

# THE DAILY PRESS.

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## THE DAILY PRESS

AN EVENING EDITION OF THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTIONALIST AND IS ISSUED EVERY DAY—EXCEPTING SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS—AT FIVE O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON; SENT THROUGH THE POST OFFICE AT \$5.00 A YEAR, OR DELIVERED BY CARRIER AT 10 CENTS A WEEK. SINGLE COPIES 2 CENTS.

IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, MANAGING EDITOR.

### BY THE WAY.

The next holiday in the public schools will be Washington's Birthday, February 22d.

Our merchants say there has not been much of a demand for ice skates this winter, on account of the mild weather.

The naphtha lamps which now light up Somerset street from the brook to the Borough line, are located, on an average, from 150 to 200 feet apart.

The Y. M. C. A. "Seniors" hold their semi-annual election this evening at 8 o'clock. There will be fine solo and chorus singing at the close of the business session.

Several persons who witnessed the fracas at the depot on Sunday evening, a week ago, which resulted in the arrest of two men, whom Officer McCue claims assaulted him, were subpoenaed before the Grand Jury at Elizabeth yesterday.

In the Union County Court at Elizabeth, yesterday, but one case, an action upon contract, was disposed of. At the close of the session, Judge Van Syckel adjourned Court over until Wednesday morning at ten o'clock.

Friends of the missing Mr. Kresling—whose wife accused him of going away with another woman, and then so mysteriously disappeared herself—speak of him in comparative terms of esteem, and accuse her of being the worse.

A special meeting of the Directors of Music Hall Association will be held on Friday evening, at eight o'clock, at the office of Secretary Craig A. Marsh, for the transaction of such regular business as is assignable to the January meeting.

The annual meeting of the Union County Branch of the State Charities Aid Association will be held on Wednesday, January 11th, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Red Ribbon Hall, corner of Broad and East Grand streets, Elizabeth, when officers and the executive committee for the ensuing year will be elected.

Some of those for whom the missing Mrs. Kresling has worked, inform THE PRESS that the woman had often expressed an intention of taking herself and child to the home of her parents in Albany. However, as she has so unnecessarily relinquished the value of her furniture here, it seems improbable that such solution of her disappearance is a good one.

Yesterday "The Blusher" concluded the eighth month of its existence, and it still continues to "bob up serenely" and "get there." During the short period of its existence THE PRESS has enjoyed an enviable reputation for accuracy, the most essential point in successful journalism, and something which is least considered by a city sheet published within one thousand miles of this metropolis.

There is probably no more agreeable or healthful amusement than skating, but the reports of accidents which have already occurred this season in various parts of the State, may be taken as a reminder that the pastime has its dangers. Over confidence is in the majority of cases responsible for the loss of skaters' lives; therefore if you are not desirous that your obituary notice shall help to fill up our paper don't be too venturesome.

This evening will occur an adjourned meeting of the City Council, and the regular monthly meeting of the Board of Fire Commissioners. It is probable that the Council and Fire Board will go into joint session and decide upon a plan for operating the fire department. At any rate the Committee on Fire, Water and Lamps, appointed at the last meeting of the Council, and to whom was given the authority of the Council to confer with the Board with reference to an amicable adjustment of the present Fire Board trouble, will make a report, and Corporation Counsel C. A. Marsh will submit an amendment to the General Ordinance, relating to the increase in the license fee.

Opinion is divided as to whether or not the Council will adopt the amendment.

## BY THE PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE.

### \$45,000 FOR "BUNNIE."

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—The jury in the suit for damages brought by Miss "Bunnie" Campbell against Mr. "Baby Bunting" Arbuckle, for wounding her affections, brought in a verdict of \$45,000 for the plaintiff, this morning.

### Its First Appearance.

The author's own company in the "Little Tycoon" made its first appearance in public, last evening, in Music Hall. The chorus was full in tone, and the orchestra well balanced. Better of their kind belong not to any road company that favors us with opera light or heavy. After a few night's association, however, they will *a-cord* the better. Miss Glasco, also, will soon attain confidence and do herself justice, which will satisfy all who hear her. Miss Arnold is as good as ever, and therefore the omission of even a single solo of her part, was much regretted. Mr. Dunbar possessed the only male voice of the company outside the chorus, and he received the only intelligent encore of the evening. As to Mr. Harvey, the *Aleu Barry* of the opera, he will destroy the success of the company. He has a wretched voice, and sings so out of tune as to destroy the music of every duet he takes a part in. Miss White is a bright actress who does not even claim to sing.

The costumes and the scenery we have described before. They are remarkably rich. The audience and the manager were thoroughly pleased with the able way in which Mr. Mattox's assistants handled the extensive scenery.

### We Are Proud of Our "Sensationalism."

Our day-late contemporary was two and three days late, yesterday. It published in full from THE PRESS of Friday, the sale of a coat for a doctor's bill, and the cause of it; and from THE PRESS of Saturday, the account of the disappearance of Mrs. Kresling. Today's issue of the *Evening (?)* will probably give from THE PRESS of yesterday an account of the assault and murderous threats of Mr. Stumpf upon Mr. Burbridge; and other exclusive news from these columns of the past. Of course THE PRESS is "sensational" in its news, but it is a sensation of activity that brings the readers every time.

### Services at Warren Mission.

Sunday afternoon and evening the services in the above chapel were well attended and the exercises were both interesting and instructive. The number in attendance at the beginning of the new year is larger than usual, showing the good work of the Mission, and the cordiality with which all are received and made to feel at home among them. This Mission has been established many years, and has steadily and firmly increased in numbers and interest, until it has become the greatest power for the Lord's work in Plainfield. All are welcome at any and all times.

### The Fanwood Depot on Fire.

Mr. C. W. L. Martine of Fanwood returned home from this city on the 11:23 p. m. train last evening. When alighting from the train at Fanwood he discovered a fire burning under the wooden platform in the rear of the depot. Night operator E. J. Joseph was absent attending to a switch at the time, and as the fire was rapidly spreading, Mr. Martine sought assistance by arousing station agent Brown, who with his family occupy apartments in the depot. The two men hastily tore up a section of the platform and with some difficulty extinguished the fire. The origin is a mystery.

### Union County Democratic Executive Committee.

The members of the Union County Democratic Executive Committee met at Library Hall, Elizabeth, yesterday afternoon at four o'clock, and after hearing the reports of the Committee, adjourned *sine die*. The Committee for 1888 was then called to order by the Secretary, C. A. Ryan. Officers were elected as follows: President, Thomas B. Budd of Elizabeth; Secretary, Charles A. Ryan of Elizabeth; Treasurer, J. William Crane of Union. The various committees will be appointed by the chair at a future meeting.

### T. A. B. Society Meeting.

A meeting of St. Mary's T. A. B. Society was held in St. Mary's Hall last evening. President Jno. Harding in the chair. One new member was admitted into the order and business of a routine nature was transacted. Final arrangements were made for the forthcoming fair of the society, which will be held in St. Mary's Hall, about Feb. 1st. Miss Nodie Casey and Miss Kate Mahoney will contest for a gold watch.

This week will be observed as the week of prayer in the First Baptist church. Services will be held in this church this evening and on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings.

## PARTICULAR MENTION.

Adolf, the sixteen-year-old son of Mr. Eugene Runyon of Dunellen, is lying dangerously ill with heart disease.

City Judge Ulrich left for Trenton yesterday, to be in attendance at the opening of the legislative session today. As we go to press he is swearing in the members of the House.

Lawrence Myers, Esq., and family, of East Front street, will leave Plainfield for a residence of five months in New York city.

A two pound son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Peter Cuff, (colored) of East Fourth street on Tuesday last. Sunday the little fellow was again weighed, when he tipped the scales at three pounds and two ounces, with his clothes on.

Mr. A. V. D. Honeyman, Editor of the *Somerville Unionist-Gazette*, is again justly honored and slightly remunerated for his political faithfulness and party service. At the organization of the New Jersey Senate at Trenton, yesterday, he was appointed Assistant Secretary to the President.

Mr. C. D. Paul, of Carleton avenue, is confined to his house with a cut head and a bruised body that, fortunately, was the total result of a very dangerous tumble he took, last Saturday. In the gloaming he mistook the opening of a stairway in the First National Bank building for an office door, and fell to the floor below.

A "Pop-Corn" sociable was held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Doty on West Seventh street, last evening. A goodly number were present, and games, vocal and instrumental music, etc., were the order of the evening. Refreshments were served, and all retired to their respective homes, highly pleased with the evening's sociability.

