

THE DAILY PRESS.

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THE DAILY PRESS

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

The Y's will hold a business meeting in their rooms Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 17, at 3 p. m.

Regular meeting of the Park Avenue Social Club, this evening. Every member requested to be present.

The Board of Fire Commissioners will meet in adjourned session in the City Court room to-morrow evening.

A pair of double eye-glasses were lost last evening between Reform Hall and the owner's residence on Second place. Please return them to this office.

The Y. M. C. A. "Seniors" are reminded that Mr. A. C. LaBoiteux, who leads the young men's meeting this evening will conduct a Bible study for them to-morrow, Tuesday, evening, at 8 o'clock.

The January session of the Union County Courts will reconvene at Elizabeth on Wednesday, after a week's adjournment. There are comparatively few cases, however, to be disposed of.

Several boys with a broken-down harmonica perched on a box in North avenue yesterday afternoon, and for some time exerted themselves trying to get some music from the instrument.

Attention is directed to the advertisement in another column, headed—"Guaranteed Mortgages Paying Seven Per Cent." Full particulars may be obtained of Craig A. Marsh, Attorney, this city.

Several persons from this city went to Brooklyn yesterday to hear Rev. Dr. Talmadge's second in his series of sermons to young women. They express themselves as highly pleased with the discourse.

The "West End Bowling Club," it is said, is now considered with the things that were. The cause of the disruption is said to be the creeping into the club of a member who was obnoxious to the others.

Officer Lynch arrested a young man on Park avenue yesterday afternoon for obstructing the sidewalk. He was locked up, but subsequently released from the Station house. This morning Judge Suydam fined him three dollars.

The class in English branches will meet at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow evening at 7:30 o'clock. Any young man whose early advantages have been neglected should avail himself of the opportunity thus afforded. For particulars apply at the rooms.

Most of the newspapers in the State have issued neat annuals, containing much useful information. Our esteemed contemporary the *Central New Jersey Times*, has issued a neat pamphlet, which, besides being beautifully illustrated, contains a generous amount of advertising.

The full and accurate account of the hearing before Justice Austin in North Plainfield on Saturday, in the matter of the alleged assault upon a farm hand at the Parn farm in Washington Valley, as published in THE PRESS of that day, will be sent by Justice Austin, with his manuscript of the proceedings, to the Somerset County Grand Jury.

A committee from the City Council will meet this evening to take the preliminary steps towards adjusting the present Fire Board difficulties, which will eventually place the control of the Fire Department in the hands of the city. The meeting will be private. The Fire, Water and Lamps Committee held a conference with a committee from the Fire Board a few evenings since, but the result of the conference was not made public.

Yesterday morning Rev. Cornelius Schenck, pastor of the Trinity Reformed church, gave his people a grand sermon from the text "Abide in Me," (St. John, 15th Chap., part of the 4th verse,) and in the evening he preached a very earnest and eloquent sermon on the three R's—Reflection, Repentance, Reformation—taking his text from the 119th Psalm, 59th and 60th verses. Considering the very unfavorable state of the weather, large audiences were present at both services.

MRS. KISSLING RETURNS.

DETAINED AT ALBANY BY SICKNESS AND DEATH.

Her Husband Assaulted and Robbed in New York City, Which Accounts for His Prolonged Absence—The Mystery Surrounding Her Disappearance at Last Cleared Away—Her Statement.

On Saturday, the 7th instant, THE PRESS contained an account of the mysterious disappearance of Mrs. Mary E. Kissling from her apartments, No. 132 West Second street, as furnished exclusively for this paper by the authorities. The following Monday our Rip Van Winkle contemporary, with its usual boldness, took the article bodily from THE PRESS and under the heading "Their Latest Fake" reproduced some of the more important parts of it. The article appearing in our day-late contemporary led its few readers to believe that Mrs. Kissling was the same person who advertised for work in that sheet, and was obliged to hire an omnibus to carry the answers home. The article went on to say, that "The woman told a pitiful tale of how her husband had deserted her and their little girl, but urged that nothing be published concerning her trouble." We are informed that Mrs. Kissling was never in the office of the paper above referred to, and if she was it is safe to assume that her destitute circumstances entitled her to no reduction in the advertising rates. Another instance of charity (?) Mrs. Kissling's prolonged absence continued to be shrouded in mystery, and finally, through THE PRESS, the authorities learned that the missing woman's home was at Albany, N. Y. One of the leading journals of that city was acquainted with the facts in the matter, but on Saturday the missing woman returned, and, calling at this office, stated that she had just returned from Albany, where she went on Wednesday, Nov. 16th, to leave her three-year-old daughter with her parents for the winter.

MRS. KISSLING'S STATEMENT.

Mrs. Kissling is a woman of pleasing appearance and about thirty-five years of age. To a PRESS reporter she dictated the following statement:

"My husband was working for Mr. A. H. Bowman of Evona, as gardener and coachman, for two years previous to May 16th last. Then he went to New York to make some purchases, and was there assaulted and robbed, so that he was confined in the hospital for several months, and until the day following Thanksgiving when he was again able to go to work. My husband is a member of the Americus Club of this city. On the evening previous to my departure, the Club was notified of his misfortune in New York, and asked to have my husband transferred to the local club of that city. The same night one of the members of the Club informed me of the matter. This is the first time I had heard from Mr. Kissling since he went to New York. I went immediately to New York and spent a week searching for him, but did not succeed in finding him. While I was at Albany my little girl was afflicted with abscesses in the head and throat, and this, together with the death of a relative, by the cars, compelled me to remain away ever since and until today. The report that a strange man came to my house the night before I left home, and that I was perhaps spirited away and foully dealt with is untrue; furthermore, the man who called at my house was not a stranger, but one of the neighbors. Before leaving home I told Mr. De Kline's housekeeper that I would return in a few days and would then pay the rent. I presume the landlord felt uneasy about his rent and so instituted proceedings to recover the same during my absence. Furthermore, the report that I have been assisted by the city is untrue; I have never received any assistance whatever, either from the city or any of the charitable institutions; I have always been obliged to work for the support of myself and child, at least since my husband disappeared. So far as my applying to the Overseer of the Poor for assistance is concerned, I would say that during August last I sought to have my husband arrested for desertion and non-support. I was referred to the Overseer of the Poor who in turn referred me to Justice Nash who issued the warrant. Today I have withdrawn the complaint. My husband will continue his work in New York and will also provide for my support."

Mrs. Kissling says she was married to her husband about ten years ago, and came to Plainfield about four years ago. Previous to the time her husband went to work for Mr. Bowman he was employed for several months by a family on Union avenue. She also says that so far as she can learn her husband had been true to his marriage vows, and she has been unable to discover that he has been living with another woman. Concerning the rent, Mrs. Kissling says she has paid her rent regularly to Mr. De Kline since July last, and was only in arrears one month when she left home. Her object in taking

the child home, she informs us, was so that she could accept a position at housework. Mrs. Kissling again called at this office this morning and stated that a reporter from another sheet was hounding her about town last evening, but she had no information to impart to him. The above statement, or a digest from it, will undoubtedly be reproduced by our day-late contemporary to-morrow.

Who'll Get the Reward?

Mister Edward S. Worsley, alias "Murphy, the Detective," has not been too successful with his little subscription paper, and he is now casting longing eyes on the National Board of Underwriters' reward of "\$500 for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction" of the persons who fired the Carman Parse house long before Worsley landed in this city. Eight months ago THE PRESS published the terms and provisions of the offer, and we can only repeat our opinion of that date—there is nothing more uncertain of attainment than the Board of Underwriters' rewards, even after they have been fairly and squarely earned.

All the more futile then is Worsley's attempt to lay his fingers on that \$500. His claim upon it is not even half so just as a like claim would be by—well, Jaspur Mr. Cadmus for instance. He was one of the grand jurors that indicted the Parse house incendiaries, but it was not upon any information of "Murphy's" that they were indicted. Mr. Cadmus was also very active in seeking evidence to convict the accused. Certainly he has more claim to the reward than one who assisted in no manner towards the conviction of those particular incendiaries—poor any other.

