

# CENTRAL NEW JERSEY TIMES.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., DECEMBER 10, 1888.

E. DEAN DOW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

VOL. I. NO. 12

TERMS: IN ADVANCE, \$2.50; AFTER THREE MONTHS, \$3.00.

## Central New Jersey Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., THURSDAY, DEC. 10, 1888.

### LOCAL AFFAIRS.

THE CONCERT AT ASSEMBLY HALL on Tuesday evening was well attended, considering the state of the weather and the walking. The whole performance was first-class and everything passed off handsomely.

THERE WILL BE A SERMON preached in the Reformed (Dutch) Church on Sunday evening next, on "the use and abuse of the tongue," by the Rev. Dr. Fox, Rector of Plainfield.

Y. M. C. A.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the 3rd inst., the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: A. Gilbert, Pres't; A. F. Campbell, V. Pres't; A. T. Showell, Sec'y; J. H. Myers, Rec. Sec'y and F. E. Marsh, Treas'r. H. O. Newman, Sec'y pro tem.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.—First Presbyterian Church.—The Pastor, Rev. Henry L. Teller, is expected to preach next Sabbath, December 15th, at halfpast 10 and halfpast 2 o'clock.

THE FIRST SNOW STORM of the season visited Central New Jersey on last Friday night, Dec. 4th. Snow had been on all sides several days before. The Autumn was unusually pleasant and warm, and very favorable for all kinds of out-door work. The mechanics in house-building have been specially favored.

THE CENTRAL R. R. CO. have a large force at work at Elizabethport repairing the works since the disastrous fire.

TWO BOYS, aged 3 and 4 years, were lost while searching for chestnuts near Denerville, Morris county, last week. The neighborhood turned out in search, and one of them was not found until the next morning, when he was nearly three miles from home and nearly dead from exposure.

WE call attention to an advertisement in another column of this paper, of the New York Observer, one of the oldest, largest, and most popular news papers of the day. Religious and secular departments combined.

THE meeting called at the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. for the purpose of forming a permanent Musical Organization, having been "unavoidably postponed on account of the weather," we are requested to invite all those interested in the movement to meet at the same place and hour, on Monday evening, 14th inst., without further notice.

SEE ADVERTISEMENT OF PARKER'S STEREOPTICON in another column, at the Methodist Church, on Thursday evening, Dec. 10th, at 7 1/2 o'clock. PAINTINGS enlarged on canvases are illuminated by powerful light. Views of the Holy Land, Dissolving Views, &c. Admission 25 cents. Children 15 cents. Tickets at Mr. Williams' News Depot, Post Office.

WE are pleased to announce that the Rev. O. H. Tiffany, D. D., of New Brunswick, will deliver a Temperance Lecture on Thursday (this) evening, 10th inst., at 7 o'clock, in the Seventh Day Baptist Church. Mr. Tiffany is well and favorably known in this community, and as this Lecture is free, we bespeak for him an overflowing house.

WE also understand that the Choir of said Church has kindly consented to furnish some music on that occasion, which will greatly add to the interest of the meeting. If Mr. Tiffany is as happy on the subject of Temperance, as on other topics upon which he has spoken to our citizens, this Lecture will only sharpen the mental appetites of his hearers, for the Dr. X. Lecture a week hence, before the Y. M. C. Association.

POPULAR ENTERTAINMENTS.—Rev. Mr. Plumley, of Metuchen, lecturer in the Elizabeth Institute, is doing a good thing in getting up readings and popular lectures for the improvement and amusement of the young people of his congregation; they are held weekly in his lecture room. We insist that this is one of the best measures that can be adopted. Amusements the young want, and will have. Let men of influence and ability take hold of the matter, and give a right direction to them as Rev. Mr. Plumley is doing.

NEW JERSEY SUNDAY SCHOOL ASSOCIATION.—The Report of the last Convention of the S. S. Association of this State, recently held in Plainfield, is now in preparation for the press.

The "Report" will be a large, handsomely printed pamphlet of about one hundred pages, and will contain a full phonographic account of the Convention, its statistical tables, addresses, lessons and discussions, and will be furnished at the cost of printing, twenty cents each. We expect to publish it by January 15th.

Sunday Schools and friends of the cause in Union county, should send in their orders immediately to  
GEO. R. JACQUES, Rahway.

TEMPERANCE MEETING IN NEW MARKET.—A public Temperance meeting was held in the Seventh-Day Baptist Church, New Market, on Tuesday evening, Dec. 1st, under the auspices of New Market Division, No. 72 Sons of Temperance. Edwin S. W. Pentreath, A. A. Worthy Patriarch in the Chair. The members were present in their Regalia, and there was a large attendance from the surrounding neighborhood. The meeting was opened with prayer by the Rev. Mr. Grinnell, and after a few preliminary remarks, the Chairman introduced the Rev. Fletcher Lummis, of Greenville, who delivered an eloquent address, which was listened to with marked attention. Rev. W. Day, of Plainfield, having only a short time to remain, spoke briefly of his interest in the cause, and was followed by Rev. H. T. Simpson, of New Market, who in a few elegant remarks answered the objections brought forward against the Sons of Temperance, in the community, and made a stirring appeal in their behalf. After some singing by Rev. Mr. Lummis, the meeting separated, apparently well pleased with the proceedings.

ACCIDENTS.—Mr. Leander Bishop, an elderly gentleman, living at Middlebrook, met with a serious accident. He was returning from the Bound Brook Depot, and approaching the lower crossing observed a coal train upon the track. After it appeared to have passed and the flagman had withdrawn the signal, he attempted to cross, but while upon the track, his wagon was struck by a detached portion of the train, and he was thrown out and seriously injured, one leg being broken at the thigh, and was otherwise cut and bruised.

A PARTIALY intoxicated man in attempting to steal a ride upon a coal train from the Junction to Bloomsbury, on arriving at the latter place sprang off, but fell by the side of the track with one arm across the rail. A part of the train passed over it, completely severing it from his body.

MR. ELIAH NUNN, of Flemington, in stepping from the platform of a train at the South Branch depot, in Flemington, missed his footing and was drawn beneath the train. His legs were terribly crushed, and he was otherwise injured so that he died in half an hour afterwards.

DECLINE IN COAL.—Our readers will be glad to learn that at the regular monthly sale of coal a few days ago, there was a very decided decline in prices. This will probably be followed by a still greater decline as soon as navigation closes, as the boats are now constantly employed draining off immense quantities to supply distant markets.

We wonder if this will be felt in Plainfield and vicinity? Ten Dollars a ton is war-times price.

THE Central New Jersey Times has our thanks for a characteristic defence. The paper is the neatest, liveliest, and the bravest sheet out of that inhospitable foreign land—Jersey—that we receive. We guess some Jersey papers don't love us much. Well, no love is lost. A State that allows the Camden and Amboy Railroad to fleck a tax out of every lawless traveler that crosses its sacred soil needs thunder to wake it from its selfishness. The Times has a good mission-field and need not go on a foreign mission.—Church Union.

THE CRANBERRY CROP of New Jersey is a partial failure this year. The crop of Ocean county is not more than 25,000 bushels, being not more than one-third of an average. Gloucester county reports a full crop, but much injured before gathering. Burlington reports 10,000 bushels, or little over one-fourth of an average yield, the crop having been considerably injured at the time of blossoming and the grass-hoppers doing much damage later in the season.

It is proposed to press the application before the State Legislature this winter for the formation of a new County from parts of Warren, Hunterdon, Morris and Sussex counties.

For the Central Times.  
Talks About Common Things.  
No. 12.

DESPOTISM.  
DEAR TIMES: We call ourselves a free people, and rejoice in our independence. We contrast our liberty with the unhappy condition of those on whom rests the iron heel of oppression, and we thank God who hath made us to differ.

Free? Take a half day's walk with me and let me show you some despotisms controlling men's thoughts, governing their lives and making them the veriest slaves that walk the earth. The serfdom is not recognized, for the despots are often unseen and formless, but their rule is none the less arbitrary and the people's subjection none the less complete.

Come into this cottage where the tidy mistress sits embroidering impossible flowers on a sofa pillow. She was yawning when we entered, for the worsted work is not very satisfactory. "It's a little stupid," she explains with a sigh, "for when my husband is gone, I have very little to do. It would be a real comfort if I could

go into the kitchen and turn that Irish girl out. I could do my work just as well as not if I wasn't afraid of Mrs. Grundy. You see all my friends keep at least one servant, and I dare not do otherwise through fear of Mrs. Grundy."

We set down in our note book the name of one despot, Mrs. Grundy, who decrees that every family shall keep at least one servant.

"They are awful creatures, these Irish girls," the unhappy mistress continues. "Ours drives me out of the kitchen whenever I show my face in it, and I dare not say a word when she breaks dishes, and wastes groceries. Besides she said she wouldn't stay unless we had stationary tubs put in the kitchen, for everybody puts in tubs for their girls. They are awful creatures."

We have found the name of another set of despots, and we write them in our note book—Irish girls who reign autocrats of the kitchen, forbidding the mistress's entrance and compelling stationary tubs.

The next house is a brown stone one. While we wait for the lady of the house, we listen to the child sobbing over her music lesson. The mother on her entrance explains: "The child hasn't a particle of musical ability. She hasn't an ear for melody and not an atom of skill in execution. It is a kind of martyrdom for the child and her instructor when she takes a lesson, and the money spent on her musical education is actually thrown away."

"Why do you torture the child?" we ask.

"Oh! custom makes it necessary that every child should be taught to play the piano," the mother answers. "I wouldn't dare let her grow to womanhood without some knowledge of music."

We write Custom in our list of despots, who prescribes that every child should be taught to play the piano, regardless of natural disinclination and disability.

There is a wedding pair about, and the newly married pair are about starting for a fortnight's tour. The bride is weary and has little interest in going, and the bridegroom can ill afford the drain it will be upon his purse, but they explain: "Everybody expects bridal parties to travel now-a-days, and we wouldn't have the courage to act contrary to the established order of things. The public anathematizes those who disappoint its expectations and set the regulations of society at defiance."

We set down the Public among our despots, rendering wedding trips necessary, regulating society according to arbitrary rules and anathematizing people for independent courses of action.

Further on we chat with a lady who exhibits a stock of new dresses. "I did not need one of them," she confesses, "but the regulations of fashion for last year's dress are totally reversed by her orderings for this year's toilette."

We add to our list of despots, Fashion, who makes needless garments necessary and arbitrarily reverses one year the decrees of the last.

Out on the street again: there are a crowd of people who think themselves free, and yet are bowing to some despot.

Do you see that young man with the white cap to his lips? He did not want the inebriating draught. His conscience uttered a remonstrance and his common sense a protest, but he feared his companion's laugh.

That man's companions were the despot that made him a slave.

Do you see that older man wallowing in the gutter? He has sold him self, body and soul, and his despot's name is Appetite.

The man with wrinkled forehead, who secretly takes time for rest and refreshment, and allows himself none of the sweet companionships of home and loving kindred, has a hard master, for he is a slave to Business.

The other who walks at his side with restless face and eager eyes, never dares halt in his feverish march, for a despot named Ambition drives him on.

There are other despots, Ignorance, Prejudice, Pride, and Sin in every form. They have fettered human thought and human action. Some times they have put shackles upon speech and the press, even in this land of boasted liberty.

Education shall triumph over some of these despots, awakening independent thought and stimulating independent action.

Religion shall do more than all besides to make us a free people, true to our better instincts and bolder in right-doing, for all men are vassals, save they who walk in the liberty of the Lord's freemen.

JEAN MARC.

CYRUS W. FIELD, of cable fame, has bought a splendid estate in Westchester, N. Y., for \$500,000.

### General News.

THE ATTEMPTED impeachment of the Gov. of Florida has proved a failure.

THE fashionable costumes of ladies on the promenade now surpass the dress in gorgeousness.

THIRTY thousand sheep perished in a storm in South-eastern France recently, causing their owner a loss of \$2,000.

THE ALABAMA House of Representatives has passed a bill repealing all acts abridging the marriage of negroes and whites.

THE Lower House of the North Carolina Legislature has been engaged on the resolution for the investigation of bribery.

YELLOW SMOKE, Chief of the Omaha Indians, and honorable and friendly to the whites, was dragged and killed by a party of roughs, at Dunlap, Iowa, on the 24th of Nov.

SCOTT, of S. C., sent his Message to the Legislature on the 29th ult. He commends a liberal policy, and denounces all lawlessness, and depicts secret political organizations.

THE Presidential Electors have met in the several States, and cast the votes for President and Vice-President in the prescribed mode.

THE TENNESSEE Elections in casting their vote, adopted a resolution recommending that Mr. Maynard be given a position in the Cabinet.

THE JOURNALISTS of Alabama, against the K. K. K. K. K. in the Senate passed a bill making the wearing of disguises and masks by any number of men a crime, punishable by fine and imprisonment.

GEN. MCLELLAN is having a dwelling house belonging to the Hoboken Land and Improvement Company, on River street, Hoboken, fitted up for his accommodation. The General may be seen almost every day at the shipyard where the Stevens' Battery is being constructed. He no doubt will succeed in this strategic movement.

EDUCATIONAL.—Harvard University reports the whole number of students in this institution at 1050, of whom 523 are in the academical department and 527 are professional students and resident graduates. The law students number 138, and the medical 308. Yale College has 724 students, of whom 519 are in the academical department. The department of the arts has 140 students.

IT is proposed to connect Philadelphia with Camden by a suspension bridge. The Committee appointed to consider the feasibility of this great work have made a report favorable to the undertaking, and think it is not only practicable, but that it is sure to become a source of great profit to the owners of stock.

THE THREE AND FIVE CENT piece, it is stated, have received the condemnation of the authorities at Washington, and a recommendation will be made in the report of the U. S. Treasurer that these coins be called in, and that the further issue of them be discontinued. Complaint is made that postmasters are required to take these tokens in large quantities in payment of stamps, but that the Post-office Department refuses to receive them in the settlement of accounts.

THE ALASKA PURCHASE.—It is reported that investigations are now being conducted in Washington to ascertain the facts in reference to the alleged corrupt use of money in the passage of the bill for the purchase of Alaska. A resolution on the subject is stated, will be introduced in the House of Representatives very early in the next session of Congress.

EDUCATIONAL.—The Virginia Military Institute, at Lexington, Va., which was burned by order of Gen. David Hunter, in June, 1864, has within the last three years been rebuilt. There are at present 200 cadets in attendance, about the same number as were students in 1864. The twenty-fifth anniversary of the Institute was celebrated at Lexington, on November 21st last.

A FOUL HONK is it stated, has recently been discovered in the tertiary deposits of Nebraska. Although full grown it is the ossification of the various bones, the skeleton is reported to be only two feet high. This makes 7 species of fossil horse now known to have lived in North America, although until quite recently it was generally believed that there were none indigenous to the continent.

AN OLD-FASHIONED SNOW Storm, the first of the season, visited Rhode Island, on Tuesday, Dec. 1st, beginning before daylight in the morning, and continuing throughout the day.

### CENTRAL TIMES BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ARCHITECTS—C. Graham & Son.  
ATTORNEYS—E. W. & N. Runyon, J. B. Coward, BECK—Scribner & Thompson.  
BOOKS AND STATIONERY—Francis & Loutrel.  
CLOTHING—J. M. & S. Vermorel, Halsey, Hunter & Halsey, R. Dunham, J. M. Scholtz, Derrin & Co.  
CARRIAGE MAKING—C. A. Price, J. B. Brown.  
CROCKERY—W. L. Garrett & Co.  
CIVIL ENGINEERING—J. W. Soper & Co.  
CARPETS & MATTRESSES—DeGraaf & Taylor.  
DRY GOODS—Pickell & Ramsey, Pope, Farns & Murphy, Woodruff & Co., E. F. Williams.  
DRUGS—Wm. H. Voorhees, Marlowe & Reynolds, J. C. Sutphen.  
DENTISTRY—C. H. Clark, F. S. Wells.  
EXPRESS—Hops's.  
FURNITURE, &c.—O. Runyon, DeGraaf & Taylor.  
FURS—Pickell & Ramsey, Corey & Stewart, M. Vermorel, E. T. Case, I. R. Squier.  
FANCY & DRY GOODS—M. S. Conklin, Parker & Co., Wm. H. Scholtz, Jr., LeBoutillon Bros.  
FLOUR & FEED—P. M. French & Sons, Rogers & Hubbard, E. J. Hamman.  
GLIDER—F. Seagr.  
GROCERIES—Woodruff & Co., Shortwell & Garrettson, Gardner & Cutler, Thomas R. Ayer.  
HOIST & SIGN PAINTING—Martin Gile.  
HARDWARE—Berry & Thorn, C. O. Meeker, J. M. C. Smith.  
HATTERS—M. Vermorel, Corey & Stewart, E. T. Case, I. R. Squier.  
HAIR RESTORER—Mrs. S. A. Allen.  
INSURANCE AGENTS—Z. Webster, J. A. Strunk.  
LIFE INS. COMPANIES—Ashbury, Homoeopathic, Commercial.  
JANNEY, LIME, PLASTER & COAL—T. W. Young & Co., Ross & Thackston, W. S. Cook, L. D. Cook & Co.  
LAND IMPROVEMENT CO.—A. B. Hops.  
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MEAT MARKET—Ludley Gardner.  
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PLASTERERS—J. McHenry, E. C. Mulford.  
PLUMBERS & GAS FITTERS—W. L. Garrett & Co., J. C. Thompson.  
PLANNING MILL—Hedges & Hubbard, M. M. Foster, Spurr & Stone.  
PHYCIANS—C. H. Hillman, H. H. Lewis, J. C. Sutphen.  
PLAIDS—Haines Bros., Burton Watson.  
REAL ESTATE—A. D. Mellick Jr. & Bro., Harris, Ott, Vail & Co., Brock & Marsh, J. M. Rogers.  
REMOVAL—Randolph & Haybert.  
SAIL & HORN MARKS—Rogers & Hubbard, M. M. Foster, Spurr & Stone, Underdunk & Fisher.  
SEWING MACHINES—J. T. Ellis.  
SAVINGS BANKS—Plainfield, Irving's.  
SCHOOLS FOR YOUNG LADIES—Plainfield College, Duxellen Academy.  
SURVEYING—N. Vans.  
SUTHERLANDS—M. Schlab.  
TOLUENO & COGNAC—J. M. Steiner.  
UNION-STEERING—O. Runyon, I. E. Walraven.  
VEGETABLE MARKET—Parker's.  
WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.—T. Y. Bainbridge.  
WEATHER STRIPS—M. Bird.  
YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.  
FOR SALE AND RENT.  
FARM AND HOUSES.  
LEGAL AND SPECIAL NOTICES.  
For all the above see advertisements.  
DIRECTORS OF FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PLAINFIELD—Z. Webster, E. W. Runyon, J. Berry, J. D. Tipworth, John Simpson, Wm. McIlwain, Correll, L. S. Dunham, Jeremiah Vandevanter, Manning Stelle.