Mr. Thaddeus Osborne Doane, of this city, was yesterday chosen Door-Keeper of the Gentleman's Gallery of the New Jersey House of Legislature in session at Trenton. THE PRESS of Saturday took occasion to speak of Mr. Doane's claim and fitness for an office in the gift of the Republican legislators, and his appointment at least implies that our judgment is good.

Prof. W. D. McClintock, Registrar of Chautauqua University, has recently been taken seriously ill from nervous prostration, and left yesterday for Kentucky. Unless he should sooner improve, he will not return until after the Florida Assembly in March. Because of his absence, his wife, Mrs. P. L. McClintock, read the paper he had prepared on "Browning and His Poetry," before the Plainfield Browning Club at the "X" rooms, last evening.

The last sad funeral rites over the remains of the late George H. Lyons, who met his death on the railroad, Saturday, were enacted at the Episcopal church at Scotch Plains, this afternoon. Rev. Mr. Sykes, the rector, officiated, and at the close of the services, all that was left of the deceased was forever laid at rest in the Fanwood cemetery. The pall bearers were: William Van Valkenberg, C. W. L. Martine, David P. Hall, Thomas Cleaver, William C. Stansbury, George Kyte. The deceased was born in Brooklyn, but has been a resident of this State for the past forty years.

### Operation and Management of the Central Railroad of New Jersey.

We are in receipt of a pamphlet of thirty-five pages in which the receivers of the Central Railroad of New Jersey in their report to the United States Circuit Court make account of operations from Oct. 15 to Dec 31, 1887. The total interest in default and the floating debt Jan. 1, 1887, were \$2,596,870. There was no interest in default on Dec. 31, 1887. After describing labor troubles, which embarrassed the operations of the receivers, the following statement is given: Betterments on Central lines made by Reading and its receivers, as claimed by them, \$299,270; construction account of Lehigh Coal and Navigation Co., and claims against other companies, assigned to Central, \$297,982; credit of amount realized by sale of \$1,000,000 first series 5s Reading bonds, \$575,460; \$2,000,000 second series 5s Reading bonds with coupons of August, 1883, and February '84 at par, \$2,100,000; supplies and claims of Reading against New York and Long Branch Railroad assigned to Central, \$654,427; unsecured claims against Reading, admitted to reorganization, subject to assessment payment, \$226,512.

If any of our readers desire more figures, they can be accommodated in any quantity if they will call at THE PRESS office and wade through the report itself.

Sunday was the anniversary of the Battle of New Orleans.

Anchor Lodge, No. 149, F. and A. M. will install its newly elected officers this evening.

A brutal fight took place at the corner of Park avenue and Fourth street, a little after midnight this morning. One of the men was considerably battered up, but neither of their names could be ascertained.

## PUBLIC INSTALLATION.

Plainfield Lodge, No. 44, I. O. O. F. install in Public its Newly Elected Officers.—An Address by Rev. T. Logan Murphy.—Followed by a Sociable and Hop

A large number of invitations were issued and consequently an audience numbering several hundred persons assembled in Odd Fellows Hall, last evening, to witness the public installation of the newly elected officers. Many persons for the first time saw the interior of the hall, but the traditional govt was nowhere to be seen. Courteous ushers exerted themselves to comfortably seat all who came, but the room was inadequate, and when the exercises began, many persons were standing and remained in that position throughout the service. Past Grand Master, John Boding, officiated as Master of Ceremonies. The services opened with an ode by the Lodge, Mr. F. W. Conger accompanying on the organ, followed by prayer, by the Chaplain, Eden Boice. A quartette composed of Mrs. S. L. Stewart, Mrs. E. Bird, Messrs. Frank W. and Elmer E. Runyon sang sweetly "My Love is Like a red, red rose." Following came the installation of officers by D. D. G. M., Edward C. Morse, assisted by Walter L. Hetfield as Grand Marshal. The service of installation was novel and interesting, and as each officer answered the necessary questions and took the oath of office he was escorted to the chair he will occupy during the coming year. "Hear our Prayer" was next sung by Mrs. Stewart, Mrs. Bird and Mr. F. W. Runyon, after which Rev. T. Logan Murphy delivered the following interesting address:

To the officers and members of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—We have assembled here to-night to witness the ceremony of installation of the officers of this Lodge of Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Every secret society has a history. Odd Fellowship in the United States owes its introduction to Thomas Wiley, an Englishman, who with four others instituted at Baltimore, April 26th, 1819, Washington Lodge, No. 1, which soon afterwards procured a charter from the Manchester unit as the Grand Lodge of Maryland and of the United States. The organization of the Order bears a general resemblance to that of the Free Masons. The primary body is the subordinate lodge, which derives its power from a charter, granted by the Grand Lodge. They make their own laws and manage their own pecuniary affairs. Require certain dues from their members, pay to the sick a weekly allowance and assign a certain sum for the burial expenses of a member or a member's wife. A member may withdraw at any time on application, and by paying up all arrears, either to unite with any other lodge or separate himself entirely from the Order. In due season after initiation he may apply for and receive certificates entitling him to receive the first five degrees of the Order, by paying certain sums. These degrees are termed: 1—The Entered Apprentice degree; 2—The Royal blue degree; 3—The Royal blue degree; 4—The remembrance degree; 5—The scarlet degree. There is beside, the degree of *Robekah*, or ladies degree, which was instituted by the Grand Lodge of the United States in Sept. 1851, and is conferred on members of the scarlet degree and on their wives. The officers of a subordinate lodge are the Noble Grand, who presides, the Vice Grand, the Treasurer, and the permanent and recording Secretaries. A person who has filled the office of Noble Grand for a stated time is thereafter styled Past Grand, and a special degree exists to which they alone are eligible. The Grand Lodge of a State is formed of Past Grands, not fewer than five in number. Its presiding officer is the Grand Master who is elected annually. The Grand Lodge of the United States is composed of representatives elected biennially by the State Grand Lodges. Its presiding officer is the Grand Sire, who must also be a Past Grand Master of a State Lodge. There is also within these lodges a separate institution called the Grand Encampment, whose members are termed Patriarchs. Those only are eligible who have received the Superior to the Encampment there is in each State a Grand Encampment. The elective officers of an Encampment are a Chief Patriarch, who presides, a High Priest, a Senior Warden, a Scribe, a Treasurer and a Junior Warden. Grand Encampments are composed of all Past Chief Patriarchs in their jurisdiction, and in some States also of Past High Priests. This information in reference to the Noble Order of Independent Odd Fellows is for the benefit of those present to-night who are not members of this beneficent and charitable institution. For beneficent and charitable and kind it is in an eminent degree. For it is the aim and end of the Brotherhood to fulfill that portion of Holy Scripture which says "Bear ye one another's burdens and so fulfill the law of Christ."

This lodge has not been unkindful of its duty during the past two years. The sum of \$1,759 has been expended. Two of the brethren have died and three of the brothers' wives. \$1,443 have been disbursed for *benefits to the sick*, and \$141 in donations to brothers in distress, and \$175 toward the first object mentioned. An excellent showing and speaks well for this fraternity. Brothers of the Order, in addressing you to-night, I wish you God's speed in the good work in which you are engaged. You have organized yourselves into a society for mutual obligation and support. Your effort is to secure to posterity the privileges you enjoy, the ennobling and praiseworthy duty of aiding your fellow members in distress, that when laid upon a bed of sickness, the friendly and timely aid of this Order may be manifest in providing for their necessities. In the silent watches of the night, a friend will ever be

