THE DAILY PRESS.

RSTABLISHED May 10, 1887.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1887.

PRICE, TWO CENTS

The Total Registration.
The total number of names registered
r the coming charter election in this
y is 2,032. On Tuesday, the last regis-
ation day, only 89 names were added to
e rolls in the four wards. The total
gistry in each ward is as fellows;

First ward	i					.,	 	
Second ward			 				 	
Third ward								
Fourth ward.		 	 	 	 		 	
Total								-

FIG. Date: Prime

A first Date: A real of the first Date of the fi

"Becare-less and the text were today of a constraint, and the problems by the legit on the steamer personal per

shong somersed street, shove the dam.

The meeting then adjourned subject to a call by the chair.

How to foun a Newspaper for a Dollar.

How to foun a Newspaper for a Dollar.

The Westfield editor must have "sent a dollar to Plainfield for the recipe to run in recognition of the sent of the s

THE WORK SHUT DOWN FROM 3,000 TO 6,000 MEN MADE

IDLE YESTERDAY.

By the Stopping of Operations on the Electrical Subway Many Men Face a Hard Winter With No Work.

New York, Dec. 1 .- About 6,000 men who employed in the construction ctrical subway since last July will e idle to-day and it is not known wh by will resume work again. Some think ork will be resumed in a week or so, and my are of the opinion that nothing will

e done until spring.

It has been the custom for years in this ity to close all street excavations by De-1, or earter if cold weather sets in. The sad feature about the affair is that housands of industrious men with families endent upon them are thrown out of rk just at the approach of the holidays. P. J. Travis, one of the contractors's super-intendents, says that no less than 5,000 men re employed on the work. They were ers, masons, carpenters, pavers, rammers, cartmen, electricians, pipe-layers, foremen, timekeepers, clerks, inspectors d so on. The work was being done under supervision of the Phoenix Construction pany by John D. Crimmins.

he work was begun last July, soon after bill authorizing its construction became

en General Newton finally decided that all openings or trenches should close to day Mr. Crimmins decided not to combat his authority, and word was passed to his employes that work would stop.

The men were at work all day yesterday. The men were at work all day yesterday. In some places they were laying iron tubes, in others filling trenches, and in still others paving sections which had been finished. They worked with little or no vim or spirit. The fact that they were to be thrown out of work at hightfall had a distressing effect on them. They moved about like auens and without the activity that characterized them all along.

Captain Stewart J Donnelly, a division uperintendent, said that almost all the renches would be filled by midnight. wever, he said, there were one or two places in this city that would require one or two weeks work to restore them to ir original condition.

The work was in this condition last night

at twilight.

Members of the board of electrical control ly stated yesterday that they were opsed to the stoppage of the work because e enforced idleness of so many workmen would be the result, and because they con tended that the work could be proceeded with unattended by the evil results to the public health that follow street excavations

public health that follow street excavations in spring and sammer.

It was said at the department of public works that General Newton would grant special permits for opening 100-foot trenches from time to time if the weather warranted it. Everybody connected with the work say that unless they could open trenches one block long they could not proceed proparly with the work. ly with the work.

THE READING'S DILEMMA.

Their Men Refuse to Handle " Scab " Con and Aid Asked from the Courts.

Philapetrina, Dec. 1.—The prospects are that the Lehigh strike will get into the su preme court of Pennsylvania before long, Last Saturday A. Pardee & Sons sent down from Hazleton by the Reading railroad 2 whether they would be interrupted. They were side-tracked on Sunday in the out-skirts of this city and efforts on the part of this city and efforts on the part of the consignees here on Tues-day and yesterday to compel the Reading company to deliver the coal proved ineffec-tual inasmuch as the Reading employees fused to handle the coal. If the men who sobeyed orders had been discharged a big rike on the Reading system would have an precipitated. Consequently the Read-Pardee & Sons, it is said, will appeal to

ency-general of the state to compel pany to transport and deliver the coal. In the afternoon a committee of the various miners' organizations and Reading eployees held a conference with President Corbin and the peceivers, with a view of pany between the Lehigh operators and the miners, but with indifferent success. To-day they propose holding conferences with the editors of the leading newspapers here to secure their sympathy and support the striking miners.

Dead Letter Office Report.

Washington, Dec. 1.—The report of John B. Baird, superintendent of the dead letter office, shows that the number of pieces of original mail matter received during the year ended June 30, 1887, to have been 5,635,833, an increase of nearly 11 4-10 per cent over the previous year; in addition to this number there were 23,810 letters without inclosures previously sent to the writers, but failing of delivery, returned to the office, and 3,786 letters on hand at the beginning of the year, making a hand at the beginning of the year, making a total number of pieces handled 5,578,965, or more than 18,000 per day, or an average of 6 a minute. Of this number 19,110 were without any address will lever.

Fifteen Rounds Fought.

Nasnua, N. H., Dec. 1 .- John Donohue, of on, and James Curley, of Nashua N H., fought afteen rounds to a finish with bare knuckles for \$250 and the gate receipts yesterday morning in a barn just over the Massachusetts line. Forty sports paid \$5 apiece to witness the contest. Curly had the best of the fight for ten rounds, after which Donohue assumed the offensive, and in the fifteenth round knocked Curley out by a blow under the chin. A peculiar feature of the mill was that during the last three rounds neither man could see the other, their eyes being closed. Donohue's nose was broken in the thirteenth round.

Ship Railway Company Chartered.

Pirrsucus, Dec. 1.—Col. Andrews, of the Tehauntepec Ship Railway company, has received the charter from Albany, N. Y., where it had been sent for Gov. Hill's signature. A meeting of the stockhelders will be held in New York next week and the organization completed. Arrangements will be made to commence immediately upon the work.

Ice Forming on the Hudson.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Dec. 1 .- The weather hers last night was very cold, the thermom standing at eleven degrees above zero. The bays and coves of the upper Hudson are filled with new ice; and ice formed in the channel north of Hudson. Two or three days of such weather would close naviga-tion in the upper Hudson.

Boston's Mayoralty Election.

Boston, Dec. 1. Nathaniel L. Bradlee, the citizens' nominee for mayor, has withdrawr from the canvass in favor of Thomas M. Hart, the republican. Mayor Wm. O'Brien was last night renominated by the demo-

WHILE MARRYING A COUPLE. astor Bagley Makes a Discovery that As-

tounds Him. PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 1.—A well-dressed couple drove up to the residence of J. W. Bagley, pastor of the Tabernacle church on Broadway last night to be married. The clergyman had noticed that both the couple were nicely but inexpensively dressed, and that they seemed very nervous and anxious for the ceremony to be performed as quickly as possible. The groom was a fine-looking man, but the bride's features were ncealed by a heavy veil, which she eemed in no hurry to remove.

Mr. Bagly took out the marriage certifi-

cate book and began asking the usual ques-

ions. The groom gave his name as Joseph

S. Ellem, thirty-two years of age, English-man by birth, now living at Overbrook,

Montgomery county, Pa., and his occupa-tion that of a groom. Turning to the bride-

elect the preacher began to question her. In a mumbling and smothered kind of voice

she said her name was Emma Pye, twenty-

nine years old; that she also lived at Over-

as Ellem. The answers was satisfactory,

but Mr. Bagly had his suspicion aroused by the woman keeping her veil down. He re-

quested them to stand up before him in or-

der to pronounce them man and wife, but

before he began the ceremony he asked the bride to remove her veil. This she refused, and Mr. Bagly said he would not proceed until she did so. She still objected, when the reverend gentleman pulled the veil over her head and

to his astonishment discovered that her

face was covered with a gauze mask. Mr. Bagly was indignant, and he quickly tore

the mask from her face, disclosing, as he

the ace of spades."

a boat for Philadelphia

refused to see anyone.

termed it, the "face of a woman as black as

The parties were ordered immediately

from the house. The groom-elect, however,

minister how much money it would take to keep the matter quiet.

"I will not shield you," replied Mr. Bagly,
"and," he added, "get out of this place immediately, or I'll have you arrested."

The couple hastily left, got into the coupe

and as fast as the coachman could drive

were taken to the ferry, where they caught

Rev. Dr. Parker in New York.

New York, Dec. 1 .- The Rev. Dr. Parker,

of whom so much in connection with the Beecher eulogy has been said, and who is

now credited with offering to sell the man-uscript of his interviews, with reminis-censes of Gladstone, for one bundred dollars a column, arrived in this city last evening

by the Pennsylvania, railroad Chicago lim-

ited express. He is stopping at the Everett

house, and will here perfect his plans for disclosures that will not only startle the

religious fraternity at large, but cause all

laymen to gaze on prospective occurrences in open mouthed amazement. He retired to

his room immediately on his arrival, and

Escaping from a Burning Hotel.