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DIVIDEND.  
FIRST NATIONAL BANK, Dec. 8th, 1888.  
THE Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of Five per cent., payable on or after January 6th, 1889.  
C. PARSE, Cashier.

### Election of Directors.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, Dec. 3rd, 1888.  
THE ANNUAL ELECTION of Nine Directors for this Bank for the ensuing year will be held at their Banking House on Tuesday, January 12th, 1889. Polls open from 1 to 3 P. M.  
C. PARSE, Cashier.

### LAING'S HALL.

Thursday evening at 7 o'clock, and Friday and Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.  
T. J. GILLIES, Auctioneer.  
WILL SELL AT PUBLIC SALE a Large and Well Selected Stock of

### Dry & Fancy Goods,

### Gents' Furnishing Goods.

This is to be a large sale and we hope all will improve the opportunity of attending.

### PARKER'S STEREOPTICON!

### PAINTINGS

Enlarged on Canvases, and illuminated by a Powerful Light.

### In the Methodist Church.

Thursday Evening, Dec. 10th.

### Views in the Holy Land.

### Dissolving Views!

Highly colored and tastefully selected. Laughable Dramatic and Movable Pictures, combined with Ventrioloquism. Shook by the Magneto-Electrical Machine. To commence at 7 1/2 o'clock. Admission 25 cents; Children 15 cents. Tickets at the door, and of Wm. Williams, at the Post Office.

### NEWARK SAVINGS INSTITUTION.

Office Nos. 311 & 313 Broad St., COR. MECHANIC ST.  
OPEN DAILY (EXCEPT HOLIDAYS) FROM 10 A. M. TO 4 P. M.  
NEWARK, N. J., December 3d, 1888.

### DIVIDEND.

This Institution has declared a Dividend of three and a half per cent. for the last six months (being at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum), free from all taxes, payable on and after January 25th. Interest not drawn will itself draw interest as principal from January 1st.  
A large accumulated surplus is the guaranty to the funds of this old Institution of the regularity and certainty of dividends.  
Money deposited on or before January 21, 1889, will draw interest from Jan. 1st.  
A German Clerk always in attendance.  
Dec. 10-12.  
DANIEL BODD, Treasurer.

### BOARDING.

THREE OR FOUR GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with good board, in a private family. Apply in Seventh street, fourth house from Peace street.  
21227

### \$50,000 TO LOAN.

ON unincumbered real estate. Apply to  
H. W. ABBOTT,  
1201m  
New Brunswick, N. J.

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### COREY & STEWART,

### Wholesale & Retail

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN



### S,

### Caps, Furs & Straw Goods.

### LADIES' & CHILDREN'S ROUND HATS

OF THE BEST QUALITY & STYLE.

WE wish to call the particular attention of the public to the fact that we are strictly adhering to the principle established 25 years ago by J. W. COREY, of giving the people the FULL WEIGHT of THEIR MONEY, and in doing that they may satisfy themselves of the fact, will allow them 30 days to examine Goods purchased, and if not as represented will be taken back and the money refunded.

### COREY & STEWART,

Hatters & Furriers, 252 BROAD ST. 252 Just above the Post Office, Newark, N. J.

### Pork! Auction!

### IMPROVE YOUR STOCK

T. J. GILLIES, Auctioneer.

WILL sell at Laing's Hotel, on MONDAY, 11th DECEMBER, 1888, at 2 o'clock, 15 M.

### Eighteen Hogs and Eight Pigs,

Of the White Chester Stock. Anyone desiring a number of some that will come in early in January. The balance being retained, and the lot for Pork, and now in the time to procure it.

Farmers, attend, and secure the best breed of hogs in the country.

Terms—Cash.

### A Very Fine Family Horse

### FOR SALE.

Gentle in every way, in harness or under saddle, easy keeper, and will stand anywhere without tiring. Apply to  
D. DEAN DOW.

### THE NEW YORK OBSERVER

Is now publishing a NEW SERIES, STORIES, to run through a large part of the next volume, entitled

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All New Subscribers will get the story complete. We send GROVER & BAKER'S 800 Series Machine for EIGHTEEN New Subscribers for \$100.

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### PHILADELPHIA.

IS ONE OF THE LARGEST AND MOST PLEASANTLY LOCATED IN THE CITY.

### EVERY ACCOMMODATION

Is afforded with the comfort and happiness of permanent guests.

### Fine Table and Attentive Waiters

J. B. BUTTERWORTH & CO.,

PROPRIETORS.

### PLAINFIELD COLLEGE FOR YOUNG LADIES.

THE Proprietors of this Institution desire to call the attention of those interested in the education of daughters to the fact that their school is now in successful operation, having opened Sept. 21. The building has been entirely refitted and refurnished, and the accommodations for boarding pupils are not second to those of any similar school.

The Institution is wholly NON-SECTARIAN in its character, and its aim will be to furnish Young Ladies the best facilities for obtaining a thorough practical and ornamental education.

### A Preparatory Department

Is connected with the College for the instruction of such as are not sufficiently advanced to enter College classes.

PURSES RECEIVED AT ANY TIME.

For particulars see circular, or address the Proprietors at the College on Seventh street.

D. D. PICKETT, A. M.

Miss E. E. KENYON, A. M.

### MARLOWE & REYNOLDS,

### APOTHECARIES,

Bank Building, Front St. COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

Pure Drugs and Chemicals.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c.

PRESCRIPTIONS correctly compounded.

PURE WIN



## DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, &amp;c.

**R. DUNHAM,**  
**MERCHANT TAILOR,**  
 FRONT STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.  
 I am still fighting away on this line, and in selling clothing at VERY CHEAP PRICES, having received and is receiving daily a splendid line of

**Hats and Caps,**  
**FALL & WINTER GOODS,**  
 SUCH AS

CLOTHS,  
 CASSIMERES,  
 VESTINGS, &c.

**Mens' Furnishing Goods!**  
 A Splendid Stock of all kinds. Also,

**READY-MADE CLOTHING,**  
 HIS OWN MAKE.

BECK AS  
 Black Cloth All-Wool Suits, \$12.00 to \$18.00  
 Cloth Sacks, All Wool, 7.00  
 Black Cas. Pants All-Wool, 5.00 to 6.00  
 All-Wool Tweed Suits, 7.50  
 Harris' Cassimere Suits, 14.00  
 Cheap Satisfactory Pants, 2.00 to 4.00  
 All-Wool Cassimere Pants, 4.00  
 &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

Having determined to keep the Trade at home instead of going to Newark and elsewhere, is willing to compare Prices and quality with any house in the State.

**Customer Work**  
 MADE IN THE BEST STYLE,

**And Warranted to Fit**  
**Boys' and Childrens' Clothing**  
 ALWAYS ON HAND.

REPAIRING, CLEANING AND SCOURING done at short notice on reasonable terms.

R. DUNHAM.

**J. M. & S. S. VERMEULE,**  
**MERCHANT TAILORS,**

HAVE RECEIVED THEIR

**FALL & WINTER**

**STOCK,**

And are ready to furnish their customers with

**READY-MADE**

**CLOTHING,**

Or to make suits to order in the

**Latest Styles.**

Full assortment of

**FURNISHING GOODS,**

Always on hand. Umbrellas, Backskin Gloves, &c.

Call at the Old Stand,  
 FRONT STREET, PLAINFIELD.

**Dry Goods & Fancy Store,**  
**MRS. S. C. CONKLIN,**  
 Front Street, Plainfield.

Merinoes, Hosiery,  
 Empress Cloths, Gloves,  
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 Delaine, Laces,  
 Gingham, Ribbons,  
 Calico, Velvets,  
 Muslin, Satin,  
 Flannels, Muslin Edging,  
 Diaper Toweling, Inserting,  
 Shawls, Real Lace,  
 Bathing Skirts, Corsets & Tassels,  
 Misses' Ladies' and Gents' KID GLOVES. Full  
 assortment of Childrens' Ladies' and Gents' Under-  
 garments. Woolen Yarn, all colors. Large as-  
 sortment of the best Worsted—also full line of Notions.  
 &c. The latest and most desirable styles of Hoop  
 Skirts and Corsets.

**GARDNER & CUTTER,**  
 Successors to WALKER & MOFFETT,  
 At the Old Stand of Wm. Dray.

FRONT STREET, PLAINFIELD.

DEALERS IN

**DRY GOODS,**

**Groceries & Provisions,**

Inform their friends and the public that they will keep on hand a complete assortment of

STAPLE DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,  
 And a large assortment of every description of

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**PARKER'S MARKET**

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**FRESH VEGETABLES,**

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Fresh Every Morning.

The public are invited to call and price his goods, as he is selling CHEAP for

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Goods delivered in any part of the town, daily.

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**POPE,**

**PARSE**

**&**

**MUNDY**

**ARE**

**RECEIVING DAILY**

**FALL & WINTER**

**GOODS**

**OF ALL KINDS,**

**AND**

Invite your attention be-

fore purchasing

elsewhere.

**POPE, PARSE & MUNDY.**

**NEW GOODS**

**AT**

**WOODRUFF'S & CO.,**

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**GOODS**

**OF THE CHOICEST AND MOST**

**Fashionable Varieties,**

**JUST RECEIVED!**

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**A General Assortment**

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**JOHN M. SCHORR'S**

**Clothing & Dry Goods**

**STORE,**

FRONT STREET, PLAINFIELD.

WHERE his old friends and customers will find

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**NEW STOCK**

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CLOTHS,

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Gents' Furnishing Goods,

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**Muslin, Prints, Tick, Stripes,**

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SELL AS CHEAP AS USUAL.

With many thanks for past favors, I remain,

Very Respectfully, JOHN M. SCHORR.

**HOUSE & SIGN PAINTING.**

The subscriber still continues his business in

FRONT STREET, NEAR SOMERSET,

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where he will be happy to supply his customers as usual with

**Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c.**

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(Plaster and Decorative.)

Rooms papered in all styles, and all work warranted to be done in the best manner.

MARTIN GILES.

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**LAND SURVEYORS.**

**Farms, Lots, Roads, &c.**

Surveyed, and Lines Located.

Old Commissioners' Lines Established, and Disputed

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**Land Laid Out**

INTO STREETS, LOTS, &c.

**Serpentine Roads and Landscape Engineering.**

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Levels taken for Profiles and Cross-Sections for Ex-

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STREETS, RAILS, &c.

**EXCAVATIONS,**

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**SUPERINTENDED.**

**TRIGONOMETRIC SURVEYS MADE.**

Shore Lines, Harbors and River Points

Located and Soundings Taken.

Maps, Plans, Profiles, &c. of Surveys and Im-

provements made with specifications, when required.

Office on Main St., cor. of Cherry,

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**HAINES BROS.**

**CELEBRATED**

**PIANOS**

are conceded to be equal to any made.

They make several sizes and styles

suitable for the taste and

means of all classes.

**Every Style Guaranteed.**

As a proof and guarantee of their superiority, and

furnishing the best reason for their popularity.

See Internal Revenue Return for

1866, sworn to—830 Pianos sold;

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Prices Moderate, and for Sale on

easy terms.

**New Pianos to Rent**

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**WAREHOUSES:**

**46 East-14th St., Union Square.**

**FACTORIES:**

**356 to 372 Second Avenue,**

**Corner 21st Street.**

These Pianos are for sale in Plainfield by

A. VANDERBEEK, Agent.

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**C. GRAHAM & SON,**

**ARCHITECTS**

AND

**Building Superintendents.**

PLANS,

ELEVATIONS,

SPECIFICATIONS

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**DRAWINGS**

MADE FOR BUILDINGS OF ALL KINDS.

OFFICE—Central Rail Road Building, Second Story,

ELIZABETH, N. J.

For Particulars requiring further information may

leave orders at the office of the Central Times.

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**CROCKERY, CHINA,**

**GLASS,**

**Plated Ware,**

**GAS FIXTURES**

AND

**LAMPS,**

AT

**W. L. GAVETT & CO.'S,**

CHERRY ST., NEAR SECOND.

**THOMAS R. ACNEW,**

**260 & 262 Greenwich Street,**

**CORNER OF MURRAY ST.,**

**NEW YORK.**

Has reduced the price of TEA, COFFEES, SU-

GAR, FLOUR and all kinds of GROCERIES.

From 10 to 20 per Cent.

BEST JAPAN TEA, 10 Cents.

BEST ENGLISH BREAKFAST TEA, 10 Cents.

SPLENDID OOLONG TEA, 10 Cents.

COFFEES, ROASTED AND GROUND, 10 Cents.

1,000 Barrels FLOUR, all grades.

1,000 Barrels MOLASSES, N. O. and P. R.

THOMAS R. ACNEW occupies his new store,

corner the property, and has no doubt to pay,

and buys exclusively for Cash; hence gave a note in

his life, consequently can undersell any house in the

city.

## SELECTIONS.

**Home and Friends.**

O there's a power to make each hour  
 As sweet as heaven design'd it;  
 Nor need we roam to bring it home.  
 Though few there be that find it.  
 We seek too high for things close by.  
 And lose what nature found us.  
 For life hath here no charms so dear  
 As home and friends around us.

We oft destroy the present joy  
 For future hopes—and praise them;  
 Whilst flowers as sweet bloom at our feet.  
 If we'd but stoop to raise them;  
 For things afar still sweetest are;  
 When youth's bright spell hath bound us:  
 But soon we're taught the earth hath  
 Naught  
 Like home and friends around us.

The friends that spend in time of need,  
 When hope's last seed is shaken,  
 Do show us still, that, come what will,  
 We are not quite forsaken.  
 Though all were right, if but the light  
 From friendship's altar crown'd us.  
 'Twould prove the bliss of earth was this—  
 Our home and friends around us.

—Socin.

**Overwork and Underwork.**

The majority of mankind need no caution against overwork. Where work kills one, the want of work kills ten, the fires of passion consume twenty, sinful indulgence destroys fifty. In cases where work seems to undermine health, it is not so often that the labor is too much, as the faulty way in which it is done, the spirit in which it is performed. Labor, to be permanently endurable must be healthy; that is, it must be adapted to the mental and physical capacities of the worker, and especially if brain labor, it must be pleasing. It must not be allowed to trench upon sleep; to interfere with the regular and deliberate taking of food, nor prevent a proper amount of recreation and exercise. Those who write upon this subject rarely look beyond the surface of the matter. Dyspepsia is traced to hasty meals and want of exercise, softening of the brain to excessive thinking, and so on. The why the meals are hasty, or the brain overtaxed, seems to escape notice.

It were easy to get a hint that would lead to the real truth—if the same superficial observation did not prevent it—from the exceptionable cases; the men whose brows are sunny and unseamed; whose laugh is hearty and ringing, notwithstanding they perform an amount of work which seems almost incredible to those whose own toils are so onerous that it passes their conception how flesh, and blood, and mind, could possibly endure more. The healthiest men we know are those who do not work the hardest, but do the most work. There is no paradox about this: Every business man sees among his employees examples of men who work hard yet accomplish but little, others who easily accomplish much.

How is this to be explained? Much is attributable to the want of system on the part of the inefficient, more than to the want of the proper spirit. Nervous irritability is the greatest weakness of American character. It is the sharp grit which aggravates friction and cuts out the bearings of the entire human machine. Nine out of every ten men we meet are in a chronic state of annoyance. The least untoward thing sets them in a state of ferment. Impatience is the poison that heats the blood and ruins stomachs, more than excess of pepper and mustard. Every machinist knows that when a journal begins to cut, there is no help but to stop and cool it off, if ruin is to be avoided. Let it go on and it cuts faster and faster, till the crash comes. We are less wise as regards ourselves. We allow ourselves to fret, and to acquire the habit of fretting until fretting becomes chronic. We fret while we eat, and while we ought to sleep, and by fretting, rob nature of needful rest.