ready to administer to their wants, and if death lays his cold hand upon them, they will depart with the assurance that their widows will be the recipient of the imperishable friendship of the Order, and if needs be, that pecuniary assistance which will soften the asperity of their desolate condition. And that the paternal guardianship of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, will ever bring their fatherless children within your watchful care, and especially will the orphans be protected from the snares of a cold and heartless world, and placed in the path that leads them to honor and usefulness in the world. For the purpose of advancing such objects and principles you pledge yourselves. I feel confident in asserting that such objects will commend themselves to every man who has in his heart the welfare of humanity. They are truly benign, and just and commendable. How sad it is that this generous feeling is not innate in every breast. But alas it is not thus. Hence men, feeling the necessity of combined obligation to mutual support, organize societies to aid in this commendable work of love. If the principle of kindness was imbedded in the heart of every man, there would be no need of such institutions. But we must take the world as we find it, or rather to provide for its deficiencies. There are some, I am aware, that are opposed to all secret societies; yet I am also aware that there are a great many who are opposed to generous feeling and sympathy. I do not say that they are *synonymous*, nevertheless where you find the latter, you are most always sure to behold the former. They either condemn what they know nothing about, or being familiar with it, cannot from their selfish nature comply. You generally find such an one narrow-minded, exacting, and disagreeable in his intercourse with his fellow men. He stands elevated only in his own eyes, and considers others entirely out of reason upon subjects which do not coincide with his own contracted ideas. There are a class of disagreeable individuals who stand with folded hands, to watch the frailties of others, and especially those who have started out with zealous and kind hearts, to do good to their fellows, as far as they are able, and if perchance there be one among the number constituting a benign secret society who fails in his duty, or brings disgrace upon his own character, they exultingly point to him as an exponent of the society itself. Such an one failing in his obligation should not be taken as an evidence that the society to which he belongs is responsible, or that it is not what it pretends to be. The generous hearts who are engaged in their work of love, can penetrate no further than their own breasts. And if perchance a second Jew should be found among their number, he should be instructed by the noblest of the remaining eleven disciples of our blessed Lord on the act of one of the chosen twelve proving a traitor. Again they will point to differences and contentions among brethren of the same secret Order. Does this fact condemn the institution because some prove false to the obligations they have sacredly taken in the lodge room. Unworthy members will creep in sometimes in spite of the utmost vigilance. Members of almost every fraternity do not sufficiently guard the entrance to their sacred portals. Let no false modesty, nor morbid conscience hinder you in performing your duty to yourselves and the lodge of which you are a member. Let no ambition to increase your membership, or pecuniary consideration prevent you from exercising your privilege at your ballot box. If you are personally aware that any candidate seeks admission to the sacred precincts of your fraternity who you feel is unworthy, KEEP HIM OUT. If you do not, you are false and unfaithful to the welfare of your lodge. Let your aim be to cultivate unity and brotherly love. Remember that you each have common difficulties to struggle against, common dangers to pass through, common temptations to resist and common enemies to contend with. Therefore, should you not only be in readiness to assist one another, but ready to give way to each other, that unity and concord may dwell among you. Always have in your mind and in your heart the true principles of your Order, and let the strong help the weak. Be ready to distribute to the needy, and the charge which Joseph gave you on the journey: "See that ye fail not out by the way"; and when differences arise, as unhappily they do occasionally, those who witness them should step forward, as did Moses, and say: "Sirs, ye are brethren; why do ye wrong one another?" When disagreements threaten, one of the parties should come, as did Abram, and in a spirit of conciliation exclaim: "Let there be no strife, I pray thee, between me and thee for we be brethren." The first step toward discord should be instantly and most diligently checked, for as Solomon says, "the beginning of strife is as the letting out of water, therefore leave off fighting before it be meddled with." If this rule be adopted there would be no cause for enemies outside to cavil and flout with your Order—or any other Order that pursues this course—Your Society is founded on sound and legitimate principles, which if steadily carried out, and persevered in, will promote much real benefit as well as friendly feeling. The burden of poverty, however is far from being the most oppressive of man, or the heaviest which should be called to help a Brother to bear. But who shall tell the leaves that drop in Autumn; who shall number the grains of sand on the sea shore; who shall reckon the distresses incident to human life, or enumerate the sources of sorrow that may be opened in the heart of man? We see our brethren bending as they travel along, every one stooping under a different pressure. We see their countenances fallen and sad. Abraham commits his Sarah to the dust; David laments over the friend of his bosom; and one while deploring the peridy of a friend, another mourns the loss of a profligate, though still beloved son. The widow bewails the death of her husband, the orphan of his parents. One is oppressed with care, another is stung with disappointment. The heart of some is wounded, of others the conscience. In some the body is sick, in others the mind. Different diseases require different treatment and under a general obligation to aid a brother our assistance bought to vary with the nature of the burden which he sustains. The true and loyal member of your fraternity will ever be

ready to lend his advice and assistance to any brother whose heart craves sympathy, as well as assistance pecuniary. Not for ourselves but for others, is the grand law of nature inscribed by the hand of God on every part of creation. Not for itself, but others, does the Sun dispense its beams. Not for themselves but others, do the clouds distill their showers. Not for herself, but others, does the earth unlook for treasures. Not for themselves, but others, do the trees produce their fruit, or the flowers diffuse their fragrance and display their various hues. So not for himself, but others, are the blessings of heaven bestowed on man. And whenever, instead of diffusing them around, he devotes them exclusively to his own gratification and shuts himself up in the dark and flinty caverns of selfishness, he transgresses the great law of creation. He cuts himself off from the created universe and its author. And if he is highly exalted in wealth or power, he stands inaccessible and strong, like an insulating towering cliff, which exhibits only a cold and cheerless prospect, intercepts the genial beams of the sun, chills the vale below with its gloomy shade, adds fresh keenness to the freezing blast, and tempts down the lightning of angry Heaven. How different this from the gently rising hill, clothed to its summit with fruits and flowers, which attracts and receives the dews of heaven, retaining only sufficient to maintain its fertility, sends the remainder in a thousand streams, to bless the vales which lie at its feet. May we learn the lesson which nature teaches us toward humanity. Your fraternity has blessed and cheered the hearts of thousands. May the principles inculcated by it never lose their lustre nor grow dim and feeble by age. But may they grow and expand and continue to cast sunshine and happiness. Prospering and increasing as the years roll around.

The quartette sang "The Stars are Shining in Heaven" and the members and friends of the Lodge joined in singing the closing ode. Prayer followed by the Chaplain and the audience was dismissed with the benediction. The Noble Grand, upon taking the chair made the following appointments:

E. S. N. G.—James Clarkson.  
S. S. N. G.—Geo. M. Stiles.  
Conductor—Ellis Bird.  
Warden—J. T. Odum.  
Outside Guardian—Alex. Sargeant.  
Inside Guardian—P. Doeringer.  
R. and L. S. S.—Ed. E. Vail, Edw. Cooley.

R. and L. of V. G.—W. T. Banks, Edw. Van Winkle.

Chaplain—Eden Boice.

At the close of the service the members of the lodge and its friends adjourned to French's Hall on Somerset street and participated in a sociable and hop. Prof. Frazee furnished the music and dancing was resumed until early this morning. The following persons constituted the committee: Floor Manager—John Morton; Floor Committee—Wm. N. Tier, Wm. T. Banks, Ed. E. Vail; Arrangements—C. W. Tallman, P. Doeringer, J. T. Case, T. J. Young.

Plainfield Lodge, No. 44, I. O. O. F. was organized many years ago. It now has a total membership of 122, and includes some of the representative citizens of this city and North Plainfield. The treasurer's report presented at the last meeting night showed a net increase of \$600 over that at the beginning of the year.

### SCOTCH PLAINS.

Progressive euche parties are the attraction just now at Fanwood. Several of these have been held during the past week. Wherever this game is introduced it seems to take a firm, though perhaps temporary foothold. What's trumps?

Among the important events of the recent year is the founding of three important journals: THE PRESS, Scribner's Monthly and The Standard. Mr. George's weekly keeps before us the principles of the United Labor Party, Scribner's, to use an ancient phrase, supplies a long felt want, and THE PRESS—well, it seems to be the opinion around here that, without THE PRESS life would be an intolerable burden and existence a dreary and aimless round of misery.

The new system of commutation rates went into effect on the first, and was the subject of much discussion at the depot. All agree that it is just the thing that is needed; Station-Master Brown, tells me that nearly all who have been in the habit of buying yearly tickets take advantage of the new arrangement. The Central Railroad cannot afford to lose its reputation as the ideal, commuter's line, especially in those days of suburban building. Now if the use of soft coal will be discontinued, we will be able to boast of the Central as the finest railroad leading out of New York.

Grand Army men are preparing to go to Trenton to attend the annual encampment.

Prayer meeting in the lecture room of Trinity Reformed church, to-night at 8 o'clock. All are welcome.

A handsome delivery sleigh, belonging to Mr. Henry Liefke, the baker, appeared on the streets today and was greatly admired.

The first funeral service to take place from Bethel Mission chapel, is that of Jennie Johnson, this afternoon, the young colored woman who died at Muhlenberg Hospital. Interment was made in the Methodist cemetery.



