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"Support the Constitution, Which is the Cement of the Union, as Well in Its Limitations as in Its Authorities."—Madison.

MOST PEOPLE GO TO CHURCH

VALUABLE CHURCH STATISTICS GATHERED BY THE MINISTERS.

An Interesting Table Showing the Number of Families Attending Church and Whether They Prefer One Denomination

During the summer a church canvass was made of Plainfield and North Plainfield, under the direction of the Ministers' Association, from which the following figures have been compiled, which may be of interest to the general public. The figures given are for families, and not individuals, except in cases where there is but one member of a family in the city. The first column shows the number of families who attend one of the churches of the denomination named. The second column shows the number of families who have a preference for the church named, although they do not call themselves regular attendants at the church:

	Attend	Preference
Baptist	674	45
Seventh Day Baptist	73	1
Congregational	73	1
Episcopal	361	41
Methodist Episcopal	422	34
Presbyterian	836	74
Trinity Reformed	278	17
Other Protestant Churches	256	30
Salvation Army	21	2
Total families attending	2,967	255
Roman Catholic Churches	471	8
Total families attending	3,438	263
Against these 3,440 families who attend Christian churches there are 523 families who do not attend		
Families expressing a preference merely	263	
Hebrew Families	24	
Families expressing no preference and without church affiliation	236	
	629	

These figures are as nearly correct as an ordinary census can make them. Possibly the Roman Catholic churches are not credited with their full number of attendants.

MRS. BRUNN'S SIDE

She Says She Never Drinks But Takes Good Care of Her Children.

There is generally two sides to every story and so it is with the trouble between Peter Brunn and his wife. Borough residents who have interested themselves in the case seem to differ as to which of the couple is to blame. Many say that the husband is the one, instead of the wife.

Mrs. Brunn, accompanied by two of the children, whom it was endeavored to take to New York yesterday, called at the Press office this afternoon and said that she was very much injured to feel that anyone should accuse her of drinking and neglecting the children. She said that she never does this, but works out every day in order that she may be able to support and send them to school. She claims that the children do not want to leave her. The oldest girl, who has a remarkable growth of hair, added here that what her mother stated was true—that she nor her sisters did not want to leave their mother.

Mrs. Brunn claims that her husband has spent the money that she has earned, and that he does not now live at home and that he contributes nothing to her support.

Sewage Beds Soon to Be Finished.

The Daily Press is assured that the sewage beds will be in use by December, and all persons who are going to have house connections made are urged to attend to it. The work of making the connections will be continued through the winter, and as soon as the beds are ready they will be used.

Always Something New

Not a day passes but what there is something new to be seen at that always busy store of White's. No matter when you go there they are always busy selling, and never a time when your money had more purchasing powers than now. They call special attention to their millinery, dressgoods and underwear department.

A Junior Sociable.

The Junior Epworth League of the Monroe Avenue chapel held a sociable Saturday afternoon and spent the time very enjoyably. Miss Charlotte Aldridge was in charge.

The Crescent Coterie will hold their next dance on Tuesday, November 12, at the Olympia.

"Many of the citizens of Plainville, Indiana, are never without a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the house," says Jacob Brown, the leading merchant of the place. This Remedy has proven of so much value for colds and croup in children that few mothers who know its worth are willing to be without it. For sale at Reynolds' pharmacy, corner of Park and North avenues.

WORK OF THE GRAND JURY.

A THREE-WEEKS SESSION AND FIFTY-FIVE INDICTMENTS.

Justices of the Peace Censured for Unnecessarily Burdening the Courts With Trivial Cases—No Liquor Men Indicted.

The Union County Grand Jury, after a three-weeks session, came into court at noon Monday with fifty-five bills of indictment, which they presented to Judge VanSlykel. There were also three presentments which were not made public. The jury reported failure to find any true bills against Michael Kildea and Henry Sampson, two waiters who were accused of starting a riot at the Beechwood Hotel, Summit, and resisting an officer.

No indictment was found against Larry Sheridan, of Summit, charged with forgery, or Michael McDonald, of the same place, who was charged with assault and battery at Roselle. Henry Pendleton, of Westfield, and Mary Sullivan, both charged with assault, also escaped indictment. All these were held prisoners in the county jail and Judge VanSlykel ordered their release.

The arraignment of persons against whom indictments have been found will begin on Wednesday.

The Grand Jury also brought in a general presentment against the various Justices of the Peace in the county for the manner in which they unnecessarily burden the courts with trivial complaints that should never be sent to the Grand Inquest to consider. Another presentment was in reference to the complaints lodged by the Christian Citizenship Union, of Elizabeth, against several prominent local saloon-keepers who were charged with Sunday selling. The Grand Jury pointed out that it required proof of three consecutive sales, or violations of the law, to convict the accused dealer, and that where there was a city ordinance governing the sale of liquor on Sunday, as in Rahway and Elizabeth, the Common Pleas Court had no jurisdiction in the matter.

A third presentment called the attention of the Union Township Board of Health to the existence of a nuisance in that township which steps are now being taken to abate.

MARRIED AGAINST THEIR WILL.

An Old Couple Furnish Amusement for a Topsy-Turvy Street Man.

An East Front street resident took a drop too much Sunday evening and it left him in a jolly mood. He called an old woman, about sixty years, who boarded at his house, and his hired man, about seventy-five years of age, and informed them that he was going to marry them.

Both the old people strenuously objected to the ceremony, but the imbibing of strong drinks was boss and he read the marriage ceremony, and told the old couple that they were man and wife. The old man started off to the barn, without a word, and slept there that night.

"I wouldn't live with him as his wife if I were paid for it," declared the indignant woman as she departed in the other direction.

The East Front street man thought the whole matter a splendid joke.

Death of Prof. Bartow.

Prof. Bartow, of Bound Brook, who is well known all over the United States as a musician of rare ability, died very suddenly at his home Monday night of diabetes. Mr. Bartow's son was playing in Music Hall and received a telegram to come home immediately. He passed away soon after his son's arrival.

The latter was to have been married tomorrow evening in Brooklyn and the event will probably be changed to some future date. Decedent was Chancellor of Somerset Lodge, No. 5, K. of P., of Bound Brook, and the lodge will take charge of the funeral services.

Another Workman Sues His Boss.

Summons have been issued in the case of Richard Caldwell against Charles A. Coriell, on contract, by Justice Huff at Dunellen. Coriell was employed in the telegraph pole business and Caldwell was in his employ. Caldwell now sues for \$59 in back pay and is represented by Lawyer Harry C. Runyon of this city.

An Attempted Robbery.

An attempt was made to break into the tailor shop of A. Wolf, of Madison avenue, last evening. The thief opened the shutters and was trying to open the window when the proprietor, who sleeps in the shop, frightened him away. Wolf is now boarding up his windows to keep burglars away.

Bangup wall papers at knockdown prices at Edward Love's.

CANDIDATE GRIGGS SPEAKS.

THE EX-SENATOR ADDRESSES THE REPUBLICAN MASS-MEETING.

Hon. Roswell G. Horr Also Talks and Tells Funny Stories—Ex-Judge Codington Made a Short Address—Vice-Presidents.

The great ratification meeting of the Republicans was held last Monday in Music Hall, and a representative throng of citizens with their wives, sisters and sweethearts filled every seat. The especially large number of the gentler sex was remarked by all. The meeting was called to order by ex-Judge W. R. Codington, chairman of the city executive committee, and Frank E. Marsh was named as chairman of the meeting. Mr. Marsh made a few opening remarks and declared that it was not a fight between Republicans and Democrats, but between the people and the State House gang. When he mentioned the name of Charles A. Reed in his speech it was loudly applauded. J. B. Coward then read the list of vice presidents, which was as follows:

Hon. Alexander Gilbert, Hon. B. A. Hegeman, Jr., ex-Mayor Chas. Place, Elias B. Pope, J. Fred MacDonald, B. A. Hegeman, Sr., W. G. E. See, J. W. Murray, A. D. Shepherd, S. A. Ginna, Chas. J. Fisk, C. W. McCutchen, C. B. Corwin, L. N. Lovell, Hon. George Kyte, Edward Willis, Dr. J. B. Probasco, George D. Patten, L. B. Woolston, D. M. Demarest, W. W. Coriell, W. H. Moore, L. V. F. Randolph, Geo. W. Rockefeller, J. Frank Hubbard, Craig A. Marsh, Rev. A. H. Lewis, Rev. W. R. Richards, Rev. Cornelius Schenck, Dr. O. L. Jenkins, E. R. Ackerman, Dr. E. W. Hedges, Harold Serrell, James K. Arnold, James F. Buckle, Wm. Fisher, W. N. Spencer, C. A. Baynon, Newton B. Smalley, Andrew McArdel, Wm. Westphal, Henry McGee, Emil Woltman, Wm. Newcorn, Wm. Messerschmidt, Edwin F. Maynard, F. Hibbits, Dennis Carney, L. L. Coombs, Lewis Peterson and Charles Sorenson.

The secretaries were J. T. MacMurray, Horace J. Martin, and B. Frank Coriell. The officers were all asked to take seats on the platform, which most of them did.

W. R. Codington, candidate for Assemblyman in Union county, was introduced and spoke as follows:

C. A. Reed, candidate for Assemblyman in Somerset county, was received with applause, but he would not speak.

Hon. Roswell G. Horr, a citizen of this city, and one of the foremost political orators in the field, was announced as the next speaker, and received a loud and hearty welcome. His bright, pithy sentences were very much enjoyed, and his speech was accompanied with rounds of applause. He spoke of the condition of New Jersey four years ago and the improvements in the State government since the last election.

"Times are not what we like to have them," he remarked, "but they are better than before, and when we get men to manage the country that know what managing is like we will be all right. You have no right to expect more than is in a man."

Then followed some of Mr. Horr's characteristic humorous remarks in which he told the audience not to expect of President Cleveland and other prominent Democrats more than they were capable of doing and suggested that it might be a good thing to put those in power who were capable of doing the work. He then spoke of the present campaign. He told something of the methods of the Democrats who were "not good" and declared that he believed that they would abuse an angel if the Republicans should nominate an angel.

While Mr. Horr was speaking, ex-Senator John W. Griggs, with a body of friends, appeared on the scene and a general ovation followed. Senator Griggs then took the floor. He spoke very gratefully of the cordial reception he had received from all sides.

"I find here as I did at Elizabeth," said the candidate for governor, "an unusual number of ladies present. There is nothing that so encourages us as to know that the women are with us. We have nothing to be ashamed of, we are waging a campaign for pure government."

He then went back in the political history of New Jersey and told of the work of the alleged awful ring that had reigned supreme. He made the same point in his discourse as Horr of separating the Democrats into two classes—the good and the bad.

The party which accompanied him consisted of Hon. Foster Voorhees, Surrogate George Parrott, Assemblyman Charles N. Codding, Freeholder J. Martin Roll, candidate for Assemblyman in Union county, and Hon. Frank Bergen. They had all attended a mass meeting at Elizabeth and were brought here on a special car in the remarkably fast time of

eleven minutes. Charles J. Fisk and William T. Kirk accompanied them from Elizabeth, and here they were met at the station by J. B. Coward and G. D. Patten.

The Senator's speech was somewhat lengthy, and did not receive the enthusiasm that Horr's address did.

Hon. Foster M. Voorhees gave the next address, and spoke very highly of Senator Griggs and declared that Union county would give him her entire support. He also gave the past legislators a severe drubbing.

After a few words from J. Martin Roll the assemblage broke up with three cheers for Griggs.

AIDS TO PRESIDENT CRAWFORD.

Committees of Trinity Reformed Church Christian Endeavor Society.

President W. A. Crawford, of the Christian Endeavor society of Trinity Reformed church, on Monday evening announced his committees as follows:

Lookout—Miss E. F. Gillem, chairman; Mrs. J. A. Love, Miss Sadie Searing, Julius Williams, D. Van Winkle.

Prayer Meeting—Mrs. F. E. Woodruff, chairman; Miss I. M. Lanning, Miss Mindie Stiglitz, Edgar Sheppard, Edward Weaver.

Sunday-school—Miss Lizzie Dunn, chairman; Miss Mabel Wilson, Miss Ella Gardner, H. E. Gayle, F. E. Woodruff.

Music—Miss Lillian Force, chairman; Mrs. J. C. Van Dyke, Miss Nettie Krieling, H. J. Martin, F. E. Hazell.

Missionary—Miss E. C. Benedict, chairman; Miss Helen Bogart, Mrs. C. Schenck, Mrs. George W. Saums, Mrs. F. C. Adams.

Social—Mrs. H. W. Marshall, chairman; Miss Hattie Powelson, Miss Carrie Malt, Miss Jennie Smith, Miss Ella R. Fenner.

Flower—Miss May Sheppard, chairman; Miss Josephine Kissam, Miss C. J. Smalley, Hiram Holmes, W. F. Dunn.

Reception—E. E. Anthony, chairman; James A. Love, George W. Saums, Mrs. A. J. Moore, Miss Jennie Ross.

Temperance and Good Citizenship—F. E. Smith, chairman; Frank Wyckoff, Harry Crawford, Joseph Fuller, Henry Seader.

WHO'LL BE CITY JUDGE?

With Codington Out, the Contest for Republican Nomination Will Open.

The fight for the Republican nomination for city judge is open again by the withdrawal of ex-Judge W. R. Codington. His acceptance of the nomination for Assemblyman, of course, withdraws him from the fight. Those left in the field at present are George W. DeMeza, Harry C. Runyon, James P. Powers and Winfield S. Anglemann, but the contest has not progressed far enough to tell who has the best chances.

Sparkling Musical Comedy.

"Little Trixie," which plays at Music Hall tomorrow evening, is a sparkling musical comedy that has met with success wherever it has been given. Everywhere praises of its entertaining features are sounded and it is endorsed by the press and public in all the large cities as one of the very best. The star of the company, May Smith Robbins, is a charming little Irish girl, who is a favorite with all who know her. She is a talented impersonator, a sweet singer and a wonderfully graceful dancer.

There is no medicine so often needed in every home and so admirably adapted to the purposes for which it is intended, as Chamberlain's Pain Balm. Hardly a week passes but some member of the family has need of it. A toothache or headache may be cured by it. A touch of rheumatism or neuralgia quieted. The severe pain of a burn or scald promptly relieved and the sore healed in much less time than when medicine has to be sent for. A sprain may be promptly treated before inflammation sets in, which insures a cure in about one-third of the time otherwise required. Cuts and bruises should receive immediate treatment before the parts become swollen, which can only be done when Pain Balm is kept at hand. A sore throat may be cured before it becomes serious. A troublesome corn may be removed by applying it twice a day for a week or two. A lame back may be cured and several days of valuable time saved or a pain in the side or chest relieved without paying a doctor bill. Procure a 50 cent bottle at once and you will never regret it. For sale by Reynolds' pharmacy, Park and North avenues.

John Hand Camp, No. 28, S. of V., will give an entertainment at their hall on Friday evening.

A SENSATION AND SURPRISE.

C. N. CODDING REFUSES TO ACCEPT AN ASSEMBLY RENOMINATION.

Copies of the New Jersey Herald Attacking Him Distributed—Nominated But Refused—W. R. Codington Selected.

The Union County Republicans held their county convention at Elizabeth Tuesday afternoon, says the World, and nominated the following ticket:

Members of Assembly—Henry C. Clauss, of Elizabeth; J. Martin Roll, of Springfield; William R. Codington, of Plainfield. Coroner—Charles B. Holmes, of Rahway.

The convention was presided over by ex-City Attorney Frank Bergen, who later entertained Candidate John W. Griggs with a dinner at his home. Editor Charles C. McBride, of Elizabeth, and Mr. Anderson, of Rahway, acted as secretaries.

There was much excitement in the convention over the advent of two newsboys, who distributed among the delegates copies of a new local paper, the New Jersey Herald, which contained an attack on Assemblyman Charles N. Coddling, Chairman of the Union County Republican Executive Committee, and who had called the convention to order. The paper denounced his legislative record and called upon the convention to defeat him for a renomination.

Mr. Coddling, however, was nominated. He strode down the aisle and while the delegates cheered him he insisted on speaking. "Gentlemen," he said, "as I do not care to be made the target and victim of two or three calumnious eurs whose history is well known I positively decline to accept the nomination."

In spite of this Mr. Coddling amid great applause, was nominated by acclamation. He still refused to accept, and in much confusion a recess was taken for ten minutes. The delegates swarmed around Mr. Coddling and implored him to reconsider.

It was no use, however, as he declared his mind was made up. "I will not submit to a campaign of calumny," he remarked, "as my business interests would suffer by it. I am sincerely grateful to the convention for its expression of confidence in my legislative actions, but I won't run again, and that settles it."

It is said the A. P. A. and American Mechanics were back of the opposition to Mr. Coddling.

Ex-Judge Codington was substituted. Police Justice Frazee, of Rahway, made a good fight for the nomination against the Plainfield man. Elizabeth presented Henry C. Clauss, and the township's choice was Freeholder J. Martin Roll, of Springfield.

The convention was briefly addressed by John W. Griggs, who told of his South Jersey travels, and predicted a big vote from that section. He called on Union County Republicans, he said, to give loyal support to the ticket.

An English Cart.

While Charles L. Case, of Central avenue, was traveling in Europe this summer he purchased a genuine English cart. It arrived in this city last Saturday. The cart is something of a novelty, as it has two small wheels in front and two larger ones the rear, and contains one seat. The cart is at Blair's livery, and Mr. Case is going to have it repainted in the latest style before using it.

Farmer Martine in Demand.

"Farmer" Martine, of Plainfield, is doing good work for McGill, and he is one of the most sought after speakers on the State committee's list, says The World. He is down for a speech at Junction, Hunterdon county, Saturday. He will make a tour of Warren, Hunterdon, Sussex, Somerset and Morris counties, speaking two or three times a day.

Notice.

A public meeting will be held in the Guild room of Grace church, Sycamore and Sixth street, Thursday evening, the 24th inst., to consider the expediency of inviting one of the professors of Rutgers College to deliver a course of lectures in Plainfield. All persons interested are invited to attend.

Appeals to the Charitable.

A public meeting of the Citizen's Organized Aid Association will be held in the parlors of the Crescent Avenue church Monday evening. There will be music and addresses.

Every mother should know that croup can be prevented. The first symptom of true croup is hoarseness. This is followed by a peculiar rough cough. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is given freely as soon as the child becomes hoarse or even after the cough has developed it will prevent the attack. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale at Reynolds' pharmacy, corner Park and North avenues.

WHAT TO DO WITH THE GIRLS

MISS LINDLEY HAS PRONOUNCED IDEAS ON THE SUBJECT.

She Believes the Country Is What the Women Have Made It and Much of Its Future Progress Depends Upon Them.

The fourth lecture in the course given under the auspices of the Plainfield women interested in securing school suffrage for New Jersey women was given by Miss Marguerite Lindley, of New York, Monday afternoon at four o'clock in the small hall at the Y. M. C. A. building.

The hall was hardly large enough to accommodate those who were in attendance. Mrs. David P. Hall was present and introduced Miss Lindley, after telling the object for which the lectures were given. The familiar motto "Know Thyself" was placed in a conspicuous part of the hall and it is safe to say that every woman present knew herself better at the close of the lecture than previous.

Miss Lindley's subject was "The Coming Girl and How Shall We Rear Her?" and she spoke in part as follows:

The coming girl must be educated to fully know her rights and that man is her brother and protector.

The country today is what the women have made it. She has softened the ire of the savage tribes. The future of this country rests on the coming girl, and the question is "How shall we rear her a correct all-round woman?"

If a mother wants to place corsets on her daughter, let her try it on her son or husband and see how they like it. Plenty of fresh air takes away that craving for unhealthy food. Nowadays health is a phenomenal thing in the majority of our homes. It is a headache, backache, or a pain of some kind, and simply because there has been a violation of the laws of Nature. Business, social and all other relations must be set aside till we feel better. This brings out the fact that there should be hygienic rearing of children. Systematic mental training should be looked after, but at the same time we should not think that the mind is everything, for the body is to be attended to fully as much as the mind.

