



VOL. IX. NO. 4.

HOBOKEN, N. J., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1883.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

A GREAT DAY IN TRENTON.

Jersey's Lawmakers to Commemorate the Bi-Centennial Anniversary of the Legislature.

THE CEREMONIES NEXT THURSDAY.

The committee of the New Jersey Legislature to provide for the proper celebration of the bi-centennial of the Legislature of New Jersey, recently held a meeting and concluded their arrangements. The date fixed was March 1. A salute of one hundred guns will be fired, and at three o'clock there will be a gathering in the Assembly Chamber, which will be prepared for the occasion. A distinguished company is expected, and addresses will be delivered by Edwin Salter, Speaker of the Assembly in 1859, and by Charles D. Deshler, of New Brunswick, and there will be vocal and instrumental music, the former by the Arion Singing Society, of Newark, and the latter by Winkler's Seventh Regiment Band; reading of biographical sketches of members of the Legislature of 1783, prepared by General Stryker; firing of two hundred guns, and probably addresses by the presiding officers of the present Legislature. In the evening Governor Ludlow will hold a public reception. The intention is to make the reception as formal and impressive as possible, and it has received the warm encouragement of the historians abounding in New Jersey to a numerous extent.

The first Legislature of New Jersey met, as a matter of fact, about fifteen years before that which it is proposed to commemorate. The Province, until 1702, was divided into East and West Jersey, the boundary line extending from the coast near Egg Harbor north-west to the south branch of the Baritan River and thence west to the Delaware River. The West Jersey proprietors had a number of Legislative Assemblies from 1668 to the time of union, but East Jersey, being owned by one man until the death of Carteret, had no representative government. When Carteret died the province of East Jersey was sold to pay his debts to twelve proprietors, each of whom subsequently took one partner, making twenty-four in all. Thomas Radway was appointed Deputy Governor under this new regime, and he called the Legislative Council to meet on March 1, 1683. The assembling of this body is the event to be celebrated. The present Legislature—the 107th of the State—is, of course, the lineal successor of that of 1683, but its earliest predecessor was the Assembly of West Jersey in 1688. The Assembly of 1683 was not therefore what it has been described in the Legislature this year, "the first Legislature of New Jersey."

Among those who sat or were represented in the Assembly of 1683 were the following, who were the twelve "original" proprietors: William Penn, Robert West, Thos. Rudyard, Samuel Groome, Thomas Hart, Richard Mew, Thomas Willcox ("of London, goldsmith"), Ambrose Rigg, John Heywood, Hugh Harts-corne, Clement Plumsted and Thomas Coop. r. James, Earl of Perth, was one of the associate proprietors. The Assembly met at Elizabethtown, and its proceedings occupied twenty-eight days. The laws against the common crimes enacted in West Jersey were adopted for East Jersey, and the province was divided into the counties of Bergen, Essex, Middlesex and Monmouth, for which civil officers were appointed. Slavery was recognized as a domestic institution and some details of government were settled. Measures to preserve the sanctity of the Sabbath received early attention and emphatic measures were taken to maintain it.

When in the reign of "Good Queen Anne" the provinces were consolidated, the Legislatures met together and had frequent sessions until, a few days before the Philadelphia Declaration of Independence, New Jersey put forth its own assertion of freedom, separated itself from England, and a few years after started the system of government which in all its essential features exists on the banks of the Delaware to-day.

The Bi-centennial Committee, of which Mr. Neighbor is chairman, desires all old members of the House and Senate to send him their addresses, that they may be provided for at the celebration, at Dover or Trenton.

A Reverend Physician's Bill.

The Rev. Dr. Robinson, of Paterson, N. J., a clergyman and a physician, has sent a bill to the Board of Aldermen for services rendered which is chiefly remarkable for the small amount demanded and also for the modest and humble character of the claim. He declares that he has been the direct means of saving 1,000 lives in Paterson alone, and there is a report that he proposes to go into the wholesale business of salvation and

prevent nearly half a million people from dying during the next twelve months. The people who have been saved are indebted to "circulars, cards and tracts," which he has scattered broadcast and which have told the people how they could cure all sorts of diseases. The religious motto of his official practice was taken from Froude, who says, "Do justly, and love mercy, or God will damn you." He preferred the two former injunctions to the last awful fact and told everybody who would read one of his tracts how to live forever. For this immense work of philanthropy he sends a bill to the city government for \$5,000, the items of which consist of breaking up the ravages of diphtheria, lowering the death rate and interfering with the career of smallpox. He is the only man in the world who ever did so much and charged so little for it, and for that reason, perhaps, his claim will be neglected altogether. The greatest men are always overlooked. Modesty stands in its own way. Money is nothing where the public good is concerned, and Dr. Robinson will soon learn that fact. The Aldermen may give him a costly monument, but hard cash, never. He is too good and great a man to be paid with vile coin. We hope, however, that he will succeed, for in that case we have a little bill of our own to present. We, too, have saved the world from innumerable evils, and if necessary we can name the cash value of our services. It might be a little difficult to give the items, but we stand ready to prove the fact before any "fixed" jury in this free country.—N. Y. Herald.

Making Bangs a Legal Tender.

On the new nickel, the goddess of liberty has her hair arranged in bangs. The effort on the part of the Government to make bangs a legal tender for all debts, public and private, will never be countenanced by the people, and those who have sprung the bang upon us anawares know perfectly well that bangs would never be adopted as a national trade mark if left to a vote of the people. Citizens, as a general thing, do not object to an occasional bang, but to have bangs thrown upon them by legislative enactment, to have bangs for dinner, tea, and beer, to have bangs advertised as being endorsed by the highest power on earth, is too much. The men in power may suggest bangs, but they must not crowd them down our throats, as they will not be swallowed, however much they may be lubricated with pomade and the coin of the realm. The idea of a goddess of liberty with bangs is a stab at our patriotism. We have too long worshipped the goddess with her hair brushed back, and her starry nightcap on a pole, to swallow bangs.—Buffalo Courier.

GOLD IN FLORIDA.

Hunting for Buried Spanish Treasure on the Gulf Coast.

In the days when buccaners roamed the ocean, cut throats, and scuttled ships at will, Tampa Bay, by reason of its landlocked position, was a favorite harbor of refuge for these freebooters. Many stories are told of treasure buried near the waters of this bay and on the banks of the Hillsborough River, which debouches into it. An old man, firmly persuaded of the location of some of this treasure, information of which he obtained from a dying man in Caracas whom he befriended, who in turn received it from a descendant of a successful pirate, has been delving for years in ground which he "knows" contains the long-buried coins of the realm of Spain. The dying man in Caracas furnished a diagram of the ground, with written directions descriptive of the way in which the concealed wealth could be found—the live oak tree twenty-five feet west from the river, and so many feet east, west, north, and south from other trees. The land was found as mapped out on the diagram, and the old man purchased it, so that he might acquire a title to it and everything beneath it, and delve for gold secretly and at leisure. The story goes that every night he goes to the live oak tree, takes a bearing from all the points marked in the diagram, and works industriously until morning. But his pick has not yet struck the brass kettles which hold the gold bearing the image and superscription of Charles Ferdinand, or Alphonso.

That there are others who believe in the existence of hidden gold on the Hillsborough is evidenced by the fact that they will not part with their land at any figure designating its commercial value. Every stranger is regarded with suspicion and supposed to know something of rich deposits made by buccaners in the solvent bank of mother earth, and they will not let him reside among them as the owner of a part of their soil. They "know" gold is in the ground, but as they do not know where to find it themselves they do not want others to make the attempt and be successful.

There is gold in the ground in Florida,

not only in the Hillsborough River, but in other parts of the State. It shows itself in golden fruit on lemon, lime, and orange trees, in January tomatoes, February strawberries, March potatoes, April cucumbers, May watermelons, in pineapples, coconuts, and other fruits following in the succession of months, all worth gold in the market or on the table of the producer. The successful gold hunter is he who looks, not for hidden coin deep in the bosom of the earth, but who softens its surface to receive seeds, and who opens the pores that the rays of the sun may penetrate and give vigor to the plant that flowers and fruits for earth's children.

This winter has been one of remarkable prosperity for Florida. More land has been sold for actual use, more improvements of a substantial character made, and more additions by immigration of cultured people of means to the population of the State than were ever known before in the same period of time.—N. Y. Sun.

A big handed sawyer named Shaw,
Put his finger too near the buzz-saw,
He saw his mistake,
But each pain and ache,
St. Jacobs Oil cured in his paw.
A rheumatic old man named Meeker,
Was sick a whole year in Topecker,
He there would have died,
But St. Jacobs Oil tried,
It sent him back cured to Oswegee.

St. Jacobs Oil

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN.
Relieves and cures
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia,
Sciatica, Lumbago,
BACKACHE,
HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE,
SORE THROAT,
QUINSEY, F. WELLS,
SPRAINS,
Soreness, Cuts, Bruises,
FROSTBITES,
BURNS, SCALDS,
And all other bodily aches and pains.
FIFTY CENTS A BOTTLE.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Directions in II languages.
The Charles A. Vogeler Co.
(Inventors) A. S. VOGELER & CO.
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

H. L. TIMKEN,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Family and Bakers' Flour,
HAY, OATS, CORN MEAL,
AND ALL KINDS OF
FEED.
SOLE AGENT FOR
Sessinghaus Bros. Famous Brands,
"Four S." and "St. Elmo."
Principal Storehouse and Office,
241 & 243 Washington St.,
and 91 Park Place,
NEW YORK.
Branch for Hudson County
No. 37 HUDSON STREET,
HOBOKEN, N. J.
Goods delivered free of charge. Offices connected by Telephone, and the largest and smallest orders promptly filled.

MONUMENTS.
\$5-The-\$5
NEW GRAVE MONUMENT
IS ESPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR
INSTANT USE
In case of death, to mark the place of rest of your beloved, so that no doubt exist as to the location of the grave, which is apt to cause annoyance and expense. Call or address the
X Y Z MANUFACTURING COMPY.,
MRS. C. E. FUNK, Agent,
No. 157 Washington Street,
HOBOKEN, N. J.

AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND AN ORDINANCE
entitled "An ordinance prescribing the duties of the Overseer of the Poor," approved October 30, 1882.
The Mayor and Council of the city of Hoboken do ordain as follows:

SECTION 1. That hereafter the Overseer of the Poor shall receive an annual salary of six hundred dollars, and no more, to be paid in equal monthly payments of fifty dollars each, at the expiration of each month of service, as full compensation for all services required to be performed by him.

Sec. 2. That this ordinance shall not take effect until the term of office of the present Overseer of the Poor is ended.