## NATIONAL CAPITAL NOTES

### THE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE TO BE AGAINST LAMAR.

Mr. Dickinson's Action—Senator Vest Against the Blair Educational Bill—To Connect Chicago With the Gulf.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The Senate Committee on the Judiciary had a long session yesterday, the business before it being the nomination of Mr. Lamar. It is understood that Mr. Everts made a vigorous speech in opposition to confirmation. A test vote was had, which revealed the fact that the majority of the committee will make a report recommending rejection. Final action was postponed until to-day, when another meeting will be held and the case finally acted upon. The nomination of Mr. Vilas to be Secretary of the Interior, to which there is no objection, will be considered and probably disposed of at to-day's meeting. The nomination of Don M. Dickinson to be Postmaster-General is still in the hands of Senator Sawyer, Chairman of the Committee on Postoffices. He is holding it, awaiting action on the nomination of Mr. Vilas. The confirmation of Messrs. Dickinson and Vilas can hardly take place before Wednesday, and perhaps they will be a day later. If they are reported to the Senate to-day they will in the usual routine remain on the calendar until Wednesday. Then they will be confirmed unless some Senator objects, in which case they will go over one day and action will then be taken by a majority vote. The nomination of Mr. Lamar is not likely to be acted upon finally for several days but his confirmation is certain.

Senator Farwell of Illinois has a scheme to connect Chicago by water with the Gulf. Yesterday he introduced a bill authorizing the President to appoint a Commission, which shall be known as the "Lakes and Gulf Waterway Commission," and which shall mature and submit a plan for a system of water communication to unite the head of Lake Michigan at Chicago with the Mississippi by way of the Illinois and Des Moines rivers. The plan shall provide for a continuous waterway navigable by the largest river vessels, and for a discharge into it of 6,000 cubic feet of water per minute from the lakes. The Commission which is to consist of two officers from the Engineer Corps and three persons from civil life, is empowered to complete surveys and make all necessary investigations, and \$100,000 is appropriated for its expense.

It is definitely understood that Don M. Dickinson went to the President a few days ago and offered to relieve the Executive from any embarrassment by requesting the withdrawal of his nomination as Postmaster-General. This was the result of the delay made by the Senate in order to create party feeling against Lamar, the Lamar fight blocking both the other nominations. Mr. Dickinson stated to his friends that he would accept nomination only in the event of Lamar's and Vilas' confirmations. Mr. Dickinson's offer to withdraw was not entertained, and the open declarations of Republican Senators, like Stewart, Sawyer, Babin and Jones, make the speedy confirmation of all three certain.

Senator Cullom of Illinois introduced a bill yesterday to pension at the rate of \$3 per month all surviving officers and enlisted men who actually served sixty days in the Northwest in the Black Hawk Indian war, or in the South in the Florida Seminole Indian war. Pensions are also granted to the widows of the deceased soldiers of all these wars. A special proviso declares "that this act shall not be so construed as to grant a pension to Jefferson Davis."

Senator Jones of Nevada offered a concurrent resolution requesting the President to negotiate a treaty with China containing a provision that no Chinese shall enter the United States except as ambassadors and others engaged in the diplomatic service and merchants engaged in trade between the United States and foreign countries. The resolution was tabled.

The annual report of the Civil Service Commission will show that 1,250 persons have been appointed under it, certificates since the commission organized. Large numbers of those who pass examination fail to be appointed because of lack of positions to be filled during the year, in which case the certificate of their successful examination holds good.

Senator Vest of Missouri had the floor in the Senate yesterday when the Blair Educational bill was taken up, and he made a speech against the measure. He said that if he were called upon to frame a title for the bill he would call it "an act to erect a monument to Alexander Hamilton and to encourage mendacity in the Southern States."

In the House to-day Representative Timothy J. Campbell of New York will introduce a bill appropriating \$25,000 for the construction of an additional story on the Custom House building in that city. Representative Cockran of New York will introduce a bill providing for the repeal of the Civil Service law.

### SPEAKER CARLISLE'S REPLY.

Some of Thorpe's Affidavits Said to be Beyond Question False.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Information has reached here from Kentucky which enables Speaker Carlisle to effectually dispose of the sensational case which it was attempted to make again at him before the Committee on Elections.

In the first place some of the affidavits are beyond question false. In the next place bad as they are, they are found not to justify the version of their contents, which was given verbally to the committee by counsel and thus found their way into the press.

There seems to be no ground for doubt that some of the makers of these affidavits have fully exposed themselves to criminal prosecution. Some of the Republican members of the committee have expressed themselves strongly in the matter and as indicated above.

Condems the Knights of Labor.

QUEREC, Jan. 10.—The continuance of the strikers' strike here has called forth a very strong pastoral letter from Cardinal Taschereau, which was read in the churches yesterday, vigorously condemning the Knights of Labor, and ordering any Catholic who is a member to resign under pain of excommunication. It is the strongest ecclesiastical deliverance on the subject yet made, and will doubtless have considerable effect.

Horrible Death in a Coal Mine.

WILKESBARRE, Jan. 10.—A young man named Patrick Carey met with a horrible death yesterday morning in the Hillman mine in this city. He was a car runner, and while jumping off a loaded gondola to a subterranean track he missed his footing, and his head passing directly under a wheel, was crushed into a jelly. He was unmarried.

## ALL THE MINES ARE IDLE

### NOT A POUND OF COAL RAISED FOR THE READING COMPANY.

Iron Works Shut Down For Want of Coal. Aid For the Strikers—The Leaders Confident of Winning.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 10.—The iron works along the Schuylkill Valley are shutting down. They were stopped for want of coal, although millions of tons lie within a few miles of them.

At the annual meeting of the directors of the Reading Company yesterday afternoon Mr. Lockwood, president, and Mr. Corbin and his following more than Oliver Twist horrified the board. He said: "There is one good thing, Mr. Chairman. We have a press in this country. The few people present here don't amount to anything, but the action of the meeting will go before 500,000 readers within the next twenty-four hours."

There is one other matter I want to allude to. It will be noticed that not one word has been said about the pending strike of the miners. It would seem that there is good reason why this trouble should be settled by arbitration. I will therefore move that Mr. George W. Childs of Philadelphia be appointed arbitrator to settle the differences between the company and the employees."

An old gentleman in the audience seconded this motion. Mr. Sully—I move to lay that motion on the table, and I hope the good sense of the meeting will induce it to make that disposition of the subject.

Mr. Sully's motion was agreed to. Mr. George W. Childs when spoken to about the matter did not hesitate to say that the men should be given the 8 per cent advance.

The local leaders of the strike are more confident that they will win than they have been at any time since the beginning of the difficulties. Some assert that the strike is virtually over and that the men are victorious.

Mr. Sharkey when seen this morning said that one of the conditions of settlement which will be demanded is that the five crews which were discharged by the company be reinstated pending arbitration.

READING, Pa., Jan. 10.—Since Sunday midnight not a ton of coal has come down the Reading railroad from the anthracite region. Sunday's shipments completely "cleaned out" the stock on hand, and no more can be shipped until it is mined, either at individual or Reading Company collieries. The latter seem to be entirely tied up.

Chairman John L. Lee, said: "I feel that we have this strike in our own hands. All the Reading Railroad Company's collieries are practically idle. They are making the show of running several of their mines with a handful of men, but they are neither selling nor shipping a ton of coal. Beginning with to-day not an individual mine will be in operation. You can say that it is absolutely necessary for the Reading miners to win, every miner in Pennsylvania will be called upon to strike, and that our assurances are that they will all come out if called upon."

It is estimated that the Reading company is losing over \$400,000 a month by its mines being idle.

The business men in Schuylkill county and throughout Eastern Pennsylvania will call on President Corbin this week with a view of urging a compromise with the striking miners. A prominent Reading Railroad official intimated to-day that the trouble would be settled within the next ten days.

At a meeting of the strikers in Co-operative Hall two colored delegates from Detroit were present and announced at the close of the meeting that they had brought with them \$2.50 to assist the strikers. The strikers gave \$500 and the iron workers \$300.

At a Knight of Labor meeting in Keystone Hall delegates from the potters and glassworkers of Trenton promised the strikers their moral and financial aid. The ironworkers of Philadelphia did the same. Longshoremen's Local No. 3,337, at a meeting held at the same place in the afternoon, tendered the strikers their sympathy, and promised them aid. They also said that they will refuse to handle any Reading Railroad lumber or freight brought in by the new crews.

At Butler's cigar store, the headquarters of the strikers, it was said that two additional freight engineers went out this morning, and that everything points to the speedy backing down of the company.

The provisional committee of the Knights of Labor at its meeting yesterday adopted the following preamble and resolution: Whereas, The General Executive Board has in conformity with its usual tardiness in the time of need, failed to take action in the present strike of the Philadelphia and Reading corporations' employees, although even the general public has in various ways signified its appreciation of the justice of the same and given its sympathy to the men on strike; therefore be it

Resolved, That we extend to our struggling brothers, be they members of the Knights of Labor or any other labor organization, our sympathy and support, and pledge ourselves, individually and collectively, to do everything in our power to secure for them moral and financial backing, and that we call upon all our sister organizations throughout the country to do the same.

