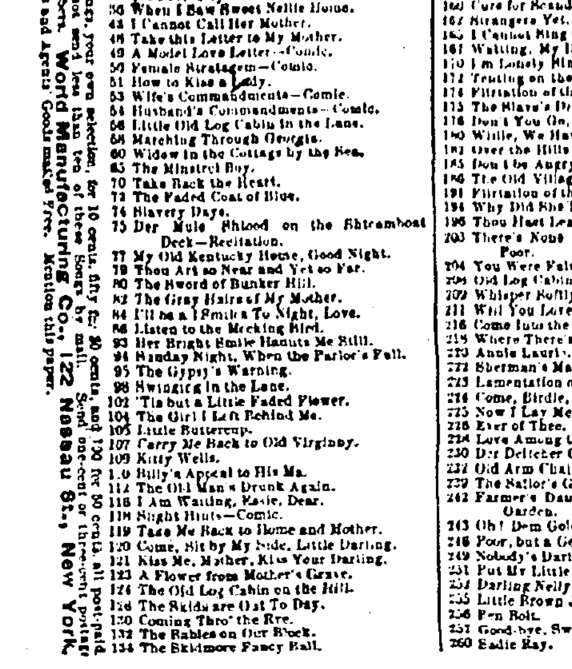


HA! HA! HA!

We are here again, and offer a large and selected stock of Hats, Caps, and Gent's Furnishing Goods at the Lowest Price. Felt, Wool and Straw Hats, of the latest style and best manufacture. Call and see for yourself before going out of town, and save

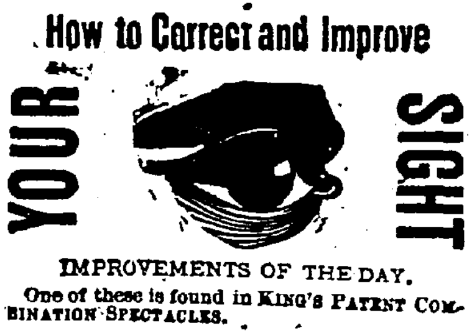
25 PER CENT.
AT
39 CHERRY ST.,
RAHWAY.
M. H. VOLKMAN

SONGS, One Cent Each

We will send ten of these Songs, your own selection, for 10 cents, fifty for 30 cents, and 120 for 50 cents, all post-paid by mail. Remember, we will not send less than ten of these Songs by mail. Send one-cent or three-cent postage stamps. Order Songs by the numbers. World Manufacturing Co., 122 Nassau St., New York. Valuable Catalogue of Songs and Agents' Goods mailed Free. Mention this paper.

1 Baby Mine.
4 Ella Ree.
5 The Old Cabin Home.
6 The Little Ones at Home.
7 Old Black Joe.
12 See That My Grave's Kept Green.
13 Grandfather's Clock.
18 Where was Moses when the Light Went Out?
22 Old Folks at Home—Swanee Ribber.
24 Sweet By and By.
26 Whoa, Emma.
28 You'll Remember Me.
31 I Dreamt I Dwelt in Marble Halls.
33 When You and I were Young, Maggie.
34 Cottage by the Sea.
35 We Parted by the River Side.
36 When I Saw Sweet Nellie Home.
42 I Cannot Call Her Mother.
46 Take this Letter to My Mother.
49 A Model Love Letter—Comic.
50 Female Stratagem—Comic.
51 How to Kiss a Lady.
53 Wife's Commandments—Comic.
55 Husband's Commandments—Comic.
56 Little Old Log Cabin in the Lane.
58 Marching Through Georgia.
60 Widow in the Cottage by the Sea.
65 The Minstrel Boy.
70 Take Back the Heart.
72 The Faded Coat of Blue.
74 Slavery Days.
75 Der Mule Shtood on the Shteamboat Deck—Recitation.
77 My Old Kentucky Home, Good Night.
79 Thou Art so Near and Yet so Far.
80 The Sword of Bunker Hill.
82 The Gray Hairs of My Mother.
84 I'll be all Smiles To Night, Love.
86 Listen to the Mocking Bird.
93 Her Bright Smile Haunts Me Still.
94 Sunday Night, When the Parlor's Full.
95 The Gypsy's Warning.
98 Swinging in the Lane.
102 'Tis but a Little Faded Flower.
104 The Girl I Left Behind Me.
105 Little Buttercup.
107 Carry Me Back to Old Virginny.
109 Kitty Wells.
110 Billy's Appeal to His Ma.
112 The Old Man's Drunk Again.
116 I Am Waiting, Essie, Dear.
118 Slight Hints—Comic.
119 Take Me Back to Home and Mother.
120 Come, Sit by My Side, Little Darling.
121 Kiss Me, Mother, Kiss Your Darling.
123 A Flower from Mother's Grave.
124 The Old Log Cabin on the Hill.
128 The Skids are Out To Day.
130 Coming Thro' the Rye.
132 The Babies on Our Block.
134 The Skidmore Fancy Ball.
135 The Hallway Door.
137 Darling Bessie of the Lea.
138 The Kiss Behind the Door.
139 I'll Remember You, Love, in my Prayers.
141 Old Wooden Rocker.
142 Speak, Only Speak.
143 Dancing Around with Charlie.
146 You May Look, but You Musn't Touch.
147 My Daughter Julia.
150 There's Always a Seat in the Parlor for You.
152 I've no Mother Now, I'm Weeping for You.
154 Nearer, My God, to Thee.
156 Massa's in de Cold, Cold Ground.
159 Say a Kind Word When You Can.
160 Cure for Scandal—Comic.
162 Strangers Yet.
165 I Cannot Sing the Old Songs.
167 Waiting, My Darling, for Thee.
170 I'm Lonely Since My Mother Died.
172 Tenting on the Old Camp Ground.
174 Flirtation of the Whip—Comic.
175 The Slave's Dream.
176 Don't You Go, Tommy, Don't Go.
180 Willie, We Have Missed You.
181 Over the Hills to The Poor House.
185 Don't be Angry with Me, Darling.
186 The Old Village School on the Green.
191 Flirtation of the Fan—Comic.
194 Why Did She Leave Him?
196 Thou Hast Learned to Love Another.
203 There's None Like a Mother, If Ever so Poor.
204 You Were False, but I'll Forgive You.
206 Old Log Cabin in the Dell.
209 Whisper Softly, Mother's Dying.
211 Will You Love Me, When I'm Old?
216 Come Into the Garden, Maud.
218 Where There's a Will, There's a Way.
220 Annie Laurie.
222 Sherman's March to the Sea.
223 Lamentation of James Rodgers.
224 Come, Birdie, Come.
225 Now I Lay Me Down to Sleep.
226 Ever of Thee.
228 Love Among the Roses.
230 Der Deitcher Gal.
232 Old Arm Chair (as sung by Ned Barry).
239 The Sailor's Grave.
242 Farmer's Daughters; or Chickens in the Garden.
243 Oh! Dem Golden Slippers.
246 Poor, but a Gentleman Still.
249 Nobody's Darling but Mine.
251 Put My Little Shoes Away.
254 Darling Nelly Gray.
255 Little Brown Jug.
256 Ben Bolt.
257 Good-bye, Sweetheart.
260 Sadie Ray.