SUNBURY, Pa., Dec. 1 .- Fire started in the

ffice of the Packer house in this city at 1

o'clock yesterday morning, and the flames

ran rapidly up the stairs. There were about twenty guests in the hotel at the

time, and being cut off from the stairs they ran to the windows and all made their

escape without injury. A boarder named Sheets had a rope in his trunk, and on this

several lowered themselves to the ground.

afternoon and evening at St. George's hall,

corner of Thirteenth and Arch streets. Speeches were made by President Sarah A.

Thomas E. Longshore, Senor Romero, Mex-

ican minister at Washington; William Jones, secretary of the London Peace soci-

ety; Rev. Rowland B. Howard, secretary

of the American Peace society, Boston;

Jerome F. Manning, of Washington, and

Senator Hawley and His Wife.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.-Senator Hawley

senators' wives, Mrs. Hawley will

and his bride have arrived and have an

apartment at No. 1.514 K street. Like all

have to take her card-case in hand and start out the first Thursday in December and

call on all the ladies in the senatorial circle.

People say that Senator Hawley's chances

for the presidency are injured by his mar-riage to an Englishwoman, and that Ameri-

cans prefer that even the president's wife

Washington Would Like It, Too.

Washington, Dec. . 1 .- Washingtonians

have caught the national convention fever and the district commission is have deci-

ded to call a meeting with a view to urging

upon the respective national committees the advantages of the capital. The repub-

lican committee will meet December 9, but

the democratic committee will not assemble

until February. The twenty-second is

generally the date, but Senator Gorman

Sharp to Go Home To-day.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1 .- Before the sun goes

down to-day Jacob Sharp will probably be

at his home again. An application for his release on bail will be made in the supreme

court to-day, and it is understood the dis

trict attorney will not oppose it. The old

man is very weak and may never leave his house again. Col. Fellows declared that he

had no doubt the people could convict Sharp again. The case will likely be tried

Passale Left in Darkness.

intendent of the gas works, has resigned, and owing to the mismanagement of his

successors the supply of gas is cut off and

the city is in darkness. Prayer meetings

and entertainments are prevented for want

of light. The new men cannot locate the

trouble. When Mr. Waters resigned, it

Premier Norquay May Fall.

caused by the petition of E. P. Leacock, member of the legislature for Russell, to

the lieutenant-governor, to immediately summon the local legislature. Leacock

will attack the Red River Valley railroad contract. This action is thought to leave

the Norquay government in a shaky con-

A New Lighthouse Superintendent.

Washington, Dec. 1. - Commander Frederick Rogers has been appointed

lighthouse superintendent for the Third

district, New York city.

WINNIPEG, Dec. I .- A sensation has been

Passaic, Dec. 1.-Michael Waters, super-

again in February.

ew men in.

and others favor an earlier date.

shall be a native-born American.

Mrs. Marguerite Moore, of New York.

ogers, M. D.; Secretary Jonn J. Lytle,

almost a total wreck. Loss, \$3,000.

was paralyzed with fear, and asked th

k and was employed at the same place

Nolan, Geo R Nelson, J F Penniman, Edward A Randolph, Edward Runyon, H C ourrid, Miss Katie Donashue, Miss Kate
Donnell, Miss Ellis O
Daam, John
Horton, Mrs T R
Homer, G H
Haines, Mrs Kate
Halsey, Miss E D
Jukes, Mrs E J
Lowe, Mr Fred J
Nedeam, John (3)
Warmser) Mr Floid
Warmser) Mr Floid

lit, Mrs. John

persons calling for above please say advertised W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE POI

WEEK ENDING NOV. 25, 887.

DECK'S CORNER.

FINE GOODS

.......

-AT-

PECK'S.

YOU WILL ALWAYS FIND

JOHN G. HABERLE.

a Specialty.

HOLIDAY GOODS

Large, New and Choice Assortment.

ART POTTERY.

GAVETT'S

15 E. FRONT STREET.

GREEN'S

EVERYTHING AT NEW YORK PRICES.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL

ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

-: Black Stockings:-

That will NOT FADE, CROCK

SMITH & ANGELL'S

Black Stockings, and you will

The color cannot be removed

The dye being vegetable

Every pair warranted as above,

does not INJURE the GOODS.

and if not found as represented,

RETURN THEM and your

SOLD ONLY BY

Howard A. Pope,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

A LINE OF MEN'S, WOMEN'S, MISSES

Boots and Shoes

TO SUIT ALL CLASSES OF TRADE, AND WE

DOANE & VANARSDALE

22 WEST PRONT STREET.

W. MESSERSCHMIDT,

Hats. Caps and Gent's Furnishing

Goods,

CLOTHING CLEANED AND REPAIRED.

--No. 8--

WE AIM TO

CHILDREN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTHS'

MONEY will be REFUNDED.

wear no other kind.

proves the color.

or STAIN the FEET. Try

Pair of

Furniture

ELEGANT LAMPS.

Warerooms

FANCY CHINA AND BRIC-A-BRAC.

ARTISTIC GLASS WARE,

No. 17 SOMERSET ST.

POPULAR PRICES!

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS. NEW YORK MAILS.

3.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m ARRIVE-7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m. SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS. CLOSE-7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

ARRIVE - 8.50 a. m. and 6.30 p. m. SUNDAY MAILS. Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m.

o 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m. Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday nd Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every vening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes. Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will ase apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Windows Office Closed after 10 A.M. on all National Holiday Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m. W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

TO LET—HOUSE ON CENTRAL AVENUE, BE tween 7th and 8th Streets. Ten rooms. All improvements. Apply to J. B. Miller & Bros., Laing's Hotel.

Daily Press Office.

Part Public.

Having purchased the business of Mr. John Shroppe at No. 31 W. Front St., I will entirely renovate the place and supply the best fruits in the New York market, fresh roasted peanuts every day, all kinds of nuts and confectionery. I will but the BEST of everything, and sell at living prices.

A NY ONE DESIROUS OF MAKING A DE LIGHT AND ONE DE LIGHT AND

A ments for the Winter, can meet with large, handsomely furnished front rooms, at Mrs, LANSING'S, cor. Park ave. and 6th St. 10-26-lf

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN COUNTY OF THE POST Office. ELIZABETH

FOR SALE-MY PROPERTY ON WEST SEC-T ond Street. Price Moderate.要 Terms east T. H. Tomlinson, M. D. 20-6-tf FOR SALE-A SECOND-HAND, TWO HORSE

T "Peerless" power, In good order, Sold cheap, for went of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-47 FOR SALE-THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER I of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS. Archt's and Storage Warehouse from 169 to 123 E. 44th street N. Y. city.—my201

READINGS

Others escaped on the fire company's lad-ders, and those in the rear part of the house jumped to the roof of the next building. The furniture and interior of the hotel is -Jesse Couthoui.-Music by G. Cleff Quartette. Thursday, December 1st, 1887, PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 1.—The twenty-first anniversary celebration of the Pennsyl-rania Peace society took place yesterday At the M. E. CHURCH.

Tickets, all Reserved, 50 and 75 Cents. Now on sale at Reynold's and Shaw's Drug

MUSIC HALL Friday Evening, December 2d.

MR. A. M. PALMER

Will present the great success of last season at the Madison Square Theatre, entitled

"JIM THE PENMAN."

PRICES AS USUAL.

TICKETS ON SALE TUESDAY, NOV. 29.

MUSIC HALL.

."O U R S."

THE KEMBLE DRAMATIC ASSOCIATION OF VERY SELDOM MISS IT.

MONDAY EVENING, DEC. 5th.

Tickets at usual prices. For sale at Reynolds', Field & Randolph, and Shaw's Drug Stores, on and after DECEMBER 1st. 11-28-3d

LECTURE 231 West Front Street, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

was understood that he would break the Electric Phenomena Will be delivered by

Mr. LEO DAFT, PARK AVENUE

At Stillman Music Hall. Fancy Goods, Thursday Evening, Dec. 8th, 1887.

The Lecture will be illustrated by a series of lovel and Brilliant Experiments, on a large ADMISSION:—Adults, 50 Cents. Children under 15 years, 25 Cents.

The proceeds will be given to the Trinity Reformed Church. n23-td

STAMPING!