The "information" furnished consisted entirely of the statements of Officer Lynch, Councilman Dunham and Mrs. Jackson. After the jury had been out all night, they asked for instruction again as to the acceptance of Mr. Dunham's testimony, and asked to have read again Mrs. Jackson's evidence. Less than an hour after they had agreed upon a verdict of "guilty."

One of these three, may get the entire reward—or two or more may share it.

The Borean Class.

Just after the Borean Class of the Warren Mission had assembled in their room yesterday afternoon, and were ready to receive instructions from their able teacher, Mr. F. H. Gardner, there stepped into the room Mr. C. E. Tyler, their former teacher, who after a cordial shake of every man's hand, was invited by Mr. Gardner to lead the Class. He stepped upon the platform with a happy smile and said that he was so used to obeying the orders of Mr. Gardner, late Superintendent, that he could not resist. He took the lesson by verses, as the Class read them to him, and culled therefrom the solid, most interesting and positive facts. All present were highly pleased with the many good points made clear to them from the lesson, and were much benefitted spiritually thereby. At the close of the lesson Mr. Tyler stepped to the front and interested and pleased the whole school in a few remarks and a pleasing anecdote of the "Convention of the Flowers."

The evening service, as usual, was of the most interesting character, and many took an active interest in spreading the word of God among the assemblage. The meetings will be held every Sunday evening, and all are cordially invited to be present and lend their voices in singing, speaking or prayer.

The Washington Excursion.

Editor A. V. D. Honeyman's private excursion from Somerville to Washington, which included several persons from this city, returned on Saturday evening, and those from this city who went along report having had a delightful time. The excursionists put up at Willard's Hotel and on Thursday evening they were invited to participate in the opening hop of the season, tendered by the hotel to its guests. On Friday the excursionists were warmly received by the President and Mrs. Cleveland and cordially welcomed into the White House. Most of the party visited Mt. Vernon, the Washington Monument, the United States Treasury Department, the Corcoran Art Gallery and many other points of interest. Although Friday was a disagreeable day this did not deter the pleasure seekers from visiting some of more notable of the public buildings. Congress was in session and the visitors were given an opportunity to witness the proceedings. On Friday evening the New Jersey delegation were introduced to Congressmen Phelps, Buchanan and Kean in the parlors of Willard's Hotel, and each of the dignitaries delivered a brief address. Editor Honeyman will personally conduct an excursion to the Pacific coast early in May, when the distance traveled in the round trip will be something like 7,000 miles.

At the meeting of the State Board of Agriculture this month an effort will be made, it is stated, to have a resolution passed condemning the present milk-laws of the State.

Reform Club Meeting.

Although the weather was unpleasant yesterday this did not materially decrease the attendance at Reform Hall last evening, and a large audience gathered within the building to take part in the interesting exercises. President French occupied his accustomed seat on the platform and Freeholder Vanderbeek and his full choir furnished excellent music. In the absence of Rev. W. E. Honeyman, who was detained at home on account of illness, Captain William B. Ostrom offered a most beautiful and appropriate prayer. The speaker announced by President French was Mr. F. X. Schoonmaker a resident on Putnam avenue, and manager of the Cable News company of New York. Mr. Schoonmaker clearly evinced that he was a deep thinker and profoundly versed in history and science. His style of speaking was very attractive, and the substance of his remarks being so highly interesting and instructive commanded close attention from beginning to end. Commencing with the deluge, he sustained by convincing argument the Bible record of that event, and offered as near by evidence the peculiar rocky features of a mountain range in the neighboring State of New York, extending from Kingston, Ulster Co., to Ellenville, his detailed scientific description of which at once attested learned research. During his address the speaker reviewed the history of Egypt, of Moses and of Christ, and coming down to our own times, showed the duty of man to man and of all men to God, and through apt illustrations the indispensable worth of Temperance, distinctly claiming that now, in view of the close competition in all kinds of business, and the advancement of intelligence, non-drinking men were becoming more and more in demand, and those addicted to the use of liquor were being cast aside as totally useless. Mr. Schoonmaker announced that his present remarks were intended to lay the foundation for future discourses within Reform Hall, which assurance was received with great satisfaction by all present. When he again takes the platform a crowded house will no doubt greet his presence. To appreciate Mr. Schoonmaker aright he must be heard; no partial report can do him justice.

President French made a well worded appeal for signers to the pledge to which a few responded, and after singing the doxology, one of the best of Reform Hall meetings closed. He also gave notice of Rev. E. M. Rodman's lecture in the hall on Thursday evening of this week, extending a cordial invitation to all. Subject "The Struggles of Life."

A Deserved Appointment.

Mr. John Enright, who has just been appointed and entered upon the discharge of his duties, as Disbursing Clerk in the Post Office Department at Washington, is well known to many of our Plainfield citizens, he having resided here with his family the past few months. Mr. Enright hails from Michigan, where he has always been recognized as an earnest and effective party leader among the Democrats. Besides his election as County Clerk in his native county in that State, which has a strong Republican majority, he was appointed and made a most efficient Chairman of the Democratic State Executive Committee of Michigan, doing yeoman's service for his party in the Cleveland-Blaine campaign. He was also a candidate for Congress in his district. Mr. Enright is an excellent campaign orator and a writer of ability. He was a candidate for the position of Postmaster of the District of Columbia, but withdrew in favor of a resident of the District, Michigan having furnished a man for that position for years. The office to which he is appointed is an important one, he having under his control 700 employees, one of whom is his own father. His many friends congratulate him upon the deserved honor bestowed.

The Minstrel's To-Morrow Night.

McNish, Johnson & Slavin's minstrels will reappear at Music Hall, to-morrow evening. They have been known for several years as original comedians, and their efforts in two or three specialties did not belie their reputation. The Selbini family display astonishing familiarity with the bicycle, their efforts being long continued, original and evidently tiresome. Fox and Van Auklen in horizontal bar performance are surprising in agility, strength and grace. Wainratta on the wire suspended over the audience shows how time and experience is required to gain command of a man's muscles and nerves. This minstrel troupe increases in reputation as it travels.

To-Night.

It is to be hoped that an unusually large number of young men will avail themselves of the opportunity this evening of listening to Mr. A. C. LaBoiteux who will conduct the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms at 8 o'clock. The Crescent Glee Club with the accompaniment of instrumental music will add interest to the occasion. Admission Free and no collection at any of these meetings.

FREE DELIVERY AND STREET RAILROAD.

Is Plainfield to Have Either?—The Reason the Former Has Not Been Established.

Plainfield with all the natural advantages possessed to make it a place of residence, yet lacks more than one important improvement in the way of accommodation to the public to become perfect. We have electric light, telephone, telegraph, messenger service, good hotels, good roads and sidewalks, capable police force, etc., but what is next needed, is a street railway and free delivery of mail throughout the city. The first benefit lies with the Common Council to grant a franchise to some influential capitalists, who will build such a road, with the consent of the property owners, along the line of it. Such a benefit as a street railway has long been talked about among progressive citizens of our fair city, and it is to be hoped that the day is not far distant when such a road will exist. The benefits of free delivery of mail matter is another that should have existed in Plainfield ere this, and would so exist only for the tardiness of those in whose hands the matter lies. The postal laws provide on this subject that the streets and sidewalks shall be properly paved, the houses and stores numbered and the names of streets put up at all intersections of same. Plainfield properly comes under the law as regards streets and sidewalks. Through the passage of an ordinance by the Council the houses and stores have been partially numbered enough to probably cover the requirements. All that now delays the introduction of the free delivery system in Plainfield is the fulfillment of the requirements of the law in placing the names of streets at intersections. When that work is completed, if our citizens so desire it, free delivery may become a blessing—or otherwise—upon proper application to the authorities at Washington. A great many of the patrons of the Post Office have an idea that free delivery may come to Plainfield any day within a week or month, and the postmaster is besieged daily with questions regarding it. His only answer to all is, as has before been stated in these columns, "When Plainfield has properly complied with the provision of law regarding free delivery, then it will come; not before." And he is right. That official is powerless to secure the benefit until the municipal authorities have performed their part. Passing an ordinance to provide for the performance of certain work is all right, if the work is performed. As it now looks—work on placing the signs at street crossings having been stopped—free delivery is a long way off.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Rev. Dr. Yerkes, in the First Baptist church yesterday morning, delivered an eloquent sermon with reference to home missions.