PORT RICHMOND, Jan. 10.—There is absolutely no coal at Port Richmond, and several of the colliers have sailed empty. PITTSBURG, Jan. 10.—The delegates representing 4,000 miners in convention yesterday morning agreed to support Scott's miners in striking. The operators in the district will continue the advance if Scott's men strike.

SHAMONK, Pa., Jan. 10.—All the collieries were idle here yesterday. Not a single coal train started. The new railroad hands are quarantined at the various hotels, the company paying their bills.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Jan. 10.—All the Reading company's collieries are practically idle. The only work doing anywhere is what is known as "dead work." The strikers are as firm as ever.

Trying to Save His Neck.

BOSTON, Jan. 10.—Strong efforts are being made to save young Edward Nowlin from the gallows. Gov. Ames will be urged to commute sentence on the ground of insanity. Nowlin, it will be remembered, killed Codman, the Somerville milkman, with a hatchet, cut up the body and afterwards distributed the parts along a country road in historic Lexington, Mass.

Five Railway Officials Arrested.

OTTAWA, Jan. 10.—It is learned to-day that Lawson, the telegraph operator, and five of the officials of the Canadian Pacific Railroad, have been arrested at Fort Arthur for negligence, resulting in the recent Horse Shoe Curve accident, near Jack Fisk, Lake Superior district.

Reducing Wages.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., Jan. 10.—The Cambria Iron Company, employing 5,000 men, will reduce wages 10 per cent on February 1.

## LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING JAN. 5, 1888.  
Anderson, Arthur  
Baird, Catharina  
Brown, Phoebe  
Crosby, Mary  
Crickener, G. J.  
Crane, Bertha M.  
Dowling, D. J.  
Duvall, Rachel  
Emery, Mrs. P.  
Egan, Mrs. H. T.  
Egan, Louise (2)  
Flanze, D.  
Fryer, Fanny (2)  
Kane, Beale  
Lewis, Maggie W.  
Walker, Henry  
Walden, Miss Pauline  
Whison, Chas. L.  
persons calling for above please see advertiser.  
W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

## WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

WANTED, situation, steady work, at reasonable wages. Address, M. T. Mulford, Box 1,413, Plainfield, N. J. 1-2-1

DOG LOST.—Strayed from home on Dec. 31st, Black Newfoundland dog; white front feet, white strip on breast. Please return to Geo. E. Fuller, Church St., and get a reward. 1-2-2

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET, with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-1

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were no MOREVILLE BRICK to be had, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of first-class brick on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. ROSS' Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 12-30-1

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND DI- vision Streets furnished or unfurnished, for boarding or private use; in good order; all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-1

TRY THE "O. A. F." CIGAR: MADE FROM the finest Havana filler, without a particle of artificial flavoring. The best 5-cent cigar in the world. 11-16-1

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office, ELIZABETH SCHUBB. 9-2-1

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECOND Street, Price Moderate. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-1

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO HORSE "Peelers" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-2-1

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson Avenue and Somerset street, about 180 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'NEILL BROS. ARCHT. and Storage Warehouse from 109 to 123 E. 4th street N. Y. city.—my20

## Private Lectures.

Dr. Abbie E. Cutter

Will give a few more of her instructive lectures on Health and Hygiene to ladies, in Hall over the City National Bank, Front St.

WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, January 11th, 13th and 14th, at 2:30 p. m. AD- MISSION, 25 CENTS.

DR. CUTTER can treat disease and describe all conditions of the body, and is a reliable question. Office at CITY HOTEL, Room 2; from 9 a. m. to 12 m., for a short time.

## P. H. BENNETT,

(Successor to B. H. Bachman)

DEALER IN

BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,

MEATS OF ALL KINDS,

Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

42 PARK AVENUE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Goods Delivered to any part of the city. 9-2-1

## George R. Rockafellow,

(Successor to W. N. Rouse)

HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE

PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.

18 EAST FRONT STREET.

WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.

WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. 9-8-1

## Howell & Hardy,

Fancy and Staple Groceries,

CHOICE TEA, COFFEE AND SPICES.

Creamery and Dairy Butter,

FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.,

North Avenue, Opposite Depot,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

11-26-1

## REYNOLDS' PHARMACY.

Cor. Park and North Avenues, near R. R. Station. (Established 1863.)

Only the highest grades of Drugs and Chemicals obtainable are used in this Pharmacy. I neither buy nor sell "CHEAP DRUGS."

SUNDAY HOURS.

Reynolds' Pharmacy is open on Sun- days for the dispensing of Medicines and Prescriptions.

AND FOR NO OTHER TRAFFIC.

Hours—9 to 1; 3 to 6; 7 to 9.

A Registered Dispenser always in attendance. my101

## W. MESSERSCHMIDT,

Hats, Caps and Gent's Furnishing Goods,

23½ West Front Street, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

CLOTHING CLEANED AND REPAIRED. 10-4-1

## PECK'S CORNER.

—LOOK AT—

## New Embroideries

At PECK'S.

Choicest Goods to be Found

.....

## Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that the undersigned, composing the firm of M. H. French's Sons, dealers in Flour, Feed, Grain, &c., have this day dissolved partnership by mutual consent. All accounts due the said firm will be paid to C. Frank French, who will continue the business at 69 Somerset Street.

C. FRANK FRENCH, for M. H. FRENCH'S SONS. 1-7-1

Dated January 2, 1888.

## LEWIS B. CODDINGTON,

[Successor to T. J. Carey.]

Furniture and Freight Express,

OFFICE—51 W. FRONT ST.,

Nearly opposite Laing's Hotel.

LARGE COVERED VANS OR TRUCKS. Goods delivered to any part of the U. S. Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable. P. O. Box 329. 22 Piano moving a specialty. 1-7-1

## Call of Democratic Association of North Plainfield.

The Democratic Association of the Township of North Plainfield, will meet at French's Hall, WEDNESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 11th, 1888, at 8 o'clock. Every Democratic voter is earnestly requested to be present, as business of great importance will be transacted.

1-9-1 SAM'L TOWNSEND, President.

## GREEN'S

Furniture

Warerooms

EVERYTHING AT NEW YORK PRICES.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

10-29-1

## NEW

Flour & Feed Store,

E. 4th STREET,

[Mr. Bird's Building, near Park Avenue.]

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

I desire to inform the public generally that I have leased the above building and stocked it with FINEST QUALITY

Flour, Feed, Grain, Baled Hay, Etc., from our own Mill. With a long experience in the business I feel that I know the wants of the people, and shall endeavor to please all who favor me with their patronage.

Respectfully,

N. W. FRENCH.

1-4-1

## GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

Opera Glasses,

Gold and Silver-Headed Canes,

Gold and Silver Jewelry,

—Solid and Plated.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

AT DOANE'S,

9 PARK AVENUE

12-16-1

## DON'T FAIL TO CALL

AT

DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S

JEWELERS, 13 Park Avenue,

To select your

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS. Their stock of Goods

Cannot be Beaten, either in Quality or Price.

12-21-1

## HEADQUARTERS

FOR

RUBBER,

Boots and Shoes.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

10my

## USE



Best Six-Cord,

For Hand and Machine use. For sale by

I. LEDERER.

No. 9 WEST FRONT STREET.

1-2-6m

## TO-DAY

I WILL COMMENCE A

GREAT MARK DOWN SALE

to clear out most of our Large Stock of

WINTER GOODS,

In order that we may have more room to make improvements in our store.

A REDUCTION OF THIRTY PER CENT, has been made on all our CLOAKS, WRAPS, NEW-MARKETS and WOOLEN GOODS.

An Immense Reduction in Prices on our Comfortables, Blankets, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, etc., will also be found.

LEDERER'S,

No. 9 West Front Street.

1-2-6m

## JOHN G. HABERLE,

Manufacturer of

Fine Cigars. Clear Havana Cigars

a Specialty.

No. 17 SOMERSET ST.

12-1-1

## -Black Stockings-

That will NOT FADE, CROCK,

OR STAIN the FEET. Try a

Pair of

SMITH & ANGELL'S

Black Stockings, and you will

wear no other kind.

The color cannot be removed

by acids—in fact washing im-

proves the color.

The dye being vegetable

does not INJURE the GOODS.

Every pair warranted as above,



## THE WAR PROSPECTS

### MORE RUSSIAN TROOPS GOING TO THE FRONTIER.

Harrington Sentenced to Six Weeks Imprisonment—More Evictions—The Cable Suit Ended.