Sec. 3. That all ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent with the provisions of this ordinance be and the same are hereby repealed.
Passed February 20, 1883.
THOMAS MILLER,
Chairman of the Council.
Approved February 21, 1883.
E. V. S. BESSON,
Mayor.

Attest:
C. H. MILLER,
Acting City Clerk.

LEGAL NOTICES.
WM. McAVOY, SURROGATE.
Office Hours—9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
Saturday—9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY, ss.
County of Hudson.
S. S. Securit of Hans Kruse, deceased. Order to limit creditors.

Upon application made to me for that purpose, by the above-named executor, I do hereby, on this 16th day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, order the said executor to give public notice to the creditors of the estate of said deceased, to bring in their debts, demands and claims against the same, under oath, within nine months from the date of this order, by setting up a copy of this order in five of the most public places of the county of Hudson, for the space of two months, and advertising the same for the like period in the Hoboken Advertiser, one of the newspapers of this State, such notice to be given and advertised within twenty days from the date hereof, and to be continued for two months.

WM. McAVOY, Surrogate.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY, ss.
County of Hudson.
S. S. Securit of Philip Klees, deceased. Order to limit creditors.

Upon application made to me for that purpose, by the above-named executor, I do hereby, on this 16th day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, order the said executor to give public notice to the creditors of the estate of said deceased, to bring in their debts, demands and claims against the same, under oath, within nine months from the date of this order, by setting up a copy of this order in five of the most public places of the county of Hudson, for the space of two months, and advertising the same for the like period in the Hoboken Advertiser, one of the newspapers of this State, such notice to be given and advertised within twenty days from the date hereof, and to be continued for two months.

WM. McAVOY, Surrogate.

NOTICE OF SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given, that the account of the subscribers, executor of the estate of Mary Stephens, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate of the County of Hudson, and reported for settlement on Saturday, the 7th day of April next.

LORENZO W. ELDER, feb3-9w\$3.

NOTICE OF SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given, that the account of the subscribers, executor of the estate of Edwin A. Stevens, deceased, as far as relates to the estate of Julia A. Stevens, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate of the County of Hudson, and reported for settlement on Saturday, the 7th day of April next.

WILLIAM W. SHIPPEN, feb3-9w\$3.

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THEATRES.
WAREHOSE GERMANIA THEATRE
AND SUMMER GARDEN.
GRAND ORCHESTRION
CONCERT
EVERY AFTERNOON,
From 2 Until 6 O'clock.
The most popular family resort in the city.

WAREHOSE GERMANIA THEATRE
AND SUMMER GARDEN.
NO. 68 TO 74 HUDSON ST.
Hoboken, N. J.

The largest and best ventilated place of amusement in the city.

New company every week. Change of programme every Monday and Thursday.

Every evening at 8. Matinee Saturday at 8.

Glorious success of Lecocq's latest Opera, "HEART AND HAND."

With its great cast, magnificent chorus, elaborate costumes and scenery.

The opera can be given for but two weeks longer, owing to previous engagements. March 3, Guntier's musical comedy.

THE DIME NOVEL.

Seats secured one month in advance.

Bloch, Hamilton & Backus'
SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
Opera House Broadway and Twenty-ninth St.

The Home of Inimitable Mirth.

Tremendous success of the Pantomime, "MOTHER GOOSE AND THE GOLDEN EGG."

Central Park and the funny skaters.

Deafening screams of Hilarity at 8 P. M.

The funniest entertainment in the city.

Matinee Saturday at 2. Seats secured.

Cosmopolitan Theatre.
Broadway and 38th St.
Lessee and Manager, Mr. S. M. HICKEY.

To-night, last performance of "THE QUEEN'S LACE HANDKERCHIEF."

By the McCaull Opera Company.

Sunday Evening, Feb. 25, 8th grand popular concert.

Mile, Paulina Rossini, Sig. Frapoli, W. T. Carleton, Mme. Madeline Schiller, J. Levy, and Matilda Wilson.

Daly's Theatre.
Broadway and Thirtieth Street.

Every evening at 8:15. Prices, 50c., \$1, and \$1.50.

No Matinee to-day.

To-night, first production of Mr. Daly's new comedy.

SEVEN-TWENTY-EIGHT.

CASTING THE BOOMERANG.

Seats secured.

Grand Opera House,
Twenty-third Street and Sixth Ave.

Reserved seats (orchestra circle and balcony), 50c.

To-night, last performance of "HER ATONEMENT."

Stirling cast. Splendid new scenery.

Matinee to-day at 2.

Monday, Bartley Campbell's SIBILLA.

Seats secured.

Madison Square Theatre.
24th St. and Broadway.

At 8:30.

FIFTH MONTH
of Bronson Howard's Play
"Young Mrs. Winthrop."

Saturday Matinee at 2.

Seats secured two weeks ahead.

Windor Theatre.
Bowery, below Canal Street.

John A. Stevens, Prop'r. F. B. Murtha, Manager.

Last performances of Bartley Campbell's celebrated play.

MY FAITHFUL.

Matinee to-day at 2.

Next week, Mr. LESTER WALLACK, in "ROSEDALE."

Reserved seats, 50c., 50c. and 75c.

5th Ave. Theatre.
Twenty-eighth Street, near Broadway.

Lessee and Manager, Mr. JOHN STREWS.

Great success of the original "BOSTON IDEAL OPERA CO."

Saturday Matinee—"Fatinina."

Next week—Monday—"The Masquerade."

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New Jersey Furniture Co.,
COR. NEWARK & RAILROAD AVES.,
JERSEY CITY.

Have just opened with an elegant stock of
Furniture,
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,
STOVES, RANGES,
REFRIGERATORS,
CHILDRENS' CARRIAGES

—AND—
Housefurnishing Goods,
on the most reasonable terms of credit.

TELEPHONE No. 63.

DANCING ACADEMIES.

TENTH ANNUAL OPENING
—OF—
MRS. PROF. F. JURISC'S
Dancing Academy,

—AT—
ODD FELLOWS' HALL,
173-174 Washington St., Hoboken.

Thursday, October 12th, '82.
For Ladies and Gents, from 8 to 10 P. M., Fridays.

Children, from 4 to 6 P. M. Tuesdays and Fridays.

P. S.—Private lessons are given at her residence, No. 90 Second St., Hoboken.

Wallace's
DANCING ACADEMY.

Prof. J. Wallace and Daughter

Will begin their second quarter at the ACADEMY.

Frank in Lyceum,
Bloomfield St., near 8th, Hoboken.

Tuesday, January 2, '83.
And continue every Tuesday and Friday during the Season.

Hours of Tuition:
From 4 till 6 P. M. for Ladies, Misses and Masters.

Evening class, for Ladies and Gentlemen, from 7:30 till 9:30 P

HOBOKEN ADVERTISER

NO. 34 WASHINGTON STREET.

MOYER & LUEHS, Prop'rs.

Published Every Saturday Morning.

The ADVERTISER will be delivered to any part of the city or mailed to subscribers in any part of the United States at the following terms:

ONE YEAR.....\$1.50
SIX MONTHS.....\$1.00

ALL subscriptions by mail must be prepaid, and annual subscriptions will not be considered unless accompanied by the money.

RATES for advertising made known on application at this office.

COMMUNICATIONS must be accompanied by the true name and address of the writer in order to receive attention. Rejected manuscripts will not be returned.

(Entered at the Post Office at Hoboken, N. J., as second-class matter.)

SIXTH YEAR.....NO. 4.

Amusements.

HOBOKEN.

WARNINGS' GARDEN—Variety.
NEW YORK.

THE LONDON—Variety.
DALY'S THEATRE—7-30-8.
STANDARD THEATRE—Lolante.
BUNNELL'S MUSEUM—Curiosities.
WINDSOR THEATRE—My Partner.
NIBLO'S GARDEN—The Black Venus.
GRAND OPERA HOUSE—McKee Rankin.
BLUO OPERA HOUSE—Heart and Hand.
HAVERLY'S THEATRE—Her Atoneant.
COSMOPOLITAN THEATRE—J. K. Emmet.
SAN FRANCISCO OPERA HOUSE—Musicality.
FIFTH AVE. THEATRE—Boston Ideal Opera Co.
MADISON SQ. THEATRE—Young Mrs. Windrop.
UNION SQUARE THEATRE—Parisian Romance.

HOBOKEN, FEBRUARY 24, 1893.

Official paper of the city of Hoboken. Circulation second to no other weekly journal in Hudson County.

Who is the mysterious "Number One" of the Dublin "Removal" Society?

Did the two vetoes interfere with the nomination of a Police Commissioner this week?

The French ministry once more promises stability, but how long it will last, no fellow can find out.

Hoboken is pretty gay for Lent. There were six masquerade balls here this week—one for each work day.

The Western floods are subsiding, but the relief committees are taxed to their utmost to supply the necessities of the sufferers.

Our three month's old contemporary, the New York Morning Journal, circulates 40,000 copies daily. Ah! but it is a precocious youngster!

The inspectors' report of the condition of School No. 1 was strangely silent about those floors that were "nearly eight inches out of plumb."

Washington's birthday passed off very quietly in Hoboken this year. Little was done by way of celebration beyond the flying of flags wherever they could be "down."

One James Roach, who holds over \$2,000 worth of Ravine Road sewer improvement certificates, threatens the city with the vengeance of the law if she don't pay up.

The Gas Company should shake the almanac. When the latter says moonlight, the street lamps are not lighted and "ten to one" the moon is not lighted either.

The death of fifteen children in the New York school house disaster is blamed to "Providence," but it is altogether probable that some mortals will be found responsible.

The designation by the Council, Tuesday night, of the places for holding the registry and election, opens the spring campaign. It is the call "To Arms!" for the Democratic forces.

The Western Union Telegraph Company has commenced to lay tubes under ground in New York city, for a system of pneumatic telegraphy. Let them go ahead and bury their wires.

So it seems that the new five cent piece, because there is nothing on it but a V to denote its value, is not legal. The mint authorities didn't have sense enough to stamp "cents" on it.

The McDermott-Miller City Clerkship case, and the Bowles-Meehan contest for the Wardenship of the Penitentiary, were both argued before the Supreme Court at Trenton on Wednesday.

Next fall, Atlantic, Bergen, Cumberland, Ocean, Hudson, Morris, Mercer and Gloucester Counties all have State Senators to elect. Politically they stand, Republicans five, Democrats three. There is a fair chance of a Democratic gain of one in the election.

The outrageous verdict of \$20,000 damages in a libel case against the New York Herald has been set aside. This is a good lesson to persons who try to make money out of newspapers in such a way. Suing for libel is fast becoming an industry and juries are too apt to side with the plaintiff without properly considering the case.