How to Correct and Improve



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One of these is found in KING'S PATENT COMBINATION SPECTACLES.

As the name indicates, they consist of a combination of silver and steel frames, the silver bridge making a more elegant, durable and flexible frame and enabling any dealer to adjust it to any face, so that the cone of the lens is in the direct line of vision, thus giving the greatest benefit possible to be derived from the use of spectacles.

It also enables anyone to adjust it themselves to the positon where it best corrects the sight.

All persons buying the COMBINATION SPECTACLES have their eyes fitted by KING'S NEW SYSTEM, the method used by Professional Occulists and the only true means of accurately testing the vision.

THIS SYSTEM IS COPYRIGHTED, and can only be used by Mr. King's Agents, all of whom are instructed in its use.

The KING SPECTACLES are the first in merit over a million pair now being in daily use.

Through his Agent, Mr. King will undertake to fit the most difficult cases of defective vision. We are glad to announce that the SOLE AGENT for this place and vicinity is

W. A. VESCELIUS.
ALSO DEALER IN ALL KINDS
JEWELRY, SILVER AND PLATED WARE.
CLOCKS AND WATCHES IN STOCK OF THE BEST MAKERS.
REPAIRING NEATLY EXECUTED.
140 MAIN ST., Rahway, N. J.

$5,000,000.
The American Shoe Tip Co.
WARRANT THEIR
A. S. T. Co.
BLACK TIP

That is now so extensively worn on
CHILDREN'S SHOES
TO WEAR AS LONG AS THE METAL,

Which was introduced by them, and by which the above amount has been saved to parents annually. This **Black Tip will save still more,** as besides being worn on the coarser grades it is worn on fine and costly shoes where the Metal Tip on account of its looks would not be used.

They all have our Trade Mark A. S. T. Co. stamped on front of Tip.

Parents should ASK FOR SHOES with this
BEAUTIFUL BLACK TIP
on them when purchasing for their children.

J. WOOSTER,
HARNESS MADE TO ORDER.
STYLE,
GOOD WORKMANSHIP,
LOW PRICES.
REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
MAIN ST., NEAR MILTON AVE.
RAHWAY, N. J.

THE ROMANCE OF A TRAMP.—About four years ago, says the Little Rock (Ark) *Gazette*, Miss Emma Roland, of Galveston, visited an aunt in Warren county, Kentucky. It was summer, the season was, and one evening the girl sat in the yard, half reading and half regarding the enormous bumble-bees buzzing around. A footstep didn't arouse the young lady. It was a voice that said, "Can I get a drink of water?" Two arms and the chin of a tramp leaned on the fence. He was dressed in the tramps' garb, a wardrobe at once so describable and indescribable. "I say, can I get some water?"

"Yes," said the girl.

"Must I go around to the gate or climb over the fence?"

"Both, if you choose."

"That's the way I like to hear people talk," said the tramp, climbing over and approaching. "Now, where's the water?"

"I'll bring it."

"You'd better bring the well, for I'm dryer than a barrel of bromophyle."

The girl went to the house and returned with a bucket of water. When the man had finished drinking she did not think that he had exaggerated his thirst. In fact, she did not think that his comparison had been adequate.

"What book are you reading?"

"Mill on the Floss."

"Overated. I never liked it. All depth or no depth. I don't know which. Strained characters or no characters, don't know which. The novelist has tried to write a story without a well-defined plot, and has failed. Goldsmith's success as a plotless and charming writer was a bad example."

"You shouldn't tear my favorite book to pieces. I like George Eliot and all her works."

"You don't like 'Mill on the Floss.' You have been nodding over it the last half-hour. You only pretend to read it because you imagine that in doing so you develop literary taste."

"I think, sir, you are impudent."

"But truthful. Here's a book you should read," and the tramp took from his ragged coat a tattered copy of Burton's "Anatomy of Melancholy." "Dr. Johnson said that this book was, the only work that could induce him to get out of bed mornings, sooner than his regular time of rising."

"And that's why you like it," remarked the girl, taking the book. "If Dr. Johnson hadn't made that remark you would not find the work so charming."

"That's all right. Give me some more water."

The conversation was pursued until the tramp accepted an invitation to supper. His idea of Burton and Johnson was soon covered up with batter cakes. The tramp, Mr. Preston, remained all night. Next morning, when he announced his intention of leaving, the girl accompanied him to the spot where she sat when he hailed her.

"Why do you tramp around? Have you no home?"

"Yes, as to the home. Don't know as to the tramping."

"Whiskey?"

"Whiskey."

"Why don't you quit?"

"I will."

"When?"

"Now, on one condition. That you will consent to be my wife. Meet me under this tree four years from to-day."

"I will."

"Good-bye," and he climbed the fence and was gone. No correspondence was carried on between them. The manly, handsome face of the tramp hung before the girl like a portrait. Deep, earnest eyes, a merry laugh, accompanied the tramp. Several weeks ago the young lady visited her aunt. One evening last week she sat under a tree in the yard where four years before she nodded over a book. Bees buzzed around; the same bees seemingly. On her lap lay "Mill on the Floss;" near her a tattered copy of "Burton's Anatomy of Melancholy." A buggy drove up. A man alighted and climbed the fence.

"Mr. Preston."

"Miss Roland."