BERLIN, Jan. 10.—Emperor William's cabinet continues, rendering care necessary. The National Zeitung says: "The belief that peace will be maintained is growing; but it is clear that the initiative toward a solution can proceed from Russia only." Vienna advises are opposed to the peace predictions. Col. Zuleff, the Russian military attaché at Vienna, in official communications to the Austrian authorities, said his Government had decided to move two more divisions of troops to the frontier. The announcement is regarded as evidence of the continued seriousness of the position. The fact that Col. Zuleff was instructed to give notice of the movement is considered part of the diplomatic game which Russia is now unfolding.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Great anxiety is felt in Berlin, despite the reassuring telegrams sent out from the German capital, concerning the condition of the Emperor's health, and rumors are, at the same time, again arising in that city that the general European friction from which the Powers have only just been freed is being renewed.

### HARRINGTON FOUND GUILTY.

He Will Go to Jail Many Other Irish Patriots in Prison.

DUBLIN, Jan. 10.—Timothy Harrington, M. P., was placed on trial at Tralee yesterday on the charge of publishing in the Kerry Sentinel reports of meetings of suppressed branches of the National League. His brother Edward, also a member of Parliament, who was convicted on Dec. 8 and sentenced to a month's imprisonment on a similar charge to the one preferred against Timothy, was called as a witness and testified that his brother had no share in the management or profits of the Sentinel, and was entirely ignorant of the alleged illegal matters published therein.

Mr. Harrington was found guilty and sentenced to six weeks' imprisonment. Notice of an appeal was given.

Mr. Corcoran, publisher of the Cork Examiner, was tried yesterday, and sentenced to two months' imprisonment without hard labor, for publishing reports of meetings of suppressed branches of the League. He will also appeal.

### More Evictions.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—The Drapers' Company of London have issued over 400 processes of evictions to its tenants at Draperstown, County Londonderry, which the latter are making extensive preparations to resist. They express themselves entirely willing to compromise, but adhere to their demand for fair rents, and are likely to get them. Possibly there may be some trouble, but the general opinion is that the tenants will ultimately win.

### The Cable Suit Ended.

PARIS, Jan. 10.—The Tribunal of Commerce yesterday rendered a judgment in the case of the pool companies against the French Cable Company. The judgment orders the latter company to conform to the conditions of their agreement with the Anglo-American Company; to pay all costs, and compels them to pay a certain amount of damages for each day's delay.

### Resisting the Police.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Trouble has occurred among the crofters of the Aikash district, in Invernesshire, Scotland. The landless crofters, to the number of one thousand, drove the sheep off the farms, and offered determined resistance to the troops and police who were sent to the scene. Numbers were wounded on both sides. Many of the crofters were arrested.

### Smith and Kilrain.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Smith and Kilrain at the Westminster Aquarium last night sparred three rounds. Each announced his willingness to fight Sullivan in case the latter was successful in beating Mitchell. The attendance was larger than on any night during the engagement of Sullivan at the Aquarium.

### Spurgeon's Two-Thousandth Sermon.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Six thousand persons crowded the Tabernacle to its fullest capacity yesterday to celebrate the occasion of the delivery of Mr. Spurgeon's two-thousandth sermon.

### Defeat of Nepaul Rebels.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 10.—The Nepaul rebels have been defeated. Rannoo Jung, the leader of the rebels, and his suite have fled from British territory.

### GEN. SEAWELL DEAD.

Veterans of Many Wars and the Second Oldest General on the Retired List.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 10.—Gen. Washington Seawell died at his apartment at the Berkshire Hotel yesterday morning. His disease was enlargement of the liver, which, combined with a weak constitution, caused his death. He leaves only two relatives, his sons Bullitt and M. M. Seawell, who will inherit the bulk of his large fortune. He was born in Virginia in 1822, graduated from West Point in 1843 and entered active service as a brevet second lieutenant in the Seventh Infantry. From 1852 to 1854 he was disbursing agent of Indian affairs, from which post he was transferred to the position of adjutant-general and aide-de-camp on Gen. Arbutnot's staff. From this on he was actively employed in Indian wars, where he was distinguished for bravery and was promoted to be captain in the Eighth Infantry.

In 1862 Gen. Worth recommended him for brevet of major and in 1863 urged his appointment to command of the corps of cadets at West Point. In 1869 Gen. Seawell was with the Second Infantry at Monterey, Cal., and was consequently one of the California pioneers.

At the breaking out of the war of the rebellion Gen. Seawell hastened to apply for active duty and had charge of a regiment in 1861 and 1862. He was retired in 1883. Though on the retired list he did not entirely give up the service until March 1890, when he was fully retired, having served forty-six years and eight months in the army. At the time of his death he was the second oldest general in the retired list. Gen. Seawell had lived on the Pacific Coast since 1864, and had been for the greater part of that time a resident of Sonoma county, where he owned one of the largest ranches in the State.

It May Exterminate the Indians.

OTTAWA, Jan. 10.—Small pox is said to exist on the Pacific Coast. Should it get in among the either British Columbia or the Northwest Indians the result will be fearful.

## THE CIGARMAKERS' STRIKE.

The Strike Spreading and the Union Contingent of Winning.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—The cigarmakers' strike is quickly extending, and it is expected to grow from day to day. The war on the tenement houses, has opened in earnest, and a committee from the Cigarmakers' International Union will make an investigation of the tenement house factories and report on their sanitary condition. When the law is violated the services of the factory inspector will be called in, and violations of the sanitary laws will be reported to the Board of Health.

The Central Labor Union has taken up the matter, and to-night a mass meeting will be held in Cooper Union to protest against the tenement house system. The government will also be communicated with in regard to the licenses for tenement houses, as some people claim that the internal revenue laws are being violated by the manufacture of cigars in tenement houses, while, lithographs, picturing the horrors of tenement house manufacturing will soon be ready for general distribution. The union is solid financially and can stand the fight.

When the employees of Ottenburg Brothers, of East Twenty-third street, went to work this morning they were notified of a reduction of \$1 per thousand on all grades of cigars. The firm employs 250 hands, and they have asked for permission to strike.

George P. Lees, of East Eighteenth street, has made reductions, and the hands have asked for permission to strike.

D. Hirsch, of the Defiance Cigar Factory yesterday made a statement that no reduction of wages had been made in his factory; that he never made cigars in tenement houses and did not intend to; that some time ago the hands were asked to consult among themselves as to the propriety of making a reduction of \$1.50 per thousand on one kind of cigars, with a view of meeting competition and employing more help; that the proposition was misinterpreted and the hands, instead of considering the question in the friendly spirit in which it was suggested, made no answer and called on the union for protection; that the hands were ordered on strike against their wishes, being satisfied with prices and treatment, and that on January 17 the factory will be ready to receive all the old hands back at wages heretofore paid, but that after that date other help will be employed as needed, and help will be employed regardless of any connection with a trade union.

The Strike Committee of Cigarmakers' International Union met last night and the statement of Hirsch & Co. referred to above, was read. It was decided to send a committee to Mr. Hirsch this morning and meet him half way in regard to a settlement. It was reported that Holzmann & Deutschberger were to dispossess their employees for refusing to work in tenement houses. They will receive aid from the union.

### City Officers Held Illegally.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The Supreme Court yesterday granted the application for a writ of habeas corpus to dismiss from imprisonment the city officers of Lincoln, Neb. The officials in question had disregarded a decision of Judge Brewer of the United States Circuit Court, in which he held they had no right to declare vacant the office of Justice of the Peace held by Mr. Parsons. For this disregard and removal of Mr. Parsons he declared counsel and mayor in contempt and imprisoned them. The Supreme Court decided that the Judge had no jurisdiction in the case, and so grants the writ of habeas corpus and dismisses the prisoners.

### They Prefer Electricity to Hanging.

ALBANY, Jan. 10.—Eldridge T. Gerry, Matthew Hale and Dr. Souhwick, Commissioners appointed in 1886 to devise a substitute for hanging, drew up their report yesterday. It will favor electricity as a method of capital punishment. The commission has received, through Gov. Hill, a letter from a French mechanic, residing in Paris, who decides the electric scheme to be painful, and offers as a device a chair in which the condemned sits and has his spinal column immediately broken. A hundred a day can be easily, conveniently and painlessly executed by his machine, which he describes as "beautiful."

### A Minister's Life Threatened.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—Rev. W. D. McKinney, the pastor of the First Baptist Church, on Ansonia, who delivered the address before the Baptist ministers in New York six weeks ago, "Home Rule in Ireland," and whose criticisms of Gladstone created such comment, has received many letters threatening to take his life. The last one bore a picture of the skull and bones, with two pistols crossed and was signed "One who is after you." The letter stated that the writer was after him with a pistol and a coffin.