The machinist, when he finds his machinery squeaking, applies the oil; if the bearings have become so hot as to endanger the works, he stops and allows them to cool. The human machine should be treated in a like manner. It should be kept well oiled and cool.

What is the oil that will stop the squeaking—the lubricator that will keep the machinery from heating? Dickens has given us the formula in the words of his inimitable Mark Tapley: "Keep jolly." Good humor is what will keep digestion perfect and the brain from softening, while it will at the same time, keep the heart from hardening. We know a man who does, daily, an amount of work, the mere contemplation of which would give some of our nervous friends a fit of hysterics. We have seen his desk loaded down before his arrival at his office, with a mass of matter which would have made our neighbor Steward fret, turn three shades more sallow than is his wont, if it did not bring on an attack of jaundice outright. He did not go into hysterics, nor get bilious, he only laughed a good, hearty, rollicking laugh at the good joke of supposing one good-humored pair of hands could get through with such a stack of business in a single day. And then to turn the joke from himself, he went at it, put it all through in good style, and had his hearty laugh again, at the end of it, and went home self-satisfied and content. No danger of his getting dyspeptic for his brain softening; he keeps his machinery oiled.

He is not one of those described by Hood.

"Marked all life and temper and spirit;  
 Where other people would make themselves  
 He turned his true face to the public."

He will outlive two such, and do the work of four. His sleep will always be blest with the "Golden dreams that make men awake hungry."—*Scientific American.*

**AN EMPEROR'S WIFE.**—Precisely the way in which the present emperor of Austria made the acquaintance of his wife is thus related by a newspaper gentleman: In the winter of 1852, then fourteen, she was at Dresden, skating with her sisters. Suddenly an old woman, carrying on her back a load of brushwood, slipped and fell on the ice. The young princess, followed by a gentleman in a white uniform, hastened toward her to lift her up. They arrived at about the same moment, though the princess was the first to seize the arm of the old woman. When she had put the latter on her feet again, she turned toward the officer, who was no other than the young emperor of Austria, and asked him to lead the old woman, who had seriously injured herself, to the shore. Francis Joseph, dazzled by the surpassing beauty of the young creature, with her flushed face, eyes beaming with kindness, and handsome skating dress, did as she told him, but returned immediately to chat with her. He then ascertained that she was a cousin of his, and although she was almost a child yet, determined to marry her.

**USE OF LEMONS.**—When persons are feverish and thirsty beyond what is natural, indicated in some cases by a metallic taste in the mouth, especially after drinking water, or by a whitish appearance of the greater part of the surface of the tongue, one of the best "coolers," internal or external, is to take a lemon, cut off the top, sprinkle over it some loaf-sugar, working it downward into the lemon with a spoon and then suck it slowly, squeezing the lemon and adding more sugar as the acidity increases from being brought up from a lower point. Invalids with feverishness may take two or three lemons a day in this manner with the most marked benefit, manifested by a sense of coolness, comfort, and invigoration. A lemon or two thus taken at "tea-time," as an entire substitute for the ordinary "supper" of summer, would give many a man a comfortable night's sleep and an awakening of rest and invigoration, with an appetite for breakfast, to which they are strangers who will have their cup of tea or supper or "relish" and "cake" and berries, or peaches and cream.—*Hall's Journal of Health.*

**TACTICS FOR CHURCH GOERS.**—The following on "Church Etiquette," is not much of an exaggeration of what sometimes happens, after services have begun, to the edification of the curious in the congregation, and for the comfort of the nerves of the pulpit: "Let the lady advance one pace beyond the door of the pew she wishes to enter, half about face, and salute. The pew must then be vacated by such gentlemen as are in it, by flank movement. The squad should rise simultaneously when the lady presents herself, and face by the right flank, then deploy into the aisle, the head man facing the lady, and the rest passing to his right and rear, the direction of the line being changed by a right counter-march



## BUILDING MATERIAL.

## LUMBER!

T. W. YOUNG &amp; CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

## LUMBER

## Building Material

CORNER OF PEACE STREET AND THE RAILROAD,

Opposite the Friends' Meeting House

## PLAINFIELD.

## WELL SEASONED

First class Pine, Spruce and Hemlock Lumber, siding, Barn Enclosure, Shingles, Boards and Plank. Pine and spruce Flooring, Fencing Strips, Square and Headed Pickets, Railings, Fence and Arbor Posts, Sheathing, worked and unworked, Hemlock Boards, Timber, Joist, and Scantling, Ceiling Lath, &c., &c., &c.

## LIME, PLASTER &amp; CEMENT

## Frames for Buildings

PROMPTLY CUT TO ORDER.

Being MANUFACTURERS of, as well as Dealers in Lumber, we feel assured that all who favor us with their patronage will be suited as regards quality and price. Please give us a call.

-ALSO-

Sole Agents for New Jersey of

## WYCKOFF'S PATENT WOODEN

## GAS AND WATER PIPES,

## Eave Troughs and Conductors.

These Pipes combine strength, durability, and are less expensive than other kinds. Our Wooden Eave Trough, half round on inside and outside, for every description of buildings, are sold at half the price of tin, and will last longer if treated with same care. We will send Circular and Price List to persons living at a distance, on application.

T. W. YOUNG &amp; CO.

Remember the place.

PEACE STREET, OPPOSITE THE FRIENDS' MEETING HOUSE.

## LARGE STOCK

OF

## LUMBER

AT

BOUND BROOK, N. J.

THE subscribers now offer the Public the largest assortment of

## LUMBER

in the country, direct from the Mills of

## Canada and Michigan.

The choicest pine producing country in the world, at prices that DEFY COMPETITION.

Our Stock embraces every variety of

## PINE, SPRUCE

AND

## HEMLOCK BOARDS,

PLANKS, FLOORING,

## Fencing, Shingles, &amp;c.,

STARR, CEDAR &amp; CYPRESS

## SHINGLES,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

With every other article looked for in a well kept Lumber Yard.

## Frame Timber Cut to Order.

## LUMBER PLANED AND SAWED

In every Size or Shape desired.

Lumber shipped to any point on the Central Railroad and its connections, and the Delaware &amp; Baltimore Canal.

## WHOLESALE.

We would especially call the attention of Dealers to our stock of Michigan and Canada Pine, which is very superior, and at Albany prices, Freight added.

L. D. COOK &amp; CO.

LEWIS D. COOK,  
BENJAMIN E. YOUNG,  
GIDEON R. GILES

Bound Brook, Sept. 24, 1868.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

## VOORHEES' POPULAR

## Drug and Medicine Store,

FRONT ST., OPPOSITE FOUNTAIN'S BAKERY,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

WOULD respectfully invite the attention of the Public to his select assortment of

## Pure Drugs, Medicines, CHEMICALS, ETC.,

together with a large assortment of FANCY AND USEFUL ARTICLES pertaining to the business.

## Physicians Prescriptions

and FAMILY RECIPES accurately prepared. Long experience in this important branch in First Prescription Store of New York City.

## BOTANIC MEDICINES

IN FULL VARIETY.

ALL THE GENUINE POPULAR

## Patent Medicines

OF THE DAY.

## WINES &amp; LIQUORS

FOR MEDICINAL USE ONLY.

Scotch Ale and London Porter.

Strict personal attention and Pure Medicines.

WM. H. VOORHEES.

## BRICK! BRICK!

Wholesale and Retail, by

## SCRIBNER &amp; THOMPSON.

The Public, and particularly

## Builders and Contractors,

Are informed that they have now on hand a full supply of

## Hard, Salmon, Paving and Filling in Brick.

An experience of more than thirty years, with increased facilities for making Brick, enables us to furnish a GOOD ARTICLE at MODERATE PRICES.

Orders left at Wm. S. Cook's Lumber Yard, or sent through the Post Office, or left at the Brick Yard, will receive prompt attention.

## T. Y. BAINBRIDGE,

OFFERS INDUCEMENTS TO BUYERS OF

## WATCHES, CLOCKS,

## JEWELRY, PLATED WARE, OR

## Fancy Dry Goods,

At his well known Store on Front St. near the Bank, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

HE IS SELLING

Handsome Gold Watches at \$45 00

Silver Lever " " \$5 to 15 00

Cylinder " " 3 to 10 00

Sleeve Buttons, 25c. 30c. 35c.

Sets, 50c. to \$40 00

## Mourning Jewelry,

Chains, Rings, and other articles; a larger assortment than any town in this state, and

## REPAIRING

WELL DONE AT SHORT NOTICE.

## FANCY DRY GOODS.

Sewing Silk, Zephyr Worsted, Colored Yarn, Buttons, Collars, Gents' Ties, Patterns, Hosery, &amp;c., &amp;c., &amp;c.

Which will be sold CHEAPER than in any Store in Plainfield or Elizabeth.

Call and see for yourselves.

Also, AGENT FOR

Station Island Fancy Dyeing Establishment.

T. Y. BAINBRIDGE.

sept. 30/1

## C. A. PRICE,

## Carriage Manufactory,

MECHANIC STREET, NEAR FRONT,

## PLAINFIELD.

Where will always be found on hand

## Carriages, Sulkeys, Sleighs, &amp;c.,

of every style, for sale on reasonable terms. Also, orders filled at short notice. Every branch of the business, such as

## Blacksmithing, Painting,

## TRIMMING, &amp;c.,

under the charge and supervision of the Proprietor.

Repairs promptly attended to.

All work warranted to give satisfaction.

Orders solicited.

## MARBLE MANTELS!

Marble Mantels!

## GEO. MCGHEE,

MANUFACTURER OF

## Marble Mantels,

192 BROAD STREET,

ELIZABETH, N. J.

One and a half blocks from Railroad Depot.

THE subscriber would respectfully invite the attention of Architects, Builders, and the public generally to his large and elegant stock of Marble Mantels in Italian and American Marbles, at 50 per cent. less than the New York prices. Grate Frames and Summer Pieces complete. Made to suit the opening of Marble Buildings. Can also see, on view, a selection of Marbleized State Mantels.

Agency for Philadelphia Marbleized State Company.

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## REAL ESTATE,

26 Pine Street,

NEW YORK.

OFFER FOR SALE AT ALL POINTS ON

THE LINE OF THE CENTRAL RAIL-

ROAD OF NEW JERSEY.

## HOUSES,

LOTS,

## COUNTRY SEATS,

## AND FARMS,

ALSO,

## ELIGIBLE BUILDING SITES,

FRONTING ON WIDE STREETS AND

AVENUES, LOCATED AT

## Greenville,

## Bergen Point,

## Fanwood Park, (Scotch Plains)

## Dunellen, (New Market.)

## Houses Erected to Order

ESPECIAL ATTENTION IS GIVEN TO PROP-

ERTY IN THE VICINITY OF

## PLAINFIELD.

WE ARE NOW OFFERING A GREAT NUMBER

OF VILLAGE RESIDENCES, COUNTRY

SEATS AND FARMS IN THIS VICINITY,

MANY OF WHICH ARE PLACED

## Bergen Neck.

TO PARTIES DESIRING TO PURCHASE

LAND AS AN INVESTMENT we would

call attention to property situated on

## Newark &amp; N. York R. R.

as at present offering unusual inducements for investment.

We are offering For Sale in Hunterdon County, a large number of

## CHEAP FARMS,

that we should be very glad to show any parties who are desirous of purchasing with the intention of Farming as a living.

The country round about

## WHITE HOUSE, LEBANON AND CLINTON.

Being as Productive as any in the State, but being a little beyond where the attention of New Yorkers has been turned, farms can be purchased at least fifty per cent. less than in counties nearer the city.

Descriptive Lists issued the first of March and September of each year, complete with time tables, maps, and detailed descriptions of the farms and villages, and the property we are offering for sale.

All Property placed in our hands for sale will be examined by us and

## Advertised at our Expense,

but property placed exclusively in our hands will receive special attention, and be more thoroughly advertised.

Insurance effected in New York Co.

## MONEY LOANED ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

## HOUSES

In New York and Brooklyn

TO EXCHANGE FOR

## COUNTRY PROPERTY.

## CHARGES:

Commission when sale is effected, 2 1/2 per cent.

Commission when tenant is secured, 5 per cent.

Commission when loan is effected, 5 per cent.

No charge for effecting Insurance.

Ap 22-71

## REVIEW.

## Sketch of Maurice de Guérin.

EXTRACT FROM MEMOIR BY MARIE DE GUÉRIN.

Born on the fifth of August, 1810, under the beautiful sky of the South, of an ancient family, noble and poor, Maurice de Guérin, a dreamer from his childhood, turned early toward religious ideas, and inclined, without effort, to the thought of the ecclesiastical profession.

He was not yet twelve, when, in the early days of January, 1822, he left for the first time—poor exiled bird! his turrets of Cayla, and arrived at Toulouse, to carry on his studies. I believe, at the little Seminary. He came to Paris to complete them, at Stanislas College. It was on his departure from there, after having hesitated some time, after having returned to his family and seen his sisters and their friends, that, disturbed, sensitive, and even, it is suspected, secretly wounded, he went to La Chenaie to seek repose, forgetfulness, rather than to carry forth the religious vocation, already a well-travelled profession, and very uncertain.

He had loved, he had wept and sung his sorrows during a season passed in his beautiful South, the last before his departure for La Chenaie. La Chenaie, "that species of oasis in the midst of the steppes of Brittany," where, in front of the castle stretches a vast garden, cut by a terrace planted with lindens, with a little chapel at the back, was the retreat of M. de Lamenais; and he was accustomed to have about him four or five young persons, who, in this country life, prosecuted their studies zealously, in a spirit of piety, of contemplation, and of generous liberty.

Guérin arrived at La Chenaie in winter, in the depths of the dead season, when everything is stripped, when the forests are of a rust color, under that sky of Brittany which is always cloudy, and so low that it seems ready to crush you; but let spring come, the sky lifts, the woods renew their life, and all smiles again.

Although heartily devoted to Brittany, which he calls *the good country*, the child of the South; awakens at times in Guérin; *Monn* recalls the blue sky, and the land where the olives bloom. The ignominy of La Chenaie is not deluded by these sylvan pageants, and rural beauties, which are always so prone, in that region, again to become dry and harsh.

One morning in the midst of June, the fine weather has vanished, one knows not whether the west wind, like a shepherd, driving before him his numberless flocks of clouds, permeates everywhere, and the contrast, moreover, is painful; and even when there is sunshine, in her days of high festival, the summer of Brittany has always, to his feeling, something gloomy, veiled, shut in. It is like a miser making a display; there is churlishness in his magnificence.

"Give me our sky of Languedoc, so lavish in light, so blue, so widely arched!" Thus cries, in these days, almost like an exile, he who dreams of his soft nest at Cayla and at Roche d'Onelle.

The last days which Guérin passed at La Chenaie, were full of pleasure, but a pleasure that was often disturbed; he felt, in fact, that this life of retirement was drawing to a close, and that the vacation would bring for him the necessity of making a decision. He enjoyed so much the more, when his imagination permitted, the uniform and deep calm of the last hours.

On leaving La Chenaie, in the tender home circle of Hippolyte de la Morvonnais and his young wife, he enjoyed some months of perfect peace. But it was for Guérin to tear himself from his solitude, where he was on the point of forgetting himself and of tasting too freely the fruit of the lotus.

In a last walk, on a smiling winter afternoon on those cliffs, along the path which so many times had led him thither, through the boxwood and the hazels, he breathes out his adieu and carries away all he can of the soul of things. The next day he is at Caen; a few days after, at Paris. His timid nature, as trembling and shrinking as that of a frightened deer, experiences, on his arrival, a secret horror. He distrusts himself, he fears mankind.

His friends struggled as far as possible against this dispirited temper, whose attacks he set forth to them at times, its interior flow and reflow, with an exquisite delicacy, with a startling distinctness. They thought at one time to make him accept a chair of Comparative Literature, which there was some talk of founding at the College of Juilly; but this idea was never carried out, and Guérin was obliged to content himself with a temporary class in the College Stanislas, and with some lessons which he gave here and there. This provision made for actual necessities, Guérin took himself all the more in leisure hours to the life of the soul and of fancy; he overflooded with his peculiar spirit.

But soon the air of Paris, which he must needs traverse every day, reacted upon this flora of twenty-four years. The attraction of the world gradually won him; new friendships were formed, which, without destroying the old, cast them insensibly into the background.

Preserving all the delicacies of his heart, his impressions of the country and of landscape which he revised from time to time in hurried visits, Guérin, divided henceforth between two worships, the *God of cities* and the *God of deserts*, was the better prepared to take up art, and to venture upon the composition of a work. He continued, it is true, to write in his journal that he believed himself without talent; he demonstrated it to himself in his best way, in his subtle and charming pages, which pages themselves proved the existence of his talent. But when he ventured to say these things to his friends, intellectual men, workers of sprightly wit and animation, he was unmercifully rallied and taunted, and, what is better, he was re-assured against himself; he unconsciously borrowed their activity and boldness. And it is thus that he at last entered into his full power.