Her environments cover all influences. She must exercise and bathe, the latter not strictly essential for a cleanliness point of view, but from the fact that it gives better circulation to the blood and makes one healthier. The best method is a cold sponge bath in the morning, which brings every part of one's body into action. She must have the bicycle and the dance, not to excess, but in proper doses. The wheel is new to woman and its possibilities are as yet unknown. She must exercise the upper as well as the lower part of the body.

Her dress must be fashionable and healthful. She doesn't want to dress out of date and be odd.

At this point the speaker exhibited a skeleton, and spoke specifically of the circulatory, respiratory and digestive organs, and how they should be cared for.

Continuing, she said, jumping and dancing, if abused, will in time injure the brain. Our girls must learn cause and effect. She must not wait till the body is loaded down with disease and then ask "What shall I do to be saved?"

Women are the natural educators of children, and I hope that New Jersey women will not leave one stone unturned till she gets control of the schools.

We should not speak of bad women as fallen women, but as uneducated, for it is through ignorance they submit to certain influences that mark them for life, and the same way with the boys, they are not altogether to blame. They are brothers, and their mothers feel too delicate in speaking to them on certain subjects. Masculine women and feminine young men are monstrosities, and proper training is needed in this respect.

A girl is not any more immodest when riding a wheel than when walking. As the home is so is the country.

Mrs. A. M. Powell then announced that the next lecture would be given on Tuesday evening, October 29th, by Prof. John Gifford on "Forestry." It will be illustrated.

Telephone Service in Plainfield, \$30, \$40 and \$50.

According to number of local messages sent and joint use of line; full long distance equipment. Private lines and speaking tube systems installed at reasonable rates. Address: The New York & New Jersey Telephone Co., 175 North ave., Plainfield.

More Checkers.

The Plainfield checker players go to Westfield tomorrow night for another contest.

THE SPIRIT OF MILITARISM.

Questions That Are of Interest to All Deep Thinking Men.

If Mr. Spencer were now to rewrite the "Principles of Sociology," there can be no doubt that he would find in the United States an illustration scarcely less striking. Most of what he tells us of the changes in England is a matter of history here. That the immediate result of the late war of rebellion was a tendency of the military officialism to take the place of administrative offices with military chiefs, and that it may perhaps not be said that we have military heads of all the various departments, still the disposition to fill administrative offices with military chiefs, as strong immediately after the war, was in the same line—the result being "a style of administration which asserts authority more and regards individual claims less." At the same time the revival of the predatory spirit in regard to external affairs has been clearly discernible here, too, for although the sin of aggressive warfare on weaker or barbarous nations cannot be laid at the door of our government the constant cry for coast defenses and for the strengthening and increasing of army and navy are clear indications of the same spirit.

But what chiefly must strike us as familiar facts are these: The spirit of military dictation and the usurpation of exclusive privileges by certain professions (prominent among them the medical); poor law, and, we may add, tramp law, administration in various parts of the Union; the demand for municipal distribution of water, gas and coal, as well as for governmental ownership of railroads and telegraphs; the ever increasing influence of "a coercive philanthropy" invoking state power to improve people's conduct, etc.—in short, the strong impetus imparted to the socialistic tendency of modern times is nothing but that same military spirit clamoring for the right of the state, or the commonwealth, if you please, to regulate the private affairs of the citizen in every department of life.—A. B. Ronne in Popular Science Monthly.

THE PARADISE OF TOTS.

A Lesson Is Taught About Babies to Other Countries by Japan.

Japan has been called "the paradise of babies." In many ways it seems that the Japanese treat their children more wisely than the more sophisticated but really less civilized nations of the west. The babies are born polite. They seem to inherit manners. There is in all Japan nothing corresponding to our city hoodlum or to the gamins of Paris. The Japanese child, even of the poorest parents, has plenty of pure air, frequent new toys and the love and attention of both parents. As a natural result, when he grows up, he treats his old parents with the utmost filial respect. No man with children feels uneasy in Japan because he has no money laid up for his old age.

The Japanese child is better tempered than the American, largely because he never has meat to eat. His food is light and simple and his digestion unimpaired by pesty pie crusts and heavy meat. The politeness of the Japs is strong testimony to the theory of the vegetarians that meat eating brutalizes one. Yet that the Japanese who never tasted meat in their lives are both strong and plucky the Chinese are now well prepared to testify.

Mr. Lafacadio Hearn, after teaching in a large Jap school for two years, says, "I have never had personal knowledge of any serious quarrel between students and have never even heard of a fight between my pupils, and I have taught some 800 young men and boys." He had never seen "a man strike another or a woman bullied or a child slapped." Yet the Japanese, with their perfect courtesy and sunny kindness, have been from time immemorial a nation of warriors always ready to avenge insults in blood.—Philadelphia Press.

Got His Desert.

A poor little boy was peddling apples in a railway station. A train was about starting, and almost at the last moment a tall, ruffianly passenger stepped off the car steps and called for 15 cents worth of apples. The girl counted them out, the man took them, and then, as he moved toward the car, began feeling in his pocket as if for the money. The change was not forthcoming, he was on the steps, the train began to move; the girl ran eagerly after it, and there stood the man on the platform laughing at her.

By good luck the mayor of the city happened to be among the bystanders—a war veteran, with a tender heart and a contempt for all meanness. He ran at once to the superintendent's office and said:

"I'll give you \$100 to stop that train and have it backed into the station." The offer was promptly accepted, a telegram was dispatched, and very soon the player of the joke found himself in the hands of the police. He paid the girl her 15 cents, of course, and offered to pay her a good deal more, but the officers were inexorable, and to the gratification of the lookers on he was marched off to jail.—Youth's Companion.

Not Familiar With Blessings.

There is a musical association in one of our suburban towns which, contrary to the general run of such bodies, found itself recently with a surplus of cash on hand. The members accordingly determined to give themselves a dinner and invite their wives. When they were assembled at the table, they stood rather awkwardly behind their chairs until the president, who seemed also embarrassed, finally called on one of the members in this wise: "Brother Waters, will you please ask a blessing? This was something that in all his varied experience Brother Waters never had done. He drew a long breath, rolled his eyes once more in despair and in a tone in which triumph and uneasiness were blended said, "Go." They went.—Boston Herald.

Not Inherited.

"Yes," remarked a youth to his tailor, "it's not a bad thing for you to have me among your patrons, you know."

"Perhaps not," was the rather doubtful response.

"My family name, being so well known in the community, is quite an advertisement for you. My forefathers, as you are doubtless aware, were early settlers."

"Yes, I've heard so. But I must say, sir, that in that respect you don't seem to take after them in the least."—Chicago Record.

A Much Divided Village.

The municipal geographical curiosity of the United States is the little village of Griffon, N. C., which, lays claim to more divisions than any other town, large or small, in the world. It is located in two counties, three townships, two congressional districts and two senatorial and two judicial districts.—St. Louis Republic.

STRUCK BY THE TROLLEY.

MRS. ROSETTA KNOCKED DOWN AND QUITE BADLY HURT.

She Was Deaf and Did Not Hear Or See the Approaching Car—Motorman Higgins Blameless for the Accident.

The first serious accident in this city resulting from the trolley car in which a person was injured, occurred on Thursday. About ten o'clock Mrs. Cecelia Rosetta started from her home at 127 Watchung avenue and went to MacDonald's grocery store to purchase some articles. Mrs. Rosetta is a stout woman of about fifty-eight years of age and is quite deaf. On several occasions she has narrowly escaped being struck by a car as she is unable to hear the warning bell. Mrs. Rosetta's home is on the east side of Watchung avenue, and at Frontstreet she crossed over on to her own side. When she had almost reached her home for some reason she started to cross the street again.

As she left the sidewalk, an electric car turned the corner from Front street. Motorman Morris Higgins saw her and rang the bell, but she paid no attention. Then seeing that she did not hear him, he put on the brakes with all his might, ringing the bell and shouting at her all the time. But Mrs. Rosetta went on and had just passed the middle of the track when the car which had not quite stopped struck her and knocked her down. Then just as Motorman Higgins stopped the car, the wheel-guard struck her in the hip. The car backed off, and Frank Vermeule and the conductor and motorman assisted her to her home.

Dr. Long, who happened to be passing, came in, but seeing that she was not dangerously injured, awaited the arrival of the family physician, Dr. O. L. Jenkins, who had been sent for. He arrived and soon after Dr. Fritts, president of the railroad. The physicians examined her and found that her shoulder had been sprained, her body was somewhat bruised, while there was a small cut on her leg.

Every effort was made by Motorman Higgins to prevent the car from striking her and he is in no way to blame for the accident.

MOSTLY RAIN WATER DRAINS.

Street Commissioner Meeker Investigates the Pipes Running Into Green Brook.

In the interest of the Plainfield Board of Health, Street Commissioner Meeker made an investigation a short time ago of the drains running into Green brook and the mill race. He found one more drain than the inspector of the borough did, and with the aid of a tape line located the drains exactly. He then located them on the surface and found that over two-thirds of them were merely to carry off the rain water from the roofs. The others were supposed to be sewer drains and the owners were ordered by the board to break their connections. Whether the orders of the board have been complied with is another question.

Greatest Convention Ever Held.

The news bulletin sent out by the New Jersey Christian Endeavor convention has the following to say about Plainfield '06:

Plainfield '06—Plainfield came down to Atlantic City, 241 strong, to fulfill the pledge made to their successful rivals of last year, and to secure the convention for next year. Both ends were accomplished; they were a most important factor in the convention and to their delight were awarded the next convention by the executive committee. Although the committee had to weigh most carefully the pleas of the claimants, the other one being Paterson, before reaching this result, Paterson was sent home, as Plainfield was last year, to lengthen the ladder in order to reach the coveted prize. Plainfield is laying plans for the greatest convention ever held in New Jersey, and the leaders are men who know how to count the cost. May success crown their efforts.

Lawyer Powers to Wed.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas A. Staats, of Elizabeth, have issued invitations for the approaching marriage of their daughter, May M., to James Pendleton Powers, the capable and popular young lawyer of this city. The ceremony will be performed in the St. James M. E. church in Elizabeth on Tuesday evening, October 23d, and will be a brilliant society event. Miss Staats is an accomplished young lady and will be welcomed to Plainfield by a host of Mr. Powers' friends.

Death of Washington Roll.

Washington Roll, one of the wealthiest farmers in Linden Township, died suddenly Tuesday night at his home of paralysis, at the age of eighty-three. He was a member of the noted Roll family that at one time owned nearly all of Linden Township. He was born in the old homestead there, and leaves two sons and one daughter.

Actors Divorced.

A divorce has been granted to Rose Stahl from Edward P. Sullivan, the actor, who is well known in this city.

JUNIOR COMMITTEES.

Earnest Workers for Trinity's Young Endeavor Society.

The following committees were appointed by President George Reynolds at the meeting of the Junior Christian Endeavor society of Trinity Reformed church Thursday afternoon:

Lookout—Grace Emmond, Dora Wilson, Henry Wyman, Charles Suhr. Prayer Meeting—Eva Dunavan, Lida Wyman, Anna Hazell, Everett Reighton.

Missionary—David Wyckoff, Bessie Martin, Evelyn Berg, Theodore Hazell.

Social—George Reynolds, Grace Emmons, Carmon Sutphen, Bessie Martin, Gertrude Tier, Martie Anthony.

Music—Ackash Holmes, Lucy Coriell, Gertrude Tier, Mattie Randall. Serapbook—Robert Meeker, Fred Dunavan, Everett Reighton, Clarence Brokaw, Charles Dunlap.

Flower—Bessie Wilson, May Anthony, Clyde Slater, George Reynolds, Edith Caleah.

Birthday—Martie Anthony.

Miss Mariner, of New York, was present at the meeting and gave a delightful talk to the society on temperance and her work in the slums of New York.

MARTINE SPEAKS OF GRIGGS.

The Farmer Orator Refers to the Vacillating Record of Griggs.

There was a rousing Democratic ratification meeting in the Lafayette Wigwam, Jersey City, last night, under the auspices of the Lafayette Democratic club. Dr. Mortimer Tompson, chairman, introduced J. E. Martine, of this city, as first speaker. Mr. Martine attacked the Republican Legislature for repealing the Werts Election law and for the passage of the Personal Registration act. He said the law would prevent thousands of workmen from voting, as they could not find time to register.

"Griggs, the Republican candidate for Governor," said Mr. Martine, "does not know where he is at. In Monmouth he is the immaculate candidate that stands for prohibition. When he strikes Newark he visits the realms of Bacchus and puts the brewer on the back. In Hudson he takes his beer, and in Camden he drinks water, and this is the man who asks your support."

Mr. Martine spoke of Griggs' record on the labor and race-track questions and made many allusions to his interest in water syndicates.

THE INVINCIBLE PARKS.

Elizabeth Whist Players Go Home With Defeat.

A team from the Elizabeth Whist Club came to this city last night to attempt to win from the crack four of the Park Club whisters the silver trophy of the New Jersey Whist Club, but when the almost unbroken record of victories of the Plainfielders are considered it seems almost superfluous to add that the Elizabethians returned empty-handed.

The contest was a challenged one and playing was commenced at eight o'clock and continued until eleven o'clock, when the score showed the Park Club were the winners. The Park Club team was composed of Messrs. Rogers, McCutchen, Townsend and Howell.

At the conclusion of the playing Steward Jones served light refreshments to the whisters.

NOT LIKELY TO SUE.

Mrs. Rosetta Was Mostly to Blame for the Accident.

Mrs. Rosetta, who was injured yesterday by a trolley car on Watchung avenue, suffered intensely last night. This morning Drs. Jenkins and Fritts called and prescribed to alleviate her pain. As yet the seriousness of her injuries cannot be determined. It was reported that Mrs. Rosetta would probably bring an action against the railway, but when a Press reporter made enquiries at the residence this morning a member of the family said that no suit would be brought, because Mrs. Rosetta was negligent and careless in trying to cross the track without first looking to see if a car was approaching, and especially so when she is so deaf.

Pleasantly Surprised.

A pleasant surprise was arranged and given by about thirty little friends of Miss Manie Thatcher at her home on West Seventh street last evening. The little hostess was completely surprised, but proved herself equal to the occasion. The time was pleasantly spent playing games and other amusements, after which a bountiful collation was served.

Does Better Work Every Day.

The steam roller is now working on Plainfield avenue, between Seventh and Eighth streets, and appears to improve with every day's use. The condition in which it leaves the streets is very satisfactory.

TEN YEARS OF GOOD WORK.

ANNIVERSARY OF TRINITY REFORMED CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR SOCIETY.

A Good Suggestion Made by E. E. Anthony that Associate Members Be Induced to Join the Church, the Same as Last Year.

Ten years can make a vast difference in a Christian Endeavor Society, as was shown at the tenth anniversary of the society of Trinity Reformed church last Thursday, comparing the large and enthusiastic gathering with the little band of consecrated workers who first gathered in October, 1885. The exercises were held in the church and a goodly number of the members and their friends were in attendance. The meeting was presided over by W. A. Crawford, the president of the society, while Horace J. Martin led the singing. The programme was arranged by a committee consisting of E. E. Anthony and W. A. Crawford, while H. W. Marshall, E. S. Garrettson and J. A. Love, made very efficient ushers.

After an opening service of song and a few words of welcome by President Crawford, Rev. Cornelius Schenck, the pastor, read a selection of Scripture and made a short prayer. A male quartette, composed of E. E. Runyon, L. S. Bond, L. R. Allen and F. S. Cutter, next rendered a very pleasing selection. Then E. E. Anthony, one of the charter members, gave a brief history of the society. In a few well-chosen words he sketched the changes of the last ten years and concluded by saying: "Last year we brought all the associate members into the church and then had to get a new stock; let us do the same this year." The secretary's report was then read by the secretary, Miss Ella Gardner, and showed an ever increasing growth of both senior and junior societies. There was also much work to tell of.

Edgar Sheppard read his report as treasurer, and after a well rendered solo by Miss Etta Krymer, Rev. F. B. Everett, of Trenton, president of the Christian Endeavor State Board of Evangelism, was introduced and made the address of the evening. Rev. Mr. Everett is a very young looking man, but his listeners forgot all about his looks as they listened to his address, which was full of practical hints and of that enthusiasm which has made the Christian Endeavor society so well known. He cautioned his listeners about being Christians all the week instead of only on Sunday and warned them to be careful of all their actions, as the rest of the world was watching closely for something to criticize. "Too much organization" he said, "is another fault found with our society. Too much work is given to the committees instead of being done by the whole society so that the members will only work when serving on a committee assigned to a special duty. I believe in directing our effort along specific lines. We are all specialists today. Find the work that your society is best capable of doing, conform and concentrate your ideas on something that conforms with our surroundings. The Junior Local Union, of Trenton, has done special work among the firemen, while the coast societies work among the life saving crews." He then spoke of the evangelistic work to be done in this State, only forty per cent of whose inhabitants are members of the church.

After another selection by the male quartette, the meeting closed with a hymn and the benediction.

Most of the audience then adjourned to the lecture room where ice cream and cake were served and a social time was enjoyed. There was a very amusing recitation by Miss Mary A. Lucky given in her customary excellent manner.

Land of the Rising Sun.

An illustrated missionary lecture on "The Celestial Empire and The Land of the Rising Sun," will be given by Rev. Frank S. Dobbins, of Philadelphia, in the First Baptist church, under the direction of the Christian Endeavor Society, on Friday evening, October 18th, commencing at eight o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to all. No charge for admission.

Front Street Purchase.

Walter Scott has purchased from Charles Hyde the property on East Front street between the J. L. Ludlum and ex-Mayor L. V. F. Randolph's property. It takes in a portion of the brook and a brick barn. Just what Mr. Scott will do with the property has not yet been ascertained.

Sentence Suspended on Martoni.

The two Italians, James Martoni and son, who were arrested on the charge of keeping a disorderly house, came up before Judge Coddington yesterday afternoon. Walter L. Hetfield, their counsel, pleaded non vult, and asked for a suspension of sentence which request was granted.

To Improve the Traps.

At the regular meeting of the Dunellen Gun club held last evening, it was resolved to improve the interior of the shooting house and make other improvements outside at the traps.

AN EVENING NUPTIAL EVENT.

The Ceremony Performed in Mt. Olive Baptist Church.

The Mt. Olive Baptist church was the scene last evening of a pretty wedding. The contracting parties were Miss Agnes Crawley, of this city, and Archie Jones, of New York.

The ceremony was performed at 8:30 by Rev. P. S. Gibson, pastor of the church, during which music was rendered on the organ.

The maid of honor was Miss Belle Flanagan and the best man Joseph Bolden, both of this city.

The bride wore a gown of white, flowered silk, with tulle veil looped with lilies of the valley, and carried a bouquet of white roses, while the maid of honor was gowned in white silk, trimmed with duchesse lace and carried pink roses. Immediately after the ceremony the bridal party were taken to the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. George Randolph, on West Front street, where she gave a reception to the couple and their friends.

During the evening a supper was served.

The bride and groom were the recipients of many valuable presents. They left the city on the 11:25 train for Harlem, where the groom has furnished a suite of rooms which will be their future home.

The ushers at the church were Fred White, Wm. Burden, Geo. Anderson, of this city, and J. Murray, of Bridgeport, Conn.

MANY CANDIDATES IN UNION.

Numerous Republicans Willing to Run for the Assembly.

Candidates are looming up for the Republican nominations for Assembly in Union county, says the Newark News. The list of prospective aspirants now embraces Freshholder J. Martin Roll, of Springfield; ex-Attorney Clarence D. Ward, Justice William R. Frazee, ex-Mayor Chamberlain, and ex-Councilman Joseph Potter, of Rahway; General George H. Rhodes, Freeholder Fred Miller, and ex-Alderman Augustus Y. Pool, of Elizabeth, with Plainfield and half a dozen other townships yet to hear from.