### In Aid of Mexican Veterans.

CHICAGO, Jan. 10.—Twenty old men, all veterans of the Mexican war, met yesterday and drafted a bill to be presented to Congress by Representative Hitt, of the Galena district. It is designed to correct faults in the present pension law by relieving the age limit, allowing Mexican war veterans who served in the late war to receive a pension for service in each of the wars, and by admitting enlisted servants to the pension roll.

### The Tonawanda Safe.

LEWES, Del., Jan. 10.—The steamship Tonawanda, in tow of the Protector, was sighted yesterday off the Breakwater by pilots. They report her in good condition except a broken piston rod. She has a Delaware pilot aboard, but as she has not been sighted here up to 10 p. m. it is believed that she proceeded direct to New York in tow of the Protector.

### 10,000 Paupers in Maine.

ACQUET, Me., Jan. 10.—The total number of paupers in the state of Maine is 9,532, or nearly 10,000. They are supported by the public at a cost of \$302,138, or the munificent sum of about \$35 apiece. There are no tariff reformers here.

### That Aqueduct Disaster.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—A report circulated yesterday that the Pocanico river, which flows over the aqueduct tunnel at shaft No. 15, had burst into the tunnel and drowned a number of Italian laborers and mules is entirely unfounded.

### Suing a Widow for Breach of Promise.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Jan. 10.—Farmer Jacob Drager has sued Mrs. E. Stafford, widow, for \$2,500 damages for breach of marriage. He claims that he built her a new barn under the promise that she would marry him.

### A Democratic Boss Dead.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Jan. 10.—John Pond, formerly Democratic boss of this city, died yesterday morning of diabetes. He was a prominent manufacturer and Knight Templar and a member of the Carriage Makers' Union.

## Professional Cards.

### MEDICATED

Sulphur and Vapor Baths, followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HONNIG, 35 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Radcliffe, Fritze, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-10

### W. M. K. MCCLURE,

Attorney-at-Law. Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds. Office, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

### B. FOSGATE,

Architect, North Avenue, opposite depot. PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-10

### JACKSON & CODINGTON,

Counsellors-at-Law. Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park Avenue and Second street. my101

### O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,

Homoeopathist. (Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my101

### CRAIG A. MARSH,

Counselor at Law. Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts. my91

### D. R. PLATT,

90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St. Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M. my91

### R. V. SAUMER,

Carpenter and Builder. Residence Clinton Avenue, near depot, Evans. P. O. Box 128. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work. 15-15

### C. J. NOEL,

Carpenter and Builder. OFFICE—4 WEST THIRD STREET. Shop, South Second St., PLAINFIELD, N. J. ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED. 11-22-10

### C. E. JOHNSON,

(Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GOWDIN.) CARPENTER and BUILDER. Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park Avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street. 22-JOBBER A SPECIALTY. 68 my101

### C. NIELSEN,

Carpenter and Builder. 31 Grandview Avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. 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IN SOMNO VERITAS.  
I dreamed I sat in my chamber  
And watched the dancing light  
Of the blue upon my heart-strings  
And the red wands glowing bright.  
I listened to the rustle  
Of the flames that rose and fell,  
And I dreamed I heard a whisper,  
A voice I knew full well.  
The room no more was lonely,  
A presence sweet was there—  
A girlish figure, standing  
Beside my own arm-chair.  
I dreamed I spoke, and, trembling,  
Lest she should prove to be  
The creature of a vision,  
I bade her sit by me.  
Her grave, brown eyes she lifted,  
Her dear hand placed in mine;  
The air was sweet with incense  
Of odorous birch and pine.  
And as we watched together  
Those eager, dancing flames,  
We talked of days forgotten,  
Called each our childish names.  
I dreamed that Heaven seemed nearer,  
The skies a lovelier blue;  
Then—was it a vision?  
I dreamed my dream came true!  
—Willis Boyd Allen, in *Lippincott's Magazine*.

### A BIG HORN HERMIT.

General Brisbin Discovers Him  
Living with a Pet Bear.

While hunting not long ago up in the very heart of the Big Horn Mountains we came to a little open valley through which ran a stream of pure cold water. Follow the stream up to its source, writes General James F. Brisbin from Fort McKimby, Wyo., to the St. Louis *Post-Dispatch*, we found a magnificent spring. The pool was six feet wide, seven or eight feet deep and so clear that every pebble on the bottom could be distinctly seen. Near the spring stood an old double cabin of rough hewn logs, which we at first thought was uninhabited. On closer inspection, however, we found that some body lived in it. We rapped on the door, but got no response, and we were about to turn away when a pet bear, shambled up the path towards us and an old man clad almost entirely in skins of wild animals followed close behind the bear.

"Come here, Jacko," said the man, "and don't be too free with the strangers. He won't hurt you, gentlemen," continued the old man, "but he is mighty free." The bear sat up and looked and then came up and sniffed us. "Get out of the way, Jacko," said the old frontiersman, giving the brute a smart kick, "and mind your manners. Come in, gentlemen, and don't mind Jacko; he is my only companion and he and I live here all alone. I expect I spoil him sometimes, but Jacko is a mighty smart bear and can do almost every thing but talk. I got him when he was only a little cub up there on the mountain, and he is now over a year old. Go and he down, Jacko," and the bear did as he was bid.

We were now in the cabin, and a strange place it was. An old fire-place, with a few pans and kettles, a rough table made of hewn logs and set up on staves and three-legged stools completed the furniture. The earthen floors were covered with bear, wolf, fox and swift skins, and Jacko rested on the pole of a magnificent grizzly, perhaps the hide of his own father. The walls were decorated with skins hung up on pegs, and a dozen or more heads of elk, deer, bear, antelope, wolves and lions beautifully preserved looked down at us. The poise and expression of the heads were so life-like they seemed as if about to spring from the walls. One huge wolf, a Rocky mountain lion and a swift had been stuffed entire, and they looked as if alive. I expressed astonishment at the beautiful art of the taxidermist and the skill with which the work was done, and the old man seemed pleased. "I did it all," he said. "The winter nights are long, and when I work it keeps me from getting lonesome."

to get flour, ammunition and tobacco, and once in awhile hunters stumbled on his place and carried away some of the goods. An English Lord—Captain Grissell, or something of the kind—had come last year and taken away most of his best heads and carried them to England.  
Wouldn't we stay all night? It was late in the day and the paths in the mountains were uncertain. He could give us a fat bear and a pretty good breakfast of fat venison. If we would stay he would make Jacko dance for us.  
It needed not much urging, for the clouds looked heavy in the west and evidently a storm was coming up. It was nearly dark, too, and thinking the old hermit for his hospitality, we gladly accepted the friendly shelter of his roof for the night. Then he brought in some pine logs, made up a good fire, fried some more potatoes and deer meat and baked some better in a pan. After eating all we could hold he called up Jacko and made him dance, turn somersaults, tumble, open and shut the door, go for water, bring in wood and perform a number of tricks. Jacko was given his supper of cooked meat and put to bed in a corner.

"You don't know what a comfort Jacko is to me," said the old man. "He's just like a human being, only he is a deal better than some I have known. Jacko is honest, and we often talk together—that is, I talk to him, and sometimes I think he understands me."  
The old man had some tobacco and corn-cob pipes, and he offered us each one. "I smoke a good deal," he said, "and find my pipe company. There is lots of company in a pipe when I'm lonesome. Jacko smokes, too. He thinks he does." He then called up Jacko, made him sit up, put a pipe in his mouth and placed his hat on the bear's head. The bear made a funny picture. "Come and give me a hug and go to bed, Jacko," said the old man, and the bear came and gave him a hug and then went to his corner.  
We sat quite late into the night talking of the war. The old man loved to talk about the battles he had been in. I had noticed he was slightly lame, and he showed me where he had been shot in the leg at Antietam. I told him he was entitled to a pension, and should get it for his children, if not for himself. He shook his head sadly, and said: "I have all I need. I have done with the world. Jacko and I will stay here and not bother about any thing."

### ELECTRICAL PARADOX.

A Contrivance That Will Announce the Approach of Armies or Fleets.  
A Harrisburgh (Pa.) special says that Daniel Drawbaugh the supposed inventor of the telephone, is at work on an invention by which the presence of large bodies of men on land and ships on the ocean can be detected.