Worsteds,

Notions,

COLD WATER PEOPLE

MEETING OF THE NATIONAL PROHIBITION COMMITTEE. management of American hotels, there are still many defects and drawbacks

Prof. Samuel Dickey Elected Chairman-The National Convention to Be Held Next June in Indianapolis.

CHICAGO, Dec. 1. - The national committee of the prohibition party met in this city yesterday and proceeded to the selection of a chairman to fill the vacancy caused by the death of John B. Finch. Ex-Governor St. John and General Clinton B. Fisk each havedeclared that he would not and should not be the presidential candidate of the third party. Each is willing to

fight in the ranks, but wanted no office.

The prohibitionists maintain that the persistent and steady growth of their party from a vote of a few thousands to hundreds of thousands affords a most encouraging vindication of its ultimate success, and they Fine Gigars. Clear Havana Cigars are making more strenuous efforts that ever they did before to give both magnitude and character to their next convention.

Among the prominent prohibitionists present were General Clinton B. Fisk, ex-Governor St. John, of Kansas, and Mother Stewart, of Ohio. Samuel Dickey, of the Albion, Mich., was elected chairman to succeed Mr. Finch.

Indianapolis was decided upon as the place for the party's next national convention, and the first Wednesday in June, 1888, was named as the day. Prof. Dickey acknowledged his acceptance of the chairmanship of the national committee, first calling for and receiving a pledge from each of the members that they first calling would work in the coming campaign as they had never worked before, and above all to see that there should be no move by the prohibitionists looking to fusion with

any other political party whatever. A fair audience attended the meeting held by the prohibitionists last night in honor of the late John B. Finch, the renowned temperance orator and chief of the Order of Good Templars. Gen. Clinton B. Fisk, of New York, presided. The eulogy was prorounced by Miss Frances Willard. She first told of Mr. Finch as a boy, and related this anecdote: "A man reels out of a dramshop as the boy and his mother passes. 'Johnnie, do you see that?' his mother asks. 'Oh, yes, I see it, mother, and I promise you that I will give my life to put an end to it.' The handsome face is lifted to her own, and the mother's sacred kiss seals a vow that John B. Finch fulfilled with his last heart beat two months ago." The national committee, as arranged, was

as follows:

Alabama, L. C. Calison; Celorado, H. C. Dillon; Connecticut, George P. Rogers; Dakota, D. R. Grove; District of Columbia, A. A. Wheelock; Illinois, A. J. Julkins, J. A. Van Fleet; Indiana, John Ratcliffe, J. S. Heughs; Iowa, E. W. Brady, V. G. Farnam; Kansas, A. M. Richardson, John P. St. John; Maryand, John Lloyd, Thomas William Silverwood; Massachusetts, R. C. Pittman, C. B. Knight; Michigan, D. P. Sangerdorph, A. D. Power; Minnesota, W. W. Satterlee, James Princham; Missouri, James D. Baker, F. M. Bemis; Nebraska, A. G. Wolfenbarger, R. A. Hawley; New Jersey, John R. Anderson, A. Parsons; New York, C. H. Meade, J. Wesley Jones; North Carolina, Rev. W. F. Walkins, Moses Hammond; Ohio, M. McClellan Brown, J. Odell; Oregon, J. H. Armas, J. W. Webb; Pennsylvania, James Black, W. F. Dunn; Rhode Island, Thomas H. Peabody, H. H. Richardson; Tennessee, J. W. Smith; Texas, J. B. Crapfill; Vermont, C. W. Wyman, Clinton J. Smith; West Virginia, Frank Burt, J. R. Carssadon; members-atlarge, Frances E. Willard, Mather Stewart, A. A. Hopkins. Alabama, L. C. Calison; Colorado, H. C.

IN MEMORY OF HER BROTHER. Mrs. Roscoe Conkling Erects a Memorial

to Ex-Governor Horatio Seymour. Utica, Dec. 1 .- Mrs. Roscoe Conkling

has just left an order with a firm here for a cross of heavy cast brass as a memorial of her brother. Governor Horatio Seymour. When finished it will be placed in the rear of the chancel of Calvary church. The cross proper will be 48 inches in height and the arms about 30 inches in width. The whole will stand upon a base of polished brass. The design is From the base of the cross a passion flower in bold relief will The design of the lettering is that of the pyramid. The background of the cross is after the Moorish design. A scriptural text, to be selected, will be placed upon the

Suit Against Our Danish Minister. Boston, Dec. 1 .- Miss Mary A. Brown,

who has been engaged for some years in the work of getting and disseminating information about the Icelandic discoverers of America, has announced that she has decided to institute proceedings for libel against Professor Rasmus B. Anderson, formerly of Madison, Wis., and now minister of the United States at Copenhagen. Miss Brown claims that she was in the west some years ago engaged in literary work, and through the influence of Professor Anderson her works were refused by the publishers and the public generally prejudiced against her.

Gold on the Potomac.

Oshkosh, Dec. 1. - Dr. William Kempster, accompanied by Senator Sawyer, has left here for Washington. Six months ago Kempster and another man discovered gold-bearing quartz on the Potomac river n Montgomery county, eighteen miles from Washington. Shafts have been sunk, disclosing rich veins of gold in rotten quartz of high grade. Before leaving Dr. Kemp-ster exhibited a bottle of fresh nuggets of gold from his mine. He says he has with a skillet washed out nuggets as large as cherries. Samples sent to the Philadelphia mint were pronounced high grade.

She Loved the Other Fellow.

OXFORD JUNCTION. Iowa, Dec. 1-Benjamin Cusley and Charles Logan, rivel suitors for the hand of Miss Elizabeth Watterson, aged 17, meeting at her father's house, a desperate encounter ensued, the victor to have the prize. Cusley was finally successful, driving away his rival at the point of a pistol. But Logan was the favorite with the girl and posterday afternoon she sent a bullet through her heart.

Will Give Portland the Go-By.

MONTREAL, Dec. 1.—The Grand Trunk railway and Allan line of steamships have fallen out and if the difficulty is not soon settled after the 20th of December the Allan steamships will, as on former occasions, giver Partland the go-by and make Baltimore the winter terminus. The point in dispute is the proportion of freight rates

Newspapers Raising Their Prices.

STRACUSE, Dec. 1.- The Daily Courier and Daily Standard will announce to-morrow that on and after that date the price of those papers will be raised from two to turce cents.

HOTEL SOAP AND TOWELS. Why They Are Sources of Grave Danger to Those Who Use Them.

Despite the vast improvements in the

which, though they may seem of practical insignificance, are in reality of deep im-

portance to the public. Chief an ion these,

says a writer in the American Analyst, may be mentioned the toilet sonp fur-

nished the patrons in their bedrooms and

baths, and the temporary guests in the washrooms. As a general rule it may be

said that no American hotel uses even de-

cent soap. The writer has had a wide ex-

perience among the great establishments of New York, and in only two has found a toilet soap that was really of superior quality. Many proprietors purchase cheap castile and poor cottonseed oil soap by the hundred bars and cut these into convenjent cakes. They cleanse well and generally are free from coarse perfumes and poisonous coloring matter. But nearly all brands of this class are poorly made and strongly a kaline. They not only attack the skin and eventually produce sores, but they also irritate the mouths of the pores and eat into the glands and the oil they contain. Their use gives a clean skin, but one that is dry, rough and inelastic. Frequently, after a few days, dried white patches rise and fall off, the lips and nostrils chap and a general feeling of uneasiness and even positive discomfort results. Worse than these are the cheap and pasty toilet soaps so much in vogue. They are made from rancid vegetable oils and half decomposed acid animal fats with impure alkalies, in the shortest time and the cheapest manner possible. To cover up their foulness or poor workmanship, the manufacturer co'ors them with brilliant dyes or very dark dyes, and with the rankest essential oils the market affords. A cake taken from a second rate Broadway house is a good case in point. I has a neat oval form, a strong but pleasant odor, lathers freely, and is of a handsome rich brown hue. To any but an expert it would appear a superior article, while to a hotel proprietor it offers, besides all these attractive qualities, the far more facinating element of extreme cheap-ness. Careful examination and analysis show that the brown color con-ceals a slovenly workmanship, which would otherwise be exposed. In ir-regular masses of varying shade and consistency, and that the strong essential oils serve to smother a rank smell of putrefaction and nauseating raw materials. The amount of the oils is so large as to act as a rubefacient and even an irritant upon the skin. The writer once experimentally rubbed it on his face and allowed the thin saponaceous film to remain ten minutes before washing it off. On its disappearance he found the cuticle covered by numerous red points intermediate in appearance between acne and eczema, which lasted twenty-four hours before the face resumed its natural appearance. Such toilet soap applied to women of fine complexions but of sensitive skins would ruin their appearance in less than a fortnight, and would in the long run produce a condition of the cuticle which would require weeks of medical treatment to restore to its pristine state. Far worse would be its use upon bables and young children. Their skin is finer and more delicate than can be easily described. Irritated by such soaps if would break out into painful eruptions and in a short time thereafter into running sores. The evils described apply chiefly to the bed-room and bath-room; those of the