An infant son of Mr. and Mrs. George Monahan, of Terrill road, died yesterday. Interment will be made in St. Mary's Cemetery, to-morrow.

Rev. Cornelius Schenck, with Elder B. A. Hogeman, will attend the meeting of Classis at Newark, to-morrow afternoon, to take action upon the call presented to the Rev. F. Koechli, from the German Reformed church of North Plainfield.

Assemblyman John Ulrich and Mr. T. O. Doane, the latter, keeper of the gentleman's gallery during the present session of the Legislature, left for Trenton again this afternoon to be in attendance at the opening of the second week of the legislative session this evening.

A notable wedding took place at Madison, N. J., on Thursday evening, which united in marriage Miss Martha S. Slaughter to Mr. Chas. A. MacDonald of New Brighton. The wedding was a brilliant affair, and was attended by a large number of guests, including Mr. and Mrs. George A. Chapman of this city.

At his home, No. 315 South Fourth street, Brooklyn, on Saturday, occurred the death of Charles R. Miller, aged forty-two years, three months and twenty-six days. The deceased was the son-in-law of Mr. George Goodwin of this city. A little over a week ago he was stricken down with pneumonia, which resulted in his death. The remains will be brought to this city to-morrow and the funeral will take place at the Congregational church at 2:30 p. m., of that day. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

The New Jersey State Legislature will enter upon the second week of its labors at Trenton this evening.

The prayer meetings in the lecture room of the Trinity Reformed church will be continued every evening until further notice, commencing promptly at 8 o'clock and closing promptly at 9. The meeting for women only will also be continued, commencing at half-past seven, and continuing for a half hour. All are welcome at either service.

BY THE PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE.

MANY PERSONS FROZEN TO DEATH.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16. The latest reports from the West state that the recent blizzard there has been most disastrous to human life. 115 persons are known to have been frozen to death in Dakota, Nebraska, Iowa, Minnesota, Montana and Michigan. Fearful tales of suffering and destitution are reported. Many school children are reported lost. The temperature, during the blizzard, was 58 degrees below zero in some places. It is the worst storm known in twenty-five years.

Dr. Abraham Cole's New Book.

D. Appleton & Co., of New York have just published a new version of the Psalms, by Dr. Abraham Coles of Scotch Plains, N. J., with the following title: "A New Rendering of the Hebrew Psalms into English Verse, with Notes Critical, Historical and Biographical. Including an Historical Sketch of the French, English and Scotch Versions." The book is admirably printed on toned paper, contains 291 pages, and to it is prefixed a steel portrait of the author-translator. Dr. Coles is already known by his classic publication of "Dies Irae in Thirteen Original Versions," a work which has passed through numerous editions. It will be recollected that that book was highly praised by such competent critics as Wm. Cullen Bryant, George Ripley, James Russell Lowell and Richard Grant White as a monument of erudition, industry and faithfulness to truth and spirit. It is fair, perhaps, to presume that Dr. Coles should succeed as well with the Hebrew as with the Latin. The critical reader will naturally compare these versions of the Psalms with others already known to us—Keeble's, for example. Let us take the favorite and much-beloved Psalm CXVI.

In Dr. Coles' version, the measure is simpler than Keeble's, and the structure more closely modelled on the original, as follows:

"I love the Lord, because to me,
He audience deigned to give;
Inclined His ear, I'll on Him call,
And bless Him while I live."

In order to make a comparison where the measure shall be more uniform, we take the opening verse of the Keeble version of one of the best-known psalms, the Ninetieth, as follows:

"O Lord, of yore to Thy redeem'd
Thou art a refuge torn,
Before the hills were born, ere team'd
The earth and world so wide."

On the other hand, here is the Coles version.

"Lord, Thou hast been our dwelling-place
Our refuge in the past;
Before the mountains were brought forth
Or earth's foundations cast."

This interesting comparison might be pursued with great satisfaction, and the reader will probably draw his conclusions to suit his own critical judgment; but the above examples, taken at random, afford a fair indication of what the result of such a comparison would be. Dr. Coles' book may be cordially commended to the choice of every Christian household in the land.

Compulsory Education.

Factory Inspector Fell of New Jersey, in his annual report shortly to be submitted to the Legislature, discusses the causes that render the Compulsory Education law in a great measure impracticable in this State. He says that it is mostly due to the defective nature of its provisions. This is the case in many cities, notably in Plainfield, Camden, Trenton, Paterson, Elizabeth and Jersey City, where there is lack of accommodation for pupils in public schools. The act itself exempts cities thus situated, thus, Mr. Fell says, absolutely offering a premium to municipalities to neglect one of their most sacred duties. It is so necessary for the peace and good order of communities that the children should have not only the rudiments of an education, but should acquire habits of subordination to authority and proper training and discipline, that every school district should have means of imparting instruction to all fitted to receive it. After a certain reasonable fixed date it should be made obligatory on every municipality to furnish schools and teachers in language so specific that obedience to it could be enforced by writ of mandamus. Neglect in this respect should not be a means of defeating the spirit of a good and wholesome law, but should be met with an effective penalty. The complaint, or rather the excuse, made by some that to hunt up and return truants to their schools involved heavy expenses is simply without foundation.

Cutter's Hall.

The Plainfield Berean Bible Class will continue their prayer meetings this week, as the meetings are growing more interesting. Services will commence at 7:30, with service of song for thirty minutes. Come early and enjoy the praise service.

—Look before you leap year, girls.

READING STRIKERS FIRM

YESTERDAY'S CONVENTION OF THE RAILROAD MEN.

The Miners Say They Will Never Return to Work Unless All Differences Are Arbitrated—Promised Aid.

READING, Penn., Jan. 16. The strike of Reading railroad men and miners is still on, and there are no indications that the lines of the rebellious employees are wavering. The Reading Railroad employees' convention, which last here two weeks ago last Thursday, reopened here yesterday afternoon, and reiterated its faith in the justice of the strike. The only difference between this convention and the last was that the miners did not have delegates present as official representatives of the local assemblies to which they belong. Their strike has now passed under control of the National Miners' Assembly, of which William L. Lewis of Shawnee, Ohio, is the head. Nevertheless, the miners had a number of representatives present. The railroaders were fully represented by about 160 delegates. They came from Philadelphia, Elizabethport, Morristown, Pottstown, Reading, Palo Alto, Fortville, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah, Shamokin, St. Clair, Williamsport, and many other places.

The convention was called to order at 10 o'clock. Bernard J. Sharkey of Port Richmond, president, and Charles Benesman of Port Carbon, was the Secretary. Chairman John L. Lee delivered a speech in which he claimed that the strike had crippled the Reading Railroad in many of its departments. At Port Richmond, he said, everything looked dead; hardly any coal was coming in; the company's steam coalers were lying idle at the wharves. Coal traffic on the railroad was at a standstill. The miners were idle. Freight and passenger traffic alone continued. The men believed in the justice of their cause and would remain out until an arrogant corporation, behind which were millions of capital, was brought to terms.

The miners, said Chairman Lee, would never return to work until they were granted a continuance of the 8 per cent. advance, and the railroaders who have been discharged were taken back. The position of the men was stated as this: They were willing that the discharge of the four or five crews at Port Richmond should stand, but they demanded that every other question, either relative to the discharge of the men employed on the railroad or the wages of the miners should be submitted to arbitration.

After the speech reports were received as to the condition of affairs along the line. The coal regions submitted the most favorable reports showing that the railroaders in that section were solid. National Master Workman Lewis took the floor and delivered a speech in which he advised the men to be cautious. He asked them not to be misled by false reports. Work, and not words, should be their guide. He detailed the inability to obtain a continuance with President Corbin, expressed his belief that Mr. Corbin was trying to play with the miners, and urged the men to remain firm.