THE POLITICAL HORIZON.

There is trouble ahead for the Democrats at the coming primaries, unless the two rival factions can come to an understanding. The new constitution, it will be remembered, does away with the power of the old City Executive Committee. But the men that were elected members of the City Committee at the primaries last spring don't like this part of the programme. They claim that the county primaries, at which the new constitution was adopted, were not legally conducted and that the new measure was rushed through by a few interested politicians who wished in that way to gain control of the primaries and "run things" to suit themselves.

The old City Committee assembled last week at Sloyan's, Willow and First streets, and debated the question as to whether it should step down and out in favor of the County City Committee, recently elected under the new constitution, or stick to the old organization. Judge Foster presided, and Constable William Wise acted as Secretary. A communication from the Secretary of the new organization, stating that the old City Committee had no authority to call primaries, was read. The communication was laid on the table. Mr. William H. Dilworth, of the new committee argued to the same end, and Messrs. Foster, Hirtler and Mansfield talked on the other side. After a hot debate, the old City Executive Committee decided, by a vote of nine to two, to stick to the work under the old constitution. This opens the light in earnest, and unless one side or the other comes to terms, politics will be in a state of "confusion worse confounded" in the spring.

There is no evidence that the primaries at which the new constitution was adopted, were not entirely legal. It appears that the new committee has right on its side and it is not at all likely to yield to the old and weaker organization. In the interest of Democratic harmony the old City Committee had better accept the situation and not stand in the way of its party's success. Hoboken has had too much of the "cut-off-your-nose-to-spite-your-face" policy. The Democrats have been taught lessons enough in the past on this score. Democratic disunion is Republican gain. Let there be harmony this spring at no matter what sacrifice of personal ambition.

THE STREET LIGHTING.

A curious sort of a complication has arisen in regard to the street lighting matter. Owing to the low condition of the fund provided for that purpose, the Council last week empowered the Committee to cut off as many lights as in its judgment would bring the expense within the balance of the Lamps and Gas Fund. The Mayor vetoed the resolution and it appears to us on very good grounds. He stated, which is true, that to cut off enough lamps to bring the expense within the balance of the appropriation, it would be necessary to stop lighting the streets altogether until May 1st, as there are enough bills already against this fund to completely exhaust it, if paid. The Council, however, passed the resolution over the veto and the Committee on Lamps and Gas will cut off as many street lamps as can be spared. This, at the very utmost, will result in the saving of but \$100 to \$200.

The resolution that was passed over the Mayor's veto cannot be strictly followed out without cutting off every light that the city pays for and leaving the streets and public buildings in darkness. As this is out of the question, the Council must go beyond the appropriation whether it wants to or not. The city can not go without light until May 1, the light must be paid for and there is no money in the fund to pay for it. Whether legal or not, the only course to pursue, is to go ahead and light the lamps and depend on the Tax Commissioners to make good the deficit.

WILL CONGRESS DO IT?

In a "leaderette," the other day, the Sun asked if Congress intended doing anything for the country before the close of the present session. The following are its brief but pointed remarks:

"The most important duty of the present Congress is to take the crushing burden of taxation off from the shoulders of the people."

"It is plain that the Tariff bill cannot be got through in the few days that remain of the session. Before it can be passed it must be debated. No such bill can be enacted without adequate discussion. The Tariff, then, must be left exactly as it is."

"But what can still be done is to pass a short bill repealing all internal revenue taxes except those on ardent spirits. This is what the President recommended in his message. It will answer the purpose of relieving the long-suffering taxpayers."

"Such a bill as this can easily be enacted. The Republicans should at once bring it forward. It needs no discussion. Everybody understands it. The Democrats will not oppose it. By taking this course the present Congress can adjourn without leaving upon the Republican party the reproach of having done nothing for the country when the power was in its hands."

A NECESSARY CHANGE.

The disaster in a New York school house on Tuesday, has waked the officials up to a sense of their responsibility and school buildings are being examined right and left. In this city our schools are pretty well provided with means of escape in time of fire and the drilling of the children in some of them, is calculated to prevent anything like a panic. But on all the buildings, even New No. 4, the doors leading to the street open inward. In New York there is a law

requiring the street doors of all buildings of a public character to open out. Our School Board and Council should have all the street doors on the public schools changed immediately. In case of an accident a crowd of children hastening to leave the buildings would press against the doors as they now are and prevent their being opened. An ordinance should be passed requiring the street doors of all buildings where large numbers of people congregate, to be swung so that they will open out.

Trenton Correspondence.

TRENTON, February 21, 1893.

There has been sufficient excitement this week in legislative affairs to compensate for a season of dullness during the previous one, and several questions which seriously interfered with the regular business of the Legislature have been disposed of definitely, it is to be hoped.

Among these is the "prohibition" agitation. I predicted that the proposed amendment to the constitution to prevent the manufacture and sale of intoxicating drinks would fail in the Assembly, notwithstanding the favorable report of the Committee; but I was not prepared for such an overwhelming rejection of the measure—only two votes in its favor!

Now, if the temperance advocates—and most all intelligent people are strongly in favor of temperance, if not total abstinence—wish to do something practical for the public welfare, let them bring forward measures to regulate the sale of intoxicating drinks by limiting the number of places where they may be sold and establishing a board of inspection to prevent adulteration. Such a movement would meet with general approbation.

The exciting event of the week, probably, has been the alleged bribery case before the Assembly, Ex-Speaker Egan being charged by Representative Armitage, of Essex, with attempting to bribe him in the matter of a bill relative to the Newark and Jersey City plank road. The evidence before the committee of investigation does not appear, however, to sustain the charge; the parties at issue, Messrs. Egan and Armitage, simply contradicting each other, and though the latter resorted to the somewhat extraordinary means of bringing his wife, who was an involuntary listener to their conversation, forward as a witness, her testimony fails to corroborate the statements of her husband. In fact, she seemed to know very little about the matter, and one sentence which she caught seems rather to bear Mr. Egan out in his declaration that there was no offer of a bribe. I am inclined to think Mr. Armitage has been a little "too previous" in the matter, and he will probably be of that opinion himself, when he reflects on his own position. The testimony of both Mr. Gaddis and Mr. Thurston, as I understand it, shows conclusively that Armitage did make a threat to expose what he alleged to have been an attempt on Egan's part to bribe him, if objections to his bill were not withdrawn. It is very clear that such a threat was pregnant with a suggestion, at least, that he was willing to compound a felony. The gentleman from Essex had better see his own skirts clear.

The war on the railroads does not seem to progress satisfactorily. The grave doubts as to the constitutionality of Mr. Cator's tax bill, and the almost certainty that it will involve the people in expensive litigation, besides the possibility that the payment of the State tax might be suspended, may suffice to defeat the measure. The Senate's alternative of an amendment to the constitution denying the railroads the benefit of future legislation unless they surrender their franchises, appears to be equally objectionable and likely to involve similar trouble. The Constitution of the United States expressly declares that, "no State shall pass any ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligations of contracts," and that as an effort, by amending the constitution, to effect that which legislation cannot legally do, comes clearly within the forbidden category, is self-evident. As I have had occasion to remark previously, tinkering with the constitution is not a "cure all" for legislative blundering, or the incompetence of politicians to grasp and deal with a public question. No one can be more anxious than I to have justice done to the people in the matter of taxation; but public policy, in my opinion, requires, with the present case, temperate measures and not attempts at coercion, which may fail in the end. Where there are two parties to a contract it needs the consent of both to modify or change it; and as between the State and the corporations complained of, this rule is equally stringent. Suppose conciliation and compromise were tried? The demagogues would have less to rant about, but the people would be benefited.

As Tuesday was the last day in which bills could be introduced in the House, except by unanimous consent, there was a rush of new bills, many of them of considerable importance. Mr. Stetler's bill, authorizing Hoboken to increase her water bonds, had its back broken and was withdrawn. The meeting of the Grand Lodge of the Knights of Pythias attracted many visitors, and among them I noticed Joseph S. Weinthal, F. M. McDonough, Wm. N. Parslow, J. Sturgis and S. J. Weinthal, as representatives from your city. Both Houses have adjourned until Monday. G. IWAHAY.

Maskers at Weber's Garden.

The Schleswig Holsteinischer Verein gave a very lively and enjoyable masquerade ball at Weber's Winter Garden, Wednesday night, which attracted a large crowd, was successful, as all the entertainments given by this society. Many beautiful and novel costumes were noticed. The members of the Arcola Pleasure Club attended in a body and attracted considerable attention by their comical make-up. There were ten of them, as follows: G. Wendt, C. Shumacher, W. Drewes, F. Paulsen, J. Weber, G. Esslinger, J. MacDonald, A. Schwarzfaerber, T. Northway and H. Laub. They were gotten up as negroes, five of them as men and five as women, and they made "quite a hit." The music was excellent. H. Muller and C. Klauer were the floor committee and F. Ebert, J. Schroeder and H. Kroger, looked after the guests.

Lady Washington Tea Party.

The "Lady Washington Tea Party" and evening entertainment, in the hall of Martha Institute, Thursday evening, was a great success. The singing of Misses Emmerich and Burfield, the playing of the Zither Club and the tableaux, "Washington and His Family" and "Washington Delivering His Farewell Address," were highly appreciated, while the masterly productions of Mr. David Binsberg were greeted with much applause. An exhibition of works of art contributed much to the amusement of the numerous guests, for whom a splendid collation had been provided by the ladies of the Tabitha Verein and Jugend Verein.

BEHIND THE WHEEL.

An Apprentice's Observations of the Effect of the Electric Light on a Pilot's Eyes.

The large number of electric lights burning at night on the new Hamburg docks illuminate the river for a considerable distance, and objects within their range are as plainly discernible as in broad daylight. To the naively ignorant mind, the thought would naturally occur that this new brilliance around the ferry slips would be hailed with delight by the pilots on the night ferryboats, greatly aiding them in locating the desired haven on dark and stormy nights. The mind of the ADVERTISER representative being of a style of architecture very nearly approaching the "naively ignorant," he resolved to enlighten it. So apprenticing himself to the pilot of the "Hoboken" the other night, he made a few trips on the Christopher Street route behind the wheel. The "noble Hudson" looks very fine from the deck of a ferryboat sometimes, but in the pilot house one's view widens and it may be said that one's capacity for appreciating and absorbing the beauties of the view widens also. You feel this all over. Up there in the pilot house you feel lifted up. You look down on those dark shadows of men on the deck literally and figuratively. You are higher up in the world. Unfortunately for the pilot's apprentice, the moon was shining with all her might, and he could not decide the question about which he was in doubt, from personal observation, so he was obliged to interrogate his temporary boss.