public wash-room are far worse. Here a arge cake is employed, and almost invariably one whose workmanship is so inferior that with the slightest use it becomes pulpy or sticky. In this condition to does all the harm mentioned, and bedes this it may act and frequently does act as a vehicle for disease virus and disease-germs. A person suffering from a skin complaint or from some blood disease, which manifests itself in cutaneous disorders, u cers, or other sores, uses the cake, and by the mere friction of rubbing, loosens scales and pieces of diseased matter which are retained by the glutenous shaft and entwine about the surface of the soap. These may or may the centre of the cross will be a not contain the virus or the germs referred arms. In the centre of the cross will be a not contain the virus or the germs referred bronze plate, in which are the letters H. S. to. If they do the next person who uses that cake runs a serious risk of absorbing fifteenth century. The workmanship will the contagion and becoming a suf-be elaborate. The base is in the form of a ferer from the same disease. So bad are matters in this regard that the only safe rule for a person solicitious for his health is to never use the scaps supplied by hotels for patrons and guests, but to always carry his own with him or to try a fresh cake, no matter how great the temptation may be to use that which is freely offered him in places of public re-

More objectionable yet are the unwield-

ly roller-towel, the saloon towel, and the long and broad towel of the wash-room. These, under any and all circumstances, are a disgrace to the house that uses them and an insult to its customers. The towel removes moisture from the face and hands by rubbing. The friction does more, however, than remove moisture alone. forces off scales, pieces of head skin, lymph from cuts and abrasions, mucus from the nostrils, perspiration from the pores, pus from sores and ulcers, and anvpores, pus from sores and inters, and any-thing liquid that may be excreted from the body or may have been thrown upon its surface. The fibrous and interlaced structure of the towel make it a marvelous receptacle and catch-all for these varied substances. They remain in its in-terstices until it is washed, and even long after, unless it is thoroughly boiled and rubbed with strong laundry soap or treated with Javelle water or chloride of lime. It is all very well for the first man who applies a towel of the class mentioned to his face and hands; the second man runs a risk and the risk increases arithmetically with each user. As nearly one man in fifty, suffers from some con-tagious or germ d sease, and as these hotel and saloen towels average two hundred users a day, it is clear that every one toward the end of its daily career is in all probabilities a source of danger and disease. It is better to go with a dirty face and soiled hands than to use such apologies for decency. It is a thousand times beiter for proprietors to supply unlimited small linen or cotton napkins, which once used are consigned to the laundry, or the inexpensive Japanese paper cloths once employed are thrown away into the

Custer at Gettysburg. Colonel Grant relates that General Cus

ter once met in this city a noted cavalry officer who was a good writer and talker, and who was delivering a lecture on Getty-burg after the war. Handing Custer a couple of tickets for the lecture, the cavalryman remarked: "I hope you will come, for I describe all the cavalry movements in the first, ily the way, I transfer your brigade from the right wing, where it did promate, to the left wing and mass it with my brigade; it makes the story more imposing, you know."

lists Banquet Lord Hartington and Mr. Goschen-The Borlase Bankrapt

Case .- France's Political Excitement. LONDON, Dec. 1.-Mr. O'Brien, in a letter smuggled from Tullamore jail to a friend in Dublin says:

"The substance of Mr. Balfour's letter has been conveyed to me. Mr. Balfour's statement that I pleaded weak action of the heart and delicate condition of the lungs as an excuse for not being forced to wear criminal clothes is a cruel falsehood. I am not aware of such weakness and

certainly never declared it. The medical examiners never referred to this, my only weakness being in my left lung which does not trouble me at present.

"If Mr. Balfour is acting on the belief that the state of my health renders the application of brute force dangerous, the course he has pursued could not be recommended on the score of humanity.
"For six days after committal I was sub-

lected to constant threats of force and put on bread and water diet. When this proved fruitless I was led to believe that the point would not be insisted on. Thereupon my es were stolen. "Since securing new clothes I have been

to change them night or day for fear of their being stolen. No official information has yet been given to relieve me of this continued strain. This letter is the only means of vindicating myself against Mr. Balfour's foul and dishonoring imputa-

"Henceforth I shall not speak concerning my health. I do not take any nourishing food. In the face of intelerable calumnies I leave it to honorable men to judge the chivalry of Balfour's false and heartless in-

UNIONISTS IN DUBLIN.

Banquet to the English Speakers-Mr.

Dillon Speaks in London. DUBLIN, Dec. 1 .- The unionist banquet in Leinster hall, last evening was a brilliant effair. The leading merchants and professional men and a number of Catholic unionists were present. The balconies were crowded with ladies. Lord Hartington and Mr. Goschen had an ovation. The toast to the Queen was received with enthusiasm, everybody rising and joining in the singing of the national anthem and "God Bless the Prince of Wales." Mr. Kenny, an eminent Catholic barrister, in proposing a toast to the unionist cause, do nounced home rule as an insiduous misnomer, simply meaning the dismemberment of the empire and the utter ruin of Ireland.

Mr. Goschen said that the time for anybody being neutral toward the separatists had passed. No truce should be allowed with the party of sedition. A news vender at Killarney has been

sentenced to a month's imprisonment for selling copies of United Ireland containing reports of meetings of suppressed branches

of the National league.

Mr. Sheehy, member of parliament, for whose arrest a warrant has been issued. and who has been evading arrest, has ar rived at Limerick.

LONDON, Dec. 1 .- Mr. Dillon, speaking at Plymouth last night, sharply criticised the unionist meeting in Dublin. He said that Mr. Goschen had promised the impoverished poor law unions in the west of Ircland further assistance from the exchequor if they would maintain the union. But yould not consent to sell their birth right for a mess of pottage. They would rather starve. The government sought to crush 4,000,000 in order to support the 900,-000 who called themselves the Ireland. garrison in

THE WOMAN RUINED HIM.

An Ex-Commoner Arraigned in the Lon-

don Bankruptey Court. LONDON, Dec. 1. - Mr. Wm. C. Borlase, ex member of parliament for St. Austell, and formerly under-secretary for the local government board, was arraigned in the London bankruptcy court yesterday, and the revelations in the case thus far developed are interesting

It appears that Mr. Borlase became ruinously involved through his association with a woman calling herself Mme. Quirns. She asserts that Borlase gave her sums of money and valuable articles from time to time because of his love for her, while the ex-commoner declares that the woman took advantage of his relations with her to blackmail him.

The case is likely to last several days and will no doubt furnish some very interesting

France's Political Excitement.

Paris, Dec. 1.-It is said that special sealed instructions have been given to military commanders to be opened in the event of serious disturbances breaking out during the present political excitement. The government will apparently act energetically President Grevy, in his message to parlia-ment, will give as his reason for resigning the refusal of all the leading statesmen to form a cabinet. He makes no complaint against the chamber or senate, or against his ministers, but laments what he terms the unexpected desertion of those upon whose friendship he thought he could rely.

The Crown Prince.

Berlin, Dec. 1.—Dr. Telsehow, the court dentist; has been summoned to San Remo to operate on the Crown Prince's teeth. A favorable conclusion is drawn from this circumstance, as the operation would have been postponed, it is thought, had the prince's condition not been improved. The Crown Prince and Princess went walking at San Remo yesterday, and proceeded un-til rain began to fall and compelled them to return to their villa:

A Blood Tax on the Masses.

BERLIN, Dec. 1 .- During the debate on the budget in the reichstag yesterday Herr Bebel described the corn bill as a blood tax on the large masses of workmen, who will have to pay it almost exclusively. Her subsequently called to order for proclaiming as hypocritical the constant appeal made to Germany's love of piece.

A Raid on Nihilists' Lodging. St. Petersburg, Dec. 1.—The police yesterday raided a lodging house in the Peski quarter occupied by students, who were supposed to be nihilists. A desperate resistance was made by the inmates of the house and many persons were wounded.

Victoria Going to San Remo. LONDON, Dec. 1.—It is reported that the British consul at Genoa has received in structions to rent a villa at San Rento for

Queen Victoria from the month of January

Bulgaria Has Faith in Peace. Sorta, Dec. 1. The Sobranje yesterday voted by a large najority to abolish the FOR KILLING HIS FATHER.