The Democrats cannot boast of such a wealth of material to pick from, as up to date the only name mentioned is Judge Green of Westfield, who ran last year and was beaten. Ex-School Commissioners Samuel Williams or Charles H. Moore each could get the nomination if they made a bid for it, but they positively decline to be candidates, as they say it would interfere with their business. Outside of Judge Green the Democrats just now appear to be at sea as to who will be their selection.

BAPTISTS ENTERTAINED.

The Ladies' Aid Society Gives a Social at the Residence of C. A. Haynes.

The congregation of the Park Avenue Baptist church were entertained at the residence of Charles A. Haynes, of First place, last evening, by the Ladies' Aid Society of the church. An informal programme of vocal and instrumental music was given during the evening. There was a piano duet by the Misses Neva Dimmitt and Alice Coard, several songs by Will Runyon and Mrs. H. E. Ryder, and a violin solo by Lindley Hillman, who was accompanied by Miss Alice Coard. The rest of the evening was spent in conversation and enjoying the refreshments which were served by the women.

Johnson's Guilt Doubtful.

The conviction of Jacob S. Johnson, who is in jail in Somerville awaiting trial for the murder of Annie Rogers, of Newark, now seems very doubtful to those familiar with the details of the case. The chain of evidence deduced against Preacher Johnson at first seemed conclusive, and he was promptly indicted. Subsequently, however, an entirely different chain of circumstantial evidence was brought to light by which it would seem practically impossible that he would have committed the crime for which he is to stand trial. The counsel for the defence claim that they are prepared to show that the crime was not committed by Johnson.

Left Plainfield to Wed.

Miss Lucy King, formerly of Alfred, Allegany county, New York State, and who for a year past has been in the employ of the American Seventh Day Tract Society, whose headquarters are in the Babcock building in this city, will be united in marriage on Wednesday, October 23rd, at her home in Alfred, to Alvord B. Clarke, the superintendent of the Celadon Terra-Cotta Works, of that place.

A Westfield Wedding.

The marriage of Miss Alice Fairbairn to Thomas Allen Worth, both of Westfield, took place yesterday afternoon at 5:30, at the home of bride's brother, Robert Fairbairn, at Westfield. There was a very large number of guests present, including Mr. and Mrs. Robert Rushmore, Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Timpon and Mr. and Mrs. James H. Hallock, of this city.

THE BROOK CLEANED OUT.

ARTICLES OF VARIOUS KINDS AND USES UNEARTHED.

A Large Amount of Refuse Found on the Borough Side—A Tricycle in Good State of Preservation—Channel Clear.

Green brook received its long needed cleaning yesterday by a gang of Street Commissioner Meeker's men, as was exclusively announced in yesterday's Press. The work was begun at French's dam and was continued as far as Cadmus' pond. The gravel bars were cut out and the weeds, grass, trees and logs removed, giving the water a clear passage. The worst spot was under the Somerset street bridge, where, on the borough side, there was a large pile of refuse vegetables. The brook was found to be a regular dumping ground. There were enough old shoes there to supply a small army, while articles of every conceivable kind were found throughout its length. A pair of shears were discovered, snugly hidden among the stones. A number of toy cap pistols were found, while for tools, a cooper's adz and a coal chisel, both in fair condition, were discovered. The men also fished up a coil of wire over two hundred feet long and several old tennis rackets with the gut rotted out. But the find of the day was a child's tricycle, not at all injured by its bath, which one of the men took home to his children. The brook is now in a good condition and the water has a free passage way.

SLATER ESTATE SETTLED.

A. D. Thompson Buys a Livery Stable on Which They Had a Claim.

Some time ago Reed & Coddington brought suit in the Court of Chancery for the executors in the estate of Wm. H. Slater for foreclosure proceedings on two mortgages against William J. O'Brien, of Jersey City, and yesterday at the sheriff's office in Jersey City the sale took place to satisfy the claims, amounting to \$3,000.

Lawyer Coddington was present and bid in the property, consisting of a livery stable, house and lot and vacant land, for \$3,300 for A. D. Thompson, of this city. The proceeds were sufficient to satisfy the claim.

In Orphans court at Elizabeth this morning, Judge Coddington appeared and gave a final accounting of the Slater estate, which was passed upon by the court, and on application of Reed & Coddington they were allowed \$713.32 for counsel fees and commissions.

WHEELMEN TO ENTER POLITICS.

Will Probably Prepare to Enter the Campaign in the Municipal Election.

The wheelmen of this city are considering seriously the idea of entering politics this fall in the city election. They are advocates of certain rights and principles which they claim are denied them, and they think the best way to solve all problems regarding the riding of a wheel is to take a hand in politics. A meeting of all the wheelmen in this city and vicinity will be called immediately after the November election with a view to organizing for the December election.

The vote of the wheelmen in this locality would be a strong one if united and they will probably assert their influence in a substantial way at the polls.

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WHO WROTE THE EDITORIAL? LAND OF THE RISING SUN.

EDITOR RYUNYON THE LAUGHING STOCK OF THE COUNTRY CLUB.

Permits the Use of His Columns to Injure Mr. Peterson's Reputation As a Caterer—A Contemptible Dirty Trick.

To the Editor of The Daily Press:—In Wednesday's issue of the Plainfield Courier-News the following so-called "editorial" appeared:

Elizabeth is to have a Country Club, like our own Union County Club. One of the first requisites in a successful club is a steward who knows better than to serve sandwiches and sardines after ice-cream. Come up to Plainfield and get points.

I would not have noticed the "editorial," if my attention had not been called to it by several members of the Union County Country Club, who declared it a blow aimed at me directly, in order to destroy my reputation as a caterer. Since a certain party has threatened to run me out of the club, simply because I did my duty in trying to preserve the dignity of the club, I have taken up the gauntlet, thrown to me by the author or perpetrator of this infamous article.

The fact of the matter is that at the last summer dance, held on September 16th at the Casino, I made a contract with the committee to furnish lemonade, confomme, with small rolls and ice cream, and cakes, but as several gentlemen expressed their desire of having more substantial refreshment than ice cream and cake, I put up gratis four large plates of sandwiches fit to be placed on any royal table. Amongst them, I admit, were small pieces of bread covered with French sardines. But the fact that nothing but the empty plates remained was evidence enough that these sandwiches were highly appreciated. The only fault that anyone could find with me would have been that I neglected to put up a sign "These sandwiches must not be eaten after the ice cream." I am certainly not to blame if the author of the article gorged himself with ice cream and then partook too freely of the sardine sandwiches.

My reputation as a caterer has been established for the last ten years in New York city and also at the Union League Club, of Jersey City, where I have been manager for over two years. I have references from General P. F. Wanser, Mayor of Jersey City, and Hon. Thomas McEwan, Jr., member of Congress and secretary of the Union League Club, in which these gentlemen express themselves as knowing me to be a most competent caterer.

It is astonishing to me that the editor of the Courier assumes the responsibility of the article, which is without doubt written to injure me in my business, thereby shielding the real author, whose sole motive is revenge, and depriving me of the opportunity to invite the author to call on me for points on "How to Behave as a Gentleman, Especially at a Club House."

Very respectfully,

Henry E. Peterson,
Manager of the Union County Country Club.

BROKE TWO RIBS.

William Addis Sr., Falls Into a Scuttling Hole in the Bank Building.

William Addis Sr., who has the contract for the plumbing work on the First National Bank building, narrowly escaped fatal injury Thursday while working on the top floor of the building. In moving about on the floor he slipped through the scuttling hole, but caught himself before going all the way down. A workman nearby saw the difficulty and assisted him. Mr. Addis received several bruises, and thought it advisable to consult Dr. Hedges. The latter found that two small ribs were broken. Although Mr. Addis feels very sore over his shaking up, nothing serious is expected to result. If he had not caught himself he would have fallen through the building a distance of over fourteen feet, and would probably have been badly injured.

BOROUGH GRADUATES, ORGANIZE.

Officers Elected and Meetings to be Held Every Other Week.

The class of '96 in the North Plainfield Public School held its first class meeting yesterday afternoon. Clifford Braider called the meeting to order and then election was held. John H. Van Winkle, Jr., was elected president and Miss Adel H. Kirby secretary. After some discussion orange and white were selected as class colors. The question of class meetings was brought up and it was decided to hold them every other Friday.

Carried Through Italy.

Messrs. Hall and W. E. Gibbs, of Fanwood, entertained a large and cultured audience last night in the Fanwood clubhouse with an illustrated lecture on Italy. The entertainment was for the benefit of the fire company and was a great success. The scenes of Naples, Rome and Venice were exceptionally good. There were also some excellent views of Spain. After the entertainment a dance followed that was an enjoyable feature of the affair.

REV. FRANK S. DOBBINS TALKS OF THE EASTERN COUNTRIES.

Japan Compares Favorably With Other Countries in the Matter of Civilization, But Not So China—Customs of Natives.

The next best thing to going anywhere is to see a picture of it, and as most of Plainfield cannot visit China and Japan, the Rev. Frank S. Dobbins in his lecture on "The Celestial Empire, the Land of the Rising Sun," brought a large and interesting audience as near as possible to those countries Friday night in the First Baptist church, with the aid of numerous views and a stereopticon managed by Walter H. Freeman and Charles E. Vail, of the Plainfield Camera Club.

Rev. Dr. D. J. Yerkes opened the service by reading a selection of Scripture from the screen and then offering prayer. He then introduced Mr. Dobbins, a returned missionary from Japan. A few views of China were first shown, and then the women of the country were illustrated.

"These are the new women," he said, as he pointed out their costumes which were like those of a man. He then told of the Chinese widows and the awful life they live after the death of their husbands. The fearful deformity of the Chinese woman's feet was spoken of and illustrated. The home life of the Chinese man next came in view, and the great aversion of the Chinese for water was described.

"It is not the common people of China that dislike the missionaries; it is the mandarins that hate the Christians because they bring to the common people the light, who then refuse to be ruled so absolutely. They tell the people that the Christians want to get their children into their schools to make oil out of their bodies and send it to America. The Emperor of China owned up that it was the corruption of his officials which accounted for his defeat." The pictures of some of the horrible figures of the heathen gods, the most repulsive of which was Buddha, were shown.

"The priests of Buddha are a great power against the missionaries," said Rev. Mr. Dobbins.

He discussed the other religion of China, the worship of Confucius, and told of the way in which its workers had spread it abroad.

"When they are converted," he said, "they make splendid missionaries."

A number of photographs of the workers in China were shown on the screen, and he said of them: "They are winning their way against all those great odds until now there are 40,000 Christians in China. Many of the missionaries were driven out by the riots, but they will all go back, they'll risk their lives in the work of their Saviour. But they don't all escape. But we are not deterred by all that," continued the returned missionary, who then summoned up his remarks on China.

The second part of the lecture was devoted to Japan and other Asiatic countries. "I will take you first to the Japanese home," said the lecturer. "Some think that they would like to live like the natives, but there are difficulties in the way to a foreigner, especially in the line of eating and sleeping. They sleep on a pillow that looks like a log with a sausage on top."

He next told of the household gods of Japan. After a number of views of street life and church life, he told of the various industries in old Japan and the great improvements made recently.

"The earth has shrunk," he exclaimed, "Japan and China are not as far away today as Ohio was seventy years ago."

Speaking of the married life he said: "It is not wedlock, it is padlock, for the wife is merely a high rank of servant."

In concluding about Japan he said: "In the last war Japan showed that she is in line with the other civilized nations and that Christianity has obtained a firm grasp on her. There is still needed greater work to keep up the progress of civilization."

He ended with a brief sketch of the work in India, on the Congo and in the southern Asiatic countries.

THE FIRST CHORAL.

Max Bruch's "Arminius" and "Midsummer Night's Dream" to be Rendered.

The Choral Society will meet for its first rehearsal on Monday evening in the Y. M. C. A. hall, when the chorus will begin the study of Max Bruch's "Arminius" and Mendelssohn's "Midsummer Night's Dream" which works are to be given at the first concert of the season on Thursday evening, December 19th. Miss Gertrude Stein, of New York, will be the contralto soloist and Max Heinrich, of Boston, the baritone. The latter is unquestionably the finest baritone in the United States and it will be a rare treat to Plainfielders to hear him.

In the rendition of "Midsummer Night's Dream," there will be reading, probably by George Riddle, of New York, besides the solo and orchestral work. There is no doubt but that the concert will be the finest ever rendered in this city.

GRIGGS ON TAXATION.

HIS RECORD, TAKEN FROM THE SENATE JOURNAL, SHOWS THAT HE IS RUNNING FOR GOVERNOR UNDER A FALSE PRETENSE.

He Defeated Equal Taxation in 1883, 1884 and 1888, and It Is by His Work That the Corporations Have Been Enabled to Shift Their Share of Taxation Upon the People—Read the Record as It Is Printed in the State Library and Judge for Yourself.

Senator Griggs has discovered that he originated the idea of taxing the railroad and canal property of New Jersey. As a matter of fact, the legislative record shows that no man ever did more in the statehouse to prevent an equal distribution of the public burdens. Fifty years ago it was considered the proper thing for the state to take a paternal interest in railroad and canal companies. The projectors of the Morris canal were promised absolute exemption from taxation, while several of the charters granted to railroad companies of New Jersey contain craftily worded exemptions and limitations. Prior to 1881 the \$150,000,000 worth of railroad and canal property in New Jersey escaped all taxation for county, city or township purposes. The growth of the railroad systems added annually to the value of the exempted property, and the burdens of private owners were correspondingly increased. The only tax paid by these corporations on property used for railroad and canal purposes was a nominal one to the state. The total amount was so small that to pay the expenses of the state government a tax was laid on the property of private owners.

The last general state tax was levied in 1883 and collected in 1883. The condition of affairs in 1883 was this: Railroad and canal property was assessed one half of 1 per cent for the state government and nothing for school tax, nothing for county tax and nothing for any form of municipal tax. To the expenses of the state government the individual taxpayers were forced to contribute the sum of \$495,549.23 in 1883. Governor Ludlow insisted that relief should be given by forcing the railroads to pay their share of the public burdens, and his message was supplemented by the voice of the people from the Delaware to the Hudson. A bill for equal taxation was passed by the house of assembly, and it looked as though justice would be done. At that time Mr. Griggs was a member of the senate. His claim that he was in favor of equal taxation is exploded by the record. Instead of taking up the assembly bill and amending it, if amendments were necessary, or urging its passage, if it properly represented the principle of equal taxation, Senator Griggs insisted upon introducing a bill of his own. It did not even have the merit of originality, being copied from the tax laws of a western state, but its introduction served the purpose of preventing the consideration of the house bill. No one has ever questioned the senator's legal ability, and as a lawyer he knew that a bill for taxation could not originate in the senate. He knew that under the state constitution the taxation of corporations could be accomplished only through a bill originating in the house of assembly. He introduced his bill on the 26th of February, 1883, and it became known as "senate bill No. 200."

It was entitled "An act to impose a uniform state tax upon the property of railroad and canal companies." If the bill had been amended to express the real object of introducing that bill, it would have read, "A bill introduced to side track the question of equal taxation for the year 1883." The committee held the bill nearly three weeks, reporting it on the 13th of March. Before it was reported the legislature had agreed to adjourn sine die on the 23d of March.

Now, let it be remembered that the senate of 1883 was Republican and therefore in political sympathy with Senator Griggs. He could at any time have forced a report on his bill. He could at any time have corrected the mistake made in introducing it as a senate bill by incorporating its provisions in amendments to the bill passed by the house of assembly. He was not a new hand at legislation. The committee gave no reasons in making their report. The senate journal shows that report as follows: "The committee on revision of laws reports senate bill No. 200 adversely." Those who listen to Mr. Griggs, candidate for governor, as he tells how he labored for equal taxation, may imagine that he sprang to his feet and called for a statement of the reasons why senate bill No. 200 was adversely reported, but they are mistaken. Let it be remembered that this adverse report was made on the 13th of March, and that the legislature had agreed to adjourn on Friday of the following week. As soon as the chairman of the committee on revision of laws had made his laconic report Senator Griggs moved to lay the matter over until the 19th of March, and on that day he had it further laid over until the 20th. On the 20th he moved to send the bill back again to the committee, but his fellow senators smiled at him as they voted this motion down. No further action was taken. "Senate No. 200" had done its work. Equal taxation was shelved for the year 1883, and the people were denied relief.

In 1884 Leon Abbott came to the governorship. In his inaugural address he insisted upon equal taxation. Mr. Griggs set to work at once. A joint committee on taxation was appointed, and it fussed with the question until the people feared a repetition of the trickery of 1883. The introduction of a bill in the house of assembly hurried the steps of the committee, and a bill for equal taxation was reported. It was introduced as "assembly bill No. 313," and it provided that the property of corporations should be taxed at the same rates as the property of private owners.

Senator Griggs signed the report of the joint committee recommending the passage of this bill, and he was bound in honor to give it his support when it reached the senate. The bill passed the house of assembly, and was referred to a special senate committee, of which Mr. Griggs was chairman. Now did the gentleman from

Passaic resume his manipulation. As the bill was reported by the committee, as it passed the house and came to his hands, it provided for equal taxation. His first step in the way of alteration was to insist upon an amendment that exempted the roadbeds, waterways, tracks, depot buildings and all personal property of the railroad and canal companies from all forms of local taxation, and imposed upon them only a tax of one-half of 1 per cent for state uses. This amendment accomplished, there remained but about \$40,000,000 out of \$150,000,000 of railroad and canal property to contribute local taxes. But the senator was not satisfied. He insisted that the local taxes imposed on the \$40,000,000 of property should never exceed 1 per cent, no matter what the rate of tax should be imposed upon the adjacent property of private owners. Some of the true men in the senate made a bitter fight against those amendments, but the corporations and Senator Griggs prevailed, and his amendments were incorporated in the bill. The house of assembly refused to concur in the amendments, but the corporations had the upper hand in the senate, and the house was forced to recede or to adjourn without affording the people relief. So the amendments went upon the statute book. This is the record of the Republican candidate for governor during the years 1883 and 1884. It is taken from the official records. Those records are open to the inspection of every citizen of New Jersey, and can be obtained in the state library. His record for 1883 will be found in the senate journal of that year, the reader being referred to "senate bill No. 200" in the index of that journal. The record of 1884 will be found in the senate journal on pages 634, 540, 803, 862, 880, 886, 892, 893, 894, 896, 899, 901, 903, 943, 955 and 968. But Mr. Griggs did not stop here. He remained in the senate until 1888, and every year he resisted all attempts to impose equal taxes.

In 1888, his last year as a senator, an amendment was introduced to provide that the property of corporations should pay the same taxes as individual property. Senator Griggs gave his vote to aid in killing this amendment. Then Senator Edwards, who represented a county in which millions of dollars' worth of corporation property escapes taxation, determined that the people should be informed of the exact truth from official sources, and he introduced an amendment providing that the state board of assessors should annually report a statement showing what the corporations would pay in each municipality if their property was taxed as the property of private owners is taxed. Senator Griggs and the corporations knew that the annual publication of this statement would give the truth to the public, and he and they desired that truth suppressed. His vote killed the amendment. Now, for argument's sake, let us say that Senator Griggs believed that the property of the corporations should escape taxation, that it is right that they should escape. Admit that he believed that. Does this excuse him from refusing to allow an annual statement from official sources to the people showing how much this exemption is worth to the corporations? Why should the truth be concealed? Can anything be more preposterous than the claim of the man who voted for these exemptions and in his last moments in the state senate voted against giving the people the information which would show the state of their burdens—the claim that he makes upon the stump and that his partisans make through the press that he was in favor of equal taxation?

GRIGGS' CAMPAIGN.