"No," the pilot said, "on dark nights these electric lights are a hindrance rather than a help. They glare right in our eyes. Confin' over to Hoboken, you're obliged to p'int right for 'em, generally, and they take your sight away. Now, on a night like this, when everything's bright around you, you can look right at an electric light and it don't bother you at all; but on a dark night it's different. When you get close up to the light it blinds you, and you can hardly see at all. On the trip to New York, when the night is right dark, the Union Square light is on a line with her bow and it's a great nuisance. Yes, we've had just such experiences before. In the summer time, when these excursion barges and steamers are running up and down the river all lit up, and you get their light in your face, everything else looks black and you see all sorts of spooks and things dancin' around. No, I don't believe you could ever get used to the way it shines on dark nights. Well, it is some advantage in foggy weather, yes. You see the light is softened then, though you can see it a good deal further than you can our tower light on the ferry house. Last Friday night those electric lights on the Hamburg dock could be seen 'way out in the river when you couldn't see the slip lights till you got right on to 'em. They helped us considerable then. Yes, there is a way of fixin' it. That light over there on the Cunard dock looks kind o' yellow, don't you see. Well, that's shaded with some glass and it don't take your sight away like these white lights. If they put a bit of a thin curtain over those windows in the Hamburg docks it would take the glare off and allow just as much light."

All this took some time to tell, as the boss pilot couldn't talk much while working his wheel. Several trips were consumed, and the apprentice, feeling confident that he could pass a stiff examination on the electric lights and their effects on the eyes of a pilot, bade the boss good night and went below and mingled once more with common men.

MILITARY MENTION.

NINTH REGIMENT.

A gallant guardsman wants to know "why in blank haven't we got our new uniforms yet?" and echo answers "why?"

The drill on Tuesday evening sounded to the occupants of the Council Chamber as though the guardsmen on the floor above were making a cavalry charge. The non-commissioned officers of the regiment have formed an association for the purpose of bringing such officers into closer communion, and thereby enhance their efficiency as officers by uniformity of drilling, etc. The association met last Tuesday evening in Company C's parlor and formed a permanent organization by the election of the following as officers: President, Sergeant-Major Clifford; Secretary, B. F. Hart, Jr.; left general guide; Financial Secretary, Corporal Brightmann, of Co. C; Treasurer, Quartermaster Sergeant Welger. Thirty Sergeants and Corporals signed the roll.

Editor Advertiser: The courts martial have ample power to be of infinite benefit to the regiment if they were properly managed. After their findings are promulgated, and some of the boys feel "crushed," they go straight to headquarters with pent-up hearts (?) and vow they will never let it happen again. The Commander, without any regard for that discipline which it is necessary to maintain in order to hold in check the tendency to wrong doing, puts the delinquent on the back, calls him by endearing names, prays him to ever remember his duties, pardons him just this time, and then bids him "go and sin no more." This breaking down by a maudlin sentiment, what the courts martial have endeavored to uphold and enforce, i. e., a proper respect for the court and a conscientious discharge of one's duty, has a bad effect on the rank and file. The military laws of this State are sufficient in their intent for the governance of the regiment, and if properly applied, would reap their reward of efficiency, reliability, promptness, solidity and general satisfaction. Yours respectfully,

SHARPSHOOTER.

GENERAL.

Gen. Martin T. McMahon, of New York, will deliver the Decoration Day address in Orange this year, under the auspices of Uzal Dodd Post, G. A. R.

The tenth anniversary of their organization by Zabriskie Post, G. A. R., at the Avenue House, Jersey City Heights, Tuesday evening, was a very successful affair. The singing by the Hoboken Quartette Club was a pleasant feature of the celebration.

At a recent meeting of the National Rifle Association, in New York, the United States regulation rifle sight, modelled in 1867, Sharpe's Borchard rifle sight, and the wind gauges used at Creedmoor prior to Dec. 21, 1892, were authorized for the return match at Wimbledon.

The National Guard of New Jersey, according to the annual report of the Adjutant General of the State, is composed of 48 companies of infantry and 2 Gatling gun companies, with 295 officers and 2,961 men, a decrease during the year of 321 men. The Veteran Zouaves (Gatling Gun Company A), Gen. J. Madison Drake commanding, carry off the honors in the Inspector General's report, being credited with 100 for the "manual of

arms" and 100 for "discipline." Last year this command was 80 points ahead of all others, the fact being accounted for by their long service in the army during the war. On the 22d inst, the Zouaves will give a reception at their armory in Elizabeth to Col. E. S. Edwards, who during the war commanded the Fourteenth Virginia (Confederate) Cavalry.

SOCIETY AND LODGE MATTERS.

Elaborate preparations are making for the dinner of the United Irishmen, to be given at the Park Hotel, on St. Patrick's Day.

At a meeting of Hoboken Council, No. 99, R. A., held Friday night of last week, three new members were initiated. This brings the total membership of the Council up to 108.

Mrs. Fellner, widow of the late John Fellner, has just received \$2,000, insurance on her husband's life, from the Knights of Honor. Fellner was a member of Protection Lodge, No. 624.

The "Our Pleasure Club" met at Boehm's Hall, 80 Hudson street, and elected the following officers: President, Robert A. Olive; Vice President, J. Carroll; Recording Secretary, J. Spears; Financial Secretary, Michael Murtagh; Treasurer, James Cahill.

The Directors of the Hoboken Mutual Benefit Association met Tuesday and ordered the payment of the insurance on the life of Mr. E. R. Wallace, brother of Prof. Wallace, who died on Sunday. This death is the first that has occurred in the organization since last March.

Beating His Mother.

Edward Mandeville, who as a ward politician brought himself into brief notoriety last spring by running away with the keys of the Fourth Ward ballot box and the election papers, got himself into trouble Sunday. Mandeville who is forty-one years old, lives with his aged mother at 41 Monroe street. On Sunday his mother complained that he was continually beating and ill-treating her, and had knocked her down and kicked her that afternoon. Mandeville was arrested by officers Mullin and Murphy, and when arraigned before the Recorder denied his mother's charge. The Recorder did not believe him and sent him to jail for sixty days and required him to furnish bail in the sum of \$300 to answer the charge of assault and battery.

THE FIRST M. E. CHURCH.

An Interesting Historical Address by its Founder and First Pastor—Hoboken in 1846-7.

The evening service on Sunday last at the First M. E. Church, Rev. Wm. Day, Pastor, was attended by a notably large and attentive congregation. After a service of song, led by the choir, in which the hymns were of popular selection and faultless rendition, the pastor introduced the Rev. David Graves, of Newark, who followed in an address on "Reminiscences of Hoboken in 1846-7 and the beginning of Methodism in this city."

The speaker opened his remarks by an apology for the use of the personal pronoun I, he would make in his remarks. He proceeded then to state that in the year 1845 he was stationed at Bergen Hill, and now and then held services in West Hoboken. On returning from that place one Sabbath afternoon, while along the brow of the hill, his attention was called to Hoboken, a little village of about 250 houses, which lay before him in the distance. He determined to establish a mission here, and on his return to his home, he called his official board together and laid the project before them. They were a unit in opposition to his plan; their objection being, that if he came here he would certainly be killed, for Hoboken then was the scene of much rowdiness, and the Sabbath day was a day of drunken orgies and holiday sport. Undaunted, he laid the matter before Bishop James at the next meeting of the Conference. The Bishop told him that he had no authority to establish a mission here, but if any one would volunteer to supply such a mission, he (the Bishop) would appoint such a one. He (the speaker) then offered his services, and on June 1, 1846, he organized the First Methodist Episcopal Church. The membership numbered five, only one—Isaac Shreve, Esq.—being now alive. His salary was fixed at \$100 a year and expenses. Upon permission of the late Edwin A. Stevens, the use of the frame school, then standing on Fourth street, near Garden, on Church Square, was obtained and a Sunday School established and services commenced. There was at that time only one church edifice in the town, that of St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church at the corner of Hudson and Second streets.

He related at some length his experience in keeping the peace about the premises on the Sabbath, and of the effect his efforts brought about in the arrest and punishment of noisy gatherings of Sunday revelers. There was much opposition to the establishment of the church, and a secret meeting was held, over which a learned legal gentleman and a candidate for gubernatorial honors, presided, to take into consideration some plan to expel the speaker from the town, but becoming informed of their proceedings through a friend, who was present at the meetings, he published the facts, and the whole matter was dropped and nothing more was heard of it.

He described very minutely the trials that were experienced in the building of the first edifice. How, when its walls were raised and ready for the roof beams to be placed, a storm came and they fell in ruins. He appealed to Mr. Edwin A. Stevens, and that gentleman said if there was any further trouble he would build it, but his services were not needed. The church was built, and from that time it had progressed, how well his hearers were aware.

The temperance question was brought up by the speaker to show the manner in which it was handled in those days. At that time—1847—there were forty-two liquor saloons in Hoboken. A reform society, with Edwin A. Stevens as President, was organized, and notification given to the saloon keepers to close on the Sabbath. This they refused to do, and defied the society. A watch was kept, and indictments were found against the whole number, but before the day of trial came around, forty of them had "sneaked" away. His remarks were interspersed with advice upon the duty of the Christian to be whole-souled in his fight against sin, and not to be diligent in his duty; allowing no sense of business opportunities or oppositions to swerve him from his duty, but to unite courage to his determination, and he would be able to overcome all things. The application of his remarks was emphatic, and will be remembered with interest by all who, seated in the elegant and tasteful edifice, listened to the first pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Hoboken. The Doxology was then sung by the congregation and choir and the benediction pronounced by the Rev. Mr. Day.

The Wise Men of Gotham.

Chairman Miller, of the Council, went on a voyage of discovery in New York, Tuesday, and made his way into a small overcrowded room, where the wise men of Gotham, the Aldermen, held forth. He says that there is no attempt at preserving any kind of order. There is supposed to be accommodations for about sixty spectators, and these sixty or more "citizens" crowd around the City Fathers, lean over their chairs and "buzz" them, whether they are busy or not. It is a free and easy sort of an affair, everybody talking at once, "a perfect pandemonium," as the Councilman expressed it. We have sometimes thought that our little Council meetings were once in a while somewhat noisy, but compared with the manner in which business is conducted in the big town across the river, ours are more than quiet. We don't allow lobbyists to stand behind the Councilmen and "post" them during the sessions, anyway. New York can come over and learn a lesson whenever she is so inclined.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

President Arthur has eight horses in the White House stables.

Oscar Wilde is said to be writing a volume on his experiences in America.