The Terrible Charge Against a 17-year-Old Boy.

GREENFIELD, Mass., Dec. 1.-Lincoln Randall, a 17-year-old boy, is under arrest and locked up here last night charged with the murder of his father, David M. Raudall, a respected farmer of Montague. The murder was a most cold-blooded and brutal affair. Randall was sitting in his dining-room last evening, when someone approached from the outside, came to one of the windows, placed the muzzle of his gun almost against the glass, and fired. The back of Randall's head was literally blown off, and he died a few minutes after the fatal shot

There are no trees or shrubbery to obstruct the view from the road. It was nearly 6 o'clock and the hanging lamp had been lighted. Randall was seated almost underneath it in an armchair, facing the stove, with his back to the windows and not more than three feet from them. His cane was in his hand. His wife was in the kitchen preparing supper, and in the room with him were Mrs. Randall's mother and

Shortly after noon yesterday young Randall was arrested. He took his arrest very cooly, simply saying that he did not commit the deed. There seems to be no doubt that the gun from which the fatal shot was fired was an old smooth-bore Springfield rifle, which a young son of Mr. Randall had loaded heavily with BB shot on Thansgiving rning, the rifle afterward being placed in the woodshed, from which it was stolen the next day. BB shot was found imbedded in the walls of the room where the murder took place, and later the gun itself was found hidden under the bushes by the road-side, a short distance from the house.

Western Union Reduced Rates.

New YORK, Dec. 1 .- The Western Union telegraph company has just announced a reduction in long-distance telegraph rates. The reduction embraces all places east of Montana and Utah. The highest rates on the company's line between points, some of which are 4,000 to 5,000 miles apart, will be The Montana, Utah, New Texas rate has been reduced from \$1 to 75 cents. The rate from the section east of the Mississippi river and north of Tennessee and North Carolina is reduced from 75 cents to 50 cents, and the rate from the section east of the Mississippi river and sout of Virginia and Tennessee, from 60 cents to

Ambitious Colored People.

ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 1 .- The prominent recognition given the negroes during the prohibition campaign has inspired their leaders to essay roles of more distinction in local politics. They hearkened to the orators of the respective sides, who took occ 1sion to impress them with the importance of their position, and before the question has been officially settled several negroes have announced themselves as candidates for the city council. The negroes will vote solidly for the candidates of their color, and it would not be surprising to see some, at least, elected to the city council, which is composed of but six members.

Ives Again After the C., H. and D. CINCINNATI, Dec. 1 .- An evening paper asserts that it has responsible authority for the statement that movements are in progress which in two weeks will result in placing Henry S. Ives & Co. in control of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroad. H. B. Moorehead and Albert Netter, brokers, are actively buying Cincinnati, on and Dayton stock. It is said als that the Emerys, who own the Dayton and Michigan property, I ased by the Cincin-nati, Hamilton and Dayton, are anxious to get their road into their own hands, and are aiding Ives.

Judge Trunkey Surgically Treated.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 1.-A letter received from Mrs. Trunkey, says that the proposed operation mentioned a few days ago has been successfully performed on Judge Trunkey, of the Pennsylvania supreme bench, by London physicians, for the cure of catarrh. The operation, while very painful, gave Mr. Trunkey immediate relief, and he rapidly recovered from its effects and is now enjoying better health than at any time since leaving New York. judge is confident of a complete cure, and with Mrs. Trunkey will remain some time in Europe.

Proceedings in Foreclosure

HARTFORD, Dec. 1.—In the proceedings for foreclosure brought by the New York and New England Railroad against the Connecticut Central road Louis Sperry, counsel for the minority interests of the latter road, has withdrawn the defence, and nothing now remains to prevent the consummation of the foreclosare proceedings, which had previously been interrupted by the order of the supreme court that the New York and New England should render an account in detail of the Connecticut Central's receipts and expenses.

Western Union's New Rival.

Boston, Mass., Dec. 1.—A petition has been filed with the secretary of state, for presentation to the legislature, signed by Chester Snow and others, for the incorporation of the Postal Automatic telegraph company, with the object of building a line across the continent from New York to San Francisco. The company is to be incorporated with a capital of \$3,000,000 and authority to increase the same to \$20,000,000

Arensdorf Contradicts Himself.

SIOUX CITY, Dec. 1 .- The defense in the Haddock murder case closed its evidence yesterday. Granda, one of the defendants, made many admissions that were very damaging to the defense. John Ahrens-dorf, who is now on trial, took the stand and tried to account for his whereabouts on the night of the murder. His attempted alibi now is a contradiction of his attempted alibi on the first trial.

Philadelphia May be Selected.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 1.—In conversation with Mr. B. T. Jones, chairman of the national republican committee, that gentle man intimated that the convention might be held in Philadelphia, though it was too early to say positively.

Will Avert a Strike.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Dec. 1.-It is believed that the existing differences between the brewers' union and the brewers' associa tion will be settled without a strike on the part of the first named organization.

Shot and Killed Two Colored Men.

Charlotte, N. C., Dec. 1.—A farmer named Irby, Tuesday, shot and killed two colored men who attacked in on his farm in Mariboro county, S. C., while he was endeavoring to drive them of his lands.

Shekel Must Pay Out Shekels.

CHICAGO, Dec. 1 .- Shekel, the proprietor of the stock quotation gambling clock, was fined \$500 yesterday and a rehearing of the case was genied. - man the manager .

Professional Cards.

WM. K. MCCLURE,

Attorney-at-Law. Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
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TACKSON & CODINGTON. Counsellors-at-Law,

Masters in Chancery, Netaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. myloti

O. L JENKINS, M. D.,

Homoeopathist.

essor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front stree Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 s. m.; 1 to near Peace. Office p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m.

CRAIG A. MARSH.

Counselor at Law.

Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor aster in Chancery. Notary Public. Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts.

90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St. Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. 1

MEDICATED

Sulphur and Vapor Baths, followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probaseo, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong.

Carpenter and Builder,

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ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

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P. O. Box, 1228. Jobbing at ended to. Estimate given cheerfully on all kines of work. 9-15-

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[Of late Erm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN, CARPENTER and BUILDER. Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street,

ar Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 ast Second street. # JOBBING A SPECIALTY. TA mylotf

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Mason and Builder.

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A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Bunyon.

FORD & STILES,

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and Practical Embalmers. Office, Wareroom and Residence No. 14 E. Front street. Telephon call No. 44. GEO, M. STILES GEO. C. FORD.

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Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Planes removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates.

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45 West Front Street. Large Jumbo Covere Satisfaction guaranteed. Goods delivany part of the United States. Secon arniture bought and sold. my9y

Central Railroad of New Jersey A. P. WARDEN.

Station in New York-Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect November 20, 1887. PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.00, 8.19, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.32, 6.05, 6.32, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 8.01, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28,

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.50, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK. Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.54, 3.51, 5.25, 6.03, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m. Leave Newark - 6.20, 7.05, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.35, 8.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.54, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.50, 11.15 p. m. Sunday - 8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15,

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth. Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.05, 9.21, 11.30, 11.44, a.m. 2.02, 3.30, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 6.58, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9.29, 10.45, 12.43, p.m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.34, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 7.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.40, 8.15, 8.40, 11.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.90, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON. Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, a. m., 2.02, 2.16, 4.34, 5.02, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.34, p. m. Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS. LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, etc. Sundays, to Easton.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.05, a. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk. 9.21, a m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harris-burg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scran-

2.02, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Beading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c. 4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkes-barre, Scranton, &c.

5.02 and 5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, &c. 6,02, p. m.—For Flemington. 6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, farrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c. Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m.

For Perth Amboy - 3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, 11.42 a.m 12.53, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p.m. Sunday - 8.57 a.m. For Matawan - 3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a.ms, 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p.m. Sunday - 8.57 a.m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE. eave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 5.10, 8.05°, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.30°, 6.02°, 8.17, p. m., 1.15, night. Sunday—5.10°, 9.89, a. m., 6.24, p. m., 1.22, night.

RETURNING-LEAVE PHILADELPHIA Ninth and Green streets, 7.30*, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.90, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 12.90, p. m. Sunday —8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m. From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.20, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 8.00°, 9.10°, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15,

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook. J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent A Family Gathering.

Have you a father? Have you a mother? Have you a son or daughter, sister or a brother who has not yet takenKemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, the guaranteed remedy for the cure of Goughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup and all Throat and Lung troubles? If so, why? when a sample bottle is gladly given to you free by R. J. Shaw and the large size costs only 50c. and \$1.00.