A first phase was opening for his talent. But the artist, in the presence of his ideal temple, made only the statue for the threshold; he was to fall at the outset of his career. Happy in a recent marriage with a young and beautiful creole, secure henceforth of a home and leisure, he was attacked by a vital disorder, which made only too clear the source of his habitual weakness. One understood then the persistent lament of this rich nature; the germs of destruction and premature death which were sown in the core of his organism, in the roots of life, were frequently transferred to his moral nature by this feeling of inexpressible discouragement and exhaustion. This lovely young man, borne dying to the South, expired in the summer of 1839, at the moment when he beheld again his native sky, and when he regained in it all the freshness of early tenderness and religion. The guardian angels of home watched playfully over his pillow, and consoled his last look. He was only twenty-nine years old.

## Every Day Life of Lord Bacon.

During meditation he often had music in another room, by which his fancy was enlivened. He had many little whims and peculiarities, some of which may excite a smile. For instance, in spring he would go out for a drive in an open coach while it rained, to receive (in the quiet language of Aubrey) "the benefit of irrigation," which he was wont to say very wholeheartedly, because of the nitre in the air, and the universal spirit of the world. He had extraordinary notions respecting the virtue of nitre, and conceived it to be of inestimable value in the preservation of health. So great was his faith, that he swallowed three grains of that drug either alone or with saffron, in warm broth, every morning during thirty years! He seems to have been very fond of quacking himself; once a week he took a dose of the "water of Mithradate," diluted with strawberry water. Once a month at least, he made a point of swallowing a grain and a half "castor" in his broth and breakfast for two successive days. And every sixth or seventh day he drank an effusion of rhubarb in white wine and beer immediately before his dinner. He made it a point to take air in some high and open place every morning; the third hour after sunrise, and, if possible, he selected a spot where he could enjoy the perfume of musk, roses, and sweet violets. Besides thus breathing the pure air of nature, he was fumigated with the smoke of lign-alees, with dried hays and rosemary, adding once a week a little tobacco. On leaving his bed he was anointed all over with the oil of almonds mingled with salt and saffron, and this was followed by gentle friction. He was rather a hearty feeder, and when young, preferred game and poultry, but in after-life, gave the choice to butchers' meat, well beaten before roasted. At every meal his table was strewn with flowers and sweet herbs. Half an hour before supper, he took a cup of wine or ale, hot and spiced, and once during supper, wine in which gold had been quenched. The first draught which he drank at dinner or supper was always hot, and on retiring to bed, he ate a piece of bread steeped in amixture of wine, syrup of roses and amber, and washed it down with a cup of ale to compose his spirits and send him to sleep. In the spring he was fond of a glass of spiced pomegranate wine early in the morning, and greatly enjoyed water cresses. These little points may be unimportant in themselves, but they assist us in drawing a mental portrait of the man.—*Bentley's Miscellany.*

## MANUFACTURE OF ULTRAMARINE.

The method adopted in Paris for making this substance on a large scale, consists in grinding clay, sulphur and soda as fine as possible, washing and then grinding again after mixing; then washing again, drying and placing in muffle furnaces. The muffles are about three feet broad, six long, and two and a half high. The fire is first conducted under the muffle, and then through it, a red heat being kept up for about three weeks, during which time the ultramarine passes through the most varied shades of color. This is finally removed from the muffles, ground and washed, then mixed and burned with alabaster gypsum. In one establishment about sixty hundred weight of ultramarine is manufactured daily.

## The Bull—A Reminiscence.

In one way or another, his whole life seems to have been a round of excitement and adventure. Driven by his passion for music to quit the university of Christians, where he was studying for the church, he began his career as an artist at the age of 19. One of his first exploits was a duel in which his antagonist, a fellow musician, was mortally wounded. To escape the consequences of this affair he fled to Paris. There he fell into poverty, robbed of everything he had, even of his violin, and in his despair threw himself into the Seine. This attempt at suicide was the making of him. Being fished out of the water, his forlorn condition attracted the notice of a rich lady who had recently lost her son, and who fancied that she traced in the young violinist's features a resemblance to her dead child. She took him home, provided for his wants, and enabled him to make a professional tour, which placed him at once on the high road to fortune. The applause of the concert halls, however, could not satisfy his adventurous spirit.

He has managed, we believe, to have a share in nearly all of the European revolutions. He was badly wounded in the Paris insurrection of 1832, figured conspicuously in the movements of February, 1848, then hurried to Holland, where he had some more revolutionary experience, and went back to Paris to enjoy more still. He fought under the French in Algeria. He built a theatre at Bergen and brought out political dramas, which led to his arrest and financial ruin. Then, following an illustrious example, he laid down the fiddle and the bow, took up the implements of husbandry, and bought a great tract of land in Pennsylvania for the purpose of founding a Norwegian agricultural colony. This was in 1862. Hundreds of his countrymen followed him into the promised land, and a little town called Oleana was soon built by their industry, but the experiment was a disastrous failure, and the projector was ruined for the second time. Then he came to New York, took a lease of the just-finished Academy of Music, and in two months was ruined again. His career since then has been quieter, and we trust happier. He finds on his return to America many of his old admirers still ready to greet him, and a new generation of lovers of music to whom his name is a bright tradition.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

## THE PLEASURES OF AMUSEMENT AND

EXERCISE COMPARED.—Nor is that man less deceived that thinks to maintain a constant tenure of pleasure by a continual pursuit of sports and recreations. The most voluptuous and loose person breathing were he but tied to follow his hawks and his hounds, his dice and his courtships, every day would find it the greatest torment and calamity that could befall him; he would fly to the mines and galleys for his recreation, and to the spade and the mattock for a diversion from the misery of a continual, unintermitted pleasure. But, on the contrary, the providence of God has so ordered the course of things, that there is no action, the usefulness of which has made it the matter of duty and of a profession, but a man may bear the continual pursuit of it without loathing and satiety. The same shop and trade that employs a man in his youth, employs him also in his age. Every morning he rises fresh to his hammer and anvil; he passes the day singing; custom has naturalized his labor to him; his shop is his element, and he cannot, with any employment of himself, fire out of it.—*Dr. South.*

## PRESERVATION OF BOOKS.—A corres-

pondent of the *London Builder* says: "About twenty-five years ago I was annoyed by finding the backs of several rows of books, some in a book-case having glazed doors which were locked frequently mildewed. Wiping them carefully cleaned them only for a short time, for fresh crops of mildew speedily disfigured them again. Remembering to have seen my father, who always made his own ink, finish off by pouring a small glass of spirits of wine into the ink-jar, in order to prevent its becoming mouldy, I lightly washed over the backs and covers of the books with spirits of wine, using as a brush the feather of a goose-quill. I frequently saw the books during the next five years, and I have occasionally seen them since, and there has not so far as I am aware, been a single spot of mildew on them since the spirits of wine was applied. I have used spirits of wine to prevent mildew with equally good effect in other cases."

## THE CHARM OF THE MIND.—Personal

attraction may for a time fascinate and dazzle the eye. Beauty may please; but beauty alone never captivates. The lily droops, the rose withers, and beauty, sooner or later, must decay; but the charms of the mind are imperishable—they bud and bloom in youth, and continue to flourish as long as life remains. These, and these alone, are the charms that must and will forever enchant.

## Hook and one of his friends hap-

pened to come to a bridge, "Do you know who built this bridge," said he to Hook. "No, but if you go over you'll be told."

## THE CHARM OF THE MIND.—Personal

attraction may for a time fascinate and dazzle the eye. Beauty may please; but beauty alone never captivates. The lily droops, the rose withers, and beauty, sooner or later, must decay; but the charms of the mind are imperishable—they bud and bloom in youth, and continue to flourish as long as life remains. These, and these alone, are the charms that must



## Central New Jersey Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., THURSDAY, DEC. 10, 1868.

## CENTRAL TIMES

Rates of Advertising

PER SQUARE OF 10 LINES OR LESS.

	One week	1 month	3 months	6 months	One year
One Square, . . .	\$1 00	\$3 00	\$7 00	\$10 00	\$15 00
Quarter Column, . . .	50 00	\$1 50	\$3 50	\$5 00	\$7 50
Half Column, . . .	100 00	\$3 00	\$7 00	\$10 00	\$15 00
One Column, . . .	200 00	\$6 00	\$14 00	\$20 00	\$30 00

Marriage notices, 50 cents.  
Special Notices, 10 cents per line.  
Yearly and half-yearly advertisements may be charged quarterly without additional charge—often than this by special agreement.  
Legal advertisements inserted at the rates established by law.  
JOB PRINTING to order at reasonable rates, and executed in the neatest manner.

## OFFER.

To any one sending us the names of five new subscribers with the money in advance for one year, a copy of the TIMES will be sent free of charge with receipted bill.

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No notice will be taken of anonymous communications. The real name of the writer must accompany the article—not necessarily for publication, but as a guaranty of good faith.

## Labor And Fortune.

The desire for fortune is natural, and until it degenerates into that love of money which is the root of all evil, it is an appetite indicative of health in the mental constitution.

Labor bears the relation to fortune of parent to child.

The law of accumulation is based upon the law of labor.

The blessed curse, "In the sweat of thy face shalt thou eat bread" contains the universal principle of work and wages.

It is a good principle, as are all God-given principles. In practical operation it has clothed the earth with beauty and filled human hearts with glad content.

It is the only safe principle for guiding men in their accumulations; but it is a principle too often held in slight esteem at the present day.

To earn bread by some other way than the beaded brow, to accumulate on some other basis than that of labor, and get rich without work lead men to strange expedients in devising ways and means for gaining fortunes.

These devices have filled the land with sharpers, speculators, stock-brokers and fraudulent office-holders.

They have cursed the men whom honest work would have blessed.

They have made dishonest business men, forgers and thieves.

They have robbed men of their manhood and filled prisons with criminals.

They underlie the stock gambling on Wall St.

They created and uphold the Erie war.

They are the fruitful source of fraud in high places and speculations that impoverish the government.

They have given rise to the appealing cry that goes up to Congress all over our land to investigate Custom House frauds, revenue frauds, railroad frauds, land frauds, whiskey frauds, and all the other frauds that enrich individuals by robbery of the public treasury.

Young men with all of life before them do well to recognize the natural relations of labor and money and shape their conduct in conformity to the principle laid down by divine wisdom. Let them be willing to toil heartily and honestly for the fortunes they desire, and not alone the acquired fortune shall bring a blessing but every day and hour of toil shall be fraught with the true manly pleasure known only to honest men engaged in honest work.

MARCEUS L. WARD, Governor of N. Jersey, is said to have the finest collection of Paintings in the State. Among them are many of the finest productions of both native and foreign Art—some costing as high as five thousand dollars. Several works by Thomas Buchanan Reed, the poet-artist. The Governor is an enthusiast in this department of the beautiful. His commodious mansion is adorned by these specimens of human skill.

BREKSTAD'S PICTURE of Sunset in California and Prang's Chromo of the same, hang side by side in Child's Gallery, Boston. Many of the visitors are unable to discriminate the difference.

During the past six months, 200,452 emigrants have arrived in New York from all parts of Europe.

## A New Book.

The appearance of a new book is not, ordinarily, a matter of much public interest. And yet, every good book is destined to have an influence.

We have received from CARLTON & LAMAHAN, Publishers, New York, a beautifully bound book entitled GARDEN OF SORROWS or the MINISTRY OF TEARS, by Rev. John Atkinson.

Many of our readers will remember Mr. Atkinson, as Pastor of one of the churches in Plainfield, a few years ago. His book has a field and a mission.

The subject matter is embraced under nineteen distinct topics, each having a direct bearing upon human life from the teachings of Gethsemane to the consummation of a blessed and heavenly state.

The style of the book is cheerful and comforting, though the writer is in the garden of sorrows, and he often leaves you to draw your conclusions whether even the MINISTRY OF TEARS is not sometimes blessed.

The chapters on POVERTY and MISFORTUNE—the SICK ROOM—the CHAMBER OF DEATH—the DEATH OF CHILDREN—the GRAVES OF OUR DEAD, CHASTENING, LONELINESS and COMPENSATION, are full of pure and elevated thought, and of comfort and assurance to the care-worn and stricken.

A few selections from these garden scenes will give a better idea of this admirable little book:

CHASTENING.—"Inexplicable of reason, the afflictions of life are transparent to the eye of faith. The Christian groans after perfection; he longs to be divested of the earthly, and to put on the beauty of the heavenly. And infinitely above his thought does God's desire compass the same blessed end, and hence the chastening falls upon his spirit. His sensibilities are pierced by many a dart of anguish. His bark is tossed on many a furious billow, and his tabernacle creaks beneath the shock of pitiless storms. But behind all is the Father's hand, the patient force in all is the Father's love.

"CALL TO THE WANDERER." It is well, bleeding heart, it is well. Let the tendrils of your love, form and trembling, entwined about Jesus. Now that earth appears the vanity it never appeared before, and heaven seems the reality it never seemed before, withdraw your devotion from the one and bestow it upon the other.

SICK-ROOMS.—The time is not distant when many now healthful will reflect upon life from a sick room. Palsied by disease, and gazing from this retirement upon the field they can no longer occupy, they will rejoice in this work accomplished through a life of laborious devotion to duty, or sigh to think of noble energies frittered, and of grand opportunities lost. Every man is sure of seeing life and its work from two standpoints; the one when, youthful, vigorous, the summons to heroic achievement ringing in his heart his feet press the threshold, and he looks forward; the other when, with the day fled, and his eye bathed in the light of eternity, he looks backward. How impressive is the language of our GREAT EXEMPLAR, "I must work the works of Him that sent me while it is day."

CHAMBER OF DEATH.—"The sweetest thing on earth is holy love. How tender and pure is the love of innocent childhood, of a true mother's heart, of a 'saintly soul.' Can it be that God wills the destruction of love, so far as human relations are concerned, when we die? Is it not more reasonable, rather, to think that those blessed ties, ever tremulous with the pulsings of an undying sympathy, stretch from our hearts to the hearts of those who are dear to us on the bright shores? Death parts us in person, not in spirit. Affection is not severed by the throes of the last anguish. Love survives the tomb. Our blessed ones, in yon sweet land of the sinless, are ours still. The veil divides us, yet we are one. Celestial ties quiver through all the void which separates us from our loved and loving ones in Heaven.

COMPENSATION.—God meant our life to be a power, and He has so formed us that our noblest satisfaction is found in that which we are able to accomplish for His glory. Sorrows are the spurs which goad to our sublimest endeavors. They freshen and purify the soul. They wake its powers into activity. They set in motion its deepest springs. They crystallize

its slumbering desires into stern resolves, which in turn they shape into mighty deeds.

The above indicates the general tone of the book. We bespeak for it a cheerful reception, among the many garden lovers for sorrow's sake, for there are many to whom it will be a word in season and fitly chosen.

THE ALABAMA CLAIMS, which seemed so near adjustment, by recent developments appear less favorable. It is said that Mr. Seward has not fallen in with all of Minister Johnson's ideas, but has insisted upon amendments to the protocol. It is now feared that a delay will be made by reason of the new organization of the British Ministry, so that the whole matter will go over to the next (Grant's) administration.

## HIT FROM AN UNEXPECTED QUARTER.

The editor of the *LeCrosse Democrat*, known as "Beck Pomeroy" speaking of employing dram-drinkers in any part of his establishment, says:

"The editorial proprietor of this paper is strictly a temperance man, never using intoxicating drinks or tobacco, though he is not a member of any temperance society. It is an old rule of his never to employ a man who is addicted to the use of liquor, or who becomes intoxicated, and no person who is not sober, industrious, temperate man need apply for any situation in my printing office, or other places of business, for they cannot obtain them. Every man has a right to get drunk or not, as we have a right to employ such men as suit us."

This from a sheet so notorious for abuse and vulgarity, is putting in evidence against rum-drinkers at a fearful rate.

THE ARTIFICIAL ISLAND now in course of construction in the lower part of the bay of New York will, when completed, comprise an area of about two acres. To protect its outer edges, massive cribs, thirty feet wide at the top, made of oak timbers, firmly jointed, have been so sunk as to leave about ten feet above high-water mark. These, in turn, have been filled with heavy blocks of stone, and the outer service of the entire structure has been faced with oak planking, closely set. As an additional protection, massive stones have been heaped against the outer face of the wall at its most exposed points, and the bulk-work is deemed perfectly secure. Within this inclosure sand and broken stones have been thrown, and piles are being driven upon which to erect hospitals and other necessary buildings.

THE Mayor elect, of N. Y., A. Oakley Hall, was called on by troops of friends to congratulate him upon his success. Mr. Hall being an editor himself, seems to have the good fortune to enjoy the good will of the profession at large without regard to partisan differences.

The gossip, however, are noting as a singular fact that while every other journal has something more or less to say of the result, the *World* alone is silent. This is accounted for on the theory that the editor, Mr. Marble, expected to be Mayor himself—but the theory may be incorrect.