The convention ordered the same committee which had been soliciting subscriptions for the Lehigh men to continue receiving money for the Schuylkill County strikers.

Delegates from Shamokin say that the strikers there are as firm as a rock and that the miners have resolved to stand by the railroaders to the last.

The Reading Company still has a large force of special policemen on duty at Palo Alto, but the strikers say there is no necessity for them.

The operators at Lawrence and Brown, Keshley Run, William Penn and Big Mine collieries all expect to resume work today or tomorrow, with a small force of men, but the delegates to the convention reported that this was "only a blind," that the operators started up the engines expecting that the miners would be attracted by the smoke and go to work, but that so far only a few "scabs" had come out.

Before the close of the convention Chairman Sharkey read the following telegram from the famous District Assembly No. 49, the second largest district in the world: "We have resolved to stand by you to the end. Meeting held to-day. Appeals issued to 250 local assemblies under its jurisdiction."

While the reports to the convention were decidedly rosy, private advices from the coal regions said last night that a break in the miners' ranks is inevitable, and that a few individual collieries will surely start up soon to be followed by some company collieries. The report of William Penn Colliery on the question of resuming a looked upon as an indication of how the miners feel. It was 112 against resuming and 116 in favor. Great interest is manifested by the public in the results of today.

After the convention had adjourned a meeting of the new Reading Railroad Employees' District Assembly, No. 224, which is ultimately to be composed of all the company's 50,000 employees, was held. The temporary president, Penrose W. Hawman of this city, presided. A number of new locals were received, and it was decided to continue the temporary organization for the present.

ROSCACH'S DEFECTIONS.

He Didn't Squander the Money in Speculation, But Has It With Him.

HERKIMER, N. Y., Jan. 16.—The absconding of Marcus W. Rosbach, the aged and trusted cashier of the Herkimer Bank, is still the absorbing topic in the Mohawk Valley. At first it was the charitable supposition that he had squandered all or nearly all his savings in rash stock speculations, but now there are reasons for the belief that he has escaped with between \$30,000 and \$40,000, and had been preparing for his flight for some time.

On a previous visit to New York it was observed at the Herkimer depot that his trunk was very heavy, but when he returned home it was apparently empty. When he left his home and creditors for the last time his trunk was again very heavy. Rosbach was fond of shooting and fishing, and it is reported that he did not forget to take his gun and fishing tackle with him. This gives color to the supposition that he has fled to the Far West. It appears that he had dealings with other brokers besides Vermilye & Co. and the bank's shop in Herkimer, and that in settling with them he drew a large sum of money, about \$40,000. He probably stole over \$1,000. Sheriff Cook has attachment amounting to about \$62,000, and there is no doubt that there are many victims who have done nothing in the matter, preferring to bear their losses in silence.

It is said that the attachment levied upon the funds in the possession of Vermilye & Co. amounting to over \$100,000 will be of little or no value as Vermilye & Co. have made affidavit that they do not owe Rosbach anything. It is also rumored that the bank and Rosbach's old partners, Robert Earl, Samuel Earl and William Smith, will lose about \$40,000. Rosbach may have sought an asylum in Canada.

Vermont's Champion Fox Killer.
BRATTLEBORO, Vt., Jan. 16.—Royal Towle is the champion fox hunter of Vermont. He has killed twenty-three the present season in the towns of Lyndon, Burke and Kirby.

Defeating the Knights of Labor.
QUEBEC, Jan. 16.—At the next session of the Dominion Parliament a petition will be sent in asking the Government to declare the Order of Knights of Labor an illegal organization. The petition will have the support of the capitalistic press.

Worms' Champion Fox Killer.
BRATTLEBORO, Vt., Jan. 16.—Royal Towle is the champion fox hunter of Vermont. He has killed twenty-three the present season in the towns of Lyndon, Burke and Kirby.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP

AN OUTLINE OF THE SESSION SHIPPING CONVENTION.

A Bill That is Against the "Green Goods" Men—The Korean Embassy—Speaker Carlisle to Go South.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—There is every indication that the American Shipping and Industrial League, which meets here today, will have one of the most profitable conventions in its history. Members who are arriving talk encouragingly of the work of the State and territorial branches, and the secretary has ready a report showing a year of solid progress.

The meetings will be held in Willard's Hall on F street, and the building is already half covered by an immense flag, bearing the league motto, "American Shipping Must and Shall Be Re-stored."

The programme of subjects to be discussed at the convention includes talks by economists on all important points relating to the present condition and the possible improvement of American shipping interests. It carries the work through three days of the meeting.

The topics to be treated to-day are: "The Present Impotence of our Merchant Marine," by W. F. Switzer, Chief of the Bureau of Statistics.

"Our Lost Commerce," by ex-Congressman E. John Ellis, of Louisiana.

"Our Merchant Marine," a Naval Reserve," by Representative W. C. Whitthorne, of Tennessee.

The last topic will be of unusual interest in view of Congressman Whitthorne's efforts to secure the passage of his bill for the establishment of a Naval reserve and the development of a merchant marine.

The interests of the several industries will be presented by special representatives. The above is the formal programme but outside of it and fully as interesting will be the informal discussions by prominent delegates, which will take a wide range through all the subjects connected with the objects of the league.

One of the most important features of first day's session will be the reading of a letter from Admiral Porter sustaining the position of the league and sustaining its demand for encouragement for American vessels. There will be no difference of opinion as to the course to be pursued in reviving the American marine, for the league is a unit upon the bill which they will present to Congress. It will be known as the League bill, and will include in its provisions a bounty of thirty cents per registered ton for each thousand miles sailed by vessels of American register.

This bounty is to continue for ten years, and in the nine years succeeding is to be reduced by three cents per ton annually. Among the New York delegates who are expected are W. H. Webb, John F. Henry, F. B. Thurber, William H. Lyon and H. Calkins, who will represent the Chamber of Commerce; James E. Ward, Ambrose Snow, Daniel Barnes, Stephen W. Carey, George H. Brewer, A. Vanderpool, George E. Ward, William B. Hilton, William Rowland, George W. Quintard, Wm. F. Clyde, Garrett Roach, F. B. Low, Henry P. Booth, H. L. Kimball and A. G. Dickinson. The Chamber of Commerce of Boston also sends a delegation, and nearly all the other New England seaports will be represented. From the South the representation is exceptionally strong, and the West, all the way to the Pacific coast, will have its delegates present and actively engaging in the work.

A day or two ago Representative Euloe of Tennessee introduced a bill in the House for the punishment of those parties which use the mails for the purpose of circulating counterfeit money. The fact was mentioned in the papers, and the next day Mr. Euloe received a letter, the consummate cheek and effrontery of which almost took his breath away. It was nothing more or less than a proposition from one of the green goods firms in New York, whom Mr. Euloe's bill was intended to reach, to make him one of their agents for the disposition of the "queer." The letter stated that the writer had understood from a gentleman who had known him at his home that Mr. Euloe was a good man for the purpose and quite "up to snuff," and suggested that he take their agency for the District of Columbia. Of course the whole letter was simply a piece of bravado and an intimation that neither Mr. Euloe nor any one else could reach them. But it was a good joke on him, which he appreciated as much as did his fellow members to whom he told the story. Saturday, by appointment, Mr. Euloe appeared before the House Judiciary Committee and argued in favor of the passage of his bill, producing the letter he had received as evidence of the necessity of some legislation that will reach this class of rogues.

The statement telephoned from San Francisco and published to the effect that the King of Korea asked permission of China to send an embassy to the United States is denied at the Korean Legation. The King, it is said, never asked China's permission to send either the United States or the European mission. That, it is explained, is precisely what he avoided doing, for the obvious reason that the Chinese Minister here would have been sponsor for the Korean Embassy.

Mrs. Gen. Grant has arrived here, and is the guest of Senator and Mrs. Stanford. She gives a dinner in her honor to-night. On Wednesday evening Mrs. Grant will be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John R. McLean at dinner.

Congressman Blanchard of Louisiana, the present Chairman of the River and Harbor Committee, is understood to be going to run for Eustis' seat in the Senate.

