

## CHINESE WON'T COMPLY

Only Five of Them Have Registered Under the New Law.

### WILL THE MEASURE BE ENFORCED?

It Would Entail an Expenditure of Nearly Eleven Millions to Send Them Back to China, as Provided by the Act of Congress.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—It seems to be the opinion of those interested with investigation that the latest Chinese restriction act has fallen a dead letter. The law was passed on the 5th of May last, and requires that within one year all Chinese laborers should take out registration papers before the collector of internal revenue of their respective districts and furnish photographs and fingerprints for identification.

On the 7th of July the internal revenue issued its forms of application for registry to all the officers having Chinese laborers residing in their districts, and distributed warning notices to Chinese consuls, asking them to join in the Chinese laborers who wanted to remain in the United States to come up to the law, and to bring his photograph with him, and to be ready to swear that it was a correct copy of the original. The Chinese laborers in the whole United States had complied with the law, and they were residents of far Oregon, Nevada, and California, and had not yet received the certificates to be issued them. It was something distinctly forbidden by the law their conditional offer here.

Over Two Hundred Thousand Here. According to consular figures there were 197,423 Chinese in the United States in June, 1892. These figures are believed to fall far short of the truth. The difficulty of enumerating Chinese through their great and their easily moved far above the average. When Chinese consuls are asked to furnish figures, they claim that there are not fewer than 250,000 Chinese in this country possessing qualifications to suffice. This would make the total Chinese population double that number, or at least 500,000.

The penalty provided in the law for failure to comply with its provisions is deportation back to China. Taking the lowest estimate, that given by the census people, 197,423 Chinese, at the average cost of shipping each Chinaman from his present place of residence to the United States to some port in the flowery domain at \$100, a very moderate estimate, the enforcement of the law would involve an expenditure of \$19,742,300. The duty of carrying out this law is imposed on the collector of internal revenue and the secretary of the treasury and the attorney general, and \$50,000 is appropriated for the purpose.

A Defiant Appropriation. The additional \$10,700,000 required for the purposes must be appropriated by the next Congress, which is not expected to be called until May next, for it has been made evident that the Chinese now residing in the United States have the slightest intention of attempting to comply with its provisions. Captain McKee, collector of the internal revenue bureau, is inclined to think that when Congress comes on to question the law, further legislation will be needed to carry out the objects of this law will be turned in the general question of restricting immigration all round.

"I was in New Orleans two weeks ago," he said, "and the surveyor of the port took me down the river in the revenue cutter to see the landing of over a hundred Chinese brought by the Italian steamers. The big ships of the Southern Pacific were pulled off, and I saw the Chinese close to the quay, and watched them land. Such a repulsive crowd of indistinguishable emigrants I never before saw. The very young of them had bare, vicious looks stamped upon their faces, and many of them were Chinese looking as Chinkapoo, Calabanco—a freckled whelp, bag born, and loaded with a pack of goods."

"No inquiries were made where they came from, what were their antecedents, whether they were seeking gold or brigades, or what they were going to do in this country. The state just collected the head money for them, and turned them loose. Bad as Chinese immigration may be, the dangers to the country of the unrestricted dumping upon us of such classes of Europeans as Captain McKee has seen are far greater."

Colored South Carolina Congressmen. COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 28.—The state board of canvassers decided the Seventh congressional district contest in favor of George W. Murray, colored, Republican. The contest was brought by Murray, colored, Republican, against J. W. Deacon, white, Republican. Murray alleged that all of his ballots contained a cross for legal questions, but that they were cut short by the Democratic managers after they had been counted. He instanced three ballots in Berkeley county and 511 in Georgetown county, and it was found that his allegations were correct.

The Democratic Majority in Congress. WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Captain McKee has been doing some quiet figuring on the composition of the next House, with a purpose of sealing the Democratic majority down somewhat, and the House to have success. The House is now composed of 100 Democrats and 100 Republicans. The House is now composed of 100 Democrats and 100 Republicans. The House is now composed of 100 Democrats and 100 Republicans.

Arresting the Balmacedas. VALPARAISO, Nov. 28.—Five columns and the intelligence under Balmaceda were arrested and are now in jail, charged with having been engaged in the plot which was discovered recently. The plot had been issued for the arrest of General Yane and three other officers. All of these arrests were made on orders issued by the supreme court.

## CAPTAIN MCKEE WAS RIGHT.

He Was Justified in Refusing to Deliver a Political Refugee.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Mr. Shannon, our minister to Nicaragua, has made an interesting report to the department of state regarding the case of Jose Dolores Garmez (called Gomo in all previous correspondence) which is particularly interesting at this time in view of the action of the captain of the Red Line steamer Honduras in refusing to surrender the refugee Garmez to the Venezuelan authorities, and afterwards sailing from Lagunayra with the refugee on board without permission of the Lagunayra custom house authorities. In 1883 Garmez, who was a Nicaraguan political refugee, embarked at San Jose, Guatemala, for Costa Rica, Costa Rica, on board the Pacific mail company's steamship, Honduras, Captain James McKee commanding. While the Honduras was lying in the port of San Jose de Sur, Nicaragua, the authorities of that country endeavored to arrest Garmez, but Captain McKee refused to surrender the refugee, and he was eventually sailed from the port without the usual permit.

Mr. Shannon reported to the department at the time that criminal proceedings were instituted against Captain McKee in the Nine courts of Costa Rica, and that he was found guilty, although the consul stated that he had not been able to locate the body of the refugee. This case assumed considerable importance during the Balmaceda incident, by the government placed special stress upon it as supporting its position, and that it was the basis of its refusal to let it on which Mr. McKee relied in defense of his action with respect to Balmaceda.