## AT HOME AND ABROAD.

CONFLICT WITH THE INDIANS.—Gen. Sheridan reports, that Gen. Custer on the 27th of November, surprised the camp of Black Kettle, and after a desperate fight, in which Black Kettle was assisted by the Arapahoes, under Little Raven, and the Kiowas, under Santa, captured the entire camp, killing the chief Black Kettle and 102 warriors, whose bodies were left on the field. All their stock, ammunition, arms, lodges, robes and 53 women and their children were captured.

Our loss was Major Elliot, Captain Hamilton, and 19 enlisted men killed. Brevet Lieutenant Colonel Berritz badly; Brevet Lieutenant Colonel J. W. Custer, Second Lieutenant Z. March, and 11 enlisted men wounded. The highest credit is due Gen. Custer and his command. They started in a furious snow storm and travelled all the while in snow 12 inches deep.

OFFICIAL RECORDS, it is asserted, prove that the various wars with the Indians during the last forty years have cost the Government over five hundred millions of dollars, besides a large loss of life. The calculation is made as follows: The Black Hawk war four hundred lives and \$5,000,000; the Seminole war, fifteen hundred and \$100,000,000, only fifteen hundred of the Indians being warriors; a war with the Creeks and Cherokees about the same time cost \$12,000,000; the Sioux war of 1852, three hundred lives and \$40,000,000; the war of 1864, one thousand lives and 60,000,000; the Cheyenne war of 1867, three hundred lives and about 12,000,000; the Indian troubles on the Pacific slope for the last twenty years, about \$300,000,000; three campaigns against the Navajos, \$30,000,000. The whole trouble in New Mexico, of which the last item forms a part, \$150,000,000.

Gov. Wells, Judge Underwood, Gen. Wickham, John Minor Botts, and other leading citizens of Virginia, intend presenting a petition to Con-

gress, asking that the Freedman's Bureau be continued in that State until its reconstruction by Congress, on the ground that the condition of affairs requires the Freedmen to be protected from outrages which is continually being threatened. It is expected that the citizens of Texas and Mississippi will take similar action until those States shall also be reconstructed.

MUNIFICENT GIFT TO PRINTERS.—Mr. Geo. W. Childs, proprietor of the "Public Ledger," Philadelphia, presented, on the 17th of Nov., a large and highly improved piece of ground to the Philadelphia Typographical Society, to be held and used forever as a burial-ground for printers, where families or friends may be unable themselves to provide a suitable place of sepulture.

THE PETROLEUM DEPOSITS in the region of the Caucasus are very remarkable. For many centuries the springs have been known, and the oil has been collected by skimming. On the eastern shore of the Caspian, 20,000 such wells, all of them quite shallow, are now skimmed. The wells are described as being often quite close to each other, and the sinking of a new one, it is asserted, does not affect the productivity of another near it. One sunk in 1863, by the very side of another, which had for centuries produced 3400 pounds per day, yielded 40,000 pounds per day without affecting in the least the first. The American method has lately been introduced, and flowing wells have burst forth from a depth of 250 feet, have, until controlled, maintained a jet from forty to sixty feet high. It is calculated that 19,000,000 pounds are annually produced in the Caucasus region, while 200,000 pounds of paraffine are now made from asphaltum.

THE FORTY FIRST CONGRESS is now at work. Gen. Butler has opened the campaign against the Tenure-of-Office law, introducing a bill for its repeal in the House on Tuesday.

The bill to transfer the charge of Indian Affairs from the Indian Bureau to the War Department, as recommended by Gen. Grant and our first military authorities, was passed in the House on Tuesday by an overwhelming majority. The House Committee on Reconstruction are considering the voluminous testimony which has been sent them regarding the action of the Georgia Legislature in expelling its colored members. It is probable that the delegation will gain their seats.

The Report of Secretary Scholfield of the War Department is the most compact and concise of the official documents presented.

The Secretary of the Interior in his report, recommends an increase of fifty per cent to the salaries of the President, Vice-President, heads of Departments, and Justices of the Supreme Court. Unless most of them perform their duties more satisfactorily than they have under the present administration, their salaries will be considered quite high enough.

The change of Government in England is now complete. Mr. Gladstone, on Thursday, had an audience with the Queen at Windsor, and formally received appointment as Chief of the Ministry. Nothing definite is known as to the other members of his Cabinet. John Bright has been asked to accept a seat.

Disraeli's resignation is regarded as a virtual postponement of the Alabama claims.

CUBA.—A great battle has taken place between the insurgents in Cuba and the Government forces, at the foot of Mount Alta Gracia, between Puerto Principe and Nuevitas.

It is evident from all that can be learned that the insurgents have gained a decisive victory. Spain is in a fair way to have trouble enough at home without looking much after Cuba, if she continues to persist in using her authority in the interests of the monarchists.

THE STRIKE of the Printers in Paris may have an important influence on the stability of the French Empire. As has been mentioned in the *Ledger*, all the revolutions in Paris, beginning with that when Charles X was de-throned, have originated with the attempt to control the press, and the effort of the Government to put down the strike may be the commencement of the end.—*Public Ledger*.

A corps of Russian Engineers, it is stated have been sent to the United States in order to study the railway system of this country. The Emperor of Russia, it is reported, contemplates building a railroad across Asia to the borders of China in order to compete with the Pacific line of steamers from Shanghai to San Francisco.

PRINTERS' CIRCULAR a record of Typography, Literature, Arts and Science, Philadelphia, Pa. R. S. Menahan, Editor. This magazine contains much that is interesting in its different departments of reading, beside many important items of interest belonging to the Typographical Art. Terms \$1.00 No. 515 Minor St., Philadelphia, Pa.

THE PROOF SHEET, last plain but neatly printed sheet in *Marginalia*, issued by Collins & McLister, Philadelphia. It contains a variety of reading matter, beside furnishing much valuable information concerning their extensive Type Foundry establishment. Terms \$2.00 per annum.

BOSTON TYPE FOUNDRY.—Specimen sheet of *Calendar* for 1869, has just come to hand. For beauty and originality of design; style and neatness of execution it excels any thing of the sort we have ever seen. All *Calendars* are made for any number of colors desired. There are different sizes and varied designs, some constructed as to adapt them to the columns of a newspaper—others with open center part to admit a business card or advertisement. Orders addressed to J. R. Rogers, Agent, Boston Type Foundry, Boston, Mass.

## Magazine Notices.

MERRY'S MAGAZINE, for December is fully equal to any of the past No.'s, worth in family three times the subscription price. Terms only \$1.50 in advance. Office 11 Bromfield street, Boston.

THE LITTLE CORPORA, for December is again on our table, one of the choicest of all the magazines for young people, full of life and interest from beginning to end. \$1.00. No. 6 Post Office Place, Chicago, Ill.

SUNDAY SCHOOL TEACHER, Chicago, Ill. Edited by a committee of gentlemen, of which Rev. Edward Eggleston is chief and managing editor. Terms \$1.50 in advance. Every Sabbath School teacher would be doubly compensated in course of the year by the valuable hints and suggestions which this magazine would bring. It is in this way that a lively and intelligent interest can be maintained in the great Sabbath School work.

"YOUNG AMERICA"—This favorite juvenile periodical enters upon its third year greatly enlarged and improved. It is decidedly the most varied and, in many respects, the best of all the juveniles, and well repays the investment of the small sum required for its possession. A diagram containing a full-sized pattern for cutting out the body of a Christmas doll, is one of the attractions of the present number, which is, otherwise, full of good things. Subscribe for your boys and girls \$1.50 per annum, with a premium. Publication Office 473 Broadway, N. Y.

## THE MARKETS.

Wheat Flour, per cwt.,	\$5 00	\$6 75
Wheat Flour, (Graham),	6 00	
Rye Flour, per cwt.,	5 25	
Indian Meal,	\$2 60	\$2 80
Feed,	2 60	2 65
Wheat, per bushel,	2 25	2 30
Rye,	1 40	1 50
Corn,	1 25	1 30
Oats,	65	70 cts.
Potatoes,	1 00	
Sweet Potatoes,	2 40	
Eggs, per dozen,	40	cts.
Butter, per lb.,	50	55 "
Pork, (salt),	18	"
Lard,	25	"
Poultry,	40	"
Honey,	40	"
Quinces, per hundred,	\$4 00	

## DIED.

CORY.—Early Tuesday morning, Dec. 8th, MARIA C., wife of the late Mulford Cory, in the 82d year of her age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral from her son's residence, Rev. B. Cory, corner of Washington and Third Sts., on Thursday, at half-past one o'clock.

## Special Notices.

A GREAT OFFER.—Horace Waters, No. 481 Broadway, New York, will dispose of new and second-hand Platos, Molokos and Organs of five first-class makers, and also from \$5 to \$25 monthly until paid. Also he has new and second-hand instruments for rent, and rent applied if purchased, and for sale at bargain for cash. Im-

Young Men's Christian Association. Rooms, Cherry St., over the Post Office.

BOARD OF OFFICERS.  
ALEX. GILBERT, President.  
A. F. CAMPBELL, Vice-President.  
T. SNOWELL, Corresponding Sec'y.  
J. H. MYERS, Recording Sec'y.  
F. E. MARSH, Treasurer.

REGULAR MONTHLY MEETINGS.  
Board of Directors, 1st Thursday.  
Association Meeting, 2d Thursday.  
Prayer Meeting, 3d Tuesday.  
Social Reunion, 4th Tuesday.  
Reading Room open every evening from 7 to 10 o'clock, free to all.  
Prayer meeting every Sunday morning, at 9 1/2 o'clock.

THOMAS R. ARNEW, the celebrated New York Grocer and Tea Dealer, No. 260 Greenwich Street, New York, is now offering the greatest bargains ever offered the public in that city, to close out his immense stock of Groceries, Teas, Flour, Molasses, &c., before New Years. Now is the time to purchase for the Holidays. 3d Oct.

MORE ECONOMICAL, REMARKABLE CERTAINTY of prompt action, in fact, every good quality is guaranteed for Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S IMPROVED (new style) HAIR RESTORER OR DRESSING, (in one bottle.) Every Druggist sells it. Price One Dollar.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## UNION COUNTY, SUGARCOFFEE OFFICE.

November 23d, 1868.  
Cornelia M. Dunn, Executrix, Joseph O. Nichols, Executor of Union Co., deceased.—*Surrogate's Order to Limit Creditors.*  
On application of the above named Executrix, it is ordered that said Executrix give Public Notice to the Creditors of the estate of and desirous to bring in their claims, demands or claims against the same, under oath, within nine months from this date, by setting up a copy of this Order, within twenty days, in five of the most public places in the County of Union, for two months, and also within the said twenty days, by advertising the same in the *Central New Jersey Times*, for the same space of time; and if any Creditor shall neglect to exhibit his or her debt, demand or claim, within the said period of nine months, public notice being given as aforesaid, such Creditor shall be forever barred of his or her action thereon against the said Executrix.  
By ADDISON S. CLARK, Surrogate.  
Dec. 10-2m

## HORSE FOR SALE.

A strong, large, fine horse for sale low. Apply at third house east side of Union Avenue, soon.  
Nov. 15, 1868. T. F. FISH.

## IRVING'S SAVING INSTITUTION.

No. 36 WARREN ST., NEW YORK.  
INTEREST allowed at the rate of six per cent on all sums of \$2.00 and upward, free of commission. Open daily from 10 to 5 P. M.  
WALTER W. CONKLIN, President.  
VANDERBILT L. BURTON, Secretary. 1868-69.

## REMOVAL.

HANDLON & RAYBURN have removed their CARPET SHOP from Railroad Avenue to Somerset street, next to French's Mills, where they will be happy to receive customers from all quarters and as many new ones as will favor them with the same. Notice.

## Central Railroad OF NEW JERSEY.

CONNECTING at New Hampton Junction with the New York, Lake Erie and Western Railroad, and at Easton with the Valley Railroad, and its connections, forming a direct line to Philadelphia without change, and for the change to Chicago or Chicago, also to the Old Dominion.

Passenger and Freight Depot in New York, Foot of Liberty St. WINTER ARRANGEMENT, Comm. Nov. 23, 1868.

## Three Express Trains Daily to the West.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:45 A. M., 7:30, 8:45, 9:55, and 11:15 A. M.; 12:35, 2:45, 3:55, 5:25, 6:35, 8:55, 9:10, and 11:15 P. M.

Leave New York at 5:45, 7:15, 8:30, 9:00, A. M., 12:00, 1:30, 4:00, 4:30, 6:00, 7:10, and 10:30 P. M.

Leave Elizabeth for Plainfield at 7:42, 8:15, 9:10, 9:40, A. M., 12:42, 4:10, 4:40, 5:30, 6:42, 7:50, 11:15 P. M.

Leave Plainfield for West at 5:42, 8:55, A. M., 11:15, 4:45, 5:15, 6:05, 7:15, 8:35, 9:10, A. M., 12:30, 2:30, 4:35, 5:42, 8:50, 9:20, A. M., 12:40, 4:40, 5:10, 6:00, 7:10, and 10:30 P. M.

The 7:15 A. M. train stops at Somerville for Flemington and at Junction with Del. Lack. & West. R. R.

The 9:55 A. M. train for the West direct without change of cars at Flemington, Palace Sleeping Cars through to Chicago.

The 12 M. train runs to Flemington, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Scranton, Ephrata, Litz, Lancaster, Pottsville, and Harrisburg.

The 3:30 P. M. train for Somerville.

The 4:00 P. M. train runs to Easton, Mauch Chunk and Scranton.

The 5:10 P. M. train runs to Easton, Bethlehem, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, and the West, Williamsport, Corry and Erie. Passengers for the West will take the 4:00 P. M. train as far as Easton, and then change to this train.

The 5:35 P. M. train for Somerville and Flemington.

The 6:00 P. M. train for Easton.

The 7:10 P. M. train for Somerville.

An express train for the West leaves New York at 8 P. M., but does not stop at Plainfield. Passengers going West will take the 5:10 P. M. train from New York, as far as Somerville.

All baggage at the risk of the owners, until delivered into the actual possession of the Agent of the Company, and subject to the rules of the Company. Freight Trains are run daily, and Freight transported on liberal terms.

H. P. BALDWIN, General Pass. Agent.  
H. E. RICE, Superintendent.

## FIRST PREMIUM

## Furs, Furs, Furs.

LADIES, READ THE FOLLOWING LIST OF PRICES.

A Good Set of Mink for \$30 00  
Handsome Sets 45 00  
Extra Fine 60 00  
Siberian Squirrel, good sets 10 00  
" " " " 14 to 18 00

Minks and Children's Pelts  
Squirrel sets for \$9 and 10 00  
Children's Grey & White Sets 2 50

218 Broad. N. J. Broad.  
NEWARK, N. J.

Genuine Black Astrakhan Sets \$20 & 35  
Water Mink, best 67 50  
Splendid Wolf Robes 40 and 55  
Buffalo Robes, lined 20 and 25  
" " " " 7 to 12  
Lap Blankets, handsome 11 to 15

All Kinds of FURS Altered and Repaired  
AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

218 Broad. N. J. Broad.  
NEWARK, N. J.

## Cents' Silk Hats.

Best Quality \$6 50  
2d " 5 50  
3d " 4 50

At CASE'S, 218 Broad St.

Soft and Buff Hats, from \$2 to \$4  
Men's Winter Caps, only 75c  
Boy's Winter Caps, only 1.00

Who can grumble at these prices?

218 BROAD N. J. BROAD

NEWARK, N. J.

We have reduced the prices on our entire stock, and stock to the old prices, a reasonable expense to better than the

E. T. CASE,







## THE PULPIT.

## Anecdotes of Dr. Chalmers' Preaching.

The objection urged against the sincere preacher of the Word ever since the days of the apostles, was brought against him. At the time when his preaching was making so great and extensive an impression, his friend, the good Dr. Balfour of the "Outer Kirk," was met by a co-presbyter, who was rather noted for neglect of parochial duty, and careless preparation for the pulpit. The conversation turned upon the eloquent preacher in the Tron. "They say," said the latter, "that he has a bee in his bonnet." "I am sure," retorted the doctor, "that it is not a drone." And his clerical detractor was silent.

Others who made a similar objection, having been led to hear him, were convinced of their error, and learned to pray. A person well known in Glasgow for superior talent and scientific attainments, but, withal, for a tinge of skepticism in religion, was met by an old companion hurrying to the Tron Church, while the bells were ringing for the afternoon service. "Come," said his friend, "and hear Chalmers."

"I shall do no such thing," was the reply. "Do you think I would trouble myself to hear a mad-man?" "You had better judge for yourself by coming for once." And, taking his arm, they were both speedily seated in the densely-crowded church. What was the astonishment of the skeptical gentleman when the Doctor gave out for his text—"I am not mad, most noble Festus; but speak forth the words of truth and soberness." He felt that his false judgment of the preacher was rebuked, as it were, by a voice from heaven; and the sermon which he heard, the object of which was to fix the charge of madness where it ought to be fixed, on those who, believing in a future world, continue to live without God and without hope; while it was shown that truth and soberness were only with those who act according to their belief and profession of the gospel, was admirably fitted for deepening the impression made by the text, and for removing the flimsy arguments of a "philosophy falsely so called." From that day forth this gentleman became a constant hearer of Dr. Chalmers, a confirmed believer in the doctrines, and a steady performer of the duties of the Christian faith.