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CHOICE TEA, COFFEE AND SPICES.

Creamery and Dairy Butter, FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.,

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11-29-tf

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ly furnished to parties desiring to lay in Coa Offices—No. 18 Park avenue and South Second S Yard—South Second Street, near Potter's Pres Works.—8-25-y1 WALTER L. HETFIELD. FRANK LINKE,

of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Linden avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail, Box 1835, city, will receive prompt attention.

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Fresh and Salt Meats, etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills pay-able to me. myllott

R. R. FAIRCHILD,

Furniture Dealer.

21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-23-tf

Goal Dealer.

39 NORTH AVENUE. Hard Lenigh Coal from the Lenigh region. Free burning Coal from the Wyoming region. All well screened and prepared. 8-30-7

THE STANDARD'S BIG SCHEME. A Pipe Line Proposed from Chicago to New York.

Toledo, O., Dec. 1. - A gigantic scheme of the Standard Oil company, involving millions of dollars, has just been unearthed here. It is for a great trunk pipe line from Chicago to New York by way of the Ohio and Pennsylvania oil fields. The pipe line when completed will be nearly 1,000 miles long, and will cost at least \$5,000,000. It will connect the Onlo and the Pennsylva-

nia fields, and oil can be piped custward or westward, as desired. The Standard company has already begun to lease the right of way through Ohio and. Indiana. Thous: of acres of the best oil lands have been ed, and the intention is to develop and test all the country between Chicago and Lima, Ohio. The step was made necessary by the high railroad rates consequent upon the carrying into effect of the interstate commerce law, and the intention of the Standard company is to utilize the oil pipes to Chicago for fuel as well as illuminating purposes.

They Are Good Indians Now.

FORT SMITH, Ark., Dec. 1.-At Antler's on the 'Frisco road, in the Choctaw nation, yesterday, Victor M. Locke, a big stockman and merchant, was startled from his breakfast by the entrance into his house of Jack Watts, a Choctaw, and an unknown Indian, with pistols in their hands, evidently bent on murder. Mrs. Locke met the men at the door and felled one with a stick of wood. Meanwhile Mr. Locke had gotten his Winchester rifle, and before they could fire he shot both Indians, killing them almost in-

stantly.

Art Works Missing. PESTH, Dec. 1.-In the unterhaus yesterday Deputy Polonyi asked as to the truth of the report that valuable pictures by Raphael, Durer, Reinbrandt and others were missing from the Esterhazy gallery. and that antiquities from the national mu seum had been replaced with worthless imitations. Herr Trefort, minister of art said he believed that the report was not

Vote on Prohibition in Atlanta. ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 1 .- The vote in the prohibition election was canvassed, and I was found that the majority against prohibition was 1,128. The sale of liquor will begin at once.

true, but he promised to make an inquiry

CONDENSED DESPATCHES. R. T. Raley, a Philadelphia stock broker, San Francisco asks congress to pay \$550, 000 for a post office site.

David L. King, of Clarion county, Pa., it to be executed on January 26, 1888.

A triple railroad collision occurred be tween Butte and Silver, M. T., yesterday but only one man was more than "slightly injured. Dr. L. E. Powell killed editor H. S. Smith in Redwood City, Cal., on Tuesday, and yesterday he was arrested with murder.

James Brown, a restaurant keeper of Troy, N. Y., has been indicted on a charge of murder in the first degree for killing Patrick Kelly on the night of October 16. A. W. Henderson, a drummer, who was arrested in North Carolina for seiling goods without a license, has been dis charged by the United States circuit court The Julia, of Kingston, Ont., laden with bariey, was wrecked during a snow storm on Tuesday night, four miles from Oswego, Na Y. The crew was rescued with gread difficulty.

Two very promising hotel schemes, one at Canonicut, the other at Easton's Point near Newport, R. I., seem to have come to a premature death. Considerable stock had been sold in one of the so-called com-The St. Andrew's society of Canada gave a grand ball at the Windsor hotel, Montreal last night. It was a very brilliant affair and the usual greetings with sister societies

A despatch from Harrisburg, Pa., reports that another of the victims of the Hammel stone stone quarry disaster was dug out yesterday. The bodies of three other quarrymen are known to be still in the debris. An appeal to the supreme court in North Carolina has been granted in the case of Stephen Freeman, a negro, who was re-

in other countries were exchanged.

cently found guilty of committing an as-sault upon Mrs. Sellers, white, and was sentenced to be hanged Dec. 22. Jack McCormick, of Rochester, N. Y. hanged himself in jail yesterday. He was a "tough" of the worst kind. He once es sayed four rounds in the prize ring with John L. Sullivan, when the Boston glant with one blow sent him flying 20 feet over

the ropes.

An excursion train ran into the rear end of a freight train at Fitchburg, Mass., yes terday. George Joslin, a drover, of Easl Buffalo, N. Y., had several ribs broken and spine injured. Wm. Dixon, fireman of the passenger engine, had to be taken to Massachusetts hospital. A good deal of property was destroyed. Weather Report. New York, Dec. 1, 6 a. m.-The weather in dications for New York, New England, Pennsylvania and New Jersey are: Continued cold and fair weather, followed be slowly rising temperature, ight to fresh easterly winds, it

the inte ior, brisk easterly winds on the coast diminishing in force. NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

150NDS.

Closing, Yesterday, To-day.

414s, 1891, reg. 108
42s, 1891, con. 10872
1075
4s, 1197, eg. 12054
1997, con. 1994 STOCK MARK

New York, Nov. 30 .- Money on call 6 and 7

THREE O'CLOCK-Th market was much strenger through the remainder of the after noon, and advanced in lost cases to opening prices, or higher, on the same conservative buying as showed itself yearerday. CLOSING PRICES, Closing; Yesterday,
 Canadian Pacific
 5484

 Chicago, Bur, & Q
 1284

 Central actific
 3234

 bel, & Hud,
 1054

 Dal, Lack, & W
 1314

 Enc.
 2034

 2005
 2006
 N. Y. & New Fig. N.w York Central & Hu4. 167
Northwestern 162%
Oregon Navigation 19
Paccile Mail 38
Reading 69
Rock Island 114
St. Paul 75½
Union Paccile 564
West Union Tel 76%

25c a30c; western 25c a 30c; Elgin, 30c a 30c; imitation 25c a 24c; Dair;—Eastern haif-firida tubs, 24c a 25c; eastern, Weish tubs, 24c a 25c; tubs. 2ac aboc; eas. ern. Weish tubs. 2ic a 22c; e stern. firkins 23 a2c; e stern. dairies entire. 21c: 22c; estern. dairies entire. 21c: Factory—Fresh 23c a2:c; June passed, ibe a 17c; low grades, feafe. Cheese—Market sie rly. Fintory—New York cheddar, 114c a 114c; western, flat. 114c a 114c; Creamery New York, part skims. Sca 34c; Pennsylvania, skims, 5c a 14c; state skims. 2c a6c.

Eg atc. Egra-Market firm on fresh: Fresh-Mastern, firsts, 2c; Canadon, firsts, 2tc a 250; western, firsts, 24 a 250; Limed-Lastern firsts, 17%c.assc: western, firsts, 17c.assc: western, firsts, 17c.assc: western, firsts, 17c.assc: western, firsts, 17c.assc: western, firsts, 17c.assc:

Buttter-Market steady; Creamery-

A Jolly-Faced Irishman's Story and a Truthtul Hooster's Yarn.

was standing on the front platform, the other morning, of a Van Buren street car, when an old, jolly-faced son of Erin got on at Throop street, writes Ed R. Pritchard, in the Arkansaw Traveler.

Pritchard, in the Arkansaw Traveler.

"Good morning, Uncle Dan," said the driver, as he reached for the bell rope to signal the conductor. "How are 'ye, my hero," was the hearty response, "an' I s'pose ye knows that winther'll soon be here." "Yes," replied the driver, "there's hard times ahead for us poor devils." "Well," rejoined Uncle Dan, "there's one consolation yes'll have, an' that is ye was here first. Like the feller that wint into the seloon and got his drink widout payin' the saloon and got his drink widout payin' for it, ye're ready for business."

"How was that, Uncle Dan?"
"It was like this. A poor divil wint intil a saloon and called for a drink. The bartinder set down the bottle an' he took a good big one. Thin he sot down his glass an' lukin' the bartinder straight in the face he sez, sex he: 'Well, sor, I'm

the face he sez, sez he: 'Well, sor, I'm riddy.'