Dr. Benson is to be enthroned as Archbishop of Canterbury, on April 3d.

The Newark authorities put a stop to the Macco-Slade athletic entertainment.

Mrs. General Sheridan will remain in Washington during the rest of the winter.

The cigarette young man must go. The New Jersey Legislature is after him.

F. A. Potts, of this State, has given \$500 to the Rutgers College endowment fund.

The 12th of March has been fixed upon for the return from Bermuda of the Princess Louise.

Henry Ward Beecher has made appointments to lecture on the Pacific coast next summer.

Freeholders Snyder, Letts and Govern and County Superintendent Kelly are "doing" Niagara Falls.

Mrs. Joseph R. Letts (Miss E. M. Conron), sings every Sunday in Dr. Newton's Church, in New York city.

A Boston woman has just completed a \$20,000 mansion entirely on the proceeds from the sale of doughnuts.

Numerous suits for damages are being commenced by sufferers from the Newhall House fire at Milwaukee.

Mr. Arthur Spielman has gone to Florida, where he will spend about three months for the benefit of his health.

Captain Shaw, the Chief of the London Fire Brigade, has sent to Chicago for some of the fire appliances that he saw in that city.

About one hundred and fifty persons arrive at the hotels in Jacksonville, Fla., every day. The hotels at St. Augustine never contained as many guests as now.

Miss Louise Montague, Adam Forepaugh's "100,000 beauty," has just been awarded \$500 for injuries sustained by being thrown by an alleged vicious elephant.

Miss Marie Conron will appear in Leocoe's new opera, "Micaela," to be produced at the Standard Theatre, New York, on Monday night, in which she will sing the leading part.

The diamond which used to glitter in the shirt bosom of Mr. James Fisk, Jr., has recently come into the possession of Mr. Wm. Clare, of Denver, Col., a collector of diamonds. The Committee on the Centennial Celebration of Emancipation Day, in New York, have asked an appropriation from the Legislature, that Monday, November 26th, next, be made a legal holiday.

Prof. Lyman Hotchkiss Atwater, D. D., Professor of Logic and of Moral and Political Science in Princeton College, died on Saturday last, of pneumonia. He was a well known scholar and writer.

When Gov. Pattison, of Pennsylvania, made his selection of names for Commissioners in other States, he included that of Mr. Henry D. Garrett, of Jersey City, who has been confirmed by the Pennsylvania Senate.

Captain Thomas V. Arrowsmith, well known as a steamboat man in New York and New Jersey waters, and commander of the boat which bears his name, now plying on the Hudson, died in Freehold on Saturday. He was twice elected Clerk of Monmouth County.

Ann Gorry, third daughter of Elbridge Gerry, formerly Vice President and a signer of the Declaration of Independence, died in New Haven, Conn., a few days since. She was a young lady at the time of her father's sudden death in Washington, on his way to the Capitol, Nov. 23, 1814. She was ninety-one years of age when she died.

The President of our State Senate, John J. Gardner, twenty years ago was a barefooted boy in the street of Atlantic City, the son of parents in humble life. To-day he is the second officer in the State, the Lieutenant Governor, in fact. He has been several times Mayor of Atlantic City, has been twice chosen a State Senator, and also occupied other positions of honor and trust.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Delaware and Raritan Canal is to be opened for navigation on March 12.

At St. Louis alone, \$250,000 has been subscribed towards the exposition fund.

No less than five propositions to amend the State constitution are now before our Legislature.

The Governor has signed the bill increasing the pay of Commissioners of Appeal in townships to \$3 per day.

Booth's Theatre in New York, has finally been sold to Mr. James D. Fish, President of the Marine Bank, for \$550,000. It covers seven full lots 25x100 feet each.

The high price of crude rubber has caused three companies in New Brunswick, that manufacture rubber goods, to suspend operations, throwing 1,300 hands out of employment.

The iron trade has received a shock by the failure of the Bay State Iron Company, of Boston, liabilities \$750,000; the Fox River Iron Company, of Green Bay, Mich.; John V. Ayres' Sons, of Chicago, liabilities \$2,000,000; and the Laclede Rolling Mills, of St. Louis, Mo. Several thousand men are thrown out of employment.

The Cape May Pier Company, composed of New Jersey, New York and Philadelphia capitalists, has organized, with Senator Merritt as president, for the construction at Cape May of an ocean

FERRY TIME TABLE.

Time Table.

On and after May 1st, 1893, the boats will run as follows, wind and weather permitting:

| BARCLAY STREET BOATS. | | |
|--|--|--|
| From 5.00 a. m. to 6.00 a. m., every 15 minutes. | | |
| From 6.00 a. m. to 7.00 p. m., " " " " | | |
| From 7.00 p. m. to 10.15 p. m., " " " " | | |
| From 10.15 p. m. to 5.00 a. m., " " " " | | |
| LEAVE NEW YORK: | | |
| From 5.00 a. m. to 6.50 a. m., every 15 minutes. | | |
| From 6.50 a. m. to 7.40 p. m., " " " " | | |
| From 7.40 p. m. to 11.00 p. m., " " " " | | |
| From 11.00 p. m. to 5.00 a. m., " " " " | | |
| SUNDAY BOATS TO BARCLAY STREET. | | |
| From 6.00 a. m. to 9.00 a. m., every 30 minutes. | | |
| From 9.00 a. m. to 11.00 p. m., " " " " | | |
| From 11.00 p. m. to 5.00 a. m., " " " " | | |

| LEAVE NEW YORK: | | |
|--|--|--|
| From 6.15 a. m. to 9.15 a. m., every 30 minutes. | | |
| From 9.15 a. m. to 11.00 p. m., " " " " | | |
| From 11.00 p. m. to 5.00 a. m., " " " " | | |
| CHRISTOPHER STREET BOATS. | | |
| From 5.00 a. m. to 6.00 a. m., every 15 minutes. | | |
| From 6.00 a. m. to 10.30 p. m., " " " " | | |
| From 10.30 p. m. to 5.00 a. m., " " " " | | |
| Except on Saturday night, last boat at 12.45 a. m. | | |

| LEAVE NEW YORK: | | |
|--|--|--|
| From 5.15 a. m. to 7.00 a. m., every 15 minutes. | | |
| From 7.00 a. m. to 10.30 p. m., " " " " | | |
| From 10.30 p. m. to 5.15 a. m., " " " " | | |
| Except on Saturday, last boat 1.00 a. m. | | |
| SUNDAY BOATS TO CHRISTOPHER STREET. | | |
| From 6.00 a. m. to 9.00 a. m., every 30 minutes. | | |
| From 9.00 a. m. to 12.00 p. m., " " " " | | |
| From 12.00 p. m. to 10.15 p. m., " " " " | | |
| From 10.15 p. m. to 5.00 a. m., " " " " | | |

| LEAVE NEW YORK: | | |
|--|--|--|
| From 6.15 a. m. to 9.10 a. m., every 30 minutes. | | |
| From 9.10 a. m. to 12.00 p. m., " " " " | | |
| From 12.00 p. m. to 10.30 p. m., " " " " | | |
| From 10.30 p. m. to 5.15 a. m., " " " " | | |

J. J. CHASE, Supt.

HOBOKEN, FEBRUARY 24, 1893.

CITY ITEMS.

Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.

The Unique Social Club will give a masquerade ball on March 1st at Boehröder's Hall.

The friends of "Cap" Aldoretta are urging him as a candidate for the nomination for Recorder.

Mr. T. J. Rogers, popular among military and fire circles, is prominently spoken of for Councilmanic honors.

A sneak thief entered No. 114 River street, about dusk Saturday, and stole two overcoats and some other clothing.

Councilman Kenney was the first to unfurl the "old flag" to the breeze on Washington's Birthday. He is patriotic to the core.

The members of Engine Company No. 1 have arranged to hold a reception at Boehröder's Hall, on Thursday evening, March 8th.

Charles W. Schalk, one of the Mayor's appointees for Police Commissioner, was expelled from Engine Company No. 3, on February 6th.

Charles Kaufmann is spoken of for Councilmanic honors from the Second Ward, John Wareing in the First, and Jacob Wissinger in the Third.

Col. Burgh, United States Internal Revenue Inspector, is making his rounds in this district, in company with Deputy U. S. Internal Revenue Collector John Reid.

A young lady found a book in the waiting room of the Barclay street ferry, New York side, at 6:30 P. M., Monday. The owner may recover it by calling at 148 Park avenue.

The twelfth annual ball of the Hoboken Schutzen Corps, Captain H. Berg, will take place at Odd Fellows' Hall, Monday evening. Bochmann's orchestra will furnish the music.

Rev. Father Corrigan's lecture, on Monday night, at the Catholic Institute, Jersey City, for the benefit of the sufferers by the famine in Ireland, was received with much pleasure by an immense audience.

Mrs. Prof. Jurisch's annual masquerade ball for the pupils of her dancing academy, will take place at Odd Fellows' Hall, Tuesday evening. It is an invitation affair, and will be, as usual, a brilliant one.

Mr. Charles B. Rudolph is a candidate for the nomination for School Trustee from the First Ward. Mr. Rudolph is an old resident, and a business man, not a politician. He would make a good School Trustee.

Another "New England" supper will be given at the First Baptist Church under the auspices of the A. I. D. Society, on Monday evening. It will be similar to the one given last summer. Supper will be served from 6 to 9 o'clock.

Dr. Albert R. Leeds, Professor of Chemistry in Stevens Institute, delivered the second lecture of the free course before the Academy of Sciences, New York, Monday evening. His subject was "Health Foods, Invalid Foods and Infant Foods."

The ordinance increasing the salary of the Overseer of the Poor to \$600 a year, the increase to begin with the term of office of the next incumbent, passed its third and final reading on Tuesday night, by a vote of the full Board of Council.

The second masquerade ball of Hoboken Lodge, No. 5, Order Germania, held at Gantzberg on Monday evening, was a well attended and very successful affair. H. Vogel-sang presided over the festivities and W. Willecke was floor manager.

Mr. Herbert Campbell, of Seltz & Campbell, will go to Seabright on March first, and remain there throughout the spring and summer. He will personally superintend the lumber, coal and wood business of the firm at that popular sea-side resort.

The congregation of the First M. E. Church will be favored with a sermon by the Rev. James M. Freeman, D. D., to-morrow, at 10:30 A. M. The service of song 7:30 P. M. will be followed by a sermon from the pastor, Rev. Wm. Day, to young men on "Manliness."

At the temporary quarters of Engine Company No. 1 is a well executed sketch in water colors, of the old engine house that formerly stood on City Hall Square, corner of Washington and First streets. It was drawn from memory and Engineer Glikson is the artist.