We have heard an eminent minister of another church describe his feelings on hearing that discourse that afternoon. He said that, during its delivery, he was led to experience how a person by the intensity of his attention to an object, might remain, for the time, unconscious of bodily annoyance and pain. He was standing in the midst of a dense crowd, in the lower passage fronting the pulpit. An honest woman, plainly dressed, had been standing behind him. She, apparently unconscious of what she did, had fixed her elbows between the shoulder of our informant, and in that attitude remained till the orator released them by closing the sermon. It was only then that, by the difficulty of breathing, and excessive pain in the upper part of his back, he became aware of the pressure he had endured.

It occasionally happened, about this time, that Professor Young, of the Greek chair in the University, a man of great learning and great genius, and of singular metaphysical acumen, was led to the Tron Church from his unbounded admiration of Dr. Chalmers, and nothing could more strongly mark the preacher's eloquence, than the effect it produced upon that distinguished individual. His massive countenance at first became radiant with intellectual delight; then, as the Doctor warmed in his discourse, it swelled out under intense excitement. His lips, which "Peter's Letters" describe as having the firmness of a blacksmith's vice, were puffed out and drawn in with prodigious force and velocity, till at length, fairly overpowered by the magic influence of the preacher, he threw his head backwards, his expansive chest heaved, till the termination of a thrilling paragraph, which afforded the congregation a momentary breathing time, allowed him to remove and clear his spectacles, in preparation for another burst of eloquence.—Free Church Mag.

Life's Second Morning.—There are not many more beautiful lines in the English language, there are certainly none so beautiful in the writings of their author, as those of Mrs. Barbauld, which the poet Rogers is fond of repeating to his friends, in his fine, deliberate manner, with just enough of tremulousness in that grave voice of his, to give his recitation the effect of deep feeling.

"Life! we've been long together, Through pleasant and through cloudy weather. 'Tis hard to part when friends are dear, Perhaps 'twill cost a sigh, a tear. Then steal away, give little warning, Choose thine own time; Say not good night, but in some happier clime, Bid me good morning."

It makes the thought of Death cheerful to represent it, thus, as Life looking in upon you with a glad greeting, amidst fresh air and glorious light.—Bryant.

## Frankness.

Frankness is supposed to be a common virtue. It is most uncommon. It is indeed an extraordinary thing. It requires truth, simplicity, love and genuine goodness. Many men speak plainly when they do speak, but they are not open and free. Many speak truth very plainly when angry; many speak pleasant truth frankly. But few there are whose souls are so balanced in an atmosphere of love that they speak whatever needs to be said, to each and to all, plainly, gently, fully. The dearest friends, live together for years without daring to speak things which they know, and which each party knows that the other knows. Parents live with a reserve years long toward their children. Children carry untouchable, unsyllabled, thoughts and feelings that take hold of their very being. Friends meet and part day by day—friends so true that they would almost die for each other, or, what is harder than this, who are willing to live for each other—and never speak of things that each knows is passing in the other's mind. It is very strange to see people come up to conversation in topics, that, by a tacit free-masonry, are sacred, and without word or look, one glides past on one side, and the other upon the other side, and meet beyond going down the common channel again. Was there ever a thoughtful, sensitive person, that dared to be open, transparent, frank?

But, however this may be, there can be no doubt that Christian people are not frank enough for each other's good. If men knew how to speak the truth in love, how rich might one become! A man might stand then in the focus of the wisdom of all his friends. But, refusing to let their light shine, men now grope in the partial light of their own wisdom, dis-tempered by self-love.

THE DEPARTED.—The loved ones whose loss I lament are still in existence; they are living with me at this very time; they are like myself, dwelling in the great parental mansion of God? they still belong to me, as I to them. As they are ever in my thoughts, so perhaps, am I in theirs. As I mourn my loss, perhaps they rejoice in anticipation of our reunion. What to me is still dark, they see clearly. Why do I grieve because I can no longer enjoy their society?—During their lifetime I was not discontented because I could not always have them around me. If a journey took them from me, I was not, therefore, unhappy. And why is it different now? They have gone on a journey. Whether they are living on earth in a far distant city, or in some higher world in the infinite universe of God, what difference is there? Are we not still in the same house of the Father, like loving brothers who inhabit separate rooms? Have we, therefore, ceased to be brothers?—Rosen.

PERSUASION BETTER THAN FORCE.—Deal gently with those who stray. Draw them back by love and persuasion. A kiss is worth a thousand kicks. A kind word is more valuable to the lost than a mine of gold. Think of this; and be on your guard, ye who would chase to the grave an erring brother. We must consult the gentlest manner and softest seasons of address, our advice must not fall like a violent storm, bearing down and making those to droop whom it is meant to cherish and refresh. It must descend as the dew upon the tender herb, or like melting flakes of snow; the softer it falls the longer it dwells upon and the deeper it sinks into the mind. If there are few who have the humility to receive advice as they ought, it is often because there are few who have the discretion to convey it in the proper way, and who can qualify the harshness and bitterness of reproof, against which human nature is apt to revolt. To probe the wound to the bottom, with all the boldness and resolution of a good spiritual surgeon, and yet with all the delicacy and tenderness of a friend, requires a very dexterous and masterly hand. An affable deportment and complacency of behavior will disarm the most obstinate; whereas if instead of calmly pointing out their mistakes, we break out into unseemly sallies of passion, we cease to have any influence.

TRUE RICHES.—There is no absolute poverty without poverty of spirit. The sunshine of the mind gives only the bright side. He who lives under its influence is courted by all men, and may, if he will, enjoy their goods without their troubles. The world is, as it were, held in trust for him; and, in freedom from care, he is alone entitled to be called a gentleman. He is the most independent of all men, because fortune has the least power over him. He is the only man that is free and unfettered; he may do what he pleases, and nothing is expected from him. He escapes importunity and flattery; and feels a perpetual consciousness that he is not sought but for himself. Suspicion of motives never chills his confidence, nor withers his enjoyment. He has an enriching power within himself, which makes his outward wants easily supplied with industry and prudence, without the necessity of anxious toil. A little is his enough, and beyond an encumbrance.—Walker's Original.

## LUMBER, COAL, &amp;c.

## LUMBER AND COAL YARD

—OF—  
BOICE & THICKSTUN,  
Corner of Railroad & Cherry St.,  
NEAR DEPOT.  
FULL SUPPLY  
OF  
FIRST QUALITY OF

## Lumber and Coal

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.  
ALSO,  
Fence Posts, Lime, Plaster, Cement, Draining Tile,  
WOOD & KINDLING WOOD.

Express Freight Delivery  
FROM DEPOT TO ANY PART OF TOWN.  
GIVE US A CALL AND BE WELL SERVED.

COOK'S  
Lumber, Coal & Wood Yard,

CORNER 3D & CHERRY STS.  
Where can be found a large assortment of  
Pine, Spruce and Hemlock  
LUMBER!  
BILLS FOR FRAMES FURNISHED TO ORDER.

ALSO,  
The best Buck Mountain, Honey Brook & Scrimston  
COAL,  
HICKORY AND OAK WOOD.

Builders and consumers are invited to call and examine our stock before purchasing.  
WM. S. COOK,  
Plainfield, Sept. 1868.

To My Old Customers, Friends,  
and the Public Generally.

HAVING MOVED MY BUSINESS TO THE NEW BRICK BUILDING OF MESSRS. CRANE, TUBBS & CO., ON EAST BROAD ST., NOS. 42, 44, & 46, fronting the Railroad Depot, am now prepared to receive a call for any orders, large or small, for

Sash, Blinds and Brackets.

ALSO,  
Doors, Window Frames, AND

FANCY PICKETS.  
Having put in NEW AND IMPROVED MACHINERY, and also having on hand a good stock of FIRST QUALITY DRY SEASONED LUMBER, I am prepared to execute orders with neatness and DISPATCH. GOOD WORK AND WARRANTED. Call and see me.  
M. M. FOSTER,  
Elizabeth, Sept. 30, 1868.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

J. M. STIGER,  
DEALER IN

## REAL ESTATE,

HAS SOME OF THE BEST  
LOTS FOR SALE.

For \$12 a foot, and some at \$7. Just sold some on Broadway for \$20 per foot, 230 feet deep.

ALSO, SOME OF THE  
Lowest Priced Farms

NOW IN MARKET.  
One within one mile of Depot, with 10 acres land, all kinds of Fruit, new House, 8 rooms, for \$6,000. One of 25 acres, good House, one mile from Depot, \$8,000. Also, some

Houses & Lots, very low.

ALL WHO WANT TO  
BUY OR SELL,

WILL DO WELL TO CALL.

Office at Bainbridge's Jewelry Store,  
FRONT STREET, PLAINFIELD.

JOHN N. STEINER,  
CHERRY ST., TWO DOORS FROM FRONT,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.,  
Manufacturer of and Dealer in

Segars, Tobacco,

SNUFF, PIPES, &c.

Yacht Club and Lane Jack Smoking Tobacco.  
Also, the Celebrated

CENTURY TOBACCO.

IS now prepared to furnish his customers with an excellent assortment of

SEGARS OF THE BEST BRANDS: CHEWING TOBACCO—A No. 1; SMOKING TOBACCO, EVERY GRADE; PIPES, &c.

Thankful for the liberal patronage already bestowed, he would most respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.  
Respectfully Yours,  
JOHN N. STEINER.

MONEY LOANED

ON Bond and Mortgage, by the Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York. Applications should be made to

FRED. G. BURNHAM,  
Counselor at Law, Morristown, N. J.,  
or to WM. C. AYRES & WM. WHITE,  
Plainfield.

## DRY GOODS.

1868.

PRESENT  
CAMPAIGN!PICKELL & RAMSEY  
COLUMN!

WAY DOWN,  
WAY DOWN,  
DOWN THEY  
GO!

WE HAVE ONE OF THE  
LARGEST,  
BEST  
AND THE

## CHEAPEST

## Dry Goods Store

IN THE COUNTRY!

OUR LARGE STOCK OF

DRESS GOODS,

SHAWLS,

Fancy Goods,

TRIMMINGS,

Hosiery, Gloves,

NOTIONS,

GENUINE ALEXANDER KID GLOVES

Cloths,

Cassimers,

Flannels,

Blankets,

Carpets,

Oil Cloths, &c.

Our Stock is now Complete

FOR THE

## Fall Trade,

WHICH WE ARE DETERMINED TO

SELL AS CHEAP AS

A. T. STEWART & CO.,

At his Retail Store in New York City.

CALL AND EXAMINE

FOR YOURSELVES,

Where you can find Goods from Six-penny Calico Dress up to the best of Silk.

WE BUY AND SELL

FOR CASH ONLY!

No trouble to show our Goods.

Respectfully,

PICKELL & RAMSEY.

## FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN, &amp;c.

P. M. FRENCH & SONS,

MERCHANT MILLERS,

Plainfield Mills,

SOMERSET ST., NEAR FRONT,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

Are now prepared to furnish at the

LOWEST CASH PRICE,

Every description of

FLOUR, MEAL, FEED, GRAIN,

&c., &c.,

AT SHORT NOTICE, AND WARRANTED.

Goods delivered to any part of the village

FREE OF CHARGE.

The Highest Market Price in

Cash Paid for Grain.

GIVE US A CALL AT THE OLD STAND.

234p1y

ROGER'S & HUBBARD'S

Plainfield Steam Mill,

MECHANIC ST. & R. R. AVENUE.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

Have constantly on hand a good article of

FLOUR, MEAL, FEED, GRAIN,

&c., &c., &c.,

WHICH WE SELL AT LOW RATES.

We have also on hand and Manufacture to order,

SASH, BLINDS, DOORS,

AND

MOULDINGS,

OR VARIOUS STYLES AND SIZES.

AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST.

All Goods delivered in the Village

FREE OF CHARGE.

GIVE US A CALL

IF YOU WANT GOOD WORK.

T. A. ROGERS. J. A. HUBBARD.

234p1y

STOVES, HARDWARE, &c.

C. O. MEEKER & CO.,

FRONT STREET,

ABOVE SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,

PLAINFIELD,

DEALERS IN

The Self-Feeding

PARLOR STOVES,

COOK STOVES & RANGES,

OF THE Newest Styles and Latest Improvements—the best ever offered in this market.

Agricultural Implements,

HARDWARE, TIN WARE,

Wood & Willow Ware,

HOUSEHOLD FURNISHING GOODS,

Carpenters' & Masons' Tools,

PLOWS AND CASTINGS.

POUDRETE, SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME,

NIT. PHOS. OF LIME, COARSE AND FINE BONE DUST.

Special attention given to

TIN ROOFING AND LEADERSHIP.

JOBBER promptly attended to.

PUMPS OF ALL KINDS.

We call the attention of all wishing a first-class Parlor Stove, to our justly celebrated "Empire Gas Burner," and "Refrigerator" or to any in want of a superior Cooking Stove, to our "Home Companion" and "Mutual Friend." Also, the "New Empire." The latter is said to save 10 per cent. in fuel.  
C. O. MEEKER & CO.

Plainfield Tin & Stove Store.

ESTABLISHED

1840 1846

JAMES M. C. SMITH,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he has largely increased his stock

HARDWARE,

House-keeping Goods,

Wood and Willow Ware,

CUTLERY & YANKEE NOTIONS.

Give me a call for

Tin Roofing & Leadering

Jobbing & Mending.

ALL CHEAP FOR CASH, and he hopes to secure charging, at the

OLD STAND, near the B&N.

234p1y

GEORGE R. POUND,

Rear of 1st National Bank, (formerly Townsend's Tannery)

Plainfield, N. J.,

DEALER IN

WOOL, SHEEP SKINS, HIDES, &c.,

For which CASH PRICES will be paid when time on delivery.

## MISCELLANEOUS

REMOVED

TO THE

OLD STAND!

Gardner's Meat Stand

Has been removed from the corner of Front and Cherry Streets, to the Stand formerly occupied by them, on

FRONT STREET, Above,

OPPOSITE SMITH'S LAGER SALOON.

Where will as usual be found

THE BEST MEAT!

AT MY USUAL

LOW PRICES.

234p1y

Thankful for the liberal patronage bestowed on this establishment, he hopes by paying strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the same.

J. T. ELLIS,

NEW JERSEY AGENCY

FOR

Wheeler & Wilson's

HIGHEST-PREMIUM

SEWING MACHINES,

310 Broad Street,

Below Market, NEWARK, N. J.

Our arrangements are now perfected for supplying City and Country with this unrivalled Machine, in every style, with improvements for making Button-holes, Cording, Binding, Hemming, Felling, &c.

The BUTTON-HOLE ATTACHMENT is a new feature, and may be adjusted to most of the old machines, at an additional cost of \$25 to the cost of a machine.

SILK, COTTON AND MACHINE THIMBLES.

Machines needing adjustment may be taken from the Table and sent to the customer with express. They will be put in order and returned at once.

The general expression is, that for Family use our lowest priced Machine is superior to the highest of any other Manufacture. Operators sent into families by the day or week. Circulars containing prices and prices sent by mail.

234p1y

LOCAL AGENTS WANTED.

THE SUCCESS

OF OUR ONE DOLLAR SALE HAS CAUSED SUCH A COMPLETE

REVOLUTION

IN TRADE,

That in order to supply the demand occasioned by our constantly increasing patronage, we have recently made importations for the Fall Trade, direct from European Manufacturers, amounting to nearly \$500,000, so that we are enabled to sell every article of Dry and Fancy Goods, Silver Plated Ware, Cutlery, Watches, Alarms, Jewelry, &c., of better quality than any other concern in the country for the uniform price of

One Dollar for Each Article.

The best of Boston and New York references given as to the reliability of our house, and that our business is conducted in the fairest and most legitimate manner possible, and that we give great value for the money than can be obtained in any other way.

All Goods damaged or broken in transportation replaced without charge.

Our Commission to Agents Exposed to every other establishment of the kind, proof of this can be found in comparing our prices with those of others on CLEANS OF THE SAME KIND, in addition to which we claim to give better goods of the same character.

We will send to Agents Free of Charge.

FOR A CLUB OF 50 AND FIVE



## THE CHILDREN'S COLUMN

Lily Lee.

BY ALICE CARY.

There love thee, Lily Lee,  
As the petal loves the sea,  
As the wild bee loves the thyme,  
As the poet loves his rhyme,  
As the blossom loves the dew,  
But the angels loved thee, too!

Once when twilight's dying head  
Pressed her saffron-sheeted bed,  
And the silent stars drew near,  
White and tremulous with fear,  
While the night with sultry frown  
Strangled the young zephyrs down,  
Told I all my love to thee,  
Hoping, fearing, Lily Lee.

Fluttered then her gentle breast  
With a troubled, sweet unrest,  
Like a bird too near the net  
Which the fowler's hand hath set;  
But her mournful eyes the while,  
And her spirit-speaking smile,  
Told me love could not depart  
Death's pale arrow from her heart.

Hushing from that very day  
Passion pleading to have way—  
Folding close her little hand,  
Watched I with her, till the sand  
Crumbling from beneath her tread,  
Lowered her softly to the dead,  
Where in peace she waits for me—  
Sweetest, dearest Lily Lee.