"Riddy for what?" says the bartinder.

"To be kicked out,' sez he, 'for not a red cint have I got at a?l.'"

Every body langhed, and a little fat German on the other side of the p'atform took his pipe out of his mouth long enough to say: "By gracious, dot feller vas not poddered much mit flies, you gan pet your life."

Then a tail man, who was well dressed and wore a silk hat, and had a sort of I-never-lie air abouthim, told this one:

"Some years ago I was keeping tavern in a small town in Indiana. One night, along in late fall, a travel-stained, mooneyed fellow stopped at my house, saying

along in late fall, a travel-stained, moon-eyed fellow stopped at my house, saying he wanted supper, lodging and breakfast. Of course down there hotel beats were few and far between. So it never entered my head but that the tramp had plenty of money. But judge of my surprise when the next morning after breakfast he frankly told me he hadn't a cent, and to cap the climax, ended by asking me to loan

him a quarter.

'Y was tempted to pitch him in the street, when he said: 'Look here, boss, there's no use kickin'. You didn't s'pose, did you, I was fool enough to tell you last night I hadn't any money? Now, I'll tell you what I'll do, if you'll loan me a quar-ter, I'll promise to pay you what I owe you before night.'

"Well, sir, I gave him the quarter, and what do you think he did with it? He went to the drug store and invested it in a lot of small vials, filled them up with rain water, out of a barrel back of the house, and before night I had my money as he had promised."
"What did he do with the bottles?"

asked one of the smokers.

"O, he canvassed the town as an eye doctor, and I guess sold most of his stuff at twenty-five cents a bottle. At any rate he had money left after he paid me."

Here the driver twisted the brake up hurriedly to keep the car from crashing into a team ahead, and the loud clang of the bridge bell gave warning that every mother's son of us must run for it, or else be ten minutes late at the office. So in a twinkling, the platform was deserted, while a string of mad passengers was hoofing it in a free and easy go-as-you-please race for the South Side.

GOING ON THE ROAD.

Grandfather Lickshin le Outlines a Lect-ure on the Cockroneh.

"I have been invited to deliver a lecture before the Yale faculty on the cockroneh," said Grandfather Lickshingle to an Oil city Derrick man, "and if you promise not to print them I don't mind giving you a few points of it. In the first place, I will trace the pedigree of the cochroach back to the ark and throw the whole responsibility upon Noah. I would rather avoid this, for the reason that Noah stands pretty well with the people now on earth, and to deliberately build up a prejudice against him is not a pleasant thing to do. against him is not a pleasant thing to do. Still, I think Noah did wrong in not stepon Sir and Madam Cockroach when they marched arm in arm, so to say, over the gang-plank. In fixing this responsibility I will hew to the line, let the chips fall where they may; but at the same time I will temper justice with mercy, and let Noah down as easy as possible. I do not believe in taking advantage of a man, because he made one rash step; or, as in this case, because he did not make one rash step, and, as I intimated before, locate it right but top of these roaches. Some people have a great deal to say against Eve. I do not know of any young person of my acquaintance who has been the subject of acquaintance who has been the subject of more scandal and gossip. I have heard well-meaning people blame her for all we and heartache, not to mention dry weather and short crops. I will show in my lecture that Eve is a greatly-abused person, and that the cockroach is the real person, and that the cockroach is the real seat of sorrow. The cockroach, especially the dark sorrel cockroach, is the seventh son of the Mr. and Mrs. Sadeyed Sorrow, of Sorrowtown, N. J. I have been a guest of these people myself, and I know whereof I affirm: Passing rapidly along the lives and times of the cockroach I will treat of:

1. The cockroach in society.

The cockroach in politics. The cockroach in the cupboard, and The cockroach in the biscuit.

I will endeaver to extract some humor out of the cockroach in the biscuit, by simply reporting the pleasantries that etween the boarder and the landlady when the biscuit is opened. It is my purpose to divide cockroaches into two classes. 1. The cockroach of the fireside, or the domestic cockroach. 2. The cockroach of commerce, or the office cock-roach. I have all endy declined large sums of money to make favorable mention in my lecture of certain brands of roach exterminators, but I can't conscientious. ly do it. Away down in my heart of hearts I know there is no way to kill the cockroach of modern times except to place dynamite under him and explode it with a sledge."

Curious Inheritance Declined.

A wealthy Frenchman named Bellardin, who died lately, bequeathed his whole who died latery, bequeathed his whole fortune, amounting to several million francs, to the German Crown Prince. This he did to accentuate the violent hatred of his own countrymen, which somehow or other had taken full possession of his breast. But the Crown Prince refused to profit by such a metive, and, therefore, decimed the Frenchman's legacy. Among the other reasons which had brought M. Bellard n to loathe his compatriots was the fact that he had been imprisoned for some set of personal violence, and it was when lying in jai that he changed his will in favor of the heir to the German Crown. The intentions of the testator were communicated through the French Ambassador and the Foreign Office to the princely legatee, who, however, has waived his right to this curious inheritance. Inheritance.

RULING AND MANAGING.

How Husbands and Wives Can Build Up an Ideal Household. There are two statements very frequent-ly used concerning the married life which must always be particu arly offensive to those who desire the good of the family as an institution of beneficence, and through that the good of the race. One of these statements, says Harper's Bajar, implies that it is given to the husband to implies that it is given to the duband to rule; the other implies that without seeming to have her own way, the wife quietly manages the husband and has it.

Both of these phrases are as absurd and

injudicious as they are harmful. In the ideal household—and every household should at least strive for the ideal, how-ever unhappily it falls short of the standard before it—there is no such word as rule. Marriage is not a bondage. It is a contract, a partnership, an association, a union; and without speaking of it in rela-tion to the decrees of any church, to all those who enter it reverently it is a sacrament. The idea either of reign or of submission in such case is impossible. The partners are equal, and each has a separate course to pursue toward one end. Because the husband earns or possesses the means necessary for the family's sub-sistence, he does not therefore inherently have any more right than the wife has to be the absolute owner and ruler of the house. When, with the solemnity of an oath, and with the supposition that it was an oath, he said: "With all my worldly goods I thee endow," it could only have meant that from that moment the wordly goods alluded to were as much hers as his. Being as much hers as his, morally at least, she has exactly the same rights in their disposition for the common good as he has, and exactly as much authority is vested in her by reason of ownership as in him, and he can claim no right at all to govern because he earns or owns the money. Moreover, the wife is sup-posed to be doing, and should be doing. exactly as much in her own paths of duty for the benefit of the household of which her husband makes one as the husband does: her services are worth-if a money value could be put on them-as much as his, and so the matter is equal between

The only legitimate way for the hus-band to rule, if he cherishes the ignoble wish to rule, is to show his superiority to such degree and extent that the wife must needs admiringly see and confess that his opinion, his wish, his determination, is the best, and gladly advocate it with him, and follow its direction. But to say that the wife must give up her own cherished opinions and life-long pre-conceptions and plan of action is to say that she must be reduced to the condition of a slave, entirely unfit to be the mother of children or the guardian of their morals, manners and health—the guard-d'an that it is everywhere understood she has to be; it is to reduce her to a subordinate condition, the result of which is as in-jurious to her husband and to his children as it is to herself.

The husband who chooses to make the effort will find that when he accords to his wife full acknowledgment of her individuality, and accustoms her through all the routine of married life to the same gracious courtesy he used to practice at an early day, he will have a fearless com-panion by his side, a woman of reflection and judgment, who, having a sense of re-sponsibility and accountability to herself, always the sternest of judges, is an actual helpmeet, a possible champion, a charming friend, a reasonable assistant, a woman with some other entertainment in her than the reflection of his own accustomed thoughts, with some novelty and interest; and so he will find his marriage a far finer thing than if he had always a sweet and tiresome little slave at command. He will find his own position, too, a something loftier one, for he will be the protector and shield and support of one of a nobler order than weaklings, and he gains even in his own steem by the assumption of that loftier

But, again, as detestable as tyranny is cunning; and it is the invariable and People, be they men or women, wives children, or servants—nay, even husbands—if they can not have their own way by fair means, will have it by foul; and un-less they are persuaded that what they wish is positively not desirable, they will continue to endeavor to obtain that wish if it be a possible thing, and by sly traverses and cun-ning methods. It is only in this way that a wife ever tries to "manage" her husband. And it is in this way that she makes herself as wily as the serpent in Eden, and develops qualities of deceit and craft that can not help being transmitted to her chil-dren. The mother who desires to lower the human standard, who wants her children to be in the way of themselves becoming the parents of thieves and criminals will only have to resort to managing her husband in order to sow the first seeds of that sort of crop.