The Rev. J. L. Amerman, formerly pastor of the Reformed Church in Bergen, who has recently returned from his missionary field in Japan, will deliver a discourse in English on that wonderful country in Dr. Mohr's Church, corner Garden and Sixth streets, to-morrow.

Hoboken, like her sister cities, has many prominent bachelors among her residents. Those of this city have fixed upon the 26th of March as the date upon which they will hold their annual ball, and if their boasts are verified, the event will be the grandest ever held in this city.

There will be services and preaching by the pastor, Rev. Dr. G. L. Hunt, as usual, at the First Baptist Church to-morrow morning and evening. In the morning Dr. Hunt will take for his subject "The First Gospel

Sermon," and in the evening will discourse on "The Moral Grandeur of True Manhood."

Mr. A. Balliet, a student of law in the office of Corporation Attorney Besson, passed his written examination before the Supreme Court, at Trenton, Tuesday, and yesterday afternoon came up for his oral examination. If he was equally fortunate in this, he will probably be sworn in as an attorney to-day or Monday.

Collector John McMahon has succeeded in gathering in already between eighty and ninety per cent. of the taxes for the current fiscal year. This is an exceedingly good showing, and not only indicates excellent management on the part of the Collector, but a gratifying condition of prosperity among the taxpayers of Hoboken.

On Thursday afternoon as a gang of men were unloading iron in the yard of the D. L. & W. R. R. Jacob Rovane, an Italian, was thrown from a platform car upon which he was working, and falling on the track, was run over and killed. The accident was caused by a train backing in upon the same track as the flat or iron cars were standing.

Ex-Councilman Wm. Ellis paid a visit to the Council Chamber on Tuesday night and listened to the deliberations of the City Fathers. He looked well and talked with many old friends. He is now a resident of New York city. Many old-time Hobokenites will remember that "Bill" Ellis used to make things lively in the Board when he was a member.

The annual ball of Division 171, Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, will take place at Odd Fellows' Hall, on the evening of the 26th inst. These balls have always been among the finest given in this city, and as the proceeds are to go to the fund for the benefit of sick and disabled engineers, the "drivers of the iron horse" should be greeted with a liberal patronage.

The Mozart Society gave its annual masquerade ball at Boehröder's Hall, Monday night. It was a grand success, the only drawback being that the hall was not large enough to accommodate the crowd. However, everything passed off smoothly, and if the number of hours devoted to dancing can be taken as a measure of the dancers' pleasure, they must have had a very jolly time.

Captain Ida Young and her command, comprising Misses Emma Jaencke, Lillie Howard, Jessie and Addie Pritchard, Sadie May and Gussie Patterson, Winnie McCain, Clara Durland, Clara Burt, Clara and Lillie Butler, Kittle Day, Venie Taft, Lidie Curtis, Fannie Green, Nellie Boyd, Emma Brightman and Mabel Wiggins, so popularly known as the "Broom Guard" of the First M. E. Church, gave an exhibition drill in New York, on Thursday evening, in aid of the Ladies' Aid Association of the Madison Avenue Congregational Church, Rev. J. P. Newman, D. D., pastor. They were well received, and called forth prolonged applause for the efficient manner in which the various evolutions and commands were executed.

Independent Washington Zouaves.

Momus' merriest moments are when melody, mirth and merriment commingle. That was the joy god's joy on Wednesday night, on the occasion of the first annual ball masque of the Independent Washington Zouaves, which is composed of members of Washington Hook and Ladder Company No. 1, held at Gantzberg's Hall. The ball room was tastefully decorated and presented the appearance of a fairy dell. Brilliant in rich and varied costumes, the guests as they moved through the mazy dance timed in perfection to the select music of Prof. Mulligan's band, presented a *tout ensemble* seldom excelled.

The "order" contained twenty-six numbers, and these, under the direction of Floor Manager Sergeant John A. Davenport and his able assistants, were well selected and afforded pleasure to the devotees of Terpsichore until the grey of dawn bespoke another day. The grand march contained about a hundred couples. Besides these there was almost an equal number of non-participants.

When the masks fell at intermission we noticed among the many characters Mrs. J. Cooper, as a Spanish Princess; Mrs. F. Edmondson, as a milk maid; Mrs. H. Walsh, as a Scotch lassie; Mrs. C. Stumpf, as an old woman; Mrs. S. Edmondson, as a harlequin. The most charming costume was that displayed by Miss Della Terpening—the belle of the evening—a paper costume made of advertisements. Frank Schaller, as a school boy, acted the character to perfection, and kept all in laughter by his antics and comic sayings. Among those in civic dress were Aldermen James Kenney, Samuel Evans, Charles Stumpf, Hugh Mallon, and many other well-known citizens.

Sons of Veterans.

The first annual reception and ball of the Christian Woerner Post, Sons of Veterans, was held on Wednesday evening, at Boehröder's Hall. The ball room was unique in its decoration, and the uniforms of the gentlemen and elegant costumes of the ladies made up a brilliant and imposing scene. The floor was under the management of Comrade Martin Spoler, who, with the members of the various committees, was untiring in his efforts to make the event one of moment in the memory of the guests.

There were present nearly three hundred. The music, under the baton of Prof. Davis, was excellent in selection and rendition. There were delegations present from R. T. Lincoln Post, No. 7, of New York; Duryea, No. 13, of Brooklyn. Among the noted guests were, Commander T. Hartmann, of Geo. H. Thomas Post, G. A. R.; Commander Schaffer, and Comrades Baker and Roe, of Post 62, G. A. R. Daylight had grown old when the last tired waltzer quitted the scene of the night's pleasures. Woerner Post can feel proud of this, its first annual reception and ball.

Monroe Farm Creamery.

Edwin W. Gritten, President of the Board of Education, has embarked in a new enterprise. He has established the Monroe Farm Creamery at No. 71 Garden street, and will be ready for business on Monday. It is his intention to furnish pure and fresh milk bottled at the farm, at Monroe Corners, Sussex County, at the market price. Mr. Gritten has been for five years the agent in this city of the Milk and Produce Dispatch of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, and branches, and is thoroughly conversant with all the details of the business. In addition to supplying milk and cream, guaranteed pure and fresh, he is prepared to furnish all kinds of farm produce, and will always meet the market the greater part of his life, and his name is sufficient guarantee that the patrons of the Monroe Farm Creamery will receive entire satisfaction at his hands.

The Drummond Family Concert.

The celebrated Drummond Family again filled Odd Fellows' Hall, Monday night. The concert was given under the auspices of Protection Lodge, No. 634, Knights of Honor, for the benefit of which the Drummonds had twice appeared in Hoboken before. The concert was in every way a perfect success. The programme was similar in character to those heretofore given by the Drummonds, and its rendition throughout was perfect. Among the specially attractive and pleasing features of the entertainment were the singing and acting of wonderful "Baby Pinky"; Miss Nina's golden bell solo and banjo playing; Miss Belle's humorous and pathetic recitations; Little Ada's impersonation of male characters; Miss Maggie's superb singing; and the graceful dancing of Miss Lizzie. Each appearance of Baby Pinky was the signal for deafening applause, and in the "Captain's" solo, and "I'm Getting a Big Boy Now," she brought down the house. The closing tableau, "The Gambler's Wife," with Miss Nina in the title role, was also worthy of note. The concert was followed with a hop, which lasted until about two o'clock Tuesday morning, and was heartily enjoyed by all who remained and took part. The Drummond Family will appear at Pohlman's Hall, Jersey City Heights, on Monday evening, April 2.

Prompt Punishment.

There is certainly no reason to complain that Jersey justice is a thing of the past, at least judging by the swiftness with which it overtakes Boice, Shaw and Beach, the wreckers of the Jersey City banks. On Monday the three prisoners were arraigned in court, after a prolonged consultation between their counsel, the Prosecutor and Judges Garretson, Brinkerhoff and Fry, and refracted their pleas of not guilty and pleaded guilty to all the indictments against them. Judge Garretson then proceeded to pronounce sentence upon them. Boice was sentenced to ten years for forgery, two years for publishing a false statement, and five years on each of the other ten counts, amounting to sixty-two years, but to run concurrently, making ten years to serve. Shaw, in the same manner, got thirty-seven years, to be served in six, and Beach, twenty, to be served in four years. Boice is nearly sixty years old, and he gave away completely to his emotion when he heard his sentence pronounced. Beach and Shaw were not so much cast down. Only six weeks had passed from the time of the closing of the City Bank to the day of their sentence.

The Wilson Line to Land Here.

The old dock at the foot of Third street just vacated by the Hamburg-American Packet Company belongs to the North German Lloyd, and is now occupied by the steamers of that line plying between this port and Bremen. The lower of the two docks, formerly used by the Bremen steamers, is now undergoing extensive repairs, amounting almost to rebuilding. New piles are being driven and a dredger is at work in the basins. When completed, this dock will be occupied by the Wilson Line, New York and Hull, England, now landing at pier 40, North River, New York. This will make four regular steamship lines landing at Hoboken.

In Mask Arrayed.

The annual masquerade ball of the Young Men's Social Club, held at Odd Fellows' Hall, Wednesday night, passed off with its accustomed éclat. It is always the most brilliant masquerade ball of the season in Hoboken and the affair this year was fully up to the standard in every particular. Of course the hall was full, almost to overflowing. Everybody was there, and no doubt glad of it. The decorations of the ball room were elaborately made up of miles of festooned bunting, gigantic grotesque masks and flags. The music was by Gilmore's band and Bernstein's orchestra, therefore comment is needless. Many of the guests were in evening dress, but there was a great variety of costumes, some gaudy with silk and velvet and gold lace, some unique, some commonplace and some simply funny. Supper was served to all who wanted it and would pay for it, from midnight to 3 A. M. Most of the masks reached home in time for an early breakfast, but whether they took it or not we didn't wait to see.

Music at Trinity Church.

For some time past the choir of Trinity Church have selected and rendered with great care the music for the evening service on the last Sunday in each month, and after Lent they expect to bring out some choice and difficult numbers. The Psalter will be chanted; the Canticles sung will be by the best church music writers; the *magnificat* and anthems at the offertory, will be special features. To-morrow evening, the *Deus* will be sung in the style of *Benedict*, the music by Wm. W. Rousseau, who also wrote the *Cantate* which will be sung. The offertory, "In Humble Faith and Holy Love," was written by George M. Garrett. The sermon, from the text, "Daughter, Thy Faith Hath Made Thee Whole, go in Peace," will be preached by a former preacher of the choir, the Rev. David J. Ayers, of Trinity Parish, New York. There will be a daily service at Trinity at 5 o'clock P. M., during the week.