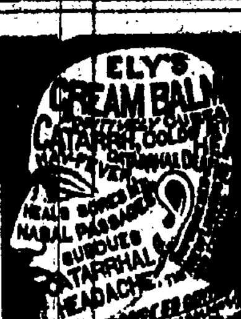
There was no indication of the tramp in the handsomely dressed gentleman. The clear, earnest eyes showed no lurid light, kindled by Satan's breath. That evening the buggy went to Bowling Green. Next morning a happy couple left on a southern bound train. They are now in this city. To-morrow they will leave for Texas.

Sometimes, when I look back over my life, I am amazed to see how the pages of its record are dotted with hair-breadth escapes. I escaped the dangers and hardships of the Revolutionary War by waiting until the war had been over about sixty years before I got born. When the Brooklyn theatre burned I was in Burlington. When the yellow fever broke out in New Orleans I was in Minnesota, and immediately skipped for Canada. When I was a boy at school, one day, all the boys in the school were flogged all round for robbing an apple orchard, and the flogging didn't do a bit of good, for every beggar of them had the cholera morbus all that night, just the same. And I? I was attending another school, twenty three miles distant. When all of my brothers and sisters were down with the scarlet fever, I was down South in the army, and when I read the letters from home I laughed aloud to think of my great good fortune, and that I would only have to be shot at once or twice a week, instead of having to take medicine three times a day. When a man comes to the office with a little bill, nine times out of ten I am out. And if, by some astonishing blunder, I am in, then indeed I am more unfortunate, but the man is in no better luck than before.—[*Burdette in the Burlington Hawkeye.*

"Taking one consideration with another," as Mr. Gilbert puts it, the conclusion that the bachelor's lot is to a great extent a happy one must be inevitably arrived at. The bachelor is almost a social free lance. He takes his pleasure where he finds it, or rather where other people prepare it for him. As "business" has been defined as "other people's money," so has bachelorhood come to mean the enjoyment of other people's dinners, dances, garden parties and entertainments generally. As the married man represents the actual paying prose, so does the bachelor represent the poetical potentiality of life. He is an object of interest to daughters, to mothers, and it may be added to fathers, whose quiver is well feathered with those birds of rare plume whose pinions fly away with paternal balances. If young, or moderately middle-aged, fairly good-looking and well bred, he is the spoiled child of the wealthy and luxurious section of the community. And of all the bachelors, the "dancing young man" is the most spoiled. He is invited everywhere, and no human being asks that he should give aught but his sweet society in return. He is an exceptional being, and not to be subjected to the ordinary laws of social obligation.—*London News.*

In 1864, when the distribution of Imperial Eagles to the French army took place in Paris, the Colonel of the Fifty-seventh Regiment, when the moment came for him to give up his colors, refused to part with them, and, persisting in his refusal, was sent to Napoleon at the Tuileries. There the Emperor himself repeated the order. "Sire," replied the Colonel, in a voice trembling with emotion, "I entreat you not to ask me to give up the colors. They are the colors of Montenotte; where I thought they would serve me as a winding sheet. To part with them will break my heart." The Emperor, however, was firm, and nothing was left for the Colonel but to obey. On the day of the distribution, when the name of his regiment was called, the Colonel advanced sadly to receive the new colors. Napoleon himself took the latter, handed them to the Colonel with the single word "Voyez!" Looking as directed, the Colonel saw that the remnants of the old colors had been skilfully joined together and worked into the new tricolor, on which was inscribed in letters of gold, "Fifty-seventh. A Montenotte, il fut surnomme Le Terrible."

At the Ponoptikon of Dresden there is on exhibition a curious piece of mechanism, entitled "Get up." Over the bed is a dial, the index of which is set over night to the hour at which the sleeper wishes to arise in the morning, which, when it reaches the bed, as a mild preliminary to more decisive action, lights a powerful lamp, so placed as to cast its rays directly on the sluggard. Should this gentle hint fail, five minutes later the bed automatically falls asunder, causing its sleepy occupant to lapse to the floor with a force and suddenness that prove fatal to slumber.



For Catarrh, Hay Fever, Cold in the Head, &c., insert with little finger a particle of the Balm into the nostrils; draw strong breaths through the nose. It will be absorbed, cleansing and healing the diseased membrane.

For Deafness, Occasionally apply a particle into and back of the ear, rubbing in thoroughly.

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Is receiving the endorsement of the sufferer, the druggist and physician. Never has an article of so much merit been produced for the treatment of membranal diseases as this never-failing BALM, and is universally acknowledged as being all that is claimed for it. The application is easy and pleasant, causing no pain, but is soothing, and is fast superseding the use of powders, liquids and snuffs. Price within the reach of all—50 cents. On receipt of 60 cents, will mail a package free. Send for circular, with full information.

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☞ Testimonials of the highest order in proof of these statements.

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It is the best Blood Purifier, and stimulates every function to more healthful action, and is thus a benefit in all diseases.

It cures Scrofulous and other Skin Eruptions and Diseases, including Cancers, Ulcers, and other Sores.

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Quickly gives Rest and Sleep to the suffering, cures Headache and Neuralgia, prevents Epileptic Fits, and relieves Nervous Prostration brought on by excessive drink, overwork, mental shocks, and other causes.

Powerful as it is to stop pain and soothe disturbed Nerves, it never injures the system, whether taken in small or large doses.

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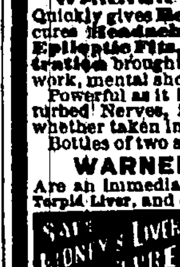
Are an immediate and active stimulus for a Torpid Liver, and cure Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Diarrhea, Malaria, Fever and Ague, and should be used whenever the bowels do not operate freely and regularly. No other Pills require such small doses for thorough work. Price 25 cts. a box. Warner's Safe Remedies are sold by Druggists & Dealers in Medicine everywhere.



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DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR is a Reliable Remedy for Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Biliousness, Malaria, Headache, Costiveness, Dyspepsia. Clears the Complexion by Purifying the Blood.

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RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, MALARIA, Diphtheria, Pneumonia, Sore Throat, Inflammation of the Lungs, &c., Lame Back, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Backache, Piles, Bunions and Soreness of the Feet from whatever cause, Burns or Scalds, and all Inflammatory Diseases, Prickly Heat, Humors and all diseases of the Skin. For all female complaints and weaknesses it has no equal. Thousands have been saved from an untimely death by its use. Do not delay, but try it.

It is a household necessity. Full particulars, in our Illuminated Cards and Circulars, sent free, upon application by Mail.

A trial will benefit you. We guarantee satisfaction, or money refunded. 50 Cents and $1 per bottle.