As the chased hart loves the wave,  
As blind silence loves the grave,  
As the penitent loves prayer,  
As pale passion loves despair,  
Loved I, and still love I thee,  
Angel-stolen Lily Lee.

Little Maud.

For even in Mr. Hunter's house-  
hold there was one unsuccessful person.  
Little Maud, the youngest child,  
had in some unaccountable way so  
far forgotten herself and her repre-  
sentative duties as a Hunter as to  
have had very feeble health from in-  
fancy. A model nurse, moreover,  
had so far forgotten herself as to let  
her be upset in a perambulator, and  
twist her ankle; and the inaction  
caused by the crippled limb had in-  
creased her natural delicacy, so as to  
make her a confirmed invalid.

Always at these annual visits Grace  
had contrived to say a few loving  
words to Maud, which had quietly  
sunk into the little sufferer's heart,  
and made that dreaded annual visit  
anything but dreaded by her. But  
hitherto Maud had been much  
lost sight of among the older children,  
and besides, this was the first year  
when her invalid chair had been re-  
moved from the nursery to the draw-  
ing-room, so that Maud and Mr.  
Leigh were that evening making  
each other's acquaintance.

The words that passed between  
these two were very few and simple;  
but they made that house a different  
place to Mr. Leigh from that hour.  
"You have suffered much pain,  
Maud, I'm afraid," said Mr. Leigh,  
looking at the little thin face, and in-  
to the eyes that had so little sparkle  
in them.

"Not so very much, and not always,  
Mr. Leigh—only sometimes when the  
wind changes, or I try to move too  
quickly. But it isn't the pain I  
mind," she continued.

"No," said Mr. Leigh, as if he un-  
derstood it, "it isn't generally pain  
that is the worst thing."

"And it isn't only being unlike the  
rest," she added, after a little hesita-  
tion, "it is because I am so stupid."  
"But perhaps you are mistaken  
about that," said Mr. Leigh, "we can  
seldom judge that for ourselves.  
Very clever men sometimes have  
thought themselves stupid until they  
found out the thing they could do."

"But I am not at all clever," was  
the reply, with a hopeless little move-  
ment of the head. "They have tried  
me in every thing, and they have  
never found out the thing I am par-  
ticularly clever in. I don't get on;  
every one says so. Papa says it is  
very strange, because it is generally  
made up to people for wanting one  
thing by having more of something  
else. I heard him say so once to the  
German master. But I haven't more  
of anything. It seems as if there was  
some mistake about it; and of course  
it must be my mistake; but I don't  
know how to get right and get on.  
And this is what I care for more than  
the pain."

The child spoke with slow gravity,  
as if she were unfolding the long per-  
plexities of years, not so much with a  
hope of solution, as because it was a  
rehearsal to unfold them.

"Yes," said Mr. Leigh, half to him-  
self, "a strain is often the worst pain."  
The child looked up.

"That is what I feel," she said, "a  
pain all through, such as I feel in my  
bad ankle when I try to move it."  
"God does not mean any of us to  
feel that, Maud," said Mr. Leigh,  
gently. "No one does feel it when  
they are doing his work, but only  
when we are setting our tasks for  
ourselves."

The child looked intently in his  
face, but said nothing.

"The Lord Jesus does not say 'get  
on,' he said, 'but follow me.' He  
does not want us to do as well as other  
people; but as well as we can; and then  
He is sure to be pleased. He will  
all His children to bring Him their  
work every evening. Some of them  
have done things which will bethink  
about, and praised while the world  
lasts, and some have done what no  
one thinks anything of, perhaps cut  
the grass in the square garden, or  
worked patiently, and done  
as well as they can. But  
He is as pleased with one as

with another; God sets us here not to  
do wonders, but to learn lessons. We  
are to do the wonders by-and-by."

"Then you don't think I ought to be  
cleverer than other people, or do  
something wonderfully well, to make  
up for being so small and lame?"

"I think God will give you some-  
thing more to make up to you if you  
ask Him."

"I have asked Him so many times,"  
said Maud, "to make me sing beau-  
tifully or draw beautifully, or some-  
thing; but I can't."

"God has better things than these  
to give you, Maud," said Mr. Leigh.  
Her thoughtful grave eyes bright-  
ened into an inquiry.

"Love, joy, peace, gentleness, good-  
ness, faith, meekness, temperance,  
these are God's best things, Maud,"  
said Mr. Leigh.

A new look of rest came over the  
thin little eager face, making it quite  
beautiful; not a smile, but a calm, as  
of a limb strained in every muscle  
subsiding into soft curves of repose.

And Mr. Leigh left Bedford Square  
that evening as quiet and peaceful as  
if he were returning from his even-  
ing service on Sunday. For he and  
Maud had been preaching each other  
a sermon, which made it quite clear  
to Mr. Leigh for the time that both  
his lodgings over the green grocer's,  
and the house in Bedford Square  
might be steps of a stair, where going  
straight forward is "getting on" al-  
ways.

WHAT ARCHIMEDES DID NOT KNOW.

—The Press supplies the resting-place  
for the lever, or rather it is the lever  
by which so bumble an individual as  
myself may hope to raise the moral  
world. Let no man, then, distrust  
his ability to benefit his fellow-crea-  
tures; the will alone is wanting; con-  
fidence gives success; and where the  
Press is free, nothing is impossible.  
Brute force is everywhere so rapidly  
succeeding before mental power,  
that a thought will soon become strong-  
er than a sword, public opinion more  
powerful than an army; and the des-  
pots who fulminate decrees against  
the rights and liberties of nations,  
may be compelled to bow down their  
heads to a solitary magician, sitting  
in his closet, and wielding no other  
weapon than that omnipotent word—  
a pen.—*Gale Middleton.*

FEAR OF LIFE INSURANCE.—The fol-  
lowing dialogue between an insurance  
agent and a well-to-do Irishman is  
related:—

"Pat, you are making plenty of  
money; why don't you insure your  
life?"

"And what is that?"

"Why don't you take out a policy  
of insurance on your life?"

"Because I don't see the policy of  
it, Shure, I must die, policy or no  
policy."

"You don't understand. If you  
insure your life now, when you die  
the company will pay your wife  
enough to keep her and your children  
from want and suffering."

"And that would be insuring my  
life! Shure I am after thinking it  
would be insuring Bridget's and the  
child's. And how much would  
they give her?"

"That would depend upon the  
premium. Say a thousand dollars."

"A thousand dollars! Holy mother!  
Whist, man! Don't mention it. Ye  
don't know Bridget O'Reilly. Wuns't  
she heard of it, not a wink of shalpe  
should I get till I don it, and thin  
bad luck to Pat! She'd murder me  
with kindness; and dhind her self to  
death with the money."

SEARCH AFTER CONTENTMENT.—I  
know a man that had health and riches,  
and several houses, all ready fur-  
nished, and would often trouble him-  
self and family to be moving from  
one house to another, and being asked  
by a friend why he removed so often  
from one house to another, he replied,  
"It was to find content in some one  
of them." But his friend, knowing  
his temper, told him if he would find  
content in any one of his houses, he  
must leave himself behind him; for  
content will never dwell but in a meek  
and quiet soul.—*Walton's Angler.*

An Ohio school-girl went through  
her calisthenic exercises at home for  
the amusement of the children. A  
youthful visitor, with interest and  
pity on his countenance, asked her  
brother "is that gal had fits?" "No,"  
replied the lad, contemptuously, "that's  
gymnastics." "Oh 'tis, hey?" said  
verdant; "how long has she had 'em?"

As a canal-boat was passing under  
a bridge, the captain gave the usual  
warning, "Look out," when a little  
Frenchman, popping his head out of  
the window, received a severe thump.  
He drew it back in a great pet, and  
exclaimed: "Dese Americans are queer  
people; dey say 'Look out' when dey  
mean look in."

A well-known judge, when he first  
went to the bar, was a very blunder-  
ing speaker. On one occasion, when  
he was trying a case involving a right  
of property to a lot of pigs, he said,  
"Gentlemen of the jury, there were  
just twenty-four pigs in that drove;  
just twenty-four, gentlemen,—exactly  
twice as many as there are in that  
jury-box."

Dr. Franklin, talking of a friend of  
his who had been a Manchester dealer  
said, "that he never sold a piece of  
tape narrower than his own mind."

## CLOTHING.

## Fall and Winter

## CLOTHING!

AT

HALSEY, HUNTER &amp; HALSEY'S

POPULAR

CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT,

327 &amp; 329 BROAD STREET,

NEWARK, N. J.

HAVING made extensive preparations for our

FALL AND WINTER TRADE, we now offer

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT,

AND

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST STOCK

OF

READY MADE  
CLOTHING

TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY OR STATE.

OVERCOATS,

Made from

ESKIMO, TRICOT,

CHINCHILLA,

WHITNEY and

CASTOR BEAVER.

Walking Coats,

Business Suits,

Pants and Vests,

In great variety, made from all the most desirable  
goods, suitable to the season, together with a very  
full assortment of

Boys' and Children's Clothing.

In fact, all that is required to make up the most  
complete stock of READY MADE CLOTHING to  
be found in the State.We also have constantly on hand a well-selected  
stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES &amp; VESTINGS,

Which will be made up in the most approved style,  
and at reasonable prices.  
We respectfully solicit a call and comparison of  
our goods and prices with those of any other house  
in the trade.The price of each article is marked in plain  
figures, and no statement will be made.HALSEY, HUNTER & HALSEY,  
327 & 329 BROAD STREET,  
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HATS, CAPS, FURS, &amp;c.

COREY &amp; STEWART,

FASHIONABLE

HATTERS

AND

FURRIERS.

232 Broad Street, Newark, N. J.

IN QUANTITY, quality or variety, our stock is  
not excelled in America. Educated thoroughly  
to our business, and from long experience therein,  
we think we know precisely what the people want in  
our line, and precisely how to produce the articles  
best adapted to their tastes and views. Neither  
New York, Boston or Philadelphia can exhibit a  
stock of

Hats, Caps, Furs, &amp;c.,

Superior to those of the

NEWARK EMPORIUM.

In every department of our establishment our as-  
sistants are the most competent to be obtained in  
the country.

LADIES, GENTS AND CHILDREN

May always find here articles becoming to their per-  
son, exactly suited to their tastes, and at prices  
suited to their purses.  
For HATS, CAPS, FURS, and every other article  
in this line, at lowest prices, please call at232 BROAD ST., NEAR THE POST OFFICE,  
NEWARK, N. J.

COREY &amp; STEWART.

Boots, Shoes, and Rubbers!

A FULL ASSORTMENT

Just Received

AT HONEYMAN'S,

NEXT DOOR TO MANSION HOUSE,

Cherry Street, Plainfield, N. J.

WHICH HE WILL SELL

Cheap for Cash.

For Sale.

One of the finest places in Mid-  
dlesex County,WITHIN ONE MILE OF DUNELLEN DE  
POT, ON THE MAIN ROAD LEADING  
FROM PLAINFIELD TO BOUND BROOK.

THE RESIDENCE AND FARM

OF LEWIS HARRIS, deceased, containing about 21  
acres of first-rate land in the highest state of cul-  
tivation—suitable for trucking—with House, Barn,  
all kinds of good fruit. A fine brook runs through  
the ground.For particulars inquire of JAMES T. HARRIS,  
on Union Av., at the head of Union Av., Plainfield,  
N. J.

## STOVES &amp; HARDWARE.

## ALL RIGHT AGAIN

At the Old Stand,

Corner of Main and Cherry Sts.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVING REMODELED  
THEIR STORE, ARE READY FOR THE

## FALL CAMPAIGN!

WITH A GENERAL STOCK OF

## HARDWARE,

Agricultural Implements,

## STOVES &amp; TIN-WARE,

And are prepared to do all kinds of work in

TIN, SHEET-IRON AND COPPER,

IN THE BEST MANNER.

## FOR CASH.

ALSO TO PUT UP

## BRICK &amp; PORTABLE FURNACES.

Among our stock may be found the

## Oriental Self-Feeding Furnace,

—ALSO—

## PARLOR ORIENTAL WITH REGISTER

Constantly on hand the different sizes of the

## Oriental, the Brilliant, Mc-

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Gas Burner.

Full assortment of

## Cook Stoves and Ranges,

Among which is THE DICTATOR, the best and  
heaviest now in market. Also, other varieties of

COAL AND WOOD STOVES.

## House Furnishing Ware,

## PUMPS,

LEAD PIPE, &amp;c.

TIN ROOFING AND LEADERS.

## JOBGING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

All Wants Promptly Met,

AND EVERYTHING AT

Lowest rates for Cash.

Call and see the New Store,

AND

Examine Our Stock.

BERRY &amp; THORN.

Plainfield, Oct. 7, 1868.

## NEW JERSEY LAND.

## A Home in the Country.

CENTRAL NEW JERSEY

## LAND IMPROVEMENT

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Offer for Sale on the Line of the

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AT

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## Country Places,

From One to Twenty Acres.

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Land in Blocks by the Acre,

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And Lots in large or small quantities, suitable for  
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access to the city.  
This line of road offers special inducements to per-  
sons desiring a country home.  
We especially call attention to the new town of  
DUNELLEN, two and a half miles west of Plainfield.  
It is unsurpassed for healthfulness and beauty of  
location. The soil is a sandy loam; very dry, yet  
rich and productive.  
For further information apply at the office of the  
Company, 103 LEXINGTON STREET.

A. D. HOPE,

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Flour, Feed,

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## Steam Planing Mill,

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Sash, Blinds, Doors, Mouldings,

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All kinds of Planing, Matching, Re-sawing, Turn-  
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Plainfield. Bound Brook.

24-ly

The Last Growing Success.

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IMPROVED

HAIR RESTORER

FAVORITE

HAIR DRESSING

New Style in one Bottle

BY ITS USE

Gray or Faded Hair is quickly

restored to its youthful color and beauty,

and with the first application a

beautiful gloss and delightful fragrance

is given to the Hair.

It will cause Hair to grow on Bald Spots.

It will promote luxuriant growth.

FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

For Sale by all Druggists.

DEPOT removed from Greenwich St. to

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PRICE ONE DOLLAR

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## FURNITURE

## Warehouses,

NORTH SIDE FRONT STREET,

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IS THE PLACE TO FIND GOODS

CHEAP FOR CASH,

Of every description of Furniture, from a Wood Seat  
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Bedroom Sets,

From \$25 to \$250.

BEDSTEADS,

OF HARD WOOD,

At LOWER PRICES than ever of-  
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HISK &amp; HAIR MATTRESSES,

GEESE FEATHERS

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WINDOW SHADES,

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PICTURE CORD AND

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Fancy Toilet Trunks.

ALSO,

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ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE



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OFFICE removed to their new office in Cherry Street, opposite Post Office, are now prepared to attend to any kind of professional business, including the collection of claims, the examination of titles and the investigation of money.  
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Extracted WITHOUT PAIN by the use of Nitrous Oxide.  
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No pain will be spared to give entire satisfaction.

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Plaster Ornaments,  
SUCH AS  
Centre Pieces, Cornice Enrichments, Arch Brackets, &c.  
Jobbing attended to.

Horse-Shoeing and Repairing,  
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Light and Heavy Farm Wagons, Cabs, &c.,  
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A LARGE STOCK OF FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES, EVERGREENS, SHRUBS, BULB PLANTS, &c., for sale at low prices.  
Catalogue containing lists of varieties of Fruits, &c., &c., with prices annexed, forwarded on application.  
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Plainfield, Sept. 21, 1868.

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All modern styles of Cornice Pieces, Cornice Enrichments, Brackets, Trusses, &c., furnished at the lowest prices.  
Particular attention paid to Repairing and Chasing Wall at the shortest notice.

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PICTURE FRAMES, LOOKING GLASSES,  
Photographic Cabinets, &c., Old Frames Reglazed; Pictures hung; Picture Cord, Nails, Photographs, Paste Partout, Brackets, &c., &c.

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Opposite the Superintendent's Office of Central R.R. Sheet Lead, Steam, Gas and Lead Pipe, Water Closets, Bath Tubs, Wash Basins, Boilers, Sinks, Lard and Force Pumps, Hydrants, &c., &c.  
Jobbing punctually attended to with neatness and despatch. Connections made with the Public Sewers.

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WATCHES & CLOCKS NEATLY REPAIRED.  
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ZACHARIAH WEBSTER,  
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Still continues to insure in some of the best Fire, Life, Accident and Stock

INSURANCE COMPANIES  
IN THE  
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OFFICE COR. FRONT AND SOMERSET STS.,  
Second Story.

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Among which are the following:  
FIRE:  
American Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Newark.  
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Fireman's Mutual of Newark, and other Newark Companies.

Life:  
The Home of New York.  
Importers and Exporters of New York.  
Market Mutual of New York.  
Fireman's Insurance Co. of Jersey City.  
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National Travellers' Insurance Company of New York.  
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Extra Live Stock Insurance Co. of Hartford, Conn.  
POLICIES obtained on favorable terms in all of the above Companies, and I have always found them first class Companies, and able and willing to pay all losses promptly.

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STILL continues to take FIRE RISKS in good and reliable companies.

Fire, Life, Accident & Stock  
Insurances  
Are also effected on reasonable terms and with satisfaction to parties.