The manner of campaigning conducted by John W. Griggs is an insult to the intelligence of the people of New Jersey. He is going up and down the state asking for votes because in 1889 election frauds were committed in Hudson county. Those concerned in those frauds were indicted by a Democratic grand jury, tried and convicted by a Democratic petit jury and sentenced by a Democratic court. Can Mr. Griggs show why, on this record, any Democrat should vote against Chancellor McGill? Mr. Griggs also wants Democrats to vote for him because a Democratic legislature passed acts legalizing betting on horse racing. What has this to do with the Democratic candidate for governor, who, as presiding judge of the court of errors and appeals, declared the act of 1887, passed when Mr. Griggs was a member of the senate to effect similar legislation, to be void? Mr. Griggs wants votes because he says that the legislature of 1892 tried to legalize the "coal combine." What reason is this to urge against the chancellor who smashed that combine in a decision that has been praised wherever the English language is spoken? The votes of a few individuals do not constitute the platform of a party. Chancellor McGill is running on his own record and not on that of any other man, and the bitterest partisan on the Republican side has not been able to even insinuate that there is a blemish on the record of Alexander T. McGill. He was nominated by the masses of his party, and the reason for his nomination was his eminent fitness for the office of governor. He has worn the judicial ermine with credit to New Jersey, and his record on the bench is the best evidence of the fact that he will be one of New Jersey's greatest, purest governors.

LABOR DAY.

As a member of the state senate John W. Griggs opposed the creation of the holiday known as Labor day. He could see in it neither rhyme nor reason. He could not see that it gave a dignity to labor unsurpassed by any enactment in the history of legislation. He could see only the side of the employer. Now he is asking the wage earners of New Jersey to give him their votes. There were only two votes cast against the bill making the first Monday of September a legal holiday. One of these was cast by Senator Griggs. On the 6th of November he will find that the wage earners of New Jersey have long memories.



ALEXANDER T. MCGILL.
[Democratic nominee for governor of New Jersey.]

THE TRUTH.

At each meeting addressed by Mr. Griggs, he has called off a list of furniture, and insisted that Democrats should vote against Chancellor McGill because excessive prices were paid for desks and chairs used in the statehouse. That such excessive prices were paid is a fact, and it is not the work of the Democratic party of New Jersey to shield those who did this work or to extenuate their fault. Dishonest men can be found in any party. It would be as reasonable to argue that Mr. Griggs would prove dishonest because Republican State Treasurer Sooy robbed New Jersey of nearly \$100,000 as to argue that Chancellor McGill should be held responsible for the acts of Barney Ford. The Democratic platform meets this question fairly and squarely when it says:

"We denounce as maliciously false the statements of the Republican state platform that the government of New Jersey has been conducted by the Democratic party in a dishonest or extravagant manner. The senate committee, after an investigation costing thousands of dollars and involving the scrutiny of every expenditure made under Democratic administration, reported that in the purchase of supplies for the state there had been extravagance or malfeasance on the part of two or three state employees."

In the condemnation of those wrongs every good citizen joins, but the attempt to charge the misdoings of a few individuals upon the Democratic party or the Democratic administration of this state is not warranted by the evidence and is a violation of the rules which common decency requires to control political discussion between citizens of a state. The facts that our state is without debt, that millions of dollars have been expended during the past 12 years in the improvement of state institutions, and that during that time not a dollar of state tax has been levied upon the property of private owners, are in themselves a sufficient answer to the charge of extravagance.

"During the past 25 years the governor of New Jersey has been a Democrat, and during that period the finances of the state have been collected, invested and expended with a care and integrity that have resulted in giving New Jersey the deserved fame of being the most economically governed state in the Union. When an official proves recreant to the trust reposed in him, he is no longer a Democrat, and the records of New Jersey show that the members of our party intrusted with the administration of the law have never allowed the plea of partisanship to protect a dishonest official from prosecution and punishment."

Candidate Griggs asks the Democrats of New Jersey to walk to the polls and declare that they desert the principles of their party because Ford paid excessive prices for supplies. We predict that he will not get a single vote of this invitation. Under Democratic governors New Jersey has grown to a position which is the envy of her sister states. In over ten years not a dollar has been collected from individual taxpayers to pay the expenses of the state government. Today New Jersey is the only state in the Union that is out of debt. If her institutions had not been economically managed, this condition would not exist. No party can underwrite the honesty of every man who professes its faith and manages to get into public office, but the Democratic party of New Jersey, after being intrusted with the administration of the laws for 80 years, can truthfully say that the party has never been used to shield a wrongdoer from the consequences of his acts. Mr. Griggs is not running against Ford. Why doesn't Mr. Griggs attack the record of Chancellor McGill? That is the record put in evidence by the Democratic nomination. That is the record which the people are called upon to judge. Mr. McGill was a member of the legislature. Why doesn't Mr. Griggs attack his legislative record? Mr. McGill was district attorney of Hudson county. His record in that office is not mentioned by Mr. Griggs. Mr. McGill has held judicial office over ten years. Why doesn't Mr. Griggs present a flaw in the record of the judge or chancellor? Simply because Mr. Griggs knows that no man can truthfully say anything but praise for the record of Mr. McGill. And that is the record which the people are going to give their verdict upon.

NOT ONE.

John W. Griggs served two years in the house of assembly and six years in the senate. During that time he devoted his energies to securing favors for corporations and passing bills to put the water rights of New Jersey under the control of a syndicate that is now oppressing the large cities of the state. There is not a law on our statute books drawn by Mr. Griggs that gives the slightest evidence that he entertains the slightest sympathy for the small property owners of the state. Not one. He knows this, and leaves his own record severely alone, arguing that the people should elect him because Barney Ford paid too much for a chair or a desk. There is not a fact in the record of Mr. Griggs that entitles him to the vote of a single Democrat. Not one. He has not advanced a reason why he should receive a single Democratic vote. Not one.

WAS A TOUGH TOWN

AN ENGINEER'S REMINISCENCES OF THE OLD DAYS OUT WEST.

The Famous Grape Story—How the Minsters Played Poker and Lost About Everything They Had With Them—The Stranger Who Declined to Drink.

Coming down through the California desert, the train was disabled and had to be laid up above the Cajon pass. It was at a little town that in old times when the railroad was new had accumulated history faster than it could be recorded. The engineer entertained some of the passengers by telling about it.

"I don't know," said he, "whether you have heard the famous grape story, but this is the original station and there is the barroom," indicating a shanty ahead. "When the Grand Duke Alexis was over here, the government paid him a good deal of attention. They got up big hunts and detailed troops of cavalry to guard them and gave the visitors a great send off. After it was all over they separated, and some of the big guns came this way." So the story goes, one of the noblemen wandered in here one morning and walked up to the bar, where Jimmy Fogarty was selling red eye whiskey and ordered drinks. It's a tough place now, and then there wasn't a blade of grass or a green thing in sight except the minster at the bar. Seeing the floor littered with grapeskins, the visitors said to Jimmy:

"Is it possible you raise grapes in this desert spot?"

"No, your highness," said Jimmy. "Them ain't grapes; they're eyes that was gouged out in the fight at the ball here last night."

"What the Russian said the story don't tell, but they say in a book he wrote on American customs in the far west he mentioned gouging as the national method of fighting and gave that case as an example."

"In the old days every man carried his life in his hands, and what with jumping claims and other things there was a good big death rate every day. Every man went armed, and there was only one word to describe it, and that was tough. I was on the late run one night and was about 20 miles outside of the town when I saw a man on the track signaling with a lantern. I slowed up and jumped down with the fireman to see what was the matter."

"Nothing's the matter," said the man. "Me and my friends merely want to ride into town." And with that four men stepped out, leaving their horses and began to talk with long laments to the baggage car. "Now," said the leader, poking a six shooter into my neck, "steal on, and if you go fast enough to trip up your bronchos, why, it will be a question of planting you in the sand."

"So we started ahead at a rate of about five miles an hour, and every once in awhile a bullet would whiz through the cab and one of the party would come along and intimate that we had better give the horses a rest, and once they made us water them."

"Meanwhile they had gone into the sleeper and found there were some ministers there who were coming from some convention. They made the porter rout everybody out and fix up a table, and then they forced the ministers to open up a game of poker. Some wouldn't play at first, but a ball fired six inches from your ear is a good persuader, and soon they were playing as if they had been at it all their days. The boys showed them how and made them bet their money, watches and other things. As the car got full of smoke from the cigars the boys would pull out their six shooters and with one in each hand fire shots through the roof to let the smoke out. By the time the train rolled into town every minister was dead and broke, and some were rigged out in old corduroys. The authorities tried to find out who did the mischief and finally caught one of the boys, but when the case came on the judge, who was a tough citizen himself, asked one of the ministers if it was a square game. The minister said he supposed it was, but he was forced into it. The judge wouldn't believe that, so they failed to convict."

"I never saw the gang here phased but once. There was a fandango, and all the boys from the camps were in, about the toughest crowd the sun ever set upon. About half the men were sitting around the dancing ring, when in walked a small sized man, thin, but wiry. You could see from his dress he was a tenderfoot, just in on No. 14 that stopped there to water. The minute he got inside the door a yell of 'grass' went up, and half a dozen of the boys asked him to drink. For a second the stranger seemed nonplussed; then he said: 'Much obliged, gents, but I don't drink.'

"What! don't drink?" yelled the boys.

"No," he said, jerking away from one who had him by the arm.

"Oh, yes, you will," said another, hauling out a shooting iron. "You drink whiskey or lead, and take your choice quick."

"By this time the place was in an uproar, and Red Jack, who was a leader, sung out:

"Tenderfoot wants to speak. Give him a show," and pushed him into the dancing ring. The stranger took off his hat and said:

"Gentlemen, you have invited me to drink, and I have declined, and I want to say right now that the man don't live that can make me drink if I don't want to. I'm an invalid, seeking health in this country, and I have no shooting irons, but as some of you insist on my drinking I'll make a proposition. Clear the ring and give me a fair show, and if there is any man with his fists that can make drink, why, I'll drink."

"As there were a dozen or more spilling for a fight the tenderfoot was soon accommodated. They formed a ring, and Red Jack claimed the honor of cleaning the new man out. The stranger took off his coat, shirt and shoes, turned up his pants and stood the prettiest looking figure you ever see, and after a minute they came together. Red Jack sailed at him like a mad bull, but the younger stepped back, dodged him quick as a beam of light, and Red Jack went by he socked it to him right under the jaw and simply drove him head first into the crowd. Then another fellow jumped in, one of the best fighters in the country. He made a feint and tried to grab the tenderfoot by the legs, but before he could move the little man butted him on the forehead so hard that he dropped like a log. Two others he laid out at quick notice. His fists seemed to glance from one to another, and they never hit him. In this way he topped off six men, and when no one else entered thering he asked if they were satisfied that he didn't want to drink. You may be sure they were."

The joke of it was that he was the champion middleweight fighter of Australia, and it was all practice to him."—Pasadena (Cal.) Cor. New York Sun.

The Constitutionalist.

A DEMOCRATIC WEEKLY.

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A. L. Force, Editor and Proprietor

For Governor,
Alex. T. McGill.DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS,
SOMERSET COUNTY.For County Clerk,
Augustus Vanderveer,
of Bridgewater Township.For Member of Assembly,
Chas. N. Hoagland,
of Franklin Township.For Sheriff,
Calvin D. McMurry,
of Bridgewater Township.For Coroner,
Dr. P. J. Zeglio,
of North Plainfield.**Edward A. Myers, Jr.,**
of Bridgewater.**Dr. S. O. B. Taylor,**
of Hillsborough.

UNION COUNTY.

For Assembly,
Samuel Williams,
of Elizabeth.**John B. Green,**
of Westfield.**Nathan E. Mead,**
of Rahway.For Coroner,
Dr. Thomas E. Dolan,
of Elizabeth.

With such harmony and enthusiasm as was evinced at the county convention yesterday, the Democrats of Union county go into the campaign with a good omen for success at the poll on election day.

The nominees of the convention are men of sterling characters, whose election will mean that the interests of their constituents will be conscientiously looked after. They are candidates who should receive the vote of every member of the Democratic party, and with this condition of affairs existing on election day their election is assured.

If there is one thing worse than being a woman, it is the trying not to be one.—*Lotus.*
There is one thing worse still, the trying to look like a man.—*Evening Sun.*

The Hudson County Board of Freeholders have adopted a resolution providing that employees of the county who fail to pay their debts, be discharged.

Verily, the "Reform" government of New York city is quite a farce. Wednesday night Mayor Strong, at a public meeting at Wallballa hall, was tugging Tammany Hall, and Street Commissioner Waring was seated on the platform sunning his approval of the Mayor's speech, and all the while guilty of having over eighty per cent. of Tammany men under his employ in the street cleaning department.

The Consolidated Society of Oranges which has for its avowed object the consolidation of all the Oranges into one city, has opened its campaign for the season and has a bill which will be introduced in the Legislature early in the session. It is probable that the decision will be made contingent on a favorable vote of the people in the municipalities affected. The sentiment in favor of such a consolidation is growing rapidly.

The present attitude of Editor Runyon towards those employed on the Daily Press resembles the street urchin who has a fancied grievance against a playmate, and attempts to get even by calling names. Editor Runyon needs to have his mouth washed out with soap—that is the way boys of immaturity are treated when their words display evidence of depraved thoughts. It has been a good many years since Editor Runyon claims to have been a student at college, but the effect of the stories for which he was famous as a relater of seem to still permeate his character. What a revengeful, hateful and vile disposition Editor Runyon exhibits when he indulges in such epithets as "sissy," and all because the Daily Press maintains the lead in furnishing live news. Calling names is boy's play.

The deadlock in the Elizabeth City Council over the payment of bills was broken last night, ten councilmen just the requisite number, voting for the payment of all outstanding claims against the city. The disputed salary bills of the six new policemen, which were the original cause of the deadlock, were also ordered paid.

The Common Council of Newark have decided to investigate the charges of fraud made regarding the purchase of land in Grove street, Clinton township, for a disinfecting station. The price paid for the land was \$15,000. It is charged that the land is worth only \$10,000.

The acquittal of John Mullins, the Jersey City furniture dealer, for alleged complicity in the State House frauds, is a sad criterion on the much vaunted Legislative investigation of the Republicans last winter. Not a single conviction has been made before a court from the evidence furnished by this investigation.

R. V. Lindabury telegraphs to the Democratic State committee that "the prospects for the election of McGill are brightening every day. There was at first some distrust and perhaps a little ill feeling among certain elements. But both have now completely disappeared. The welcome change in sentiment is largely due to the personality of Chancellor McGill."

The New York Sun this morning has a column editorial on the New Jersey gubernatorial situation and finishes with the following:

Let Griggs talk if he will! McGill is the man to vote for. If by his useless eloquence Griggs is entitled to wear a laurel crown for oratory, who objects? On January 20th, 1906, inauguration day, we believe McGill will do all the necessary talking. Until then his Democratic partisans in New Jersey will furnish the oratory, the arguments, and the votes.

Jersey men and Democrats! This is a year for action, not talk!

The annual report of the State Board of Education shows that the school property of the State is valued at \$11,751,222. The schoolhouses will accommodate 291,841 children. The number enrolled is 264,507. There are 720 male and 4,314 female teachers. The census of school children is 432,218. There are 1,166 children attending private schools, and 7,782 employed in factories. The colored children number 12,350, and the deaf mutes 193.

The management of the State Insane Asylum at Morris Plains, N. J., will probably investigate the charge of abuses made against the asylum by Albert F. Chadwick, principal of a public school in Paterson. Superintendent Conan and Dr. Smith of the asylum say that the reports which have been recently circulated about abuses in the asylum have been exaggerated. They deny that they allow the keepers to abuse the patients. In some instances the management admits that the keepers have used undue force when trying to subdue violent patients.

R. V. Lindabury spoke in Jersey City last night and made the following arraignment of Candidate Griggs' position on race-track legislation:

In 1897 the most infamous race-track bill ever enacted was passed, with Senator Griggs in his seat dodging the bill, which later the Supreme Court killed, or it would have debauched the entire State. When Senator Griggs dodged the vote he had a retainer from the Associated Race-Track Association in his pocket, and the retainer sealed his lips when honor called on him to vote. I agree with my friend Judge Garretson, that as a lawyer Mr. Griggs had a right to take a retainer and act as counsel, but he owes a higher duty than that to his State, when he is in his seat in the Senate. He is the man who is going about the State asking Democrats to vote against Chancellor McGill on the race-track issue.

The payment of a five per cent. dividend to the New Jersey State Agricultural Society stockholders emphasizes the fact that the Waverly Fair is a money-making institution, and that with attention to its possibilities in that direction, it can be made even more profitable. The increased convenience of access to the grounds which has come with the completion and operation of the Newark and Elizabeth Electric Railroad will make them more available for all sorts of open air sports and exhibitions, and the directors have shrewdly decided to put the property in condition to profit by this advantage.—*Newark News.*

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury.

Mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces, such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists, price 75c per bottle.

ALEXANDER T. MCGILL.

Alexander Taggart McGill is descended of Scotch-Irish ancestry on both the paternal and maternal sides of the house. His paternal grandfather, being imbued with that great love of civil and religious liberty so characteristic of the true Millenarian, as well as a hatred of the British government and its methods in Ireland, determined to cast in his fortunes with the infant republic of the western continent and emigrated to the United States from the north of Ireland in 1788, settling in the western part of Pennsylvania.

In 1807 Alexander Taggart McGill, Sr., the father of the chancellor, was born in Washington county, Pa. After graduation from college in 1826, he went south and settled in Milledgeville, Ga., where he studied law and was admitted to the Georgia bar in 1831, being also about this time elected clerk of the Georgia house of representatives. His health failing, he returned to the north, abandoned the profession of the law, studied theology, and became in his day and generation one of the most distinguished and learned teachers of theology in the country, serving as professor in the divinity schools at Allegheny City, Pa., Columbia, S. C., and Princeton, N. J.

The maternal grandfather of Chancellor McGill, General George McCulloch, was a native of Kentucky. He settled in Pennsylvania in his early manhood and became noted later in life as a state senator, member of congress and major general of Pennsylvania militia.

On the maternal side the chancellor is also descended from colonial and Revolutionary stock. Colonel Thomas Turbett, his great grandfather, being an Indian fighter of note in Pennsylvania, and later in life he distinguished himself as an officer (Lieutenant colonel) of the Continental army under Washington, taking part in the battles of Trenton and Princeton.

Alexander Taggart McGill, the subject of this biographical sketch, was born in Allegheny City, Pa., in 1843. At the age of 11 years he removed to Princeton, N. J., where his father had been chosen to fill a chair in the Princeton Theological seminary.

After pursuing a preparatory course at the old Edgemoor Grammar school at Princeton, he entered Princeton college and was graduated therefrom in the class of 1864 with the degree of A. B. After his college course was finished, the Chancellor determined to take up the study of law. In 1866 he was graduated from the Columbia College Law school, New York city, receiving the degree of LL. B.

In 1867 he was admitted to the New Jersey bar as an attorney, and three years later he was made a counselor. For about a year he practiced law in Trenton in the office of the late Judge Scudder, with whom his name had been entered as a student for three years. In 1868 he located in Jersey City, where he soon after formed an association with the late Attorney General Robert Gilchrist, which association soon developed into a partnership. This partnership continued until 1876, when the Chancellor decided to sever his relations with Mr. Gilchrist and practice alone.

During 1871 and 1875 he was elected corporation counsel for Bayonne. In 1874 he was nominated by the Democrats of the old First assembly district of Hudson county to be their candidate for assemblyman, and although up to this time this district had always been Republican by a safe majority of 300 or 400, he carried it by nearly 200 majority, and again, in 1875, being re-nominated, he carried it by a greatly increased majority. While in the house of assembly Chancellor McGill served on several very important committees and made an enviable record for intelligent, honest and faithful service. In 1878 Governor George B. McClellan appointed him prosecutor of the pleas for Hudson county, and upon the resignation of Hon. A. Q. Garretson as law judge of Hudson county Governor Ludlow appointed him to fill the vacancy.

On March 29, 1887, the late Governor Robert S. Green appointed him Chancellor to succeed Chancellor Runyon, and two days later he was unanimously confirmed by the senate. On May 1, 1894, his term of Chancellor having expired, he was re-appointed by Governor George T. Werts, a Republican senate confirming his appointment without reference, a deserved and just compliment.