Speaker Carlisle will leave here on his Southern trip to-day week. He will deliver tariff speeches at Atlanta and Montgomery.

Mr. William Sherer is being pushed by prominent New Yorkers for the Sub-Treasury, made vacant by the resignation of Mr. Canda. He was one of Mr. Acton's most trusted employees.

See Bridge Across the Niagara.
NIAGARA, N. Y., Jan. 16.—An ice bridge has just formed in the river, the first since the State Reservation was formed. Conroy, a guide, was the first person to cross. From the rapidity with which the bridge is piling up it will probably last for months.

Fighting the Knights of Labor.
QUEBEC, Jan. 16.—At the next session of the Dominion Parliament a petition will be sent in asking the Government to declare the Order of Knights of Labor an illegal organization. The petition will have the support of the capitalistic press.

Vermont's Champion Fox Killer.
BRATTLEBORO, Vt., Jan. 16.—Royal Towle is the champion fox hunter of Vermont. He has killed twenty-three the present season in the towns of Lyndon, Burke and Kirby.

STRANGER THAN FICTION.

How a Well-Known Ohio Man Locates Natural Gas.

Mr. John Bugher, the wealthy and well-known quarryman at Taylorsville, O., says he can indicate the presence of natural gas, and his word carries great weight with those who know him. Mr. Bugher, according to a *Miamisburgh* (O.) correspondent of the *Indianapolis Journal*, is very shy and loath to make public his peculiar faculty, but recently he gave a private exhibition to the directors of the gas company here, who were amazed and astonished. The gentleman was an entire stranger in this city, and knew nothing of the location of the wells already here.

They first walked down Main street, when at the foot of Main street Mr. Bugher stopped, and seemed to be in great pain, and acted just as if he were fastened to a powerful electric machine. Great beads of sweat rolled down his face and the muscles and cords of his neck swelled and twisted convulsively. Relief only was obtained by lifting one foot from the ground, thus breaking the circuit. And thus Mr. Bugher was affected at a half-dozen places in town, and the vein of natural gas underlying the town, was plainly marked out, and was found to coincide with certainties already established by the drill.

"What is it?" every body asks. Mr. Bugher doesn't know himself, only that on the 28th of August last, while at the Findlay gas wells, he was taken with what at the time he thought was a stroke of paralysis, but recovered his usual rugged health upon leaving Findlay. It seems as if the presence of natural gas affects him like a strong current of electricity.

Mr. Bugher recently located the presence of gas at the immense gas well lately struck at Wapakoneta, O. He is willing to come here and be blindfolded, and prove that he is not shamming, by pointing out, blindfolded, all our gas territory, and part of that we know by the positive development of the drill. (He does not seek notoriety, and asks nothing for his services, but is much interested in the matter himself, to see if he actually can unerringly locate gas veins and strata.)

He says the different veins and strata here all converge below town at the Narrows, and he can even feel its presence at that point while riding over it on the cars. The following-named gentlemen accompanied Mr. Bugher on his round the other night, and can vouch for the statements herein made as being exactly what they saw: Messrs. M. G. Bohn, F. Gwinner, E. Allen and George D. Mays. They can not explain it, but say the man was most powerfully affected by the occult presence.

CHAS. AS CITIZENS.
The Chas. of Russia have been owners of real estate in Berlin for nearly fifty years. It was in 1838 that Nicholas bought the estate No. 7 Unter den Linden, there by becoming a Berlin citizen. As an offering on that occasion he sent 5,000 ducats to the Municipal Council, which sum was made the basis of the fund for erecting the Nicholas City Asylum in the great Frankfurter Strasse, in which institution ninety-five aged citizens are given free shelter.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING JAN. 13, 1887.
Burbank, Mrs. Geo. A. Farber, John
Brinkman, Fred. Moore, Oscar
Bassett, Mrs. Edwin P. Manning, Mary
Bailey, Mrs. Lizzie F. Menell, Mrs. Mame
Barnes, Mrs. Martin, Mrs. Elizabeth
Boston, Mrs. A. May, Miss Nellie
Brown, Joseph. Mott, John A.
Baldwin, J. Miles, Miss Christina
Clark, Mrs. J. O'Brien, Rev. Dan. G.
Clark, Miss F. Mariotte Randolph, Mrs. Eliza G.
Craige, Hamilton. Searing, Miss Esther I.
Fuller, J. H. Schoonmaker, Mrs. Edith
Hall, Frederick. Thompson, Miss Geo. A.
Harris, J. F. Van Pelt, A. B.
Hollins, Miss Mary. Van Pelt, Mrs. E. A.
Klesling, Mrs. Mary G. Taylor, Miss Emma
Klesling, Mrs. Mary G. Taylor, Miss Emma
Persons calling for above please say advertised.
W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS

NEW YORK MAILS.
CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m.; 2.50, 5.30 p. m.
SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.
CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.50 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.
SUNDAY MAILS.
Arrive at 10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.
Mail for Warwick closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.
Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.
Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will leave apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Windows.
Office closed after 10 A. M. on all National Holidays.
Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 3 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.
W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

DEATHS.

MILLER.—On Saturday, Jan. 14, 1887, at his late residence, No. 313 South 4th Street, Brooklyn, Charles R. Miller, aged 42 years, 3 months and 26 days.
Funeral will take place from Congregational church, Plainfield, N. J., on Tuesday, the 17th inst., at 2.30 p. m. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

WANTED—By a young man, a position as a clerk or helper in a grocery store. Has had some experience in the business. Enquire at PIERCE'S office.

DWELLING HOUSE AND BLACKSMITH SHOP, 121-123, at South Plainfield. Inquire of J. F. Teneyck.

LOST—SUNDAY EVENING, BETWEEN READING and HALL and between a pair of eye-glasses. Finder please return to THE PRESS office.

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET, with board, at No. 31 West Second St. A few table borders can also be accommodated. 14-15

DRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!! The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were no SOMERVILLE MAILS to be had the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of first-class brick on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. BONS' Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 12-20-17

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH and DIVISION streets, furnished or unfurnished; for heating or private use; in good order; all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-17

TRY THE "O. A. F." CIGAR: MADE FROM THE finest Havana filler, without a particle of artificial flavoring. The best 5-cent cigar in the world. 11-16-17

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN SCHOLARS, over the Post Office. ELIZABETH SCHOLAR. 9-22-17

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECOND Street, between 5th and 6th. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-17

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO HORSE "Peckless" Power, in good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Northwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-17

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson Avenue and Somerset street, about 100 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'HEILLY BROS., 100 Somerset street, or to 109 to 123 E. 44th Street N. Y. City.—my17

GUARANTEED MORTGAGES

Paying Seven Per Cent.

Annually, negotiated by the Hamilton Loan and Trust Co., Incorporated. Semi-annual coupon bonds running five years. Interest and principal payable at the office of

Brown Bros. & Co., New York.

DIRECTORS:

Henry A. Barry, President Hamilton L. & T. Co., 130 Broadway, New York City.
George L. Whitman, President Mutual Fire Insurance Co., New York City.
E. C. Davidson, Vice President Hamilton L. & T. Co., Kearney, Nebraska.
Chas. H. Wheeler, Mackintosh, Green & Co., New York City.
Gen. John M. Thayer, Governor State of Nebraska, Lincoln, Nebraska.
W. P. Aldrich, Empire Print Works, N. Y. City.
J. L. Huey, Cashier Arkansas City Bank, Arkansas City, Kan.
Peter Reed, Dundee Dye and Print Works, Passaic, N. J.
F. W. Poppel, Vice President Hamilton L. & T. Co., 130 Broadway, New York City.
John N. Beach, 1111 Broadway, N. Y. City.
Moses E. Worthen, Manhattan Print Works, New York City.
F. Y. Robertson, Cashier First National Bank, Kearney, Nebraska.
John T. Grainger, Treasurer Fort Worth and Denver City R. R., 1 Broadway, New York City.
For pamphlets showing list of Stockholders and giving full information, send to or call on

CRAIG A. M. R. H. Attorney,
COR. FRONT & SOMERSET STS., PLAINFIELD, N. J. 1-16-cow-17

AT MUSIC HALL,

Tuesday, January 17.