BUILDING LOTS, BUILDINGS  
AND FARMS  
Constantly on hand for sale or exchange.  
Plainfield, Oct. 10, 1868.

ASBURY  
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.  
OFFICE 291 BROADWAY,  
COR. READE STREET, NEW YORK.  
Cash Capital, \$150,000.

Organized under the laws of the State of New York, and \$150,000 deposited in the Insurance Department of the State as a Guarantee Fund on the Policy.  
J. M. BANGS, Pres.  
GEORGE ELLIOTT, Vice Pres. and Sec.  
The Asbury issues a greater variety of policies than any company in the city, thus having greater facilities for meeting the wants of the public.  
What Insurance is Payment Life Policies, Endowment, Assurance, Simple Endowments, Surrender Policies, Assurance on Joint Lives, payable at death of either to the other, Assurance on three or more joint lives, &c., &c.  
All forms of Annuity and Combined Assurance and Annuity, viz:  
Annuity in which for a sum down the Company will pay a certain sum annually during life.  
Annuity deferred, in which in return for a sum down the Company will pay a certain sum annually after a certain number of years.  
Life Assurance and Deferred Annuity combined with an Assurance of an amount to be paid in case of death.  
In addition to these the Asbury Company issues Policies for Churches on the lives of their Pastors for the time being for a single year according to a special table calculated for this purpose at much below the usual whole-life rates.

ABSOLUTE NON-FORFEITURE.  
All policies in this company stand upon a non-forfeiture basis. In the payment of premiums for their full assurance value, after two premiums have been paid. No exchange of old policies called for by their owners is good for the Assurance value. An important rule for determining such value is given in the pamphlet of the company, so that the policy holder can, for himself, determine the value of his policy at any time.  
Dividends after two premiums have been paid on the Partnership plan.

DIRECTORS:  
The Asbury occupies an unusual position in respect to its Board of Directors whose duty it is to see that its affairs are economically managed. It is intended that the distinguishing features shall be Economy, Security and Liberality.  
Pamphlets, circulars and all needed information upon application to:  
A. F. CAMPBELL,  
Supt. of City Agencies.

SAVINGS BANK  
At Plainfield, N. J.  
INCORPORATED, APRIL 22, 1863.

Office at Post, Park & Mundy's Store, Open on Tuesday Evenings from 6 to 8 P. M., Friday, from 2 to 5 P. M.  
DEPOSITS MADE NOW DRAW INTEREST FROM OCTOBER.  
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST. FREE FROM TAX. ALLOWED ON ALL NEW DEPOSITS \$1 TO \$1,000.  
ELIAS B. POPE, Treasurer.

FURS, &c.

NEW! NEW!

Hats, Caps,

AND

FURS!

AT VERMEULE'S OLD STAND,  
ON MAIN STREET.

Fall & Winter Stock  
OF FASHIONABLE

Hats & Caps.

FURS!

NEW, and of the best quality and styles,  
Single or in Sets,  
To suit Purchasers.

We select our Furs from large stocks, pay Cash and sell at low rates. We defy competition on same quality of goods, for the reason that we do a Cash and not Commission business.

Call and Examine  
M. VERMEULE  
Plainfield, Oct. 29, 1868.

Cold Winter  
IS COMING.

LADIES, PLEASE GO TO SUTPHEN'S FOR YOUR  
FURS & HATS,  
AND GENTS FOR YOUR  
HATS, CAPS, GLOVES, ROBES,  
AND  
Furnishing Goods.

A large stock of all goods kept in a first class building. For establishment sold at the lowest figures.

I. R. SQUIER,  
171 Broad street, Corner Jersey street.  
Solely ELIZABETH.

PRESERVE YOUR EYES!  
M. SCHWAB,  
Optician and Oculist,  
WILL BE AT  
LAIN'S HOTEL,  
PLAINFIELD, N. J.,  
FROM FEBRUARY 1st TO 6th, 1869.  
With a very fine stock of  
Spectacles & Optical Instruments.

It has been trained as an Optician, and been engaged in the business for the last TWENTY YEARS, and, at first sight, adopt the least most appropriate to restore the vision to its original state. He manufactures his own glasses from the best Crystal and natural stone, and guarantees not only the preservation, but the improvement of the sight from using them.  
All his Optical Instruments, Microscopes, Opera Glasses, &c., &c., stand the closest scientific tests.

REFERENCES:  
PLAINFIELD, April 23, 1867.  
Having used Eye Glasses and Spectacles supplied by Mr. M. Schwab and manufactured by him, we would cordially recommend him to all who need any aid to sight as a most skillful Optician and an obliging and reliable man.  
J. P. ROBERTS, Plainfield.  
JOHN CUTTREN, M. D.,  
AUG. GRAUD, M. D.,  
GEO. NICHOLS, M. D.,  
FLEET BERRY,  
Rev. Dr. Campbell, President of Rutgers College.  
New Brunswick, N. J.  
Ex-Gov. Joel Parker, Freehold, N. J.

An Impostor! \$50 Reward!  
The above reward will be paid by the subscriber for the apprehension of the person traveling about the country, representing himself to be him.  
M. SCHWAB.

Machine Works Removed.  
THE subscribers wish to give notice that they have removed to their  
NEW BUILDINGS,  
ADJOINING THE GAS WORKS,  
Corner of 4th and Washington Sts.,  
Where they are prepared with increased facilities to execute ORDERS FOR MACHINERY with neatness and dispatch.  
Particular attention paid to Repairing.  
Thankful for the liberal patronage we have received, we hope to merit a continuance of the same.  
KINYON & SCHESCK  
Plainfield, June 1, 1868.

AGRICULTURAL.

Fancy Farmers.

What do you think of paying five hundred dollars for a ram?

"Why, I think it's a pretty big price."

"Big price! It's a regular swindle."

"Don't you think such prices are paid?"

"No, I don't. I always calculated the reports of such great prices were humbugs, got up by the fancy farmers, who I think do more harm than good in any neighborhood. Their fast horses, thousand dollar sheep, and big roosters, are altogether too fast for us common farmers."

"Well, neighbor, I partly agree with you. No doubt there have been many falsely reported sales, for purposes well understood; but, on the other hand, a large number of rams have been sold in this country during the last five years at prices ranging from five hundred to upwards of a thousand dollars each."

"But were they worth it?"

"Ah, that's another question, and one which, in my opinion, must be answered in the negative. It is an old saying, that a thing is worth just what it will bring; but here is an exception to the general rule. A sheep fever, or mania, rages throughout a portion of the country, and rams of the most fashionable breeds command prices far above their real value."

"But, neighbor, when you say that fancy farmers cause more harm than good to the localities in which they live, I must dissent from your position. As the term is usually understood, fancy farmers are those who, possessed of capital, expend it lavishly upon their farms in various directions, according as their tastes or prejudices lead them, and not always in an economical, or even, perhaps, sensible manner. They buy fast horses, blooded stock, fancy sheep and poultry, artificial manures, improved implements, search for new seeds and fruits, and are always the first to take hold of any 'new fangled notion' that starts up. They are usually men who have made their money by some other profession than farming, and consequently are not deeply versed in its mysteries, by experience. They are theorists, fanatics, if you will, and they enter upon new schemes with more impetuosity than wisdom. In a word, they run things into the ground, and in nine cases out of ten, their experiments leave them poorer in purse, but richer in experience."

"Now, we insist that such farmers amateurs, gentlemen farmers, fancy farmers, or whatever you see fit to call them—are acquisitions to any farming community. They are the pioneers in improvement—the extremists, who lead the way in the path of progression. By their operations a whole neighborhood may profit. They conduct an experiment;—if it is successful, others may profit by it without running the risks; if it is unsuccessful, we need not attempt, and have lost nothing. So no farmer, who keeps his eyes and ears open, but may profit by the operations of his fancy farmer neighbor. He buys blooded stock, and pays what you consider an outrageous price. Very well; he pays his own money, and if he is satisfied, we ought to be. He keeps his stock, and if of value, in time it becomes mixed through all the surrounding herds, and we are the recipients of the gain, without being obliged to join in the expenditure. So of fertilizers and implements. He sees a new kind of machine or manure advertised, obtains it, and makes a trial of it. What is the result? If it is a success and pays, you can do the same; but if it is a failure, you are none the poorer, rather richer in experience obtained through the use of another's capital."

"Thus it is; and all this outcry against 'fancy farmers' is just so much spleen, prejudice, and a mistaken idea in regard to the matter. To be sure it may make us feel a little envious to see our new neighbor, fresh from some occupation in which he has acquired money, erecting nice buildings, purchasing fine stock, improving his fields, driving a stylish team, and spending his money generously, perhaps to us foolishly; but such is not the right spirit. We should strive to banish all such unworthy feeling, and making the best of what we have, endeavor to turn all his experiences to our own advantage, and learn from his failures as well as his successes.—Farm Talk.

THE COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE reports that a system of international agricultural exchanges has been established between his department and the most celebrated Botanic Gardens and Museums of the world. In this country over 30,000 plants have been sent from the experimental garden at Washington to all parts of the United States. As to the disposition of seeds, 592,398 packages, including 32,120 sacks of winter wheat have been distributed.

Michigan is becoming a rival of Maine in the lumber trade. It is reported that five thousand laborers are employed in the pine forests of Michigan in preparing the logs to be hauled during the winter months.

An Irish woman, aged 109, died in Boston last Saturday.

Rich, if not Wealthy.

Who are our rich men? There are thousands of them with empty purses, but with good constitutions, healthy stomachs, active limbs, generous hearts and willing hands, whose gifts to the cause of the Lord, though small in themselves, are enhanced in value because they come from "the sweat of the brow." Industrious bones are better than gold, tough muscles better than silver, wiry nerves with a good battery at headquarters better than real estate. Dependence upon particular Providence is better than reliance on human resources. A cheerful disposition, appreciation of wit and fun, and knowing how to guide the exuberance of the life into the channels of discretion, as a bank full of riches that no panic shall disturb. The thing to get along with in this world is a man's own self. Rely on that, regulated by allegiance to Christ and his cause.

A cross, surly man, is deformed inside; a timorous man is troubled with spiritual "rickets." The man who trusts to God for opportunities, and trusts to himself to improve them, is the morally healthy man; who makes and spends money as he goes along, grudging nothing to the cause of benevolence, for which he is willing to tithe the fruits of his opportunities as a generous acknowledgment to Him who provides them.

To all who are thus rich in meek, pious thought and feeling; whose willing hearts, beating responses to the wails of human woe, are ready to sweet for us the relief by the exertions of daily toil, we say! Listen now to the urgent claims of our Missionary Boards.

Your smallest contributions will not be too small to meet with the approbation of the Master. He will never be in your debt, and it is safe to invest in his securities. Faith in this thing is the test of Christian character. The parable of the pounds is founded on our duty to employ what God has given us as his stewards to be used in the furtherance of the cause. It was he who had the smallest means committed to his trust that suffered expulsion from the happiness of his Lord. This man no doubt justified his withholding from the Lord because his means were limited. He had to provide for his family besides, may be, he had the consumption, and it was necessary for him to keep his means laid up in his napkin against the day of need.

The New Testament does not teach us to rely upon our men of wealth, but upon our men of poverty, who make their own money by the sweat of their brow. They all can give something; if no more, the price of the quid which may "roll as a sweet morsel under the tongue," and besides this save the gift of saliva ejected every time, at the expenses of a healthy organism.

It is not, it cannot surely be, in vain that the appeal of the Missionary Board is made. They are justified in calling upon the poor, more than upon the rich, by the New Testament. Very little is said there about raising money for benevolent purposes, because reliance for that is laid wholly upon the love of Jesus. The heart of the writer was chilled by a very small donation from a rich man for this cause; but soon after, another gift, but a trifle larger, came from the honest hand of a poor woman, whose eye moistened and whose lip quivered in uttering the regret that she could not give more. Of these two which of them well bore the decisive test of Christian character?

Every disciple in the world, richer or poorer, is bound either by himself or by another, to go forth and preach the gospel. If he cannot open his own mouth, he can open the mouth of another, or help to do it; and if he do not, "how dwelleth the love of God in him?" They who can, but will not contribute one cent, or one dollar, or one hundred dollars, "as the Lord hath prospered them," might as well give up their hope, for it is not worth a straw.—Intelligencer. W. R. G.

THE UNIVERSE IN MOTION.—If for a moment we imagine the acuteness of our senses preternaturally heightened to the extreme limits of telescopic vision, and bring together events separated by wide intervals of time, the apparent repose which reigns in space will suddenly vanish, countless stars will be seen moving in group in various directions; nebulae wandering, condensing, and dissolving, like cosmical clouds; the milky way breaking up in parts, and its vail rent asunder. In every point of the celestial vault, we should recognize the domination of progressive movement, as on the surface of the earth, where vegetation is constantly putting forth its leaves and buds, and unfolding its blossoms. The celebrated Spanish botanist, Cavanilles, first conceived the possibility of "seeing grass grow," by placing the horizontal micrometer wire of a telescope, with a high magnifying power, at one time on the point of a bamboo-shoot, and at another on the rapidly unfolding flowering stem of an American aloe; precisely as the astronomer places the cross wires on a culminating star. Throughout the whole life of physical nature—in the organic as in the side-real world—existence, preservation, production, and development, are alike associated with motion as their essential condition.—Humboldt's "Cosmos."

SUNDRIES.

THERE is no limit to modern extravagance. The necessity comes in for its share. In Boston, elegantly dressed dolls are advertised at prices ranging from \$40 to \$500.

THERE may be doubts as to the wickedest man or the wickedest woman in New York, but there can be no doubt that the Erie is the wickedest corporation in the empire State.

"IT IS THE BUTT of every man," says Steele, "who would be true to himself, to obtain, if possible, a disposition to be pleased."

THERE is no action of man in this life which is not the beginning of so long a chain of consequences, as that no human providence is high enough to give us a prospect to the end.—Hobbes.

A NARROW Minded person has not a thought beyond the little sphere of his own vision. "The snail," says the Hindoos, "sees nothing but his own shell, and thinks it the grandest palace in the universe."—Sydney Smith.

An Irishman, returned from Italy, was asked in the kitchen, "Pat, what is the lava I hear the master talking about?" "Only a drop of the crater," was the reply.

Ten years ago, in the village of Union Springs, N. Y., a tree-planting society was formed, and now there are more than 1,000 beautiful shade trees. Other enterprises have followed.

Four new and handsome cars were, on Wednesday, placed on the route between New York and Washington, for the accommodation of the through travel, being the first instalment of a complete set of new equipments soon to be placed upon this route by the consolidated companies over whose lines it runs.

A BARBER-SHOP firm at Newark, recently "dissolved," and posted up the following notice: "The dissolution of copartnership heretofore existing between me and Moses Jones in my barber profession, am heretofore resolved. Pursuits who oes must pay de scriber. Dem what de firm bes must call on Jones, as de firm is resolved."

A few days ago, while Mr. Moody, of Wells, Vermont, was shutting a gate, his carriage horses, with his two boys in the vehicle, ran away. One of the boys escaped injury, but the other was dragged about thirty yards over the frozen ground, and mangled in a most awful manner. When taken up, to his agonized father he said: "Pa, I've got to die," and after enduring the greatest suffering, died in about ten hours.

A little boy lived for some time with a penurious uncle. The latter was one day walking out with the child by his side, when a friend accompanied by a greyhound addressed him. The little fellow, never having seen a dog of so slight and slim a texture, clasped the creature round the neck, with the impassioned cry of, "Oh, doggie, doggie! do you live with your uncle, too, that you are so thin?"

A METHOD employed in Germany to keep rosebuds fresh into the winter consists in first covering the end of recently cut stems with wax, and then placing each one in a closed paper cap or cone, so that the leaves do not touch the paper. The cap is then coated with glue to exclude air, dust and moisture, and when dry, is stood up in a drawer in a cool place. When wanted for use, the rose is taken out of the cap and placed in water, after cutting off the dead, when the rose will bloom in a few hours.

It is said that carbonic acid has recently been used successfully in Australia, in curing the bite of serpents. A patient had been bitten by one of the most venomous species, six hours previously, and had nearly succumbed to the poisonous influence, when the application of the acid internally produced a reaction, followed by restoration to health. We believe, however, that Prof. Mitchell found very little effect from the internal use of the acid in the experiments instituted by him.

PLEA FOR SIMPLE MELODIES.—It is no wonder that singing has died out from the congregation, when a choir is put to recite words that nobody can understand, to music that nobody knows, and the people are left to listen to newly converted opera airs which last week were brought over by a fresh troop of foreign singers. And those sweet melodies that stilted propriety has long ago driven from the churches, but which have gone forth among the people, and rung out gloriously in camp meetings, shaking the forest leaves with the ascending shouts of a mighty people; or which, more gently, have filled rural school houses and humble lecture rooms and village churches, not yet corrupted by the false pretences of "classical music"—those sweet melodies that no one can hear with his ear and not feel his heart beating within his bosom all the faster for the sound—are become the ridicule and contempt of men who think that God must be praised to the sound of Meyerbeer or Rossini, and not to the sweet and humble melodies of our own land.—Henry Ward Beecher.