Trial Bottles, 25c. Sold by all Druggists.

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MEDICINE

BITTERS

DO not confound this Matchless Renovator of Feeble and Exhausted Constitutions with violent cathartics, cheap decoctions of vile drugs and ruinous intoxicants innocently labled "bitters." MALT BITTERS appeal to popular confidence because prepared from *Unfermented Malt, Hops, and Quinine,* and other precious ingredients, according to the process of Liebig, and are richer in the elements that restore to permanent health the Weak, Convalescent, Consumptive, Over-worked, Nervous, Sleepless, Dyspeptic, Bilious, and Fickle in Appetite, than all other forms of Malt or Medicine. The *genuine* are plainly signed by the company. Sold everywhere. MALT BITTERS COMPANY, BOSTON, MASS.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

NOTICE TO WATER CONSUMERS.

At a meeting of the Board of Water Commissioners held Wednesday June 9th 1880, it was decided that the rate for the use of sprinklers or street washers be three dollars per year, or any part of a year, from the first of July, 1880.

IRA F. MORGAN,
Supt.

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All orders for which will be carefully and promptly attended to.

SURROGATE'S ORDER TO LIMIT CREDITORS.—Union County, Surrogate's Office, June 8th, 1880. Hugh H. Bowne, Administrator of James Lambert, deceased. On application of the above-named Administrator it is ordered that said Administrator give public notice to the creditors of the estate of said decedent to bring in their debts, demands or claims against the same, under oath, within nine months from this date, by setting up a copy of this order, within twenty days hereafter, in five of the most public places in the county of Union, for two months, and also within the said twenty days, by advertising the same in the ADVOCATE AND TIMES for the same space of time; and if any creditor shall neglect to exhibit his or her debt, demand or claim, within the said period of nine months, public notice being given as aforesaid, such creditor shall be forever barred of his or her action therefor against the said Administrator.

By JAS. J. GERBER, Surrogate.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM,
OF LYNN, MASS.

Discoverer of

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND,

The Positive Cure

For all Female Complaints.

THIS PREPARATION RESTORES THE BLOOD TO ITS NATURAL CONDITION, DIRECTS THE VITAL POWER ARIGHT, STRENGTHENS THE MUSCLES OF THE UTERUS, AND LIFTS IT INTO PLACE, AND GIVES IT TONE AND STRENGTH, SO THAT THE CURE IS **radical and entire.** **It strengthens** THE BACK AND PELVIC REGION; IT GIVES TONE TO THE WHOLE NERVOUS SYSTEM; IT RESTORES DISPLACED ORGANS TO THEIR NATURAL POSITION. THAT FEELING OF BEARING DOWN, CAUSING PAIN, WEIGHT, AND BACKACHE, IS ALWAYS PERMANENTLY CURED BY ITS USE.

It will, at all times and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system.

For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex, this compound is unsurpassed.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is prepared at the proprietor's laboratory,

No. 233 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass.

Price, $1.00. Six Bottles to one address, $5.

Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlets. Address as above.

No family should be without Lydia E. Pinkham's LIVER PILLS. They cure Constipation, Biliousness, and Torpidity of the Liver. 25 cts. per box.

C. N. CRITTENTON,
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HAMPTON CUTTER,

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LIME,

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Merchants, Bankers, Brokers, Lawyers and Business Men generally, are requested to give us a call, see our style of printing and ascertain our prices.

UNION COUNTY, SURROGATE'S OFFICE.—Hugh H. Bowne, Administrator of Michael Curran, deceased—Surrogate's Order to Limit Creditors. On application of the above-named Administrator, it is ordered that said Administrator give Public Notice to the Creditors of the estate of said decedent to bring in their debts, demands or claims against the same, under oath, within nine months from this date, by setting up a copy of this Order, within twenty days hereafter, in five of the most public places in the County of Union, for two months, and also within the said twenty days, by advertising the same in the ADVOCATE AND TIMES for the same space of time; and if any creditor shall neglect to exhibit his or her debt, demand or claim, within the said period of nine months, public notice being given as aforesaid, such creditor shall be forever barred of his or her action therefor against the said Administrator.

By J. W. GERBER, Surrogate.

May 19th, 1880.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—In Chancery of New Jersey. Between Hugh H. Bowne, trustees, &c., et al., complainants, and Silas J. McGinnis, et. al., defendants. Fi. fa., &c.

By virtue of the above stated writ of fieri facias to me directed, I shall expose for sale by public vendue, at the Court House, in the city of Elizabeth, N. J., on WEDNESDAY THE TWENTY-FIFTH DAY OF AUGUST, A.D., 1880,

at two o'clock p.m., all that tract or parcel of land situate in the city of Rahway, county of Union, and State of New Jersey.

Being known and designated on a map of property of Lewis B. Brown as lots one hundred and thirty-two (132) and one hundred and thirty-three (133) and which together with others were conveyed by said Lewis B. Brown to said Isaac Moore, by deed dated the sixteenth day of November, eighteen hundred and thirty-five, which deed is recorded in the Clerk's office of Middlesex county, in book 29 of deeds, on page 328, 329 and 330, and in which said lots hereby intended to be conveyed, and described as follows:

Bounded on Milton road and running on the same eighty-seven feet; and running with lot 134, one hundred feet to lot 135; thence with said lot 135 twenty-five feet to lot 129; thence with a part of lot 129 and with lots 128, 127, 126, 125 and 124 to said Milton road; being the same premises as were conveyed by Isaac Moore and Hannah his wife, to Thomas Avary, by deed dated the thirteenth day of April, eighteen hundred and forty-eight and recorded in the Clerk's office of the county of Middlesex in book 47 of deeds page 555 and 556; and subsequently conveyed by Thomas Avary and wife to the said Benjamin C. Watson.

Excepting and reserving out of the above described premises all the following described lot of land: Beginning at a corner of land belonging to Benjamin C. Watson on south side of Milton avenue; and running thence along said avenue in a westerly direction fifty feet; thence at right angles to said avenue eighty-two feet, more or less to the rear line of said lot; thence ninety-six and one half feet, more or less, to the place of beginning.

M&A SETH B. RYDER, Sheriff.
Vail & Ward, Sol'rs.
Fees $9.

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IMPROVED PATENT LIVER PAD!

NEVER GETS HARD.
CAN BE MADE ANY STRENGTH DESIRED. LAST TWICE AS LONG.