Empire H. and L. Co.'s Ball.

The members of Empire Hook and Ladder Company No. 1, alias the "Racketing Muffs," gave their great annual masquerade ball, at Odd Fellows' Hall, Thursday night, at which nearly the whole city appeared. There was a tremendous jam all night. The costumes were simply immense and were admired or laughed at on all sides. The supper tables were never deserted, and it seemed as though dancing, promenading and flirting would never stop. The hall was beautifully decorated. Prof. Mulligan furnished the music. Richard Maloney was floor manager, Richard Carr, assistant, and their efforts were seconded by a committee of fifteen. A committee of thirty, under Patrick Hayden, looked after the guests. All the city notables were present, and it goes without saying that the ball was a big success.

Read that Book and Laugh.

No doubt the most interesting and unique literary production that has ever been published for gratuitous distribution, has just been issued and is now being presented at the hands of special carriers to the householders of Washington. Between the covers are to be found original copyrighted contributions of salient humor from the pens of such racy writers as M. Quad, Detroit Free Press; Spooner, of the Brooklyn Eagle; George W. Peck, A. M. Slinger, of the New York Herald; and Uncle Remus, as also the humorists of Puck, the

Judge, Lowell Citizen, Boston Post, the San Francisco Wasp, and other papers. The illustrations are by the best artists, and the typographical finish of the entire work discloses the genius and handwork, with a novel and surprising effect, of the famous advertising department of The Charles A. Vogeler Company, Baltimore, Md., by whom the pamphlet is issued in the interest of the great pain cure, St. Jacobs Oil.

The title of the work is "The St. Jacobs Oil Family Calendar, 1893-4, and Book of Health and Humor for the million." It is issued in connection with testimonials, attractively arranged, from distinguished authorities to the value and efficacy of the medicine, whose fame is now world-wide.

It is gratifying to note from an announcement on the last page of the work, an indication of the judgment and courage of the young widow of the late Mr. Vogeler, in retaining her husband's interest, and in perpetuating his memory by naming the new house after him, and her course is to be admired. As an evidence of the faith of the best classes in St. Jacobs Oil, it may be stated that Mr. Christian Devries, one of the foremost merchants of Maryland, head of the old house of Wm. Devries & Co., president of the National Bank of Baltimore, and director of the Western Maryland Railroad, has become the leading partner in The Charles A. Vogeler Company, Mr. Devries, like many other prominent men, was himself cured of rheumatism by its use. The remaining partner is Mr. H. D. Umbstaetter, whose brilliant talents and rare genius as an advertiser, in organizing and conducting the advertising department of this house, have long since passed into an open platform at example and placed him in the front rank of the business world. He has our personal congratulations upon his accession to a partnership in the new firm. Mr. Umbstaetter has shown that he is a humorist as well as a remarkable business man, and under the pseudonym of "Hiram Happy" has contributed some of the cleverest things found in the publication, whose merits we have briefly alluded to.

In the larger cities the book will be distributed free from house to house, and at other points by druggists. Copies may also be had by addressing "Supply Department," The Charles A. Vogeler Company, Baltimore, Md., and inclosing a 3-cent stamp to pay postage.—Washington Post.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the Post Office at Hoboken, N. J., for the week ending February 23, 1893:

LADIES' LIST.
Boerscht, Emma
Boch, Johanne
Dalton, Alice
Gilbert, Mrs.
Heinzenknecht, Francis
Koch, Magdalene
Koenig, Miss C.
Lester, Mrs.
Miller, Mrs. Chas.
Martin, Charlotte
Reynolds, Fannie V.
Schneider, Mary
Walsh, John
Wigmore, John

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.
Bridgeman, A. T.
Boydell, Jos.
Boutwell, John
Englebrecht, H.
Eckhard, George
Frank, Leonard
Glyndon, Frank
Henry, I.
Kendy, Thomas
Looman, Alfred
Moller, Paul E.
McCoey, Bernard
Martin, Herman
Meyer, Roman
Meyer, Johann P.
von Meining, Mr.
Oberschuer, Leonard
Pergine, James
Scott, J. M. N.
Walsh, John
Wigmore, John

L. H. KENDRICK,
Postmaster.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

Stated session of the Council, held at the Council Chamber, City Hall, on Tuesday evening, February 30, 1893.

Present—Councilmen Grassmann, Kaufmann, Kenney, Lee, Stein, Timken, Valieu and Chairman Miller.

On motion of Councilman Grassmann the reading of the minutes of the session of February 13, 1893, was dispensed with and they were approved as printed.

A petition from A. L. Underwood & Son, requesting permission to erect a platform scale in front of their premises, corner Washington and Newark streets, was presented, read and referred to the Committee on Street and Assessments.

A petition from Maurice Stack, requesting permission to remove a platform scale in front of their premises, corner Washington and Newark streets, was presented, read and referred to the Committee on Street and Assessments.

A petition from citizens on Newark street, to have that portion of said street widened, was presented, read and referred to the Committee on Street and Assessments.

The following claims were presented, read and referred to the Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings:

M. Heffernan, Street Commissioner, cleaning sidewalk from parks, \$9.00
Charles Schmidt & Co., picture cord, 1.00
William S. Wolf, six towels, 1.30

To the Committee on Sewers:
M. Heffernan, Street Commissioner, repairs to Third street sewer, \$19.50

To the Committee on Police and Militia:
William Disch, conveying sick man to station house, \$1.00

To the Committee on Printing and Stationery:
Julius Remy, binding Council proceedings, \$1.35

To the Committee on Lamps and Gas:
John J. Smisson, thirty-eight lights of ruby glass, \$8.64

To the Committee on Alms:
D. Hasselberg, groceries furnished the poor \$19.00
Hochstein Bros., " " " " 2.00
S. S. Middleton, " " " " 12.00
R. F. Nutzhorn, " " " " 25.00
J. N. F. Podesta, " " " " 2.00

To the Committee on Licenses:
Petition from Joseph Hauser, for pedler's license. Petitions from John Nelson and H. Kluss, for transfer of house of public entertainment licenses.

The following report was presented, read and, on motion of Councilman Kaufmann, received:

To the Honorable the Mayor and Council:
GENTLEMEN—Your Special Committee, appointed by your Honorable Body to examine and report on the condition of the public school building No. 1, in Garden street, between Third and Fourth streets, after careful examination and inspection of that building, respectfully submit the following as our opinion and report:

The building, as it stands to-day, is in a perfectly safe and sound condition.

As a result of faulty foundations and framing for the partitions, marked in on diagram, and helped by the shrinkage of the girders and floor beams, the entire front part of the floors between that partition and the front of the building has been depressed more or less, but without endangering the building, as since then new floor beams, new girders and new concrete tie-piers have been put in, which properly support that part of the floors now.

We found, however, leaking pipes, which must be repaired, as that might undermine the foundations.

We also found a drain close to one of the most important piers, with the earth caved in around the pipe; we recommended that the foundation of that pier be sunk below the drain pipe.

We would also recommend to provide additional ventilation to the cellar, to protect this timber from rot.

We finally recommend that said partition P be stripped and properly strengthened from the bottom to the top.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

WILLIAM JOSE,
ALBERT BEYER,
JOHN GAFFNEY,
LOUIS MAYHEW.

groceries furnished the poor \$3.00
Hochstein Bros., " " " " 10.00
Wolfe Bros., " " " " 8.00

On motion of Councilman Grassmann the report was received and the claims ordered paid by the following vote:

Ayes—Councilmen Grassmann, Kaufmann, Kenney, Lee, Stein, Timken, Valieu and Chairman Miller.

On motion of Councilman Kaufmann the report was received and the transfer granted.

Ordered on file.

Quarterly report of the Board of Education. Presented February 14, 1893.

Communication from his Honor Mayor Besson, relating resolution relative to new school house. Presented January 16, 1893.

Quarterly statement of the Board of Education. Presented February 6, 1893.

Report of C. H. Miller, Acting City Clerk. Presented February 13, 1893.

The following communication from his Honor Mayor Besson was presented, read and, on motion of Councilman Timken, received:

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
HOBOKEN, N. J., Feb. 17, 1893.

To the Council:

I return without approval resolution of 13th inst., providing for dispensing with the lighting of as many street gas lamps as may bring the expense of lighting streets, &c., within the balance remaining in the Lamps and Gas Fund.

The balance is \$14,400. The fund for the lighting of the streets, parks and City Hall and the repairs and supplies incident thereto. We have already incurred and there remain unsettled on the account of the City of Hoboken, \$14,400. Consequently, your resolution means, practically, to discontinue street lighting entirely, till the first of May next. That would not do for the city of Hoboken.

I am satisfied that the smallness of the appropriation for Lamps and Gas—\$4,500—as made by the Tax Commissioners of the present official year, was occasioned by their misapprehension of the balance as brought over from last year—\$4,400—and their failure to consider in deduction therefrom the expenses of the last four months of last year, unliquidated until after the commencement of this year, &c., after May 1st, 1892—which amounted to about four thousand dollars. When it is considered that the cost to this city for street and park lighting by gas, alone, on short schedule time and reduced price—from private consumers—and not near the lamps to the block as in New York, is over nine thousand dollars a year, it is easy to conceive that a mistake was made in fixing the appropriation.

I would advise that we proceed as we have been doing, we have not too many lamps burning. We might increase the number in the parks; we are exercising all due economy in the matter; and I am convinced that the next Board of Tax Commissioners will make provision for the deficit. Anyhow, it will not do to leave our streets in darkness.

E. V. S. BESSON,
Mayor.

The following communication from his Honor Mayor Besson was presented, read and, on motion of Councilman Stein, received:

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
HOBOKEN, N. J., Feb. 17, 1893.

To the Council:

I return without approval resolution of 13th inst., to do certain repairs to house of Hook and Ladder Company

A CLEAR CASE.

Auburn hair inclined to curl,
Honest eyes and winning smile;
Form to set the brain a whirl
Lips that might a saint beguile;
That's the girl.

Taller than the maiden coy,
Truthful, fearless, handsome, strong,
Heart of gold without alloy,
Hailing her 'twixt right and wrong;
That's the boy.

Window panes festooned with rime,
Leafless trees and hill-sides bare;
Town clock sounding midnight's chime,
Street lamps glimmering here and there;
That's the time.

Nestling at the mountain's base,
With its one long quiet street
Clasped in winter's white embrace;
Quaint old village, prim and neat;
That's the place.

Truant arm and shy embrace,
Tender vows in willing ear,
Kisses on an upturned face,
Whispered: "Yes, I love you, dear,"
That's the case.—E.E.

THE WORLD'S LEVER.