The One Swell Troupe of the World!

McNish, Johnson and Slavin's

REFINED

MINSTRELS

McNISH, JOHNSON & SLAVIN, Sole Owners.

L. P. PHELPS, Manager.

POSITIVELY the Swell Singers—Greatest Dancers, Finest Musicians—Furnished Comedian—Highest Salaries—Handsome Uniforms—Ref. Looking—Thoroughly Equipped—Complete in Everything—undisputed fact, THE MOST ARTISTIC AND REFINED MINSTREL SHOW IN THE WHOLE WORLD.

Seats on Sale at Miller's and Field & Randolph's, Pharmacists. 1-11-17

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL.

Thursday and Friday Evenings,

January 19th & 20th, 1887.

Benefit of the Department of Science of the

PLAINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

ROOM, APPARATUS & LIBRARY,

—WITH THE AID OF—

MISS JULIA E. BULKLEY, PRINCIPAL.

Under the auspices of the BOARD OF EDUCATION, and the patronage of a large committee of Well-known Citizens.

ADMISSION, FIFTY CENTS.

Reserved Seats 25 Cents Extra.

Reserved Seats at Shaw's Drug Store on and after Monday, January 15th.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Commences at 8 o'clock.

MATINEE.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 21st, at 2 P. M.

Admission, 25 Cents. Reserved Seats, 50 Cts.

Doors open at 1 o'clock. Commences at 2 o'clock.

PROF. J. M. HAGER'S

GRAND HISTORICAL DRAMA ENTITLED

The Great Republic

ALLEGORY AND TABLEAU.

Will be given under his direction, by over

400 CHARACTERS—400

Persons, by Pupils of the

HIGH & GRAMMAR SCHOOLS, &c.,

Assisted by Graduates and others.

MISS CARRIE E. DEWEY, PIANIST.

A Steiny Concert, Grand will be used.

clw22-17-13-6

SILVERWARE

FOR HIRE,

AT COLLIER'S,

No. 3 PARK AVENUE.

ESTABLISHED NINETEEN YEARS.

1-16-17

Closing Lectures.

Dr. Abbie E. Cutter

Will give her LAST LECTURES in the Hall over City National Bank.

Monday and Tuesday, Jan. 16 and 17,

at 3 p. m. ADMISSION, 25 CENTS.

Can be consulted ONLY A FEW DAYS LONGER at ROOM 2, CITY HOTEL. 1-14-17

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that the undersigned, composing the firm of M. H. French's Sons, dealers in Flour, Feed, Grain, &c., have this day dissolved partnership by mutual consent. All accounts due the said firm will be paid to C. Frank French, who will continue the business at 69 Somerset Street.

C. FRANK FRENCH, for M. H. FRENCH'S SONS.

Dated January 2, 1887. 1-7-17

LEWIS B. CODDINGTON,

(Successor to T. J. Carey.)

Furniture and Freight Express,

OFFICE—51 W. FRONT ST.,

Nearly opposite Laing's Hotel.

LARGE COVERED VANS or TRUCKS. Goods delivered to any part of the U. S. Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable. P. O. Box 324. 22-17-17

YOU CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR?

TRY

DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

PECK'S CORNER.

YOU have heard of

PECK'S

Corset Department!

No such assortment elsewhere. No such values elsewhere.

COME AND SEE!

GREEN'S

Furniture

Warerooms

EVERYTHING AT NEW YORK PRICES.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

10-29-17

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

Opera Glasses,

Gold and Silver-Headed Canes,

Gold and Silver Jewelry,

MR BALFOUR DENIES IT

HE SAYS MR. BLUNT'S STORY IS A REDICULOUS LIE.

Guilt of Cowardice—Mobbled a League Meeting—Cleveland's Gift to the Pope.

DUBLIN, Jan. 16.—The Freeman's Journal says: "Mr. W. B. Blunt, being personally persecuted, and feeling that he will be removed to a worse prison, feels bound to give grounds upon which he fears that the Parrellite leaders are to be imprisoned. While staying at a country house in the south of E. gland in September he met Mr. Balfour, who made the statement that he intended to imprison six of the physically weakest of the Parrellites, adding:

"I shall be sorry for Mr. Dillon, as he has same good about him; he will have six months, and as he has had the 1th he will die in prison."

"After the Mitchellstown affair Mr. Blunt went to Ireland and warned Messrs. O'Brien and Dillon."

"Mr. W. B. Blunt has been moved to a warmer cell in prison, and his overcoat has been returned to him. Yesterday a band was sent to Mr. Blunt, but was prevented by the police. The people are excited, and a row is feared."

"Mr. Balfour," said Mr. Blunt, "became aware of this, to which I attribute his violence in the Portumna trial. I feel unsafe in Mr. Balfour's hands. Unless protected by those responsible for the direction of discipline, I should incur the risk of ill-treatment, or perhaps even worse."

In response to an inquiry, Mr. Balfour said: "The story is a ridiculous lie. I do not believe that Mr. Blunt ever made the assertion attributed to him."

AUSTRIA'S REPLY TO RUSSIA.

Reinforcement of Hungarian Troops Will be Sent to Transylvania.

VIENNA, Jan. 16.—It is stated that Count Kalmoky, in his reply to Prince Wobanoff, the Russian Ambassador, who had given an intimation as to the movements of Prussian troops, said that he had taken note thereof.

He could respond by saying that Austria cherished equally peaceful intentions, but it would be for military councils to judge of the situation created by the advance of the troops.

A report is current that the Second Caucasian Army Corps has been ordered to proceed to the Austro-Romanian frontier.

The Government has decided to begin a movement of troops at an early date. It will send large reinforcements of Hungarian troops to Transylvania.

Guilt of Cowardice.

DUBLIN, Jan. 16.—As a result of the official inquiry in the case of the ship Alfred D. Snow, which was recently lost off Waterford with all her crew, the coxswain of the Dunmore life-boat has been pronounced guilty of cowardice in refusing to launch his boat and making an attempt to save the ship's crew.

At the time of the wreck the coxswain resigned his office rather than launch the life-boat, as the ship's crew were then actually drowning. The court of inquiry holds that the crew could undoubtedly have been saved if the life-boat had been launched.

Cleveland's Gift to the Pope.

ROME, Jan. 16.—Archbishop Ryan has handed to the Rector of the American Seminary President Cleveland's letter, with the volume of the American Constitution dedicated to the Pope. The Rector will present them, on the occasion of Pope's reception, to the American Bishops, in order to avoid putting in his Holiness to the fatigue of a special audience.

No Political Party in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 16.—Lord Randolph Churchill visited Gen. Ignatieff and said he was happy to make the acquaintance of a statesman representative of the Russian national party. Gen. Ignatieff replied that, properly speaking, there were no political parties in Russia; that he rather represented the national sentiment.

Mobbing a League Meeting.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—A party of Orangemen attacked an Irish League meeting at Everton, a suburb of Liverpool, yesterday, and wrecked the hall where the meeting was held. Councillor Byrne, one of those attending the meeting, was seriously injured during the affray, and is in a precarious condition.

Grevy Ex-President III.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—Ex-President Grevy suffered a stroke of apoplexy last Monday. He has since been confined to his bed, and his physician has been visiting him twice daily. His condition was kept secret as long as possible. This is the second apoplectic attack the ex-President has had.

Plenty of Capital.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The capital of the new limited concern which will be formed from the present Bass Brewery Company has been fixed at \$2,400,000. Only \$450,000 in 4 per cent. debentures will be offered to public.

No News from Stanley.

BERLIN, Jan. 16.—Dr. Schweinfurth, the African explorer, telegraphed from Cairo, denying the statement which recently appeared in the Vossische Zeitung, that he had had news from Stanley.

O'Brien to be Re-arrested.

DUBLIN, Jan. 16.—It is stated that the District Inspector holds a warrant for Mr. William O'Brien and will arrest him as soon as he is released from prison.