Mr. Shannon's report that the case of the Garmez incident has been misunderstood, and that the criminal proceedings were instituted against Captain McKee, but that they did not result in his conviction. The case of the Garmez incident has been misunderstood, and that the criminal proceedings were instituted against Captain McKee, but that they did not result in his conviction.

Cardinal Lavieville Dead. LONDON, Nov. 28.—A dispatch to the Reuter Telegram company from Algiers says that the French cardinal, Lavieville, died at Algiers on the 27th inst. at the age of 81. The cardinal was one of the great Roman church leaders of the last generation, and he was widely known for his learning, for piety, and for devotion to the cause of liberty. Throughout his life he was a champion of the oppressed, and his death is a great loss to the church and to the world.

Four Frozen to Death. RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 28.—A man and three women were caught in a whirlwind and killed. The men regained consciousness and were rescued, but the women were frozen to death. The men were rescued, but the women were frozen to death.

Suspected Murderers Escape. HOLLAND, Pa., Nov. 28.—Frank Hedges and William Murphy, who have been charged with the murder of a stranger in Altoona, have escaped. They are professional burglars and are well known in the neighborhood. They are well known in the neighborhood.

Glady Deacon Refused Admission. PHOENIX, Nov. 28.—The mother superior of the Sisters of Mercy refused admission to Glady Deacon, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Parker Deacon. The mother superior refused admission to Glady Deacon, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Parker Deacon.

Money Needed for Pensions. WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The secretary of the interior has transmitted to the House a bill for the purpose of providing for the payment of pensions for the next fiscal year. The bill is for the purpose of providing for the payment of pensions for the next fiscal year.

Bloody Battle with Robbers. BOSTON, Nov. 28.—A desperate fight between a sheriff's posse and a gang of robbers resulted in the death of a man and the capture of several others. The fight was a desperate one, and resulted in the death of a man and the capture of several others.

An Unknown Man Killed. YORK, Pa., Nov. 28.—A man of unknown origin, about 25 years old, was brought to the almshouse last night by the police. He was found lying on the ground, and was killed. He was found lying on the ground, and was killed.

## PINKERTON'S TESTIMONY

Before the Senate Committee on the Homestead Strike.

### STRIKES ARE ON THE INCREASE

This Is the Opinion of the Well Known Detective-Senator Peffer Believes the Committee Will Solve the Labor Problem.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—Senator W. A. Peffer, of Kansas, was the chief inquirer Saturday at the final session of the senate sub-committee that has been investigating into the employment of armed detectives during labor disputes. The session was held in the office of Clarence A. Seward, 31 Nassau street. Mr. Seward is the lawyer for the Pinkerton Detective agency. He was represented Saturday by W. D. Guthrie, his partner. Senator J. H. Gallagher, of New Hampshire, presided. He and Senator Peffer were the only members of the committee present. The other members are Senators Harbrough, of North Dakota; Felton, of California; White, of Louisiana; and David B. Hill, of New York.

Robert A. Pinkerton, of the New York branch of the Pinkerton Detective agency, was the first witness. He was asked by Mr. Peffer to state the facts of the case of the Garmez incident. He stated that the case of the Garmez incident was a political refugee, and that he was found guilty, although the consul stated that he had not been able to locate the body of the refugee.

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## WESLEY WARNER'S TRIAL.

The Murderer of Leslie Peak Expected to Escape the Noose.

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They are PERFECT. Seamless Felt Slippers. With soft felt sole. No seams to hurt your feet. Cost nothing to see them. Sole agent.

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Church scandal in Washington. WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Rev. E. B. Todd, pastor of Hamilton M. E. church, has brought suit for a divorce from his wife, Mrs. Emma N. Todd. The suit is for a divorce from his wife, Mrs. Emma N. Todd.

Washington's Disgraced Patients. WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—James A. Blaine, Jr., said to a reporter for the United Press that his father is very much better, having been in bed and walking around his room. Dr. Gardner, the physician in attendance on the patient, said that the patient is very much better, having been in bed and walking around his room.

The Marriage May Not Take Place. CLEVELAND, Nov. 28.—Queen Victoria has declined to sanction the marriage of Prince Ferdinand of Romania and Princess Marie of Edinburgh unless the children shall be educated as Romanists. The marriage may not take place.

Chicago's Monster Telescope. CLEVELAND, Nov. 28.—The largest telescope in the world, when it is finished, will be the York telescope, which will be the largest telescope in the world. The telescope will be the largest telescope in the world.

Another New Orleans Strike Possible. NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 28.—There are indications of another strike at the city, as far as the New Orleans city and Lake Charles are concerned. The strike may be another New Orleans strike possible.

They Want Harbory to Move. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 28.—It is said that the Democratic party in New York want Chairman Harbory of the national Democratic convention to move to New York. The party wants Harbory to move.

Safe Houses Secured Several Thousand Dollars from the K. K. Gunning Sign company, Chicago. Corbett, the prize fighter, will play at the World's fair in a \$100,000 theater, to be built by Chicago capitalists.

Are your children subject to croup? If so, you should never be without a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is a certain cure for croup, and has never been known to fail. If given soon after the onset of the croup, it will prevent the attack. It is the sole reliance with thousands of mothers who have croupy children, and never disappoints them. Little Neck Cream, on the half pint.

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IF YOU WANT A Cushion OR Pneumatic Tire On your wheel get ROGERS TO DO IT. 42 Central Ave.

ICE CREAM IN BRICKS, and chocolate CONFECTIONERY. Consult Tins before buying elsewhere.

Staylor's Fine Confections. Fresh Twice a Week. FULL ASSORTMENT AT WILLIAMS' PHARMACY, 80 West Front Street.

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