Diseases Cured without Drugging the System.

CURES
Chills and Fever,
Liver Complaint,
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Neuralgia,
Nervousness,
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Female Weakness,
Sick & Nervous Headache.

These Pads Cure all Diseases by Absorption. No Noxious Pills, Oils, or Poisonous Medicines are taken into the Stomach. The Pads are worn over the Pit of the Stomach, covering the Great Nerve Centres, also the Liver and Stomach. A gentle Vegetable Tonic is absorbed into the circulation of the Blood and Liver, purifying the Blood, stimulating the Liver and Kidneys to healthy action, and strengthening the Stomach to digest food. PRICE OF PADS $1 AND $2 EACH. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS, or sent by Mail or Express.

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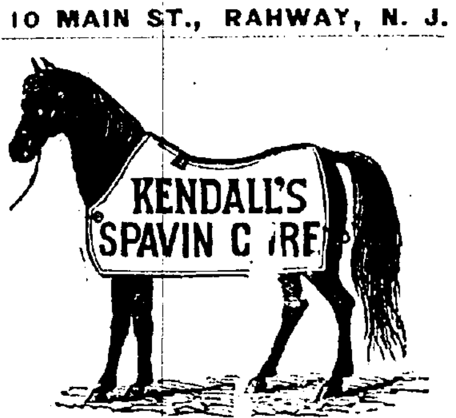


KENDALL's SPAVIN CURE.

The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. READ PROOF BELOW.

From REV. P. N. GRANGER,

Presiding Elder of the St. Albans District.
St. Albans, Vt., Jan. 29th, 1880.

DR. B. J. KENDALL & Co.—Gents: In reply to your letter I will say that my experience with Kendall's Spavin Cure has been very satisfactory indeed. Three or four years ago I procured a bottle of your agent, and with it, cured a horse of lameness caused by a spavin. Last season my horse became very lame and I turned him out for a few weeks when he became better, but when I put him on the road he grew worse, when I discovered that a ring-bone was forming, I procured a bottle of Kendall's Spavin Cure and with less than a bottle cured him so that he is not lame, neither can the bunch be found.

Respectfully yours, P. N. GRANGER.

PERSEVERANCE WILL TELL!

Stoughton, Mass., March 16th, 1880.

B. J. KENDALL & Co.—Gents: In justice to you and myself, I think I ought to let you know that I have removed two BONE SPAVINS with "Kendall's Spavin Cure," one very large one; Don't know how long the spavin had been there. I have owned the horse eight months. It took me four months to take the large one off, and two for the small one. I have used ten bottles. The horse is entirely well, not at all stiff, and no bunch to be seen or felt. This is a wonderful medicine. It is a new thing here, but if it does for all what it has done for me its sale will be very great.

Respectfully yours, CHAS. E. PARKER.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

Concord, N. H., January 2nd, 1880.

B. J. KENDALL & Co.—Gentlemen: We have a beautiful roan mare that was given to us on account of a spavin on her leg, which made her dead lame. We took off her shoes and allowed her to run in the barn yard in the fall of the year, applying "Kendall's Spavin Cure" according to directions. We did not use her for a month. She was entirely cured, *and the bunch completely removed,* and has never been lame since. We state what we know to be a fact. We have sold 12 dozen bottles in the short time that we have acted as your agents in Concord. Respectfully yours,

UNDERHILL & KITTREDGE.

STATEMENT MADE UNDER OATH.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—In the year 1875 I treated with Kendall's Spavin Cure, a bone spavin of several months' growth, nearly half as large as a hen's egg, and completely stopped the lameness and removed the enlargement. I have worked the horse ever since very hard, and he never has been lame, nor could I ever see any difference in the size of the hock joints since I treated him with Kendall's Spavin Cure. R. A. GAINES.

Enosburgh Falls, Vt., Feb. 25, 1879.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 25th day of Feb., A. D. 1879.

JOHN G. JENNE, Justice of the Peace.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE ON HUMAN FLESH.

Bakersfield, Vt., Dec. 23, 1879.

B. J. KENDALL & Co.—Gents: I wish to add my testimony in favor of your invaluable liniment, Kendall's Spavin Cure. In the spring of 1862 I slipped on the ice and sprained my right limb at the knee joint. I was very lame, and, at times, suffered the most excruciating pain. I wore a bandage on it for over a year, and tried most everything in my reach, but could find nothing that would give me permanent relief. When I overworked, it would pain me very much. In April, 1878, I began to think I should be a cripple for life; but, having some of Kendall's Spavin Cure, thought I would try it. I used one-third of a bottle and experienced relief at once. The pain left me and has not troubled me since. I feel very grateful to you, and would recommend Kendall's Spavin Cure to all who suffer with sprains or rheumatism.

Yours truly, MRS. J. BOUTELL.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE

Is sure in its effects, mild in its action as it does not blister, and yet it is penetrating and powerful to reach any deep seated pain or to remove any bony growth or any other enlargement, if used for several days, such as spavins, splints, curbs, callous, sprains, swellings, any lameness and all enlargements of the joints or limbs, or rheumatism in man and for any purpose for which a liniment is used for man or beast. It is now known to be the best liniment for man ever used, acting mild and yet certain in its effects. It is used full strength with perfect safety at all seasons of the year.

Send address for Illustrated Circular, which we think gives positive proof of its virtue. No remedy has ever met with such unqualified success, to our knowledge, for beast as well as man.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. ALL DRUGGISTS have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors, DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vermont.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

JOHN FETTER,

Dealer in all kinds of

FRESH AND SMOKED

MEATS,

POULTRY AND GAME

IN THE SEASON.

261 Grand Street. RAHWAY, N. J.

DR. TOWNSEND'S

Oxygenated Air.

CATARRH

CAN BE CURED!

Why? Because Inhalation is the only way that the Air Passages can be reached, and **Catarrh** is a disease of the Air Passages of the **Head.** Use this Treatment as we direct, which is easy and pleasant, and we guarantee a perfect **Cure** of **Catarrh.**

BRONCHITIS is also a disease of the air passage, and Oxygenated Air has proven itself a specific in hundreds of cases where others have failed. Follow our directions and we **guarantee a perfect cure** in all **Bronchial** affections.

ASTHMA CAN BE CURED! Why? Because Asthma is a contraction of the Bronchial Tubes, caused by inflammation and irritation of the mucous membrane lining the Bronchial Tubes. **Use Oxygenated Air** as we will direct and we will warrant a **Cure.** We have cured cases of twenty years' standing.