From Rutgers college Chancellor McGill has received the honorary degree of LL. D., and from Princeton college, his alma mater, the degree of A. M. in course and also the honorary degree of LL. D.

Socially the Chancellor is very popular. Affable and courteous to all with whom he comes in contact, genial and warm hearted to his friends, he inspires all who know him with the charm of his personality.

In all the public positions that Chancellor McGill has been called upon to fill, he has proved his ability and competency, and has discharged the duties of the various offices he has held in a way to excite the admiration and commendation of his fellow citizens.

Fearless and honest in the discharge of these duties, he has always acted for the good of society, the preservation of law and order and the protection of the rights of the people.

On principle opposed to all forms of monopolistic oppression, he has stood between the people and rapacious monopolies and guarded the public interests with tireless fidelity.

Honorable and upright in private as well as in public life, a half century of his life has passed, and his character and reputation are without spot or blemish, pure as unsullied snow.

Consistent in all things during his past official life, he is not now confronted by a record of inconsistencies while in office which would force him on the defensive and stain what otherwise might have been a brilliant career.

GUESTS OF FARMER JAMES.

MR. MARTINE AND HIS FRIENDS HAVE
A GLORIOUS, GOOD TIME.

Democrats and Republicans Were There as Friends of the Farmer Orator, Who Treated Them Royally—The Features.

Farmer Jim Martine and his friends had a time of it Saturday afternoon in the orchard of Cedar Brook farm. It is superfluous to say what the Farmer Orator's politics is, because every one who has ears to hear and has ever heard the name of Jim Martine knows that he is an "unfettered Democrat." But not so all his friends, though it is not the fault of his persuasive arguments that it is thus, but rather what some philosophers might term the eternal fitness of things—that is, if there were no Republicans the Democrats wouldn't have a chance to talk.

But Saturday afternoon a large number of Democrats and Republicans relegated their political complexion to the innermost part of their souls and remembered only that they were friends and guests of Farmer Jim. And what a host was he. He was here, there, everywhere and all over at the same time, grasping the hand of every one who walked, rode or wheeled, and making all feel that he was a royal good fellow.

Not in a long time has there been such a representative gathering of Union county citizens in Plainfield as there was at this event of Saturday. There were people there who held office, who had held office and who wanted to hold office. There was but little politics talked of outside of now and then two Democrats or two Republicans casually remarking in a confiding manner to one another that the chances were good for their particular ticket to win. The only thing that could possibly be construed as savoring of politics was the fact that a lithograph of Chancellor McGill greeted the vision of the visitor as he entered the orchard, and small cards with the proverbial crowing and victorious rooster, with the following inscription printed thereon were distributed about:

HURRAH FOR MCGILL!

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Jim Martine's Orchard, October 12, 1905.

Nearly every man on the grounds were one of these little cards stuck in the band of his hat or pinned on his coat. Editor McBride, of The Eliza both Journal, doubtless expressed the sentiment of nearly all the Republicans present with reference to the propriety and consistency of hurrahing for McGill when he remarked that when "I am among the Romans I do as the Romans do."

The weather was perfect, not too chilly nor too warm, but just about right.

The principal sport was the shooting of live pigeons, and several crates of these birds were provided by Mr. Martine for the men of steady muscle and good aim.

The refreshments were plenty—both of a solid and liquid nature. On the end of the first table sat seven and a half gallons of what the Farmer Orator termed as "invigorating liquids," while arrayed along the tables extending towards the other end of the orchard were sandwiches, cookies, crackers, bologna, pickles, cheese, and, as the auction bills say, other articles too numerous to mention. Over a sizzling fire a big tin boiler of coffee provided a thirst quencher and invigorator for those who cared not for the other liquids. A barrel of oysters were also consumed, while a sawbuck supported a half barrel of amber-colored fluid that the producer finds necessary to buy a stamp for from Uncle Sam. But all these things were there to be eaten and all one had to do was to help themselves.

About four o'clock a wagon was drawn out into an open space and Mr. Martine, whose duty it was to act as master of ceremonies was surrounded by a few of his friends and lifted bodily into the wagon, as was also all the other speakers. Mr. Martine's extreme modesty led him to cover his face with his hands, but finally he broke forth and gave his distinguished audience such an eloquent address that they were spell-bound. He said that he was sorry a local paper had termed the affair a political gathering for it had been the farthest thought from his mind. It was a gathering of his friends, both Republicans and Democrats, and he hoped that no feelings of partisanship would enter. He spoke of his allegiance to his party and was sorry that all present were not of the same faith. His hearty words of welcome were felt by everyone.

Editor C. C. McBride, of the Elizabeth Journal, was the next one to be placed on the platform, and said among other things, that he was glad that this was not a political gathering but a meeting of friends. Continuing, he said that he counted Mr. Martine one of his warmest personal friends, and had the highest regard and respect for him. There would be no better Republican than he, if he would

only come into the fold. He hoped that in the future his party would treat him better and place him in a position where they would hear from him. He concluded in speaking in high terms of Mr. Martine's hospitality and thanked him for his kindness.

Mr. Martine then introduced Editor Thomas Lane, of Summit, by saying that he had lost his bashfulness two weeks ago when he asked a winsome young lady for her hand and secured it, a lovely Kentucky blue grass belle. He also said that he had been fortunate to come out of a law suit and only pay six cents damages. Mr. Lane was warm in his praise of Mr. Martine's hospitality.

J. J. Matthews, of Elizabeth, came next and also testified to the warm open-heartedness of the host.

Fred Marsh was with much difficulty placed in the wagon. He said that he was interested in the shooting and was losing money every minute he was staying away from the traps.

Hon. T. M. Kelly, of Elizabeth, Judge Green, of Westfield, Alford B. Cook, of Rahway and W. O'Brien, of Morristown, followed, and all spoke of Mr. Martine's generous treatment and everyone was glad that it was not a political gathering, and hoped that James would not forget them next year.

George R. Nichol, of Scotch Plains, spoke and was warmly encored.

Below will be found one of the principal scores of the pigeon shooting:

Marsh	1	0	1	0	0
Drum	0	1	0	0	0
Brennan	0	1	0	1	0
Hand	0	0	1	0	0
Mulford	1	1	2	1	1
Lane	0	1	1	0	0
Woodruff	0	0	0	1	1
Manning	0	0	0	0	0
Compton	0	0	1	1	1
McCarthy	1	1	1	1	2
Darby	0	1	2	2	2
Mead	0	0	1	1	0

Those present were: Ex-Senator Fred C. Marsh, Coroner Horning, Editor C. C. McBride, Chief of Police Tenney, ex-Assemblyman T. M. Kelly, ex-Assemblyman J. J. Matthews, ex-Sheriff N. K. Thompson, ex-Director Freeholder J. S. Sauer, School Commissioners W. B. Sayre and W. D. Wolfeskiel, ex-President of School Board Edward Nugent, ex-Alderman Thomas Smith, City Clerk James J. Manning, Deputy Collector J. J. Brennan, ex-City Treasurer J. W. Whalen, Police Sergeant Walsh, ex-Labor Inspector W. J. McCloud, Judge Finerman, ex-Sheriff W. H. Hicks, ex-Alderman Jacob Shultise, ex-Alderman Lawrence O'Donnell, J. J. Furman, Joseph David, Excise Commissioner T. Drum, ex-Deputy Revenue Collector W. H. Reynolds, Carl Mart, H. Leahy, Editor C. H. Schmidt, Freie Presse, Sergeant-at-Arms Oliver Conlin, Henry R. Woodruff, ex-Tax Commissioner Richard Frohwein, Adam Sauer, Jacob Glaser, Theodore Glaser, ex-Alderman P. Egenolf, M. F. Gannon, representative of New York World, Elizabeth. The Railway Peanut Club was represented by the officers: President, Silas Leonard; Vice-President, Alford B. Cook; Treasurer, Moses H. Acken; Secretary, Samuel Halliday. Others from Rahway included Mayor Daly, Alderman Thomas Jardine, ex-County Clerk J. L. Crowell, Alderman J. Mead, Nathan E. Mead, candidate for Assembly; Postmaster Mulford Scudder, J. M. C. Marsh, Judge J. B. Green, of Westfield; ex-Assemblyman J. W. Hughes, Robert J. Mooney, M. R. Reedy, Editor Thomas Lane, John Lane, of Summit; Moses Mulford, of Linden; United States Assistant District Attorney O'Brien, of Morristown; W. S. Emery, of Scotch Plains. The following were present from Plainfield: Alex. Bass, J. F. Buckle, Dr. Pocock, J. Brown, Justice of Peace William Newcorn, Counselor W. K. McClure, William Meyers, Amos Moffett, J. W. Murray, Richard Stevens, J. J. Kenney, J. Morison, Judge W. A. Coddington, Editor F. W. Runyon, D. J. Carney.

Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life away is the truthful, startling title of a book about No-To-Bac, the harmless, guaranteed tobacco habit cure, that braces up nicotineized nerves, eliminates the nicotine poison, makes weak men gain strength, vigor and manhood. You run no physical or financial risk, as No-To-Bac is sold by druggists everywhere under a guarantee to cure or money refunded. Book free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., New York or Chicago. R. J. Shaw.

Price of Cream Balm is fifty cents.

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G. Wood, Halstead Compton, M. Flynn, Cadwallader Jones, D. W. Littell, Harry Campbell, Alex. Mallison, F. Bacon, Wallace Vail, Frank Stover, Timothy McCarthy, Frank Vosseller, Thomas Lyness, John Morimer, Harry Hartpence, L. B. Weston, A. L. Force, John R. Rafferty, George W. DeMeza, John McIntyre, Percy Van Alstyne, Charles Lyman, Edward C. Searing, Michael DeCoursey, Fred W. Bowden, John Benner and W. Howard, Peter Flynn, Michael Flynn, M. F. Elderton, Peter Weaver, S. L. Horton and others.

Internal Revenue Collector W. D. Rutan, of Newark, with a few friends were also present.

JOHNSON'S TRIAL POSTPONED.

An Important Witness in the Somerville Murder Case Missing.

In court at Somerville this morning Jacob Johnson, the colored evangelist, who is charged with the murder of Annie Rogers, also colored, at Somerville some time ago, was arraigned for trial before Judge McGee. He was represented by Meehan & Steele, of Somerville, who asked that an adjournment to January 6th be taken on account of an important witness of the defence being in Chicago. The counsel stated that they did not wish to proceed with the trial until this person could be brought to Somerville to testify. The court granted the adjournment.

A Plainfield Composer.

P. Ludwig Conde has composed a mazurka for the violin with orchestral accompaniment for his concert which is to be held in the Y. M. C. A. Hall on Thursday, November 7th.

"A Friend in Need is a Friend Indeed."

A friend advised me to try Ely's Cream Balm and after using it a few weeks I believe myself cured of catarrh. It is a most valuable remedy. Joseph Stewart, 624 Grand avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

My son was afflicted with catarrh; I induced him to try Ely's Cream Balm and the disagreeable catarrhal smell all left him. He appears as well as any one. J. C. Olmstead, Arcadia, Ill.

Price of Cream Balm is fifty cents.

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Price of

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all leavening strength. Latest U. S. Government Food Report. Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall St., New York.

FLIM-FLAMMED BY A ROOM-MATE.

A Dilapidated Suit of Clothes Left in Exchange for Valuable Articles.

A very clever theft was committed at Anderson's boarding house on Somerset street, Saturday afternoon. A man going by the name of William recently came to Plainfield from New York and secured a position with Horace J. Martin, the blacksmith. He secured lodging at Anderson's place and was put in a room with a man named Connolly, the two sleeping together.

Saturday afternoon both happened to be idle and they lounged about their room. Connolly feeling a little tired reclined on the bed and took a nap. Just previous to his taking a snooze William offered him a drink from a bottle, which he accepted, and which he afterward learned belonged to him. When he awoke he found that his room-mate had skipped, taking a new suit of clothes, a valuable gold watch and \$3 in money, leaving an old suit of clothes in the room. Connolly did not speak of it till late yesterday and little hopes of capturing the thief are entertained. He was in town, however, yesterday, but left toward night for parts unknown.

PROGRESSIVE WOMEN.

A Society Organized to Discuss Parliamentary Rules.

A novel and promising club was organized this morning at the home of Miss C. R. Yates, on West Seventh street, the object of which is to study parliamentary rules.

The idea was brought forth by Miss Yates, as there are many women in Plainfield who are often called upon to conduct meetings and decide questions, and do not feel thoroughly capable from a strictly parliamentary view. The club is composed entirely of women, and they will meet the first and fourth Thursdays in each month at ten o'clock, in the Y. M. C. A. hall. This morning the club elected the following officers:

President, Mrs. T. H. Tomlinson; Vice-President, Miss C. R. Yates; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Martin I. Cooley; Recording Secretary, Miss May Cahoon; Treasurer, Mrs. Carman Parke; Superintendent of Press, Mrs. S. K. Krom. The initiation fee is twenty-five cents and anyone can join by applying to the Executive Committee, which consists of the officers. The club starts off with the following members: Mrs. Griffin, Mrs. J. W. Johnson, Mrs. S. A. Cahoon, Mrs. R. K. Case, Mrs. J. M. McNaughton, Mrs. M. C. Dobbin, Mrs. Carra Peck, Mrs. S. R. Kron, Mrs. Martin I. Cooley, Miss Grace Cooley, Mrs. T. H. Tomlinson, Miss Mary Mair, Mrs. Carman Parke, Miss May Cahoon and Miss C. L. Yates. A short constitution and by-laws were adopted to govern the club. The members will take time in conducting the meetings in alphabetical order and Robert's rules of order will be used. The next meeting will be held Thursday morning next at 10 o'clock in the Y. M. C. A. building and every member is urged to be present.

Herald-Democrat Changes Hands.

The Herald-Democrat, of Elizabeth, a daily paper, changed hands yesterday afternoon and will henceforth be run as an independent Republican newspaper. It has been purchased by a syndicate, and will be known as the New Jersey Herald. This leaves the Democracy of Elizabeth for the first time in twenty years without an English local daily.

Borough Police Court.

Edward Scott, colored, for being drunk and disorderly on Somerset street Saturday night, was fined \$5 by Justice Crosby this morning, and P. McCloskey for riding his wheel without a light last night on Somerset street was fined \$2. Marshal Wilson arrested both parties.

A Convention Rally.

On Friday evening, at the Park Avenue Baptist church there will be a convention rally. The delegates to the recent Christian Endeavor Convention will render short reports, at the close of which there will be a short consecration meeting. Members of Christian Endeavor Societies and their friends are cordially invited.

JUNIOR Y. M. C. A. SPORTS.

A STRONG WIND PREVENTED FAST TIME AT THE OVAL SATURDAY.

The Events Were Hotly Contested—Win. Whiting Won the All-Around Championship—The Victors and Summaries.

But for the strong wind from the northwest, Saturday would have been an ideal day for the athletic sports of the Junior Y. M. C. A., although it grew rather cool as the afternoon advanced. The events were hotly contested and the crowd that did brave the chilling blasts, was an enthusiastic one. William Whiting won the all around championship, winning the standing broad jump easily, taking in both the one hundred yard dash, closed and open, and finishing third in the two hundred and twenty yard dash. Hazlewood Keller won both of the closed runs without trouble.

At the conclusion of the games, John C. Whiting, assistant secretary of the Y. M. C. A., ran four hundred and forty yards in one minute flat, paced by Wilbur Cornwell on a wheel. Wilbur F. Cornwell then tried for the High School one mile bicycle record of two minutes and fifty seconds, paced by William M. McCutcheon and Thomas A. Cumming on a Cleveland tandem. Despite the high wind, he finished easily in two minutes and thirty-nine seconds. Webster Littell refereed the games. The summaries of the different events:

100 yard dash. Won by Hazlewood Keller; Will Whiting, second; Howard Roome, third. Time, 13 seconds.

One-third mile bicycle race. Won by Homer Smith; Frank Talmadge, second; Donald McGee, third. Time, 55 seconds.

Standing broad jump. Won by Will Whiting; Wm. J. Roome, Jr., second; Stanley Peck, third. Distance 7 feet 7 inches.

220 yard dash. Won by Hazlewood Keller; Howard Roome, second; Will Whiting, third. Time, 30 1-2 seconds.

One mile bicycle race, open. Won by Morris Dumont; Frank Talmadge, second; Homer Smith, third. Time, 4:35 seconds.

100 yard dash, open. Won by Morris Dumont; Will Whiting, second; Raymond Smith, third. No time was taken, as the race finished at the wrong place.

Two mile bicycle handicap. Won by Frank Talmadge; Homer Smith, second; Stanley Peck, third. Time, 7 minutes, 32 seconds.

These games will be held semi-annually.

SUING FOR BOARD OF HORSES.

The Plaintiff Claims to Have Received No Pay and the Defendant Vice Versa.

The case of Stryker against Brock, on contract, came up in Justice Crosby's court this morning. Lawyer Walter Hetfield represented Mr. Brock and Lawyer Roselle, of Marlboro, represented Mr. Stryker, of the latter place.

It appears that Mr. Brock took a horse and colt to Mr. Stryker's place previous to his going to Europe and wanted the latter to pasture them till his return. A verbal contract was made, but Mr. Stryker claimed that the board for the colt had not been paid, while Brock claimed it had. In consequence he brought suit for the money. The case was tried before the following jury: P. A. VanArsdale, P. Hansen, C. Frank French, Jacob Voehl, Julius Stahl, J. M. Smalley, L. E. Barkalew, W. A. Wilson, H. Chamberlain, F. S. McGann, Isiah Coriell and H. C. Reynolds.

The case was given to the jury at about 1:30 this afternoon and they returned in five minutes with a verdict for the plaintiff for the full amount, \$83.75.

A MEN'S CLUB ORGANIZED.

The Men of St. Joseph's Church Unite to Form a Social Club.

A men's club was organized at St. Joseph's church yesterday afternoon under the title of the Holy Name Society. Seventy-one names were enrolled as charter members in the club, which will be a social organization. There is some talk of making it a mutual benefit association.

The following officers were then elected: President, Thomas Neely; Vice-president, L. H. McCollough; Secretary, Harry Watson; Treasurer, Richard Boice. The society will meet again on the third Sunday in November.

The Boys' Brigade.

There were seventeen members of the Boys' Brigade present at the meeting held in the First Baptist church Saturday night, and three new members joined. L. H. Biglow, Jr., is the president, with C. M. Evans as assistant. An advisory committee from the church consists of R. K. Case, G. H. Batchelor and E. L. Bonny. A permanent organization will be effected soon when officers for the brigade will be chosen from the members.

To Cure

Weak stomach, loss of appetite, flatulence, water-brash, rising of food, heartburn, indigestion, costiveness, offensive breath, jaundice, bad complexion, liver spots, yellow eyes, constipation, palpitation of the heart, and short breath after meals, take Dr. Deane's Dyspepsia Pills. Eat plenty of good nourishing food. A pill after each meal.

White wrapper if constipated, yellow if bowels are loose. 25 cents at druggists. Send to us for a free sample.

DR. J. A. DEANE CO., Kingston, N. Y.

YOUNG LADIES' TROUBLE.

FACTS MADE KNOWN TO FRIENDS. Lady Stenographers, Typewriters, and all Working Girls Interested.

This class of women are more or less afflicted with illness brought on by constant application in one position. Therefore all will be interested in the candid expression of this right young lady of Denver, Col., who writes Mrs. Pinkham as follows:—



"This is the first opportunity I have found to write and thank you for the good your Compound has done me. I feel better than I have for years. It seems a seven days' wonder to my friends. Where I used to be pined, everything is the opposite, and there is not a day but what some one wants to know what I have done to work such a wonder."

"Before taking the Compound I had constant headaches; was constipated; bloated; eyes weak, with watery whites; bearing down pains; pains in the small of my back and right side; took cold very easily, which always caused intense pain in ovaries. I did not want to go anywhere or see any one."