It is an electrical machine and Drawbaugh claims that a General with this new contrivance in his tent can tell by its peculiar motion if the enemy is near, and prepare to give him a warm reception. The commander of a war vessel can also tell the approach of any vessel, hostile or otherwise, the resistance of the water on the approaching vessel causing sufficient friction to establish a current that will cause the indicator to sound the alarm.  
Drawbaugh refers to his latest discovery as an "electrical paradox." It has not any name yet, although a portion of it has already been patented, and the entire arrangement has been sent to New York City for inspection.  
The instrument consists of what Mr. Drawbaugh calls a microphone and a registering dial. The microphone is placed in a hollow iron tube, which is hermetically sealed. The microphone, when it is to be used on land, is attached to an iron screw with a very wide thread, by means of which it is sunk firmly into the earth. An insulated wire, which may be buried or run over the tree-tops as the emergency may necessitate, connects with a galvanic battery and the registering dial, which may be placed miles away.  
The practical working of the instrument is intended to do away almost entirely with the picket lines of an army. To give an instance, a commanding officer may sit in his tent supplied with a registering dial and keep informed of the approach of a large body of troops from any direction by a proper distribution of the stakes containing the hermetically sealed microphones, a dozen of which may be used, as the situation demands. The instant the air or earth vibrations caused by the tramp of feet or the sound of voices affect the microphone, that instant the effect is shown on the face of the dial by the turning of the needle from the zero point.

### LAST SLAVES SOLD.

What Was Probably the Last Exchange of Human Flesh in the South.

The man in charge of the mail bags at the depot in Decatur, Ala., is William Kerley, a colored man about forty-five years old, says the *Detroit Free Press*. In the summer of 1864, after running away from his master in Talladega, he enlisted in Company H, of the Forty-fourth Colored Infantry, Colonel Lewis Johnson. The regiment was stationed at Dalton, Ga., with others, when Hood swung around to that point and captured the post. This was on the 23d of November, 1864. While all the white troops were surrendered as prisoners, the blacks were surrendered as property. Colonel Johnson informed the men that he took this step to save their lives, fearing they would be shot down as prisoners.  
The first move made by the Confederates, as related by Kerley, was to take away every colored soldier's shoes. Not a man was left with a pair, and as they were drawn off in wagons they were doubtless used to reshoe Hood's veterans. The move was also a precaution against a general bolt, as the weather was cold and the prisoners could not wander from the campfires. Hood used the colored soldiers to tear up the railroad tracks for several miles, and when this was accomplished every one was required to give his master's address. Notices were then sent to owners, and they came to camp and identified and removed their property. Kerley and four others were taken to Talladega, and after a day or two were sold for \$3,500 each in Confederate money. In the course of a couple of weeks after the sale the Confederate army moved on, the Federals reoccupied the country, and Kerley walked away from his master without any effort to detain him. These five men were doubtless among the very last exchanges in human flesh in the South. The sale took place in December, not more than five months previous to Lee's surrender.

Caught It While Asleep.  
John Thursby of Orange City, Fla., fell asleep in his boat while fishing. When he awoke he was three miles up stream, and the boat was being hauled by an immense catfish that had taken the bait. The fish weighed twenty pounds.

CASEY, Ill., has a new coal company, capital, \$20,000.

### NEW SURGICAL DEVICE.

Saving a Crushed Leg by Means of a Novel Contrivance.

The Victim of an Extraordinary Accident Has His Limb Preserved—How the Operation Was Performed—A Great Triumph of Surgery.

Thomas Corrigan, an Irishman about thirty years old, has charge of one of the gangs that work on the new aqueduct until recently, when he was disabled by a peculiar accident, writes the New York correspondent of the *Chicago Mail*. He was sinking a shaft down to the main line of the aqueduct and was standing near the top of the shaft, while several workmen were below clearing up after a blast. In one of the fragments of rock was a drill hole, and a workman carelessly jammed a tamping iron into it. An explosion immediately followed, and the tamping iron went heavenward, the man who held it escaped uninjured, but it caught Corrigan on the right leg and then went out of sight. Corrigan went down as if he had been struck by a cannon ball. An engineer in charge of the hoisting machinery saw the accident and went to Corrigan's aid. The knowledge he obtained at the Society for the Aid of the Injured enabled him to save Corrigan's life. The flow of blood indicated that the femoral artery had been lacerated, and he put a rough compress on the artery near the groin, which checked the hemorrhage. Corrigan was taken to the forty-ninth street hospital in an ambulance. He had recovered consciousness, but was in a relapse from the shock. As the arterial compress was doing its work well it was not removed, and attention was given to restoring the patient to normal condition with the use of stimulants and anodynes. This took several hours, and when the patient was in a fair condition the consulting surgeon was sent for. He examined the leg, and found beside the injury to the artery a compound comminuted fracture of the femur. It was very extensive and surely sufficient to warrant amputation, but the doctor advocated moderation in the use of the knife in all cases where there is arterial circulation, and he determined to try to save the leg.

The patient was put under the influence of ether, and the ugly wound in the thigh was explored. The form of the wound indicated that the tamping iron had torn its way through the tissue. It did not continue in a straight line through the abdomen and rip the body open because it was diverted by the bone. In order to prevent hemorrhage, a bandage was wound tightly about the leg above the injury. The clotting blood was washed away with a solution of bichloride of mercury, and the ragged ends of the muscles were cut away with scissors. The bone was in a frightful condition. The impact of the iron had been so great that it had broken the bone into a thousand fragments. The task of removing them was tedious, indeed, but it had to be done before the wound could be closed. Some of the pieces were loose and were easily removed by forcing water into the wound, but the larger number were imbedded in the tissue, and had to be taken out singly with fine forceps. Several minor incisions were made to release some of the fragments, which, being in the shape of a stick, had been driven out of sight. When all had been taken away it was estimated that altogether they represented a little less than three inches of solid bone. The result would naturally be that the leg would be shortened four inches, allowing for the usual contractions in the union of the bones.

The incision was extended on the inside of the leg, and the tissue was separated with retractors until the femoral artery was found. The artery was cautiously dissected out and the rupture located. Fortunately the usual action of the artery in cases where they had been cut had already taken place and the opening had been contracted so that it would not admit a small probe. As long as the artery could be preserved there was a chance for the leg. Ligation of the artery, it was suggested by the operating surgeon, would not do it, as it would cut off the supply of blood, and he determined to take chances and leave the healing to be done by nature. It was a desperate thing to do, but no other course could be taken. The ends of the bones were brought together and held firmly by a plaster of Paris bandage was applied. The bandage did not cover the entire upper part of the leg, as it was necessary that the place where the incision had been made should be open to admit the subsequent treatment and to allow the wound to discharge freely. The doctor applied an ingenious mechanical contrivance, which had never before been used in the fracture of a bone. It consisted of two stiff steel rods sharp at the point, joined with a rubber band, and set so that the two rods could be brought together, or separated, at will. The steel rods were forced through the bone, one at each side of the fracture, and left in position. The work had taken such a long time that the patient was on the edge of a collapse from shock, and it required prompt heroic treatment to set the heart going satisfactorily. The looked-for hemorrhage of the femoral artery did not appear. The pressure of the plaster bandage was just sufficient to prevent the free flow of blood and take the strain from the artery, and yet furnish nourishment to the leg. The patient made rapid progress, and in six days the union of the bone had taken place. Tied the doctor's machine came into play. The bones united in the form of elastic cartilage, and the set-screw of the machine was turned so as to nearly separate the bones again, and then left in this position. In a few days a new cartilage was thrown out, and the machine was given another turn. This was kept up every few days until the leg had been lengthened to nearly its natural size. Every time the machine was worked the plaster bandage had to be cut and then repaired. The effect was simply wonderful. The machine was finally removed, and the usual apparatus was applied to keep the leg from shortening again. The leg was saved and Corrigan will certainly have the use of it again. It will take many months for the cartilage to become bone, but with proper care it will be as sound as the uninjured leg.

Kaiser Wilhelm's Frugality.  
It appears that Kaiser Wilhelm is a terribly frugal old monarch as to the use of overcoats and personal luxuries of dress. His valet has orders never to bring out a certain fur coat until the thermometer falls five degrees below zero. This year, when the garment in question was brought out, the Kaiser remarked that it wanted relining. "Your Majesty, it is really necessary that you should have a new one altogether," meekly suggested the valet. "The coat is worn out." "Oh, no; it will do well enough with another lining," maintained the Emperor. "I have made inquiry, and I have not had it yet as long as a soldier's overcoat should last."

A Typographical Saw.  
It was one of the old-time printers who said: "The man who thin spaces his drinks can not expect his lines to justify."

### JANUARY BARGAIN SALE.

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