CONSUMPTION can be cured. Why? Because we have cured hundreds of cases, some of them being given over to die by all physicians of other schools of practice. **Consumption** is a disease of the **Air Passages,** and over two-thirds of the cases are caused by **Catarrh.** We guarantee a cure if you will come in season.

BLOOD! **Dr. Townsend's Oxygenerated Air** will purify the **Blood** in one-third the time that any other known remedy can. Why? Because to inhale **Oxygenated Air** it goes direct to the **Lungs** and passes through the tissues and comes in direct contact with the **Blood** as it is forced into the **Lungs** by the action of the heart, and the more **Oxygen** you **inhale** into the lungs the more you purify the **Blood.** When **Oxygen** comes in contact with the impurities in the blood it carbolizes and burns, causing the blood to be heated so that it warms every part of the body as it goes on its revolutions through the system. If your **Blood** is pure you cannot be sick. We drive **Mercury** and all other impurities out of the blood. **We guarantee** to purify the **Blood** in one-third the time of any other known remedy.

OXYGENATED AIR Cures Coughs, Colds, Diphtheria, Pneumonia, Neuralgia, and nearly all other severe attacks when all other remedies fail.

Dyspepsia we Cure. Liver and Kidney complaints are effectually reached by Oxygenated Air.

SEND for large and beautifully Illustrated Paper, containing 46 Engravings.

WRITE and describe your symptoms carefully and we can **Treat** you as satisfactorily as though you were in **Boston.**

TREATMENT Sent to all parts of the **World** by express, **C.O.D**

E. F. TOWNSEND, M.D., Inventor and Manufacturer of **Oxygenated Air, Headquarters Boston Office.**

PERSONS wishing to locate in **Business will address Boston Office.**

CAUTION. There are unprincipled persons in Boston and elsewhere that are putting up a **Bogus Liquid** and trying to palm it off as **My Treatment,** or Oxygenated Air and claiming it to be like mine. None genuine unless the words **"DR. TOWNSEND'S OXYGENATED AIR" are blown in bottle and portrait on label.**

DR. E L. HUNT, Proprietor,
Boston Office, 226 Tremont St.,
Boston, Mass.

RAHWAY MUTUAL

FIRE INSURANCE CO.

OFFICE IN

South Wing of National Bank,

ENTRANCE POPLAR STREET,

Rahway, New Jersey.

The Charter of the Rahway Mutual Fire Insurance Company having been extended for Thirty Years from April 1880, the Company is prepared to issue Policies of Insurance to run Ten Years on the most favorable terms to the Insured.

DIRECTORS:

Isaac Osborn, PRESIDENT.
Abel V. Shotwell, SEC'Y.

ISAAC OSBORN,	BENJ. R. MILLER,
A. V. SHOTWELL,	LINUS HIGH,
A. F. SHOTWELL,	JOHN R. AYERS,
J. J. HIGH,	J. D. CHAPIN,

GEORGE LAWRENCE.

This Company continues to

Insure Furniture, Buildings,

Etc., against loss or damage by fire

ON THE MOST FAVORABLE TERMS

EITHER MUTUALLY OR ANNUALLY,

As parties may prefer. The citizens of Rahway and the surrounding country are solicited to avail themselves of the facilities and advantages offered by this institution.

jy1-'79

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. Address H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

Boots and Shoes

A Large Stock in Great Variety at

B. V. CLARKE'S

—IN—

WASHINGTON HALL, BUILDING.

Full line of SPRING GOODS just received from the most popular manufacturers. Better Goods for the prices than can be found elsewhere. I keep many kinds of Standard and Desirable Goods not kept by anyone else in town. Every pair warranted as represented. Gent's Calf Boots, Gaiters and Shoes made to measure.

Repairing done at short notice. Best quality of material used in all my work

RAHWAY, Oct., 1879.

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE account of the Subscribers, Executors of Mary S. Middleton, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphan's Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday the fourth day of August next.

L. MURRAY PERKINS.
HUGH H. BOWNE.
BENJAMIN A. VAIL.

Dated May 28, 1880.

EAST RAHWAY GARDEN.

M. DANNER,

BOTTLER OF

Cincinnati, Milwaukee, Rochester, and Geyer's

CELEBRATED

LAGER BEER.

—ALSO, OF—

Mineral Waters, Porters and Ales, Both Imported and Domestic.

—:0:—

Private Families Supplied by the Case of Two Dozen, or Half Case.

☞ Orders Received by Mail. ☜

P. O. Box 253. RAHWAY N. J.

Books! New Books! Books!

We always have the best and most popular works on our shelves.

Also a large and varied assortment of

PICTURE BOOKS,

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

NEW PAPETERIES,

Fashionable, Card, and Fancy Papeteries.

FINE WRITING PAPERS,

Belfast Linen, Imperial Quadrille, Cream Laid, &c., &c.

ENVELOPES,
BLANK BOOKS,
PENS,
PENCILS,
&c., &c., &c.

Arnold's, David's, Carters, and "The Peerless"

INKS.

WALL PAPERS,
WINDOW SHADES,
AND
FIXTURES

VASES,
TOILET SETS,
HAIR BRUSHES,
COMBS,
POCKET BOOKS,
PURSES & WALLETS.

FRAMES,
VELVET FRAMES,
&c., &c.,
SATCHELS.
OF ALL SIZES.

The Largest Assortment of FANS in the City.

AN ALMOST ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF GOODS.

L. BORGMEYER, 123 Main St.,
(FORMERLY COOPER'S.)

SEALED PROPOSALS

Will be received at the room of the

BOARD OF EDUCATION,

of the City of Rahway, in the Savings Bank Building, by the Committee on supplies of said Board,

On Saturday, August 14, 1880.

at 8 o'clock P. M., for

35 TONS BEST LEHIGH EGG COAL,

—AND—

35 Tons Best Lehigh Nut Coal,

the same to be properly screened and delivered with weight certified by public weigher, at the Public Schools of this city, as per order of the Board of Education, in such quantities as the Board shall direct, and free of charges for weighing or cartage.

The Committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

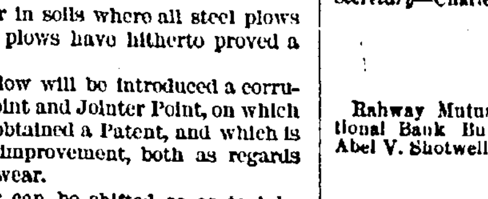
By order of the Board.

J. M. SILVERS, Clerk.

Rahway, N J., August 5, 1880.

A NEW DEPARTURE!

BEST PLOW IN THE WORLD!



THE SYRACUSE CHILLED PLOW CO.
of Syracuse, N. Y.

Are now putting on the market a Plow that is as much superior to any Plow heretofore made as the Plows of the past few years have been superior to those made half a century ago.

It combines all the excellencies of any Plow in use.

It obviates all the objections made to any other Plow.

In addition it embraces several new features of the greatest value, for which we have obtained exclusive Patents.

Its Beam, Clevis, Jointer Standard and Wheel Standard will be STEEL, and its mold board will be a composition of Steel and Iron chilled under a process for which we have also obtained an exclusive Patent. It will be called

THE SYRACUSE CHILLED STEEL PLOW

Its weight will be eighteen pounds less than our present styles.

A first-class Steel Plow, made in the ordinary way, full rigged, retails for twenty-two dollars. Inferior Steel Plows retail from sixteen to nineteen dollars.

The price of our new Plow will be but **Seventeen Dollars,** and it will be the cheapest Agricultural Implement ever sold.

Its mold board will outwear three of the very best kinds of the ordinary steel mold boards.

It will scour in soils where all steel plows and all other plows have hitherto proved a failure.

With this Plow will be introduced a corrugated Plow Point and Jointer Point, on which we have also obtained a Patent, and which is also a great improvement, both as regards strength and wear.

The Jointer can be shifted so as to take more or less land, and also more or less pitch, and it can always be kept on a line with the Plow.

The wheel will run under the beam or one side of it as desired, and always kept in line.

The beam is adjustable for Spring or Fall Plowing, and also for two or three horses.

The handles can be adjusted to accommodate a man or boy, on the same Plow.

It is a perfect Plow.

Wooden beams are going out of use because they shrink; swell and warp, and never run two seasons alike.

Iron beams are too heavy.

Malleable beams become demoralized and bend, which is much worse than to break.

A Steel beam is the necessity of the day. It is three times as strong and very much lighter than any other style.

When *we* say a Mold board is chilled, the farmers know it is so.

We do not palm off on them a composition of various metals and call it chilled metal.

We want agents for this new Plow in every town in this State.

We can give but a very small discount to them, but we will pay the Railroad Freight.

We propose to place this Plow in the hands of Farmers as near the cost of manufacture as possible.

It will be the *best* Agricultural Implement ever sold.

It shall also be the *cheapest.*

Persons therefore who are not willing to act as agents on the principle that "a nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," need not apply for an agency.

No Plows on commission. All sales absolute.

☞ This is the only Steel Chilled Plow in the World.

Steel costs several times more than Iron.

But this Plow, full rigged, by giving small discounts, can be sold for Seventeen Dollars. Compare this price with that of any Iron Plow ever made.

It is cheaper than any other Plow now made would be at five dollars and a half.

Where there are no agents we will, on receipt of Seventeen Dollars, send a Plow to any Railroad station in the State and pay the freight. Address,

SYRACUSE CHILLED PLOW CO.
Or Syracuse, N. Y.

$72 A WEEK. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly Outfit free. Address TRUE & Co. Augusta, Maine.

CITY DIRECTORY.

Mayor—Joseph W. Savage.
Auditor and Treasurer—Robert C. Brewster.
Receiver of Taxes—Wm. E. Blanchard.
City Clerk—Lewis S. Hyer
President of Council—Willit Denike.
City Attorney—Leslie Lupton.
City Surveyor—William E. Clark.
City Physicians—J. J. Daly, W. C. Cladek.
Chief of Police—Wm. Tooker.
Street Commissioner—A. Pierson.
Stewart of Alms House—Richard Tice.
Overseer of Poor—George W. Lawrence.
Police Justice—J. O. Tunison.
District Assessors—1st dist., John B. Turner; 2d dist., F. E. Terrill.
Assessors at Large—B. B. Miller, H. V. Ayers, Thomas Marsh.

COMMON COUNCIL.

First Ward—Uzal M. Osborn (1881).
James T. Melick (1882).
Edward Crolius (1883).
Second Ward—Edwin Martin (1881).
Elihu B. Silvers (1882).
Antoine Lohmiller (1883).
Third Ward—J. K. F. Mansfield (1881).
Frank L. Sheldon (1882).
W. V. McKenzie (1883).
Fourth Ward—John Wilson (1881).
Silas H. Leonard (1882).
Willit Denike (1883).

COMMITTEE OF COUNCIL.

Assessment—Crolius, McKenzie, Lohmiller.
Streets—Leonard, Wilson, Martin.
Laws—Silvers, Wilson, Osborn.
Fire Department—Melick, Wilson, Mansfield.
Lamps and Police—Silvers, Leonard, McKenzie.
Drainage—Lohmiller, Osborn, Sheldon.
Education—Silvers, Crolius, Osborn.
Finance—Leonard, Melick, McKenzie.
Health—Silvers, Lohmiller, Mansfield.
Poor and Alms—Lohmiller, Wilson, McKenzie.
Printing—Silvers, Lohmiller, Osborn.
City Property—Leonard, McKenzie, Crolius.
License—Melick, Leonard, Martin.

BOARD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS.

John D. Chapin, Linus High, Joseph W. Savage, Samuel Leonard, James T. Melick.

Engineer, Patrick Clark; Superintendent Ira F. Morgan.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

First Waid—
Second Ward—Uel Freeman.
Third Ward—W. Rollinson.
Fourth Ward—Walter Brewster.
At Large—Cornelius H. Miller.
Secretary—James M. Silvers.

CHURCHES.

First Methodist, Grand street, Rev. E. C. Dutcher. Services 10:30 A.M., 7 P.M.; Sabbath School 2 P.M.; Prayer meeting Wednesday, 7:45 P.M., and Tuesday and Thursday, 7:45 P.M. in the class room of the Church.

Second Methodist, Railroad and Milton avenue, Rev. D. Halleron. Services 10:30 A.M., 7 P.M.; Sabbath School 2 P.M.; Prayer meeting Wednesday, 7:45 P.M. Classes—Tuesday and Thursday, 7:45 P.M. in the class room of the Church; Children's Class for Bible instruction Saturday afternoon at 3 P.M. in Lecture Room.