Spoopendyke and his Printing Press—
A Chapter of Trials.

Spoopendyke came home one night bringing a small bundle in his arms.

"It's a printing press, on which I expect to do all my own printing hereafter," he said.

"Oh, but isn't that lovely!" fluttered Mrs. Snoopendyke, dropping the stork and rushing to her husband's side. "And can't we do the loveliest things with it! Is it like the kind that the *Herald* and *Sun* and all those papers are printed with?"

"Oh, yes, Mrs. Snoopendyke," growled her husband, "you've hit it exactly. This is the very kind. I got Mr. Bennett to kindly try it on, so as to get it the same size as the *Herald* is printed on."

"And will you print papers with yours like Mr. Bennett and the other editors?" continued Mrs. Snoopendyke, timidly.

"Oh, but won't I, though?" yelled her husband. "It needed a dog-gasted female idiot to think of that; you've struck the proper plan. Think you can print a 30x60 show-bill with a 3x4 press? Well, I tell ye that ye can't. Can ye get it into your measly head that this is a card press, and can only print a card three inches by four inches?"

"Oh, it's a card press, is it?" ventured Mrs. Snoopendyke; "then we can print those beautiful Christmas cards on it, can't we?"

"Now you've got it," yelled her husband, "that's the idea. It prints in thirty-five different colors at one impression, and any design, from the picture of an old crank with a sealskin overcoat, loading round somebody's chimney with a game bag full of jumping-jacks, to the New Year, 1888, represented by a hump-backed baby dressed in a broad grin, with a napkin tied around his waist, driving out the old year, dressed as an old tramp with a mowing machine and a gallon jug of whisky under his arm. That's the idea, exactly. Think you can print chromos and lithographs on it, don't you? Well, you can't. You can only print one color, and that is black. Think you grasp it now?"

"Well," said Mrs. Snoopendyke, "I suppose you can print visiting cards on it."

"Yes, Mrs. Snoopendyke, I can," said her husband, in a softer tone, and he grew in a much better humor as he proceeded to show his wife the press, and exhibit his dexterity in the use of the type and the press.

At last he got his worthy helpmeet's name set up in type, and proceeded to put the chase on the press with a grand flourish. But in an evil hour he had forgotten to key it up, and at the first touch the whole business went to pi, and at the next fell in a confused mass all over the carpet.

"Why, what makes it do that?" said Mrs. Snoopendyke, laughing.

"What makes it do what?" sneered her husband, as he hit his head on the corner of the table in a mad dive after the type. "What d'ye s'pose makes it do it? What makes anything do anything? If I had your talent for asking idiotic questions, I'd get a glass of beer and a three-inch paper collar, and live out as a prosecuting attorney."

By this time the worthy gentleman had got the name set up and securely fastened, and was printing with great gusto; but he had, unfortunately, set the types in wrong order, and the first eight perfumed visiting cards came out like the following:

When Mrs. Snoopendyke saw it she set up a little scream, "Oh, but isn't that funny, though. What makes it be wrong side up?"

"Funny!" howled her husband, with horrid derision, as he grasped the situation. "It's a perfect thunderbolt of fun. It's the most deliciously humorous thing of the century. All you need is an advertisement of liver pills on the cover, and a joke about a goat on the first page, to be a comic almanac. With your appreciation of humor, all you need is a broad grin and \$3,000 worth of stolen diamonds, to be the leading comedienne of the American boards. Can't you see the measly type's turned wrong? They have only got to be turned round the other way."

After half an hour of diligent labor, the types were again in position, securely keyed up, and put on the press.

When the final arrangements were completed, Mr. Snoopendyke turned round to wink at the baby, and incautiously left his thumb over the edge of the press. As luck would have it, Mrs. Snoopendyke, in her anxiety to show her husband how well she understood and appreciated the press, brought the lever down and the press closed on that gentleman's thumb, making him jump four feet high, and utter an exclamation that would have made the second lieutenant of a company of pirates blush!

"Dot-gast the measly printing press," he shrieked, as he smashed the base-burner with it, and then he threw it in the alley. "Haven't ye got any sense scarcely? Why don't ye go on with the entertainment?"

The measly thing only got as far as the bone. Why don't ye begin on the skeleton? Why don't ye finish the chapter?" and Mr. Snoopendyke danced up-stairs, five at a time, with a parting injunction to his wife to hire out for a slaughter-house.

"Well," said Mrs. Snoopendyke, as she picked up the baby, and put a pitcher of water where her husband would be sure to fall over it when he went down stairs in the morning. "If we have so much trouble in printing one word, I wonder how Mr. Bennett gets along with a whole newspaper to print."—The Judge.

Here and There.

Defiance, Ohio, couldn't defy the flood. South Carolina will hold a tobacco fair at Durham.

A cheese manufactory has been started in Yucatan.

A cheerful face is nearly as good for an invalid as healthy weather.

A Yankee has invented a machine to make clothes out of basswood.

An English woman did not die until she had sewed on buttons for nine husbands.

Black satin toilets, with jet trimmings, are recommended to women with Titian red hair.

There has been a remarkable revival of pugilism in this country during the last twelve months.

The United States Government owns, and is willing to sell, 3,400,000 acres of land in Mississippi.

We use 21,000,000 spools of thread a year, and three or four thousand cords, of wood in making the spools.

A railroad ticket twenty years old was tendered and accepted recently on the Consolidated road, for a ride between Hartford and Boston.

The President's flag, with its pugnacious eagle in the center of a blue ground, has been seized upon by a stomach-bitters man as an advertisement.

New York has just made the discovery that Central Park, from a careless neglect of drainage, is a source of malaria and ill-health to the houses round about.

A Kentucky male deliberately put his head through a crack in a post and rail fence and stayed there until it choked itself to death. The cause of the suicide is not given.

Girl graduates in England wear gowns precisely like those worn by university men, and made by the same tailor. The only way to tell which from t'other is to wait for a mouse.

St. Louis orders New York to take a back seat in the matter of developing idiots. She has not only a quail eater, but a champion beer swiller, a champion potato gormandizer, and a champion cigar smoker.

A reporter of a San Francisco paper recently found five generations of one family living within a block or two of each other. The great-grandmother is 71 years old, the great-grandfather 56, the grandmother 38, her son 21, and his baby daughter six months.

A prominent New York sporting man has received a dispatch from a Fejee Islander that he is ready to bet twenty-five elephants' tusks against the same number of red cotton handkerchiefs that he can eat a missionary a day for thirty days, pepsin and lemons barred.

Southern Clippings.

Ploughing has commenced for spring planting in Louisiana.

One firm in Nashville, Tenn., recently shipped 60,000 eggs to New York.

The Texas cattle drive for the coming spring is estimated at 220,000 head.

Hundreds of beavers are to be found in the lakes and bayous of Grant Parish, La.

There is a boardinghouse in Spartanburg, S. C., which is turning out 43,920 biscuits a year.

Near Jacksboro, Texas, one man lost 500 out of a flock of 700 sheep from the cold weather.

Thousands of acres of public land in Texas are changing owners at fifty cents per acre.

The farmers in many sections of Alabama have again planted largely of oats and small grain.

There has been about \$40,000 expended for mules in Uniontown, Ala., within the last few months.

Some of the large planters of Mississippi have as many as 150 to 300 bales of cotton in the fields ungathered.

Reports from Louisiana planters indicate that a large planting of sugar cane will be made this spring. The same may be said of all other products.

Six ladies have rented a farm in Sumpter county, Ala. The same ladies made last year thirteen bales of cotton and several hundred bushels of corn, besides other products.

Young Scudder, of Woodville, Miss., who engaged in a fight with one of the students while at the West Point Military Academy, has returned home in a paralyzed condition.

It is stated officially that notwithstanding the number of accidents of late on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, that in thirteen years not a single passenger has been killed.

A mercantile firm at Hazelhurst, Miss., recently attempted to introduce pennies in that town. It ordered \$50 worth of them, but finding that they would not take with the people, returned them.

Mr. David Norman, near Calhoun, Ala., with one mule the past season made 200 bushels of oats, 300 bushels of corn, 300 bushels of potatoes, 50 bushels of ground peas, 100 bushels of cornfield peas, 9 bales of cotton and raised besides 9 hogs, which yielded 900 pounds of meat.

In the West.

Burlington, Iowa, has sent \$800 to the Rhine flood sufferers.

Corn is being burned by the Plymouth county farmers of Iowa, who cannot get coal.

Keokuk, Iowa, has raised \$431 for the relief of the sufferers in the flooded districts in Germany.

A San Francisco grocer had a woman 96 years old arrested for stealing three cents' worth of snuff.

The farmers of Nebraska have had another practical lesson this winter concerning the necessity of providing shelter for all kinds of stock, especially for horses, cows and hogs.

Many exhibits of Cedar county tobacco have been made at Stockton, Mo., raised last year, which are pronounced superior grades by old tobacco raisers of Kentucky and Virginia.

The attention of parties looking for good farming lands is called to the fact that near Brunswick, Mo., 2,500 pounds of tobacco or 85 bushels of corn can be raised on one acre of ground.

Large volumes of smoke were seen issuing from Mount Hood, Oregon, lately, and the question still remains whether it was caused by the extinct volcano once more breaking out or by large forest fires on the mountain.

A band of twenty-two lodges of Piegan Indians are committing depredations on Deer Creek, Montana, about thirty miles below Fort McGinnis. The settlers and cattle men are badly scared and are apprehensive of further trouble, for which they are now on the alert.

Philip Ritz is fencing in a seven thousand acre wheat farm near Ritzville, W. T. He has had men in the timber up near Pen d'Oreille Lake getting out poles and cedar posts. Thirteen car loads have been delivered already. It will take about fifty car loads to make the twelve miles of fence.

The wheat in Indiana is hermetically sealed by a thick, solid coat of ice, and some claim that the crop will be totally ruined by being smothered, while others claim that by reason of the earth being dry and frozen and the plant rather dormant and hardened by previous severe weather when the ice formed, it will come out all right when the thaw comes.



DISEASE is an effect, not a cause. Its origin is within; its manifestations without. Hence, to cure the disease the cause must be removed, and in no other way can a cure ever be effected. WARNER'S SAFE KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE is established on just this principle. It realizes that

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of all diseases arise from deranged kidneys and liver, and it strikes at once at the root of the difficulty. The elements of which it is composed act directly upon these great organs, both as a food and restorer, and by placing them in a healthy condition, drive disease and pain from the system.

For the innumerable troubles caused by unhealthy Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs; for the distressing Disorders of Women; for Malaria, and for physical derangements generally, this great remedy has no equal. Beware of impostors, imitations and concoctions said to be just as good.

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