"I was called cross, but I could not help it, feeling as I did. I could not lift anything or do any hard work without suffering for days afterward. Menstruation lasted from eight to ten days, the first two or three days being in almost constant pain, day and night."

"Lillian E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has made a new girl of me; am now well, happy, and strong." Yours truly, A. STENOGRAPHER, Denver, Col.

FOR THE BUILDING FUND.

A Large Sum Received and the Tea Was a Complete Success.

The spacious parlors at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Matthews, of Grove street, were crowded Saturday afternoon with those who went there to attend the tea given by the Guild of the Church of the Redeemer. The guests were received by the following reception committee, Rev. Dr. Jocelyn Johnstone, Mrs. Charles Matthews, Mrs. B. A. Hegeman, Jr., Mrs. Emile Woltmann, Miss Kate Embury, Mrs. George P. Dupree, Mrs. Frank Browne and Mrs. Samuel Townsend.

The tea room was most artistically decorated and here presiding over a very prettily arranged table were Miss Bessie Day and Miss Davis, while Miss Alice Barlow, Miss Daisy Ellsberg, Miss Brown, Miss Helen Phillips and Miss Alice Thompson, served the tea and chocolate.

The table of fancy articles was under the charge of Miss Woltmann, Miss Stevens, Miss Lizzie Hasbrock, Miss Emily Thompson, Miss Phillips and Miss Pond; and the candy and cake booth was looked after by Miss Grace Brown, Miss Horne, Miss E. DeKlyn, Miss Mary Embury and Miss Barlow.

The tea was a great success socially as the attendance was much larger than was expected. The financial part was especially pleasing as, about \$200 was received which goes toward the building fund.

TRANSFERS AND CONTRACTS.

Property Sales and Business Deals Recorded From This City.

The New Jersey Contractor publishes the following transfers of property and contracts filed, as recorded in the Union County Clerk's office from October 10th to October 16th inclusive: Watson Whitlesey to Gustav Nelson, Brooklyn, lot Northwood, \$1; Esther L. Sargent et al., Plainfield, Charles H. Hand, tract, road Plainfield to Rahway, \$30; George Kyte, sheriff, to Letitia S. Penfield, lot Front street, Plainfield, \$500; George Kyte, sheriff, to Letitia S. Penfield, lot Front street, Plainfield, \$500; Letitia S. Penfield to inhabitants of Plainfield, 16,285 acres, West Front street, \$4,000; Julia B. Lamb, et al. to Elizabeth G. Braddock, Plainfield, lot: Lyon place, \$5,000; J. Fred MacDonald et ux and Wm. E. Taylor et ux, Hackensack, to Alfred H. Edgerly Bloomfield, two lots North avenue, Plainfield, \$250; Vincent W. Nash, exr., Plainfield, to Elizabeth Meeker, Second avenue, \$680; Randolph M. Stelle, Plainfield, to Katherine D. Lawrence, lot Stelle avenue, nominal; Fidelity Title and Deposit Co., to the Plainfield Real Estate Co., lots, etc., Grant avenue, Plainfield, \$1.

The following contracts have also been filed:

Launa Deane with Charles E. Deane, carpenter, mason, etc., house Norwood avenue, \$2,500; Samuel Dreier, Plainfield, with Aaron P. Sutton, mason, house West Front street, \$1,200.

Bright, Breezy and Funny.

Dainty May Smith Robbins, who appears at Music Hall next Thursday evening in the musical comedy "Little Trilix," is fast gaining recognition as one of the most versatile soubrettes now before the public. She is said to be one of the greatest little dancers in America, and her com-dy work is far above the average in its quaint humor and charming artlessness, being particularly attractive to lady audiences. The play is bright, breezy and funny, and at the same time refined, interesting and pleasing.

TOM COLTAR USED A KNIFE.

WM. CASEY WAS HIS HOST, BUT THAT MADE NO DIFFERENCE.

Coltar Imbued Too Much and Then Refused to Go Home—Cut His Friend on the Head—Held for the Grand Jury.

On complaint of William Casey, a resident of Manston place, Justice William Newcorn issued a warrant on Saturday for the arrest of a man named Thomas Coltar. The charge was assault and battery.

The facts are on Friday night Mr. Casey had a social gathering at his home and among the guests was Coltar, who had lingered too long over the flowing bowl and in consequence became rather noisy.

Casey finally told him that he had better go home and get to bed as he had to work the next day and would probably feel better. He then took hold of Coltar and escorted him to the front piazza. Coltar was obstinate and refused to go. Casey insisted on his going. Suddenly the former took a knife from his pocket and cut Casey severely about the head. He then skipped.

Casey went to Dr. Hedges and had several stitches taken in the cuts.

Sergeant Kiely was notified to capture Coltar and finally succeeded in finding him at the Pond Machine Tool Works where he worked. He was locked up and yesterday morning had a hearing before Justice Newcorn. Coltar pleaded guilty to the charge and was placed under \$200 bonds to await the action of the grand jury. Bail was furnished by his friend, Thomas Lyons.

FARMER CLARK SHOOT.

And He Put Buckshot in the Village Cobbler's Leg.

For some time past Farmer Ben Clark, of Scotch Plains, has been missing the product of his corn field with great regularity, but whether it was a two or four-legged robber he has been at a loss to determine. The particular field in which the raids were made on was located in the rear of the James T. Lyons estate on Park avenue, and in this field last night Mr. Clark kept a watch as soon as dusk commenced to fall.

He carried a shot gun, and at 7:30 came upon the crouching figure of a man in among the shocks husking corn, and with his bag almost filled to the top. He called upon him to cease his nefarious operation, but the individual did not show much disposition to do this, so Clark leveled his gun at the man and gave him a charge of buckshot in his leg, at the same time remarking that he would shoot him dead if he didn't quit.

The man quit and Clark proceeded over to where he had been husking and found that he was George Stillger, the village cobbler. He confiscated the bag of corn and took it to the hotel, and this morning threatened to have Stillger arrested if he did not settle for the corn that he had missed, which amounts to several bushels. Though Stillger was not seriously injured by the charge of buckshot, he is compelled to walk with a limp today.

A Rumored Failure.

It is rumored that a prominent North Avenue merchant has left town on account of financial difficulties. Outside parties have been looking for him in vain.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Master's Sale.

In Chancery of New Jersey.

Between Caroline P. Harrison, complainant, and John K. VanNess, et al., defendants. Pl. for and directed now or into of Franklin By virtue of the above stated writ of fieri facias to me directed, I shall expose for sale by public vendue at the Court House in the city of Elizabeth, in the county of Union and State of New Jersey, on Friday, the first day of November next, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, all that tract or parcel of land and premises, hereinafter particularly described, situate, lying and being in the city of Plainfield, in the county of Union and State of New Jersey, and in the township of North Plainfield, in the county of Somerset and State of New Jersey, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point in the centre of Front street, which point is in the southerly boundary line of land now or late of Franklin Wiley and running thence along said line north forty-two degrees fifty-nine minutes, west one hundred and twenty-one degrees five feet and thirty-seven hundredths of a foot to a point across Green Brook; thence south thirty-seven degrees forty-five minutes west six hundred and ninety-five feet and eighty-three hundredths of a foot to land of Madam Rutka; thence south forty-four degrees forty-five minutes east forty-two feet; thence south nineteen degrees sixteen minutes east, still along said Rutka's line eighty-two feet and fifteen hundredths of a foot; thence south forty-four degrees and forty-five minutes, east one thousand one hundred and sixty feet and twenty-eight hundredths of a foot along said Rutka's line to a point in the centre of Front street north thirty-seven degrees forty-five minutes east six hundred and ninety-five feet and eighty-three hundredths of a foot to the point or place of beginning. Containing twenty acres and fifty-four hundredths of an acre of land.

The above described tract or parcel of land and premises will be sold in parcels, and in the order directed, with writ of fieri facias. Dated September 18, 1895.

ABRAHAM MANNERS, Master, etc. Oscar Keen, Solicitor. 9 26 6

the doctors ANCHOR LINE!

approve of Scott's Emulsion. For whom? For men and women who are weak, when they should be strong; for babies and children who are thin, when they should be fat; for all who get no nourishment from their food. Poor blood is starved blood. Consumption and Scrofula never come without this starvation. And nothing is better for starved blood than cod-liver oil. Scott's Emulsion is cod-liver oil with the fish-fat taste taken out.

Two sizes, 50 cents and \$1.00. SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

IN CHANCERY OF NEW JERSEY.

To Willy Andrie. By virtue of an order of the Court of Chancery of the State of New Jersey, made on the day of the date hereof, in a cause wherein Elsa Andrie is petitioner, and you are defendant, you are required to appear and answer to the petition of the said Elsa Andrie, the petitioner above stated, on or before the thirtieth day of December next, or in default thereof, such decree will be made against you as the Chancellor shall think equitable and just.

The said petition is filed by the petitioner for the purpose of securing a divorce from the said Willy Andrie, on the ground of desertion.

Dated Oct. 12, 1895.

HIRAM O. HANCE, Solicitor of Petitioner, Plainfield, N. J.

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E. B. MAYNARD, PRACTICAL

BARBER AND

HAIR DRESSER,

204 PARK AVE.

Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting done at their residence. Shaving, Shampooing, etc., satisfactorily performed. fl:yl

Woolston & Buckle,

PAINTERS.

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies.

141-145 North avenue.

Townsend's

Marble and

Granite Works,

30

Somerset st., North Plainfield.

If you have not engaged your work I should be pleased to do it for you.

I pay only first-class Marble and Granite and do not sell unless at prices that will enable me to put up the work with credit to myself and justice to the parties purchasing. I employ no agents and therefore am enabled to make a reduction in the price of my work to the customer, of the commission generally paid to agents.

I am under a very small expense in running my shop, myself and my son doing the larger portion of the work, and we personally attend to the setting of all work, and look upon business in this light, that Good Work and Good Material, at Fair Prices, is a standing advertisement for my business, which will tend to build up trade, and I feel safe to warrant that no dealer can sell you the same work and same stock any cheaper than I can.

Hoping to be favored with your patronage, I am yours respectfully,

J. E. TOWNSEND, Manager.

Branch yard, Westfield, N. J.

Parlor Stoves

FURNACES,

RANGES.

Tin and Sheet Iron Work.

HEATER WORK, TINNING,

HARDWARE.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

119 East Front st.

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JAS. M. DUNN,

Dealer in

GROCERIES,

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224 PARK AVENUE,

OPPOSITE NORTH AVENUE.

Everything usually found in a first-class grocery.

Goods delivered free of charge.

Lewis B. Conington,

[Successor to T. J. Carey.]

Furniture & Freight Express

Office 21 W. FRONT ST.

Largest Covered Vans or Trucks.

Goods delivered to any part of the U. S.

Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable. P. O. Box 1, 200 Piano moving a specialty.

8 26 6

ANCHOR LINE!

United States Mail Steamship Sail from New York Every Saturday for

GLASGOW via LONDON DERRY.

Rates for saloon passage by S. S. City of Rome \$50 and upward. Other steamers, cabin, \$25 and upward. Excursion tickets at reduced rates. Second cabin \$25 and \$30; steerage \$12. Drafts at lowest current rates. For further information apply to HENDERSON BROS., 7 Bowling Green, N. Y., or MULFORD ESTILL, 111 Park ave.

CARNEY BROS.,

AGENTS,

135 West Front st.

Tinners,

Plumbers,

Gas Fitters,

Parlor Stoves,

Cook Stoves,

Hats.

Grates and bricks for all kinds of

stoves can be found here at Jobbers' prices. Bring your tinware mending to us. The best tinner, the best plumbers, and the best gas-fitters in this section. We use none but the very best of materials, and our work always gives satisfaction. Keys of all kinds are made here. Tinware made to order. Ranges, brick and portable furnaces. Sanitary plumbing.

Wanted to Buy

House and

Barn

with two or three acres of ground within

4 Miles of Plainfield.

Address J. H. M., this office, giving price and full particulars.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

Fire and Life

INSURANCE AGENT,

OFFICE,

corner Front St. and Park Avenue,

Plainfield, N. J.

Real Estate for Sale and Exchange.

Money to Loan on Approve Security.

Sanitary Plumbing,

Brick and Portable Furnace

Gas Fitting, Tin Roofing,

Etc., Etc., Etc.

I am prepared to do any of the above branches in strictly first-class sanitary and workmanship manner.

Having associated myself with the Master Members Association of New York City, I employ none but first-class mechanics and non-union men. I believe in every man running his own business, at all times and in all cases.

D. W. LITTELL,

No. 112 North Ave., Plainfield, N. J.

A. WOLFF,

THE GREAT DELUGE.

SOME OF THE MANY AND VARIED VERSIONS OF THE FLOOD.

The Most Skeptically Inclined Must Believe That Something of the Sort Actually Occurred, For It Has Been Perpetrated by Almost Every Nation and Race.

One of the most powerful and vivid descriptions of the flood is found in the Bible. It tells of the coming of the flood, the building of the ark, and the entry of the animals and the people. The story is told in a simple and direct manner, and it is one of the most powerful and vivid descriptions of the flood that has ever been written. The story is told in a simple and direct manner, and it is one of the most powerful and vivid descriptions of the flood that has ever been written.

The story, of course, varies materially in the multitudinous traditions, but the gist of it remains substantially the same—namely, that the earth was once visited by a great flood in which nearly every living thing was overwhelmed and lost. Thus in the Koran we read that Noah constructed the ark with divine assistance and was called at for his pains by the wicked. When the time prescribed for the punishment of mankind arrived, water was sent down from the burning oven of Noah's wife, and immediately all the veins and arteries of the earth broke and spouted out water.

Noah was then admonished in these words: "Take and bring into the ark two couples of every kind of animal, male and female, with all your family, except him who has been condemned by your mouth, and receive the faithful and even the unbelieving, but few only will enter." The Koran also says that the ark was built in two years, and that it contained three stories, the upper one for the birds, the middle one for the men and the provisions and the hold for the beasts. Canaan, the son of Ham, refused to be saved. Therefore Noah cursed him, and his posterity became black and were enslaved. The Persians assert that Ham incurred his father's malediction as well. When six months had passed, the ark rested on the top of Mount Djendi (Ararat), after having made the circuit of the world. Tabari says that two sorts of animals left the ark which had not entered it—the pig and the cat. Concerning the latter we have this interesting piece of information: When the rats began to make trouble, the voyagers complained to Noah. Whereupon the patriarch "passed his hand down the back of the lion, who sneezed, and the cat leaped out of its nose. And the cat ate the rats."

According to the Talmud, Noah and his family and one pair of each kind of beast were to be saved. In the ark, but of every clean beast seven were to enter in. The rhinoceros, however, had to be left out, for the simple but sufficient reason that its neck alone was three miles long. Nevertheless all the rabbis agree that the rhinoceros survived the flood, hence it is reasonable to suppose that the huge beast was taken in tow by a rope attached to its horn. Some authorities likewise declare that Noah extended his hospitality to another outsider in the shape of Og, the giant, who climbed on the roof of the ark and received his daily food through a hole bored in the side of the vessel.

Ararat has been known under this name for 3,000 years, and an Armenian writer declares that an entire country was so called after Arat the Fair, an ancient Armenian king, who lived about 1750 B. C. He fell in a bloody battle with the Babylonians, and the scene of his death was thenceforth known as Arat-Arat, or the Fall of Arat. Josephus refers to the mountain as Naxana and declares that the remains of the ark were there to be seen carefully preserved.

Almost all the Asiatic traditions closely resemble the Biblical account. Berossus in his Chaldean History (B. C. 500) speaks of ten kings, who appear to correspond to the ten patriarchs in Genesis before the flood. The last of these kings was called Xisuthrus. Berossus relates that "Kronos appeared to Xisuthrus in a dream and warned him that all men would be destroyed by a deluge on the 15th of the month Daeslos and commanded him to write down all the learning and science of men and to hide it in the sun city Siparis, and then to build a ship and enter it along with his family and relatives and nearest friends, and to take into it with him food and drink and beasts and winged fowl. When he was asked whether he was about to sail, he was bidden to reply, 'To the gods to pray that men may prosper.'" Xisuthrus did as he was commanded, and when the flood showed signs of abating he sent out three birds (B. C. 500). The first and second came back, the latter with mud on its feet, but the third returned not. Soon after this the ship was stranded on a mountain, and Xisuthrus disembarked with his family, offered thanks to the gods and vanished. Subsequently the remaining survivors heard his voice in the heavens, bidding them fear God and to take his writings out of Siparis and from them instruct men.—New York Post

He Took Her Back.
A witty and popular London clergyman had an unpleasant experience. One Sunday he was going up the steps of his church when he was asked by an old lady (who, of course, did not know him) to help her up the steps. With his usual good grace he complied with her request.

On reaching the top she asked him who was to preach.

"The Rev. Mr. Jell," replied he, that being his own name.

"O Lord!" exclaimed the old lady, "help me down again. I'd rather listen to a man sharpen a saw. Please help me down again; I don't care to go in."

At first he was inclined to refuse, but then he gently helped her down again, remarking, as he reached the bottom, "I could not go in either if I was not paid for it."—London Tit-Bits.

Music.
Music may be classed into natural, social, sacred and martial. It is the twin sister of poetry, and, like it, has the power to sway the feelings and command the mind. In devotion it breathes the purest of inspiration and love; in martial scenes it rouses the soul to fearless deeds of daring and valor, while it alleviates the woes and enhances the innocent and cheerful enjoyments of domestic life.—Action.

CHURCH WORKERS' REWARD.

HOPE CHAPEL PRESENTS MR. AND MRS. SQUIRES WITH TOKENS.

Short Addresses By a Number of the Older Members While the Younger Ones Were in Evidence With Costly Gifts.

In spite of the fact that The News, in their endeavor to be enterprising, prematurely announced the surprise reception given to Superintendent H. G. Squires, Hope chapel, Friday evening, the affair was a complete success. Between 400 and 500 people gathered at the chapel, and when Mr. and Mrs. Squires arrived they were greatly surprised to see so many present. They were escorted to the front seats and the pastor, Rev. G. Kennedy Newell, took charge of the programme. In his usual happy manner he spoke a few words of welcome, after which he called on S. R. Struthers.

Mr. Struthers said that like the leaders of Bible times Mr. Squires had been chosen by the Lord to lead the people of Hope Chapel, and that it was at his suggestion that the name of Hope was given. He spoke of the vast amount of good that had been done at the chapel and all through the blessings of God on the Superintendent who had been led to choose wise assistants in the work. Amos Andrews was introduced and related in an interesting manner a short history of the chapel from its birth to the present time. How they used to meet in a small building when the membership was small and how he was accustomed to wade through mud in getting to the chapel.

Benjamin Hand who was closely identified with the chapel work for the first three years gave an interesting talk of his experience during the early part of the chapel's history. A change was then made in the programme, and Mr. Newell introduced Miss Firstbrook who rendered a pleasing piano solo.

Following this F. H. Andrews was called upon and related several amusing stories, and at the close said that the teachers and scholars of the Sunday-school wanted to give Mr. Squires something as a token of their esteem for his faithfulness. He then on behalf of the members presented him with a handsome silver water set complete, with this inscription on the tray: "Henry C. Squires, from the teachers and scholars of Hope chapel, October 18th, 1895."

Mr. Squires was completely overcome and for a minute words failed to express his thoughts. Finally, he said that his wife had insisted on his coming to the chapel, but he was not able to tell why she was so anxious. Continuing, he said in part:

I have been greatly touched with the remarks this evening, and I thank God for what He has done. There is no place that I love more than Hope chapel. Everybody finds a hearty welcome here, no matter how rich or poor. I trust God may continue His blessings, and I thank you all very much for this evidence of your love and affection. All joined in singing "Blest Be the Tie that Binds," after which Mrs. S. R. Struthers was asked to say a few words, which she did in a very amusing manner.

At the close of her remarks she presented Mrs. Squires with a beautiful marble clock, which was gracefully accepted. Rev. Dr. W. R. Richards was introduced and said that he supposed he would have to talk about Mr. Squires because the rest had done so. He said that where man and wife had lived many years together they often grew to resemble each other and he thought that this was the case with Mr. Squires and Mrs. Newell, because they had been associated together for a long time.