Defeated by Turkish Soldiers.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 16.—Two bands organized to cause a rising in Bulgaria were defeated by Turkish soldiers before they crossed the frontier.

THE TROUBLE AT CLARK'S MILL.

The Strikers Still Firm—Overseer Walmsey Imported Under Contract.

NEWARK, Jan. 16.—Notices have been posted up by Supt. Walmsey of Clark's mills announcing that the factory would be closed until the 23d of the month in order to give the employees ample opportunity of deciding whether they would return to work under the old conditions or remain away entirely. The mill was closed this evening, and there is now no possibility of a settlement of the difficulty until the time given has arrived.

The strikers say that they will not yield under any circumstances other than those proposed at the beginning of the trouble. For the last few days Supt. Walmsey has been riding to and from the mill in a cab, and it looks very much as though he feared violence at the hands of the strikers. Yesterday he acknowledged that he had come from Europe under contract to assume charge of the mill.

OPPOSED TO RANDALL

A Hard Fight to Be Made Against Pennsylvania's Democratic Leader.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 16.—Interest in the Democratic State Committee meeting which will be held here on Wednesday increases each day, and the opponents of both factions are already on the field. It is not known yet whether Mr. Randall will be here in person, but it is safe to presume that he will, because there is a big fight on hand, and the anti-Randallites will be represented by some of the biggest men in the Democratic party. The story which has been extensively circulated, to the effect that the fight for the chairmanship of the committee is Mr. Randall's first step to defeat President Cleveland's nomination, is strengthening the anti-Randall faction, and they now claim a majority in the State Committee.

There has been some doubt as to what position ex-United States Senator William A. Wallace would take in this contest, but a letter received here from Mr. Wallace settles that point. In the letter he says he will support E. P. Kiser as against Randall's candidate, Dallas Sanders, because in his opinion Kiser is the better man for the position. Mr. Sanders' friends have always been against Wallace in his political contests. Ex-Senator Eckley B. Cox is also out in a strong circular for Kiser. Summed up, the fight is between Randall on one side and most of the prominent Democratic politicians of the State on the other.

THE NORTHWEST BLIZZARD.

Seventy-six Persons Lost Their Lives in Two Days—All Traffic Suspended.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 16.—Seventy-six human beings have been frozen to death in two days in Minnesota, Dakota, Montana, Nebraska and Iowa. That is the record of the great blizzard of Thursday and Friday so far as the reports have come in.

Never since the storm of 1873 has there been such a fearful loss of life.

The number of deaths so far reported, are: Dakota, 31; Minnesota, 8; Montana 7; Nebraska, 8; Iowa, 16.

Last night it was extremely cold. The mercury dropped to forty below in Minneapolis. Almost incredible figures have been received from the far Northwest points. There are searching parties out, all over Dakota looking for the missing, and reports of bodies found are rapidly coming in. The prospect, should the trouble continue for several days more, is appalling. All the railroads are blocked, and traffic, excepting in the large cities, is abandoned.

A Big Divide for Their Employees.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 16.—The experiments adopted two years ago by the N. O. Nelson Manufacturing Company of sharing all profits over 7 per cent. of the capital invested with the employees has proven a successful one, \$30,000 being so distributed Friday as the employees' share. According to the system, after the 7 per cent. profits are deducted, ten per cent. of the balance is set aside for a guarantee fund to cover losses in bad years, 1 per cent. to form a sick benefit fund, and the rest is divided between the stockholders and employees in proportion to the capital stock and total wages for the year. Most of the two hundred employees are also stockholders and share in both.

Socialist Recruits for Chicago.

CHATTANOOGA, Jan. 16.—A man named Barnard, from Fort Wayne, is in the city to get Socialist recruits to go to Chicago. He has succeeded in enlisting ten men, who, it is alleged, have been supplied by the Socialist clubs of Chicago with railroad tickets and sixteen dollars in cash apiece to go to that city. Barnard asserts that he was present at the Haymarket riot, and says the Chicago Socialists are adding to their members recruits from all over the country. He has left for Birmingham, where he expects to obtain not less than twenty or thirty more. He says that there will be a terrible Socialist uprising in Chicago in less than ninety days.

Gone After the Saco Bank Robbers.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—Among the passengers on the steamer Bothnia of the Cuyard line, which sailed for Liverpool Saturday, was Mr. H. A. McNeally, brother of Frank McNeally, the Saco, Me., bank robber, but subsequently released for lack of evidence to extradite him. The young man, while in confinement, said that he had secreted the stolen bonds in Europe, where he fled after the robbery. His brother thinks he can find them, and with the consent of the bank officials he has undertaken the journey across the big pond.

The Federal Court Without Funds.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 16.—The appropriation for carrying on the United States courts in this city is exhausted. The winter term of court opens on Tuesday, but it is expected that it will not continue for longer than that day. The Federal courts have had to suspend several times before on this account, and the prisoners were kept in jail an unnecessary length of time. Congressman Luchan of this city has decided to urge Congress to consider the matter.

Fourteen Rounds With Bare Knuckles.

SCOTTDALE, Pa., Jan. 15.—A bare knuckle prize fight took place near Connellsville at day light this morning between James Melton, alias Jim Smith, of New York, and Michael O'Malley, of Youngstown, O. Melton had the best of the fight from the start, and in the fourteenth round knocked his opponent out. The mill was for the gate receipts, and was witnessed by about 200 persons. Both men were badly punished.

Determined to Strike.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 16.—A special from Cleveland says that at least a portion of the Pennsylvania Company's employees on lines west of Pittsburgh are determined to strike on Wednesday providing their demands are not granted. General Manager Baldwin of Pittsburgh says he is considering the demands, but has not yet finished. He does not believe there will be a strike.

To Check Adulteration of Lard.

NEW BEDFORD, Ct., Jan. 16.—The Board of Trade has passed a resolution and preamble in favor of petitioning Congress to enact a law for regulating the sale of an article which closely resembles lard. Lard is made in the west, sent east; adulterated and sold for pure lard.

Three Young Girl Burglars.

TOWSON, Md., Jan. 16.—Three girls, Louise, Madge and Ella, daughters of John Irwin, a sailor, residents of Hampden, burglarized the residence of Philip Justice and carried off nearly all the provisions in the house. The girls were arrested.

Canadian Firebugs Get Long Terms.

BROCKVILLE, Ont., Jan. 16.—Judge McDonald at the Assizes has taught the Irish Creek firebugs a severe lesson, sentencing McDonald to twenty years in the penitentiary and Lee to seven years.

Professional Cards.

MEDICATED

Sulphur and Vapor Baths, followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. R. BOWMAN, 26 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Frohbach, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 8-27-11

W. M. K. MCCLURE,

Attorney-at-Law. Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds. Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

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BORDER BURIALS.

Some That Were Sad, and Some That Were Made Laughable by Circumstances.

Many of the border burials were pathetic in the extreme, but connected with some of them were circumstances so unexpected that their relation almost resolves itself into a kind of humor. One of the first funerals to occur at Great Bend, Kan., says the New York Sun, possessed unprecedented circumstances enough to make it humorous, if the unexpected is an attribute of humor.

An old and somewhat disliked man, Henry Turley by name, had been confined to his bed for several weeks by a disease which baffled the skill of the would-be physicians who attended him. He seemed to grow steadily worse, and his death was hourly expected. Then the cold weather, which had continued for nearly a month, was broken by a few spring-like days. The citizens of the little settlement took Turley's case in hand, and decided that, as his death was certain to occur in a few days at most, it was better to take advantage of the mild weather and dig a grave for him than to await his death and the probable return of cold weather, when grave digging would be extremely difficult. The grave was accordingly dug. Turley was so full of wrath at having his grave prepared in advance that he rose from his bed, and the same day left town in disgust. It appeared that he had been shamming all the time, in order to obtain free victuals and care. Regrets were expressed that he had not been buried without waiting for the usual preliminary of death.

The pleasant weather was soon followed by a severe storm of snow and sleet. During the first night of the blizzard a bibulous-inclined attorney, Godfrey by name, being, as was his wont, in an advanced state of intoxication, lay out all night in the snow. Two days later he died from the effects of his freezing.