Free Methodist, Elm avenue, Rev. Elbert Adams. Services 10:30 A.M. and 7 P.M., Sabbath school 2 P.M.

First Presbyterian, Grand street, Rev. J. J. Pomeroy. Services 10:30 A.M., 7 P.M.; Sabbath School 2 P.M.; Prayer meeting Wednesday, 7:30 P.M.

Second Presbyterian, Main and Commerce street, Rev. J. A. Liggitt. Services 10:30 A.M., 7 P.M.; Sabbath school 2:30 P.M.; Prayer meeting Wednesday, 7:45 P.M.; Young People's League Monday, 7:30.

First Baptist, Milton avenue, Rev. William Rollinson. Services 10:30 A.M., 7:30 P.M.; Sabbath school 2:30 P.M.; Prayer meeting Tuesday and Friday, 8 P.M.

Irving Street Baptist, near Grand street, Rev. ——. Services 10:30 A.M., 7 P.M.; Sabbath school 3 P.M.; Prayer meetings.

St. Paul's, Irving street and Elm avenue, Rev. Wm. Van Antwerp. Services 10:30 A.M., 7:30 P.M.; Sunday school 3 P.M. Wednesday evening lecture 7:30, in the Chapel.

Church of the Holy Comforter, Episcopal, Seminary Street, near St. George's avenue. Rev. D. Flack, Rector. Services—Sundays, 10 1-2 A.M., and 4:30 p.m. Sunday School 3 p.m. Wednesday evening prayer with a lecture at a quarter to eight.

Christ Church, Rev. James Crystal, Rector, Sunday School, 9:00 A.M. Church Services 10:30 A.M., 7:45 p.m.

St. Mary's Roman Catholic, Central avenue, Rev. Sebastian Smith. Services, Masses at 8:30 and 10:30 A.M.; Vespers and Benediction of the Most Holy Sacrament at 3:30 P.M. every Sunday. Sunday school at 2:30 P.M.

German Evangelical Luth. Zion's Church, Grand Street, Rev. A. Stuckert. Services 10:30 A.M., 7:30 P.M. Sabbath school 9 A.M.

German St. Mark's (R. C.) Church, Hamilton Street.

Friends Meeting, Irving Street. 1st and 5th days, 10:30 A.M.

Grand Street Chapel. Sabbath school, 2:30 P.M.; services Friday evening 7:30 P.M.

Mt. Paran A. M. E., Central avenue, Rev. B. W. Timothy. Services 10:30 A.M., 7:30 P.M. Sabbath school 2:30 P.M.; Class, Tuesday, 8 P.M.; Prayer meeting Friday evening, 8 P.M.

Irving Street Baptist Church, Rev. Joseph Greaves, Pastor. Preaching services on Sunday at 10.30 A.M. and 2.30 P.M. Cottage Prayer Meetings on Tuesday evenings. Regular Church Prayer Meeting on Friday evenings. Wm W. Timmons, Church Clerk.

BANKS.

National Bank—A. F. Shotwell, President; Walter Fuller, Jr., Cashier.

Union National Bank—Jonathan Woodruff, President; Robert C. Brewster, Cashier.

Rahway Savings Institution—William C. Squier, President; Jos. S. Smith, Treasurer.

RAHWAY FIRE DEPARTMENT.

President—D. R. Parker.
Secretary—Augustus B. Crane.
Treasurer—J. H. Lufbery.
Engineer—Lewis Ghering.
Assistants—Lester Laforge, William H. Randolph.

EXEMPT FIREMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

President—Dunham R. Parker.
Secretary—Charles I. Holder.

INSURANCE.

Rahway Mutual Fire Insurance Company—National Bank Building—Isaac Osborn, President; Abel V. Shotwell, Secretary.

MILITARY.

F Company, Third Regiment, N. G. S. N. meets every Tuesday evening.

Capt., William Bloodgood; 1st Lieutenant, Charles A. Groves; 2d Lieutenant, J. S. Lunger.

1st Sergeant,		Wm. F. Muir.
2d	do	Wm. B. Way.
3d	do	Geo. Bechler.
4th	do	H. L. Clark, Jr.
5th	do	J. T. Davis.
1st Corporal,		Benj. King.
2d	do	C. M. Hawkins.
3d	do	Thos. Van Horn.
4th	do	F. W. Oliver.
5th	do	Geo. McLeish.

SOCIETY ORGANIZATIONS.

Rahway Library Association, Library building, cor. Irving and Seminary Streets—Open for distribution of books on Thursday of each week during the year. Oct. 1 to May 1, 2 to 5 P.M. and 7:30 to 9:30 P.M. May 1 to Oct. 1, 3 to 6 P.M. and 7:30 to 9:30 P.M. Terms to subscribers $2 per annum. First Directress, Mrs. William C. Squier; Secretary, Mrs. J. U. Underhill.

Lafayette Lodge, No. 27, A. F. A. M.—Meets every Monday evening, Masonic Hall, cor. Main and Monroe Streets. Secretary, J. W. Ackerman; W. M., G. R. Lindsay.

Lafayette Chapter, No. 26, R. A. M.—Meets the first and third Thursday evening in each month, Masonic Hall. Secretary.

Essex County Lodge, No. 27, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Tuesday evening, Odd Fellows Hall, Hall's building. Secretary, E. B. Clay.

Ladies' Aid Society—Fridays, 3 P.M., Exchange building.

Union Council, No. 31, Jr., O. U. A. M.—Meets every Tuesday evening in Coles' Hall. Horace R. Treat, Secretary.

W. F. Barry Post No. 27, Department of New Jersey, G. A. R., meets every Friday evening at eight o'clock over Hall's Hardware Store. C. H. Miller, Commandant, Ira F. Morgan, Adjutant.

Young Men's Christian Association of Rahway. Business meetings the first Thursday in each month. Rooms in the Post-Office Building. Open every evening. William T. Miller, President; David J. Bunn, Secretary.

[Secretaries will please notify us of any errors or changes in the Lodges, so that we will be able to make proper corrections. We wish to make this a City Directory for strangers while stopping in our city.]

HOTELS.

Chamberlin's Hotel—Nos. 51, 53, 55 and 57 Cherry Street, opposite depot. Wm. S. Chamberlin, Proprietor.