Following Dr. Richards' remarks Fred Wharton, on behalf of the Young Men's League, presented Mrs. Squires with a bouquet of choice roses. Everybody was then invited to another room where long tables were spread with excellent refreshments. The balance of the evening was given up to a genuine social time. The women who had charge of the refreshments were Mrs. S. R. Struthers, Mrs. Page, Mrs. Canfield, Mrs. McComas, Mrs. Higgins, Mrs. Sweeney, Mrs. Stewart, Mrs. Anios Andrews, and Mrs. Joseph Randolph.

Go and See Her.

Perhaps you don't know May Smith Robbins who comes to Music Hall next Thursday. There are people on earth whom one don't care to know, but they don't stand in May Smith Robbins' French button boots. Managers Rich & Maeder know a good thing when they see it and they propose to introduce to the citizens of this city a soubrette-star who can do more singing and dancing to the square inch than has been seen here in many a moon. Come and see her and you'll take off your hat.

Divorced Only to Marry Again.

Rosa Stahl, an actress, living at Trenton, who was divorced from E. P. Sullivan this week, and William Bonelli, of No. 162 West Fifth street, New York, were married in Hoboken yesterday morning. The ceremony was performed by Mayor Fagan.

THE ONES WHO DO THE WORK.

Christian Endeavor Committees of the Crescent Avenue Church.

After the prayer meeting of the Christian Endeavor Society of the Crescent Avenue church last evening the following committees were elected:

Lookout—George S. Beebe, Miss Mary H. Miller, Miss Sydenham, Bryant G. Horman, James E. Murray. Prayer meeting—Edwin H. Frost, Dr. William R. Richards, Miss Clementina R. Yates, Charles Noble, Miss E. May Sebring, Miss Burnett.

Missionary—James E. Kimball, Miss Marguerite S. Yerkes, Miss Lillian Oakley, Clarence Oakley, Robert D. Schoonmaker.

Social—Doctor Hedges, Miss Sadie Hunter, Miss Katharine M. Wadell, Miss Sophie Brower, Miss Davies, Irving Oakley, Peter Newman, Miss Marian Bowen.

Industrial—Miss Carrie Hunter, Miss Harriette H. Holloway, Miss Mabel Bonnell, Miss Stiles, Miss Helen M. Cahoon, Miss Swayze, Miss Daisy Kline.

Junior—Miss Mary Muller, Miss Caroline C. Dewey, Miss Florence Kline, Edward J. Kline, Paul W. Kimball.

Music—Miss Caroline Dewey, Miss Katharine Thorne, Miss Clara Frost, Miss Elizabeth M. Benedict, Fred Smith, Charles Noble.

CONVERSED ON VARIED SUBJECTS.

A Pleasant Time Enjoyed by Grace M. E. Church People.

The women of the Grace M. E. church have always been famous for their hospitality, and at the sociable at the Women's Home Missionary Society held at the home of the president, Mrs. A. A. Taft, of Westervelt avenue, last evening, they did not lose their reputation. Quite a number of the congregation turned out for the sociable, and all those who did spent a most enjoyable evening.

The programme opened with a very interesting talk by Rev. Dr. H. K. Carroll. A paper on the work of the deaconesses of the church was next read by Mrs. E. P. Stevens. Then followed a conversation party. Dainty little cards with the list of subjects were given to each of those present, the subjects on which were as follows: Weather, Home Missionary Work, Last Book Read, Flowers and Window Gardening, Fashions, How Shall We Improve Our Society? Bicycles and Walking, Vacation Trips, Work Which Should Be Done at Home, and Pets. This new kind of entertainment proved a great success, and formed a very pleasing feature of the evening.

The committee in charge consisted of Mrs. A. A. Taft, Mrs. Edward A. Verneule, Mrs. Shepherd, Mrs. E. Winkler and Mrs. Henry Voehl.

FRIENDS IN NEED.

Daniel Manley's Benefit a Big Financial Success.

The benefit given by the Pond Tool Social Club to Daniel Manley in T. A. B. Hall last evening was a great success. Mr. Manley is very ill at his home and has suffered considerably, but the substantial way in which his friends assisted him last night will be a great consolation to him.

It is believed that fully \$175 will be realized for Mr. Manley.

The officers of the club are Samuel Flynn, president; Edward Coffey, secretary; Daniel Crowley, treasurer; and the committee of arrangements S. Langdon, C. Reagan, S. Stewart, D. Keefe and D. Morning, Samuel Flynn and D. Keefe were the efficient floor managers. Dancing to the latest variations from O'Reilly's orchestra was kept up till a late hour when all departed for home feeling satisfied that a worthy brother would be much relieved.

SMASHED THREE FINGERS.

A Children's Quarrel Ends With a Serious Accident.

Two little East Fourth street boys had a fight all of their own yesterday which resulted in serious injury to one of them. John Varden and Clarence Angleman quarreled over some little matter and Johnny, the largest of the two, chased his opponent all over until at last young Clarence picked up a stone.

"I double dare you to throw it," cried Johnny, and it was thrown, but missed him. A second was sent with no better aim, but the last, a stone almost as large as Johnny's head, caught Johnny on the hand, smashing three fingers.

May Consolidate the Two Positions.

A rumor is current that the work of the night ticket agent and night telegraph operator at the North Avenue station is to be consolidated, the operator to do the work of both employees.

A Coming Marriage.

The marriage of Miss Quereau, of Scotch Plains, to Edward Field, formerly of Fanwood, but now of New York, will take place in New York next Wednesday.

CHANGE OF TIME.

The 7:38 Express to Leave Five Minutes Earlier Next Monday.

Commencing next Monday the express train on the Central Railroad which leaves the North Avenue station at 7:38 will be scheduled to leave five minutes earlier, or at 7:33, arriving in New York at 8:47. This change has been made at the solicitation of a large number of Plainfield commuters who were frequently unable to get to their place of business by 9 o'clock, owing to being a minute or two late in catching the right ferry boat to land them at Liberty street in time. This change of schedule will make the connections easier and the Central's patrons in this city are greatly pleased with Mr. Baldwin's recognition of their requests for a change in the time of this express train. It is just such little favors as these towards their customers that makes the Central services so satisfactory and popular.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Edward Campbell, of Park avenue, is quite ill.

Mrs. William Neal of Wilson avenue, is very ill at her home.

William Slate, of Clinton avenue, is home from a visit at Newark.

Mrs. Cadmus, of Somerset street, has recovered from a recent illness.

Fred Townsend, of Coddington avenue, is confined to his bed by illness.

Mrs. VanVelsor and Mrs. Boylan, of Hoboken, are guests of Mrs. J. H. Tier.

Hazel VanSickle, of East Third street, is confined to her home with a fever.

Mr. and Mrs. George J. Tobin arrived home last night from their wedding tour.

Mrs. Joseph S. Powlison, of Grandview avenue, is visiting friends at Pluckamin.

Charles R. Frace, of Elmira, N. Y., visited Wallace V. Miller at the Hotel Grenada yesterday.

A bright little son makes happy the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Havens in West End Park.

Mr. Windham and daughter, of Brooklyn, have been visiting friends at the Arlington Hotel.

The family of E. Ryder, of East Front street, have returned from Summit where they spent the summer.

Miss Nettie C. Wilson, of Lambertville, is visiting her sister, Mrs. William Patterson, of North avenue.

Miss Ida M. Munn, of Elizabeth, was the guest yesterday of Miss Grace Rowland, of East Second street.

Miss Rosalie Mumford, of Poughkeepsie, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Mumford, of Belvidere avenue, Netherwood.

Mrs. E. D. Ryder returned to her home on East Front street on Thursday after a three months visit with her parents in Pennsylvania.

Mrs. M. Hockenbury, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. John H. Higgins, of Stone street, for the past six weeks, has returned to her home at Weston.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Slater, of Jackson avenue, have left for a two-weeks pleasure trip, during which they will visit Pittsburg, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and other places of interest.

Mrs. George Major and family, of Manning avenue, have leased part of the double house recently completed by J. W. A. Bauersachs on Grandview avenue, into which they will move on Monday.

Israel C. Pierson and family, of Watchung avenue, have gone to New York today to attend the formal opening of the New York University buildings at University Heights and the reception following at the chancellor's.

The Misses Shreve, of Grove street, have gone to New York to spend Sunday. Today they will be present at the dedication ceremonies of the New York University buildings, at University Heights, and the reception at the residence of the chancellor, Dr. H. M. MacCracken.

Miss Lindley and the Coming Girl.

On Tuesday, October 31st at 4 p. m., in the Y. M. C. A. Hall, Miss Lindley will illustrate her lecture on "The Coming Girl and How We Must Rear Her," by a most enjoyable manikin, furnished with rare-colored organs of muslin or flannel. Her subject is divided as follows: The woman of the past, present and future, heredity and environment, invalidism the result of wrong environment rather than heredity, self knowledge, health in advanced years due to early education.

A Democrat's Faith.

Farmer Martine evidently has faith in the Democratic candidate for Governor. It is observed that he has posted the lithograph of McGill on his new building on Ninth street.

Get The Best.

What is the use of buying a poorer quality when you can get the best? Huyler's famous candies are on sale at Leggett's pharmacy. You know where that is.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.

Castoria allays Feverishness.

Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd.

Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic.

Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.

Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air.

Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property.

Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.

Castoria is put up in one-ounce bottles only. It is not sold in bulk.

Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."

See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Pitcher* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

POETRY FOR THE WHITE HOUSE.

Five Verses of Rhyme on the Three Little Cleveland Maids.

Some time ago a Plainfield man made a fishing rod which he presented to President Cleveland, and now a Plainfield woman has written a piece of poetry concerning the three little Cleveland tots and sent it to Mrs. Cleveland, upon the receipt of which the White House mistress replied in a pleasing little note to the authoress such as only a woman can write. The poetess is Miss C. Moran, of 631 South Second street, and the verses follow:

Three little maids in the white house,
Three little maids at play,
Laughing, singing, frolicking,
All the live-long day.
Calling for papa Grover,
Laughing aloud with glee,
As they tumble over
When climbing upon his knee.
The loveliest little maidens,
All in this broad fair land,
Is Ruth, Esther and Marion,
A famous little band.
When Grover goes out fishing,
They feel so sad and lone,
And ask their beautiful mamma,
Why papa don't stay home.
And papa Grover feels so proud,
That it does him annoy,
When he recollects the papers say,
That Grover wants a boy.

Kappa Delta Phi Election.

The Kappa Delta Phi Society held its first meeting yesterday afternoon. The meeting was called to order by Paul W. Kimball, Vice-President of the society last year. Three applications for membership were read and will be acted upon next Friday. The following officers were elected:

President—Wilbur F. Cornwell.
Vice-President—Henry Eggerding.
Secretary—J. Hazlewood Craig.
Treasurer—Charles Noble.
Critic—Charles B. Morse.
Sergeant-at-Arms—P. W. Kimball.

Watching the Wedding Gifts.

J. W. Reinhart has employed William Brown and Special Policeman Rockfellow to guard his house on Belvidere avenue, day and night, owing to the number of valuable presents, which are arriving daily for his daughter, Miss Katharine, who is to be married next Wednesday. The watchmen will remain on duty until after the wedding.

Another Branch to the Central.

Sylvanus Ayers, Jr., one of Bound Brook's foremost citizens, has succeeded in convincing the Central Railroad Company that a branch of their road to Chimney Rock would prove profitable. The road will be built at once. The stone quarries will furnish freight sufficient enough to almost pay the running expenses of the new road.

Boisterous Boys.

Residents in the neighborhood of Grove street and Rockview avenue have complained considerably of late about the boys who insist on making lots of trouble. Yesterday Chief VanHorn was obliged to go to the place and disperse them.

Another Fair to be Held.

Minerva Temple, No. 4, Rathbone Sisters, are planning to hold a fair at an early date, and the following committee has been appointed to arrange the details: Chairman, Mrs. Boehm, Mrs. B. Thatcher, Mrs. Stevens, Mrs. Moore, Mrs. Lines, Mrs. Haberle, Mrs. Bowman, and Mrs. Pope.

THEATRICAL.

A visit to "Florida on Wheels" will be a revelation to most people, and all who see it come away impressed with the idea that Florida is a better and greater State than they had any idea of. The Florida Rolling Exposition is doing a great thing in bringing Florida into notice and advertising the great advantages of the land of orange groves, fruit and flowers. W. S. Webb, in charge, is a member of the Florida Daily Times-Union, of Jacksonville.—York, Pa., Dispatch. At Central railroad depot Wednesday and Thursday of next week.

FRAZEE HEIRS WIN.

W. A. Coddington Was Successful and Obtained the Order from the Chancellor.

Several months ago Little A. Keepers brought suit against Theodore R. Munn and others in the Court of Chancery through her counsel, McCarter, Williamson & McCarter, of Newark. The heirs of the late Eleanor L. Frazee, of Plainfield, were made defendants and they employed Reed & Coddington to look after their interests in the case. There was considerable property involved in the law suit and on Tuesday last William A. Coddington appeared before Chancellor McGill, in the Chancery Chambers, at Trenton, and was successful in obtaining an order from the Chancellor for the payment of the money due his clients. Yesterday a check was received for a handsome sum made payable to the order of Reed & Coddington and now their clients will receive the amount due them.

Let Them Smile.

Some people were inclined to smile when they heard that 300 pounds of eels stopped the machinery at Sebring's Mills recently. In a Connecticut town a few days ago, one eel did the same thing and the damage was even greater than in North Plainfield.

A White Wedding.

The VanBuren-Reinhart nuptial event is to be a white wedding, the gowns, decorations, etc., being pure white. The carpet of Grace E. E. church is to be covered with white muslin.

Banjo Concert.

A grand banjo concert will be tendered to George Jenkins at Somerset Hall, Somerville, Thursday evening, October 31st. Persons in this city desiring to attend may procure tickets of Ed Nelson, ticket agent, at the North Avenue station.

A Plainfield Poetess.

Readers of the Sunday Herald, who enjoy the poems of Mary Lathrop Henderson, will recognize with interest the name of a bright and worthy Plainfield woman, Mrs. J. J. Henderson, of Rockview avenue.

Game Law Inconsistencies.

One of the inconsistencies of the present game law is the fact of the fall flight of woodcock is now on and moving south. The law prohibits the killing of them until October 20th.

Spank the Perpetrator.

The contemptible man or boy who cut and then broke off a fine tree in front of the residence of William H. Shotwell, Fairview avenue, Thursday night, deserves to be horse-whipped, if apprehended.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL CONVENTION

THE UNION COUNTY ASSOCIATION
TO MEET IN THIS CITY.

The Seventh-Day Baptist Church Will Be
the Meeting Place—Reports by Workers
From the County—The Programme.

The fifteenth annual convention of
the Union County Sunday School As-
sociation will be held in the Seventh-
Day Baptist church in this city on
Thursday, October 24th. The follow-
ing is the programme:

MORNING SESSION.
9:30—Devotional Hour—Led by Wm. D. Mur-
ray, Superintendent, Crescent Ave. Sun-
day-school, Plainfield.
9:45—Greeting—By pastor of church, Rev. A.
H. Lewis, D.D., pastor of St. James' M.
E. church, Elizabeth.
10:00—Address—'Advance Movement in our
County.' Led by the President.
10:15—Address—'Temperance in the Sunday-
school.' Rev. C. H. Mead, Field Sec-
retary National Temperance Society.
10:30—Business—Report of Township Secre-
taries, Appointment of Committees, etc.
11:15—Recess.

AFTERNOON SESSION.
2:00—Prayer and Song—Led by Rev. W. A. L.
Jett, pastor of Reform Episcopal
church, Murray Hill.
2:15—Sunday-school Work—Reports of County
and State Secretaries.
3:00—County Primary Union—Mrs. Ella D.
Petit, of Elizabeth.
3:20—The Little Children of Other Lands (with
Sand Map)—Miss Julia E. Dimock, of
Elizabeth.
3:45—Address—The Intermediate Department.
by Rev. E. M. Ferguson, State Secretary.
4:15—Conference and Conservation service.
4:30—Spiritual Work—Led by Rev. E. B. Cobb,
D.D., pastor Second Presbyterian
church, Elizabeth.
5:00—Recess.

EVENING SESSION.
Presided over by Vice-President Wm. D.
Porter, of Summit.

7:30—Praise Service—Led by Rev. Cornelius
Schenck, pastor of Trinity Reformed
church, Plainfield.
8:00—Business—Reports of Committees on
Resolutions, Nominations, and Treas-
urer's Account.
8:30—Question Box—Answers by Rev. Wm.
Hoppaugh, pastor Springfield Presby-
terian church.
Offering and Anthem by Choir.
8:45—Address—Importance of the Sunday-
school to the Church and State, by Rev.
H. C. Cronin, of Jersey City.
9:00—Closing Words and Benediction.

A DISPUTED BILL.

Results in a Law Suit Between An
Administrator and a Physician.

The case of George D. Morrison, ad-
ministrator of R. W. Rice, against
Joseph F. Berg, on contract, was
tried before Justice Newcorn yester-
day afternoon.

The action arose over a disputed
bill which Mr. Morrison presented to
Dr. Berg for payment. The account
was opened in December, 1894,
through the solicitation of Henry T.
Williams who owed the doctor a bill
for medical services. Williams was
at that time in the employ of R. W.
Rice & Co., and urged the doctor to
trade out the amount of his claim with
the firm and told him that he would
settle with R. W. Rice & Co. for the
amount of the bill. The doctor ac-
cepted the agreement and supposed
the matter settled. Williams failed to
account to the firm or to inform them
of the transaction; and Mr. Morrison
finding the account opened upon the
books was compelled by Dr. Berg to
bring suit for collection.

After hearing the testimony Justice
Newcorn rendered judgment for the
plaintiff. Lawyer R. P. Bell, of Eliza-
beth, represented Dr. Berg, and Law-
yer C. L. Murphy, the plaintiff.

THE BOWLING SEASON TO BEGIN.

The Y. M. C. A. Will Have a Team
and May Enter a Tournament.

This winter promises to be a lively
season for the bowlers, especially at
the Y. M. C. A. Practice will be con-
tinued in good earnest and a team se-
lected. Already word has been re-
ceived from the Y. M. C. A. of Tren-
ton, Newark, New Brunswick, and
Orange, asking that Plainfield enter
a team in a tournament with the other
teams. There is plenty of good
material in the association, and Physical
Director McPhie seems heartily in
favor of putting a team in the tourna-
ment.

With the reopening of the classes in
the gymnasium, the bowling alleys
are used most of the time and the
experts are rapidly getting into good
form again. Several of the new
members are well up in the game,
and bowling promises to hold a prom-
inent position in the athletic depart-
ment of the association.

A First-Rate Offer.

Shorthand is a study at once fasci-
nating and useful. As a means of
advancement in business many young
men have found it valuable. The
Young Men's Christian Association
offers to its members a course in this
study as complete and practical as
can be had in Plainfield. Now is the
time to join, as a \$5 member of the
association and begin with the mono-
graphy class on Thursday evening of
next week.

Work on Sewage Beds Started.

Washburn & Washburn, the sewer
contractors, started work on the sew-
age beds last Tuesday.

Miss Margaret Wierenga Becomes the
Wife of Joseph Hyland.

There was a large gathering of
relatives and friends at St. Mary's
R. C. church Thursday afternoon at
4:30 when Miss Margaret Wierenga,
the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs.
John Wierenga, was united in mar-
riage to Joseph Hyland. While the
bride party was entering the church
Lohengrin's wedding march was
rendered by Miss St. Leger.

The groom and bride, Miss
Minnie Welsh, entered first, and were
followed by the bride leaning on the
arm of the best man, Joseph Porter,
of New York. The ceremony was
performed by Rev. Father Murphy.
The bride was charmingly gowned in
white silk with tulle veil and a wreath
of orange blossoms, and carried
white roses, while the bridesmaid
wore a gown of white albatross,
trimmed with satin ribbon. She also
wore a large white hat and carried
pink roses. Mendelssohn's wedding
march was rendered as the bridal
party left the church.