His relatives were telegraphed for, and responded that they would come immediately. The storm increased in violence, and, lasting nearly a week, blocked the avenues of travel in every direction.

A few days after Godfrey's death nearly the entire male population of the settlement congregated at the combined post-office, saloon, grocery, etc., to swap stories, eat crackers and imbibe whiskey. When all hands were pretty well warmed up, the subject of Turley's shameful deception and unoccupied grave was freely discussed. It was decided that such a good grave ought not to be wasted, and that, in order to make use of it, Godfrey's remains should be speedily interred in it.

This met the approval of all present, and with the radio coffin in one wagon, as many as could crowd into another, and a number of horsemen at either side, the funeral cortege started in falling snow. Several times on the way a dog belonging to a member of the party started a jack rabbit, and each time the horsemen assisted in the chase. The further the procession got from the starting point the more of the mourners jumped from the wagon and aided the horsemen and dog in chasing the rabbit. The grave was reached and found to be partially filled with snow. Then another attorney, who differed but little from the one in the coffin except that the latter was dead, responded, as there was no minister of the Gospel present, to do his best to deliver a funeral oration. He had hardly got more than well started when some one shouted that the dog had started another rabbit.

Away went horsemen, footmen, orator, mourners and all in pursuit of the rabbit and dog, leaving teams, coffin and corpse to take care of themselves. The chase was long and exciting, as the dog, while always seeming about to get the rabbit, failed to do it.

Left to themselves, the team got tired of standing in the storm and ran away toward home. When the crowd straggled back, the snow had filled the grave and obliterated the wagon tracks. As the cemetery consisted of only that one grave, and had no other marks to distinguish it from the rest of the prairie, they were by no means certain of its location in the snow. So they trudged off home in the snow, and arrived to find the teams there before them. The "tail-board" was out of the improvident hearse, and the coffin had disappeared. It was not recovered till the snow partially melted, more than a week later.

Then the relatives arrived and took the body East with them, and Turley's grave went unutilized till a frost broke his leg by falling into the pit. The grave was then pronounced a public nuisance and filled up with dirt.

There is a little world of pathos in the simple story of the first burial at Lawrence, Kan. Moses Pomeroy arrived from Illinois in 1854, and set bravely to work to make a home for a dear one left behind. By dint of much labor he improved his homestead considerably, and erected a tiny but comfortable house. Then, full of high hopes for the future, he wrote for his waiting sweetheart to come.

The journey, mostly by stage and wagon, was a long one, and when she arrived the girl found that her lover had expired the day before. He had been stricken down by a disease much like mountain fever shortly after writing for her, and during his illness he had no thought but for his coming sweetheart. He was a praying man, and his constant petition was that he might live long enough to see her, but this was denied him, and he died literally with her name on his lips. The next day after the girl's arrival the body of her lover was borne to the tomb. The rude coffin had been taken to the grave in advance. Laid on a bed of fragrant prairie flowers, the body was carried in a lumber wagon to the little cemetery. The head of the dead man rested in the lap of the living girl, who shielded the form as well as possible from all jar that came from the passage of the springless wagon over the unworked roads.

The first burial in Cloud County was that of Mrs. Meisel and her child. This occurred in 1861. The little settlement consisted of only six houses, and there was not a lumber yard or spare piece of board within fifty miles. From those six houses were taken and coffin large enough to contain mother and child was constructed. One man contributed the door of his little house, and stopped the opening for a month thereafter by hanging a buffalo coat over it.

The Sign Manual of Poverty. Many years ago it was when the four Harper Brothers were living—a well-known physician came into their office one day and was talking with one of them, who noticed that his visitor's coat was torn. He called his attention to it, saying that it would be well if he would ask his wife to mend it, as it did not look well for a gentleman to go about with his clothes in that condition. "Sir," answered the doctor, "I am a physician, not a tailor. I should prefer that it should remain as it is. A tear may be the accident of a day, but a darn is a permanent reminder of poverty."

WOMEN AND WORK.

How the Field Has Been Enlarged in the Last Few Years.

Six years ago to be a working-woman in New Orleans was not exactly the thing, writes Catherine Cole in the New Orleans Picayune. The woman's world was a narrow world, and women who stepped beyond the sweet security of their homes and bravely placed themselves at a desk, or in a shop, or in an office, were pioneers. One always spelled working-woman with a capital letter and by some she was regarded as a heroine, by others as a sort of nineteenth century amazon, or necessary evil. From the pulpit came the title for her of the "exiled queen;" the newspapers cheered her, but society looked somewhat dubiously upon her. But pushed on by a noble duty, the little army of crusaders swelled to many, and in the college and factory, in the printing office and bank, in the shop and commission-house, women, with families to support, with dear mothers and children dependent on them, or with lazy husbands and loutish brothers, made their appearance. Modest and sensible, and faithful, they sunk set out of sight and became only workers in the world. They brought into the busy world no evil influences or bad habits, and they became the fashion. The fad, of two winters ago. They were first pitied, then endured, and then embraced, and the world at large seemed disposed to regard them as a sort of peculiar species of heroines to be lionized, patronized and enthused over.

Every woman wished for a profession or a trade. Wives bought bread, as they had no time to make biscuits or curl the baby's hair because they must go to the telegraphic or telephonic class. Rich young ladies, who would not admit that it is better to spend than to save, and that spending money may really be earning good and doing the task God allots, fell to making fancy work for the exchange, and preserves for the confectioners, and yeast cakes for the grocer.

It was hardly safe to ask a young woman if she would sing you a song in her own parlor for fear she would say: "How much will you pay me? If my song is worth hearing it is worth paying for." Every other person was writing for the press—for the magazines—and editors North and South East and West were literally snowed under by darky sketches, and dialect stories, and Creole novels, and "gumbo" chansons, written without any motive or any preparation, simply because it was the fashion to be in some sort and in some way a sort of heroine in the world of the working-woman.

Meanwhile the quiet school-teachers and patient clerks, and the singers, and seamstresses, and writers went on working because they had to work, living brave, sweet, cheerful lives; getting all they could out of life; being helped by the confidence of employers, the respect of the public, and feeling that the day would come when a woman might take naturally her place in the working world, and make no more stir than if she were any young man entering on the profession by which he hoped to support his family and take care of himself.

And the day has come. There is nothing sensational in Eliza J. Nicholson managing a newspaper, in Mrs. P. A. Murray being a great cistern-builder, in Mrs. G. H. Young being a stove and oil merchant, in Mrs. Hays running a box factory, or Mrs. Carre building log cabins. Woman's work and woman's world are any where and every where that God and duty to her family and her neighbor may call her. The working world is better for the women who are in it. They have added honor to it, not taken honor from it. The working woman has learned not to mistake her duty in life, nor to usurp the duty of others, nor to belittle the task that is really hers, and the place that is really hers, and having learned this, years of toil can not crush her spirit, nor dull her ambition, nor debase her soul.

SHE GOT THE CLOAK.

The Minister's Suggestion to a Feminine Member of His Flock.

When Mr. Montgomery came home the other night he found Mrs. Montgomery weeping; says the Minneapolis Journal. Great salty tears chased one another down her fair cheek.

"What is the matter, dear?" he asked, as he placed a new cloak in his mouth and prepared to kiss her.

"Oh, every thing is the matter," she sobbed, as she placed one arm about his neck and laid her head down on his shoulder. "I want to die."

"Oh, no you don't, dear," he remonstrated. "Tell me what is the matter. Now do."

"Fergy," she questioned, "do you love me as much as you did when you married me?"

"Why, of course I do. What put such a question in your head?"

"What do you mean, Ellen? You know that I love you as much as I ever did, and more if any thing."

"Don't be silly, Fergy. How am I to know it? The minister was here to-day and said that a loving husband was continually showing his devotion for his wife. He always bought her every thing that she wanted and did every thing that she asked him to do."

"Yes, what are you driving at?"

"It pained me when I heard that, and I have been crying all day."

"Have I been unkind to you?"

"No-o, but the minister went from here over to that hateful Mrs. Brown's, and I