There is something too base and serv-There is something too base and serville in the idea of "managing," of obtaining a desire by the hidden and circuitous routes of cunning, for a woman who aspires to lany worthiness. of character to be willing to confess to it even in her own consciousness. Open revoit were better in the long-run for her, for her family, for her race. The trick is on a par with lying, with stealsing, with forging, and with all the low, small, simy vices; it is degrading, not only to the woman who engages in the "management," but to the children, servants and dependents who can not fail to

The only noble and honorable course for husband and wife, then, is co-operation, with frank admission of the individual rights of each, with the same course that would be followed in independent friendship, with repeated assurance of love and trust and undimished affection assurance that every true wife wishes and longs for when she is seventy as much as when she is thirty, that ought not to pall upon any husband. The wife may be guided, but she is not to be governed, and when she is consulted, trusted, treated as an integer, and as a person to the full as honorable and powerful as her husband is, the home will be something very different from the harem, and very much nearer the out-skirts of Heaven than any place full of submissive houris could ever pretend to be. Let there be no ruling and no managing, and there will come presently the ideal household, a place full of joyous endeavor, of fortitude in suffering, of glad fruition and content the life long.

Ghastly Triumphal Arch. A visitor at the Ameer's workshops in Afghanistan saw a curious piece of architecture there—a ghastly triumphal arch made by the artisans of the place from the heads of two hundred prisoners taken in the rebellion. While riding

head of Taimur Shah mounted on a pole.

HEBREW BUTCHERS.

Mosaic Rules Faithfully Observed by the

Mosalc Rules Faithfully Observed by the Jews of Ta-Day.

The Hebrew butcher, or shochat, takes the chicken, duck or goose and places it beneath his knees, pinioning its wings in this way; then he bends the head back until the windpipe shows. Next, with one quick streke, he half severs the neck, says a St. Louis Clobe writer. He days says a St. Louis Globe writer. He dare not cut the head off completely, for then the meat would be trefe. The bird is hung up by the legs, and all the blood let run out of it. Here the shochat's duty ends. The purchaser carries the fowl home and opens it. If he finds in it a pin, andil, a piece of wood, or any thing which might in time have caused the death of the fowl, it is trefe, unfit to eat, death of the fowl, it is trefe, unit to eat, declared to have been sick. Similarly, if there is any sore on the lungs, the fowl is trefe, and must be thrown away When there is any doubt, it must be carried to the rabbi, who sometimes may decide that it is kosher, but in

any case his decision is final, In killing a beef, calf, sleep, lamb, goat or kid a little more ceremony is observed. When the killing is at a distance two shochatim go together. Just as one draws his knife and prepares to kill, the other seizes his arm and asks him is the knife right. If he answers work proceeds. The animal is laid on its side. The shochat, with a smaller knife sharp as a razor, shaves the hair from the throat. Then, with his regular knife, he cuts the throat, not with one sharp sweep, as is done with the fowl, but he may saw back and forth five or six times without stopping. If he makes a pause between two of the movements the meat becomes trefe. He must sever every blood-vessel-"pipes," the ordinary Hebrew calls them. Then the animal's blood is let trickle out, and it is hung up. The shochat remains, and another man, under his direction, cuts it open and examines the intestines, lungs and liver. If there is the slightest blemish in them the shochat marks the meat trefe by cutting three or four cro-ses on it with his knife.

If it is kosher, he stamps that word on it, and the date on which it is killed beside. The date is added because the meat may be eaten only two days after the killing, "that day, the next day and the day after," explains an intelligent Hebrew. the forequarters are allowed to be used for food, as few men can draw the veins and sinews out properly. When the layman has bought his beef, mutton or other meat, he carries it home, soaks it in water, and then lays it on a board with holes through which any remaining blood may drop. Next sait is put on each of the six sides, for, as may be seen, there are six sides to any piece of meat, and it is soaked for an hour, after which it is cleaned and

Much has been said about the knife which the shochat uses. It is a straight, ordinary-looking instrument, one foot six inches in length and three inches in width, made of the best steel, and costing from fifteen dollars to twenty dollars. Not only is it tried before using, but also after. A shochat may kill a dozen or one hundred chickens or other fowl in quick and immediate succession. If, when this task is completed, he finds a nick in the knife, rest are kosher. A cow and her calf, a ewe and her lamb, a she-goat and her kid may not be killed on the same day, nor may a calf be killed before it is eight days old. only the last fowl killed is trefe; all the

HIS HEART EXPOSED.

The Strange Case of a l'atient in the San Francisco Hospital,

There is a singular case in the City and County Hospital, says the Alta California, which rivals in its strangeness that of the celebrated Alexander St. Martin, who, it will be remembered, had a hole torn in his side by the discharge from a gun, through which the interior of the stomach could be plainly seen and the processes of digestion watched. By this means the digestibility of different foods were determined, and for many years St. Martin has been the cause celebre of medical science. The case before referred to, that of Edgar Jackson, is a native of New Brunswick, twentyeight years old, and up to a year ago was working in the shingle-mills of Humboldt County, in this State.

Twelve months ago he was seized with an attack of pleurisy, which was treated with indifferent success in the country, and when he came into the county he pital here his lungs were suffused with water and pus. By means of a hollow needle and a pump attached, technically known as an aspirator, his chest was tapped twenty-five times and in all eight gallons of water drawn off.

Still the effusion continued, and as pus was forming, the attending physician saw the necessity for prompt action and de-termined to make a free opening into the side. An incision was made into the left side over six inches in length, severing the third, fourth, and fifth ribs, portions of each rib being taken off, so that the opening would not close. Through this the water and pus made their escape freely, and the patient's life was saved for the

It was found that the pressure of the water on the left lung had forced that organ into the upper part of the thoracic cavity, and it had solidified, leaving the heart and its surrounding membrane, the pericardium, exposed to view. At present the patient is getting on nicely, and if no accident occurs, will make a complete re-covery, although he will have lost the use of his left lung. A reporter saw the wound dressed recently. Into the gaping hole in the side was pumped about a quart of soap and water, which bubbled and foamed under the pressure from the contraction and expansion of the right lung. Turning on his side, the water escaped from the patient, and there, in full sight, was the heart, every pulsation plainly perceptible. the systole and disastole, the contraction and expansion of the human engine, which has forever puzzled philosophers, and which will continue to do so, in full It is safe to say that never before have the inner workings of the human frame been so exposed to view with so little apparent inconvenience to the subject He says he suffers no pain, and looks forward to a good recovery.

Sauerkraut an Explosive.

It may not be generally known that sanerkrant is a dangerous explosive. A ting up five thousand cabbages a day and probably knows what he is talking about, says: "If a tank of kraut is sealed when fresh, there is sure to be trouble. A cask of gunpowder is hardly more dangerous than a tightly corked barrel of sauerkraut, As the stuff ferments it swells, and if veni is not furn shed there is an explosion that shakes the foundation of the store and frightens the life half out of the store keeper, while the neighbors raise a cry of a dynamite plot. Seriously, sauerkraut is a dangerous article to handle. If I were a fiery Anarchist I would be inclined to adopt it as an instrument of destruction."

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For particulars, inquire of WM. C. KELLY, No. 36 Park Ave,, OB, Dr. J. T. FRITTS, 83 Park Ave. Maps of property can be seen at Ds. FRITTS OFFICE. 11-2-3m

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open Sundays from 9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 9 p. m., for the sale of Drugs and Medicines only.

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Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES AND CHILDREN'S

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From the BEST MANUFACTURERS, which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY

AND PRICE.

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OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES

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LIGHTING BY INCANDESCENCE,

For STORES, OFFICES AND BUSINESS PURPOSES.

For PUBLIC BUILDINGS, CHURCHES, &c.

And for DOMESTIC LIGHTING.

NO HEAT.

NO VITIATED ATMOSPHERE.

NO FIRE.

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NO TARNISHED CILDINGS.

NO MATCHES.

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Houses can be wired without defacement to walls and ceilings. Existing gas fitting can be used.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co. keep a staff of expert wiremen, and do all

The extension of the Incandescent lines will be made at once, and an addition made to capacity of Station.

The Company are now making contracts for lighting, in order to have the wiring completed concurrently with the extensions.

See Crescent Avenue Church: The Company's Office, opposite the Depot.

W. H. MOORE, Manager,

E. M. ADAMS.

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