After the ceremony a reception was
held at the groom's home on the Rah-
way road, where the couple will live
in the future.

A costly and handsome collection of
presents were received by the bride
and groom. Excellent music was fur-
nished by O'Reilly, and it was late
when the happy event came to a close.
Mr. and Mrs. Hyland left about mid-
night amid a shower of rice and old
shoes, to take the 1:17 train for Wash-
ington, where they will remain for a
time. Guests were present from New
York, Massachusetts, Elizabeth and
Plainfield.

A PUGILISTIC MILL.

"Gentle Willie" Murphy and John
Morecraft Have a Scrap.

A prize fight took place in the
suburbs of this city Sunday night,
and Gov. Werts was not asked for a
license, either. The principals were
"Gentle Willie" Murphy of baseball
renown, and John Morecraft, a car-
penter by trade, but who has not been
working for some time. "Gentle
Willie" has been in town for several
weeks, employed as an assistant by a
city drayman. Some time ago a dif-
ference arose between the erstwhile
ball player and Morecraft, and last
week the ill-feeling between the two
became so bitter that they decided to
have it out in a ring in true pugilistic
style.

Sunday night, accompanied by a
number of friends, they went to
Scotch Plains, where in an isolated
spot an improvised battle-ground was
pitched, and the two men fought out
their differences. Which one was
victorious it has been impossible to
learn, as the affair has been kept very
quiet by those who witnessed it.

The Killing of McCarthy's Horse.

To the Editor of The Daily Press.—The item
in your paper last night contained several er-
rors, and instead of correcting the item I
shall state the case as it happened. I was
called to adjust a sewing machine at Mrs.
Peter Kunz's, who lives near Bound Brook, on
the Opossum town road. I arrived there at
6:30 in the evening and tied my horse to a
fence opposite the house. I remained in the
house half an hour, when I found the horse
was gone. It was very dark, and Mr. King
went as far as the corner with a lantern, and
we saw that he had turned towards home. I
started for home expecting to find the horse
when I got there. I arrived about nine o'clock
and found that the horse had not arrived. I
got a bicycle and started back to look for him.
I went by the way of Dunellen to Mr. Close's
place, through Cedar lane and over Eagle's
crossing, and back to the house of Mr. Kuhns,
and from there up the Opossum town road to
Nelson Gile's. Then to New Market, where I
inquired of the gatekeeper if he had seen any-
thing of a horse and wagon going by. He
stated that he had not.

It was then about 11 o'clock: I went to the
other crossings and roads that I thought he
might be on and arrived at home about 2
o'clock in the morning without having any
tidings of him. The next morning Bennett
Brittin and myself started and drove to New
Brunswick and back but got no trace of the
horse. At about 6 o'clock that evening John
Kenney came and informed me that my horse
had been killed the night before at Black-
ford's crossing at Sampton. On the follow-
ing morning I investigated the affair and
learned that he was killed at 10:30 the night
he went away by a fast freight. I could trace
him along the track for nearly four miles to
about half a mile from Eagle's crossing. I
went to the crossing and found that he had
crossed the L. V. R. R. and then turned to the
right between the C. R. R. and the L. V.
R. R. and stood there for some time and then
went along the side of the cut for half a mile.
He must have stood in the place between the
two railroads both times that I went by the
crossing not twenty feet from the road and I
did not see him. T. A. McCarthy.

Contract Cases.

The following cases on contracts are
set down in Justice Newcorn's court:
Schefer & Co. against W. V. Mil-
ler, October 31st; D. F. Harbough
against H. R. Roberts, October 23d;
David Midonick against Voorhees,
October 24th. The contract cases of
J. Fred MacDonald against Frank
Hale, is adjourned to October 24th,
and that of F. L. C. Martin against J.
C. Morrow to October 22d. The case of
G. J. Tobin against Mrs. West has been
settled.

Fifty Years Married.

Mr. and Mrs. William Smalley, Sr.,
of Craig place, will celebrate their
golden wedding anniversary Wednes-
day evening, November 20th.

WEDDED AT SCOTCH PLAINS.

MISS ROBISON BECOMES THE WIFE
OF A BROOKLYN MAN.

The Ceremony Performed Amid a Floral
Display and Admiring Friends—Gowns
of the Fair Members of the Bridal Party.

A charming wedding was witnessed
in the Scotch Plains Baptist church
Thursday afternoon at four o'clock,
when Miss Grace Robison, eldest
daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Robi-
son, became the wife of Wm. Bridges
Noble. Long before the appointed
hour the handsome edifice was filled
with relatives and friends of the bride
and groom. Palms and choice flowers
were prettily arranged in the front
part of the church, forming an
attractive scene.

Miss Hayes, organist of the church,
rendered classic selections while the
guests were awaiting the arrival of the
bridal party. Precisely at four o'clock
the first notes of Lohengrin's wedding
march were heard, as the bridal party
entered the church. The ushers pre-
ceded the maid of honor, Miss Louise
Robison, sister of the bride, who was
becoming in a gown of green broad-
cloth, trimmed with green velvet and
Persian buttons. She carried a bou-
quet of daybreak carnations. Then
followed the bride leaning on the arm
of her father. She was gowned in
golden brown broadcloth trimmed
with sable fur, and carried a bouquet
of white chrysanthemums.

They were met at the altar by the
groom, best man, William Stoddard,
of New York, Rev. J. S. Braker, the
pastor, who performed the ceremony
of the Episcopal church. The re-
sponses by each were noticeably clear.
The bride was given away by her
father and the marriage was per-
formed with a ring.

As Mendelssohn's wedding march
was being rendered the bridal party
retired from the church just the re-
verse of entering.

Mr. and Mrs. Noble were brought to
Plainfield in a coach and took a train
at the North Avenue station for a
bridal tour. On their return they
will reside in Brooklyn for the winter.
Mr. Noble has an excellent position in
a New York bank and both he and
his wife are exceedingly popular
among a large circle of friends. An
informal reception to the friends and
relatives was held at the house after
the ceremony, and greatly admired
were the beautiful and costly pre-
sents which included a quilt from the
groom's mother which was a present
to her forty years ago when she was
married, silver knives and forks,
paintings, china, banquet lamp, onyx
table, fancy work and a pocket book
containing \$50 in greenbacks. There
was also a handsome carving set and
several choice pieces of glassware.
The ushers at the church were
Richard Robison, brother of the bride,
Arlington M. Drake, Charles Patter-
son, of Scotch Plains, and Irving
Quereau, of New York.

WHO THEY ARE.

A List of the Class of '93 at Leal's
School.

The members of the class of '93 at
Leal's School met again yesterday
afternoon. It was decided that a class
pin or ring be adopted, and that a
New York designer be asked to make
some original designs, using colors
which do not belong to any prominent
college.

The class is composed of the fol-
lowing: Willard Tracy, Joseph Wads-
worth, Raymond A. McGee, Benjamin
O. Bowers, Jr., Gilbert Lovell, J. Vin-
cent Rittenhouse, W. Kirby Dwight,
Herbert Johnson, and William M.
McCutehan.

To the Friends of the Children's Home.

The treasurer's report of the Chil-
dren's Home shows that they only
have money enough for six weeks ex-
penses: Tuesday afternoon I had
applications for the immediate ad-
mission of seven children from three
families. In two cases the father's
had left the family without any sup-
port. In one of these the mother is
dead and there is no one to care
especially for the children. The last
is a domestic now in service, who
would pay partial board. Money may
be sent to Miss Ella Serrell, 625 West
Front street, or Mrs. M. E. Kimball,
219 East Fifth street. Fruits, vegeta-
bles and groceries, new or second
hand clothing in good order, will be
acceptable. M. E. Kimball, President.

Woman's Club Elect Officers.

The Sorosis Club has elected the
following new officers: President,
Mrs. Horace Kimball; Vice-President,
Mrs. A. C. Patterson; Secretary and
Treasurer, Mrs. H. A. Holloway. Mrs.
Kimball and Mrs. Holloway were
elected delegates to the State conven-
tion to be held at Newark October
24th and 25th. The alternates are
Mrs. A. C. Patterson and George H.
Goddard.

Dancing on Election Night.

The third annual ball of the Fourth
Ward Social Club is to be held at
T. A. B. Hall on the night of Tuesday,
November 5th, (election day.) Prof.
O'Reilly will furnish the music.

THE HIGH SCHOOL GAMES.

DAILY PRESS MEDAL CAPTURED BY
GEORGE PROCTOR SMITH.

Had a Close Competitor in Young
Richardson—A Record Broken—Sum-
maries of All the Events—The Officials.

Ninety-nine was the winning class
at the field day of the Plainfield High
School Athletic Association held at
the Crescent Oval Thursday afternoon,
and George Proctor Smith, a member
of that class, was the winner of The
Daily Press medal and the all round
championship. He scored 31 1/2 points,
and was the victor in five events.
Herbert L. Richardson, of '96, was his
nearest competitor, scoring 27 points.

The contest between the two was
very exciting. At the start, Richard-
ardson showed up in fine style win-
ning the first two events, but the lack
of training told on him, while Smith
was in a very good condition, barring
a strained neck. Smith and Richard-
ardson met first in the hundred yard
dash and Richardson came out ahead
by a foot. Lederer and Dolliver tied
for third place.

In the third mile bicycle race,
Richardson won by about ten yards.
Smith got the best of Richardson in
the two hundred and twenty-yards
dash and finished first without much
trouble.

Runyon rode in his old time form in
the one-mile handicap, but was hard
pushed by Hillman who showed that
he is a rider of no mean ability.
Richardson took another first in the
high jump, his big handicap giving
him the victory. Carroll, the scratch
man, jumped in splendid form, ex-
cept in his last jump.

The three-legged race was another
neck and neck contest, but the crack
'93 team won by a trifle. The record
of fifteen seconds, made by Fish and
Cornwell last year, was broken by
two fifths of a second. Another record
went in the pole vault when Smith
cleared the bar at eight feet, six
inches, breaking Cornwell's record of
eight feet, four inches. V. F. Green
astonished his friends and himself by
vaulting seven feet, three inches,
without any practice.

The closest finish of the day was in
the four hundred and forty yard run,
when Richardson won from Smith by
three inches. Many called it a dead
heat. Hillman gave Runyon a tight
finish in the two-mile bicycle race and
succeeded in outspringing Green.

The running broad jump was a
cinch for Smith, as Walter Serrell, the
scratch man, was satisfied with second
place.

The class relay race was not run, as
'96 was the only class that had a team
in the field.

Ninety-nine wins the class trophy,
scoring sixty-seven points to the forty-
six scored by '96. The teams of '97
and '98 did not contest.

The nearest contestants for The
Daily Press medal to Smith and Rich-
ardson were Walter Serrell, eleven
points; Carroll Runyon, eleven points;
Lindley Hillman, nine points, and
Wilbur F. Cornwell, six and a-half
points.

Webster Littell turned up with his
pacewalkers and everything all ready
for his attempt at the record, but the
wind was blowing a gale from the
north and the trial was postponed un-
til some less windy day.

Owing to the fact of the games being
held in the middle of the week instead
of Saturday, the list of officials had to
be almost entirely changed. Those
officiating were:

Referee—John C. Whiting.
Judges—D. A. McPhie, Webster Littell and
W. Kirby Dwight.
Timers—T. A. Cumming, Charles Noble and
Fred P. Taylor.
Starters—Volney F. Green and Elwood Se-
bring.
Clerk of the Course—Charles B. Morse; As-
sistants—Henry B. Drake and J. Hazelwood
Craig.
Announcer—Raymond A. McGee.
The events and the winners were as
follows:

100 YARDS DASH.
Won by H. L. Richardson, 1 yard; George P.
Smith, scratch, second; C. M. Dolliver, scratch,
and Arthur Lederer, 2 yards, tied for third.
Time, 14 1/2 seconds.

ONE-THIRD-MILE BICYCLE RACE.
Won by H. L. Richardson, 10 yards; Lindley
Hillman, 25 yards, second; Carroll Runyon,
scratch, third. Time, 47 1/2.

220 YARDS DASH.
Won by G. P. Smith, 1 yard; H. L. Richard-
son, 1 yard, second; Arthur Lederer, 6 yards,
third. Time, 21 3/5 seconds.

PUTTING THE SHOT.
Won by G. P. Smith, scratch; Walter Ser-
rell, 1 foot, second; C. M. Dolliver, 2 feet;
third. Distance of winner, 32 feet, 2 inches;
actual distance of second, 27 feet, 1 inch; ac-
tual distance of third, 25 feet, 5 inches.

ONE MILE BICYCLE RACE.
Won by Carroll Runyon, scratch; Lindley
Hillman, 7 1/2 yards, second; H. L. Richard-
son, 50 yards, third. Time, 3:01.

RUNNING BROAD JUMP.
Won by H. L. Richardson, 4 inches, actual
jump of 4 feet, 5 inches; Raymond Carroll,
scratch, second, actual jump, 4 feet, 8 inches;
G. P. Smith, 2 inches, and Wilbur F. Cornwell,
2 inches, tied for third, both with actual jump
of 4 feet, 6 inches.

THREE-LEGGED RACE.
Won by G. P. Smith and Walter Serrell,
scratch; F. W. Cornwell and H. L. Richardson,
scratch, second; George Coard and Ernest
Swayzee, scratch, third. Time, 14 1/5.

POLE VAULT.

Won by G. P. Smith, scratch, actual jump
of 8 feet, 6 inches; F. W. Cornwell, 2 inches,
second, actual jump of 7 feet, 9 inches; V. F.
Green, scratch, third, actual jump of 7 feet, 3
inches.

440 YARDS RUN.

Won by H. L. Richardson, 8 yards; G. P.
Smith, scratch, second; Ernest Swayzee, 12
yards, third. Time, 1 minute.

TWO-MILE BICYCLE RACE.

Won by Carroll Runyon, scratch; Lindley
Hillman, 100 yards, second; Volney F. Green,
scratch, third. Time, 6 min., 18 sec.

RUNNING BROAD JUMP.

Won by G. P. Smith, 3 inches, actual jump
of 15 feet, 11 inches; W. L. Serrell, scratch,
second, actual jump of 16 feet, 1 inch; Ray-
mond Carroll, scratch, third, actual jump of
15 feet.

CLASS RELAY RACE.

Won by Class of '96 by default.

TWO NARROW ESCAPES.

Chief Doane's Rig Almost Runs Into
a Boy—Harness Broke Afterwards.

When Chief Doane's wagon started
for his house Thursday as the fire
alarm blew, there was a very close es-
cape to a smashup. The wagon round-
ed the corner from North Avenue into
Park at full speed. It passed about a
foot from the curb and into that space
little William Sweeney rode on his
wheel. He just grazed the hub of the
wagon and was knocked onto the
sidewalk. He was not injured, how-
ever.

After Driver Woodland had met the
Chief and was on his way over Wash-
ington street to the fire, the two men
had a narrow escape from an accident
that might have proved more disas-
trous to them than did the one on
Central Avenue a short time ago. They
were driving at fair speed when, as
they reached Third street, the wagon
plunged into a hole in the street and
the rebound almost precipitated them
from their seats. The sudden jar
snapped a piece of the harness and the
shafts dropped loose from the
horse to the ground. Before the horse
could get away, though, Driver Wood-
land hauled him up and after a time
repaired the break.

There is a particular strong bill
this week at Proctor's Theater, 23d
street, in New York. The pretty
Swedish equilibrist, the Sisters
Anderson, from the Winter Garden,
Berlin, have become great favorites.
Nothing so graceful and adroit in the
way of intricate pedal juggling has
ever been seen in this country. The
brothers Donaldson and Ardel con-
tinue their acrobatic animal grotes-
querie "Scenes at the Zoo." Red-
ding and Stanton, whose acting would
grace any legitimate stage, present
"A Happy Pair," one of the daintiest
of comediettes.

Grief Made Him Insane.

The authorities of Rahway have
been asked to place Henry Mann, a
resident of East Rahway in an asylum.
About a year ago his eight-year-old
son was accidentally drowned in the Rah-
way river. The father was frantic
with grief, and his mind has slowly
given away. He has made several at-
tempts to kill himself.

Thirty Years in the Department.

Chief Doane will shortly celebrate
his thirtieth year of service in the city
fire department. He originally joined
Gazelle Engine Co., No. 1, who then
possessed the pump engine, now used
at Scotch Plains and the total amount
of hose owned by the department was
300 feet. All these years Chief Doane
has been a fireman every inch of him.

To the King's Daughters.

The King's Daughters having given
such valuable assistance at the last
Muhlenberg Hospital fair, the ladies
in charge of the stationery table
again earnestly desire their help, and
will be most grateful for all contribu-
tions sent to Mrs. John Gray Foster,
chairman of committee.

New Brunswick Bonds.

Proposals for the issue of \$65,000
worth of bonds of the city of New
Brunswick to run twenty-five years;
were received at City Treasurer Nel-
son's office on Tuesday. There were
nine bidders, the highest coming from
C. Zabriski, of Jersey City, who bid
\$105.17 at 4 1/2 per cent.

A Contest Between Chiefs.

Among the principal features of the
coming firemen's fair will be a con-
test between Chief Grunwald, of the
New Brunswick fire department, and
Chief Rabig, of the Elizabeth depart-
ment, to determine who shall be the
recipient of a chief's wagon, valued at
\$275.

Autumn Evening Festival.

An autumn evening festival is being
planned to be held in the parish house
of the Holy Cross church at an early
date. It will be given to the mem-
bers of the Sunday-school and an ex-
cellent time is being prepared.

A Saturday Luncheon.

Mrs. D. M. Demarest, of Crescent
avenue, gave a delightful luncheon on
Saturday afternoon in honor of her
daughter, Mrs. M. A. Demarest, of
New York. Among those present
were the Misses McGregor, and Miss
Acker, of New York.

Not Hard to Learn.

A great error is made in supposing
that shorthand is a difficult subject
to master. Join the Y. M. C. A. class
and they will show you that it is easily
learned by persons of ordinary capac-
ity. The class begins next week.

BEN'S BID.

"Why don't you raise chickens for the
market?" suggested Hiram Bassett, the
village strokemaker, to Ben Singer.

Ben was 14 years old. His mother had
died a short time before. His father was
a carpenter by trade, but had been crippled
by rheumatism so that he could not work.
Ben started a chicken farm at once.

Slowly the flock of chickens grew. The
first days of summer saw him with 20
young chickens, some of them able to
scratch for themselves.

Only a few of them were lost. A prow-
ling 'coon got several before Ben trapped
the marauder. Cold and rains killed a
few more. But the 1st of September came,
and more than 60 chickens were the
boy's.

Ben planned to sell 50 or 40 in the early
autumn and to keep the remainder till the
next summer to stock his farm with fresh.
He intended to go into it then on a bigger
scale, and he hoped to realize enough from
his sales to keep him through the winter
with the part of his flock he retained.

Then one day in September as he and
his father sat in the doorway of the
cottage Ben noticed a couple of tears trickle
down his father's face. He jumped up
and threw his arms around his father's
neck.

Presently Mr. Singer unclasped the boy's
hands and looked him in the face. "Ben,"
he said, "I'm afraid we're in for hard
times yet."

"What do you mean, dad?" asked Ben.
"The house is only rented," said Mr.
Singer slowly. "They can't take that,
but they can take all our furniture and ev-
erything else."

"Why, they belong to us?" exclaimed
Ben.

"So they do, Ben, but the law gives an-
other man the right to sell them and take
the money they bring if we owe him money
and can't pay it. There is some one to
whom I owe money, a man I borrowed
from when your mother was sick. I owe
him \$100."

"He was here to see me about it the other
day, and I tried to get him to wait.
But he says he's tired of waiting, and the
sheriff'll come and sell us out."

Ben worried over what he had heard all
night long, but he could find no way out
of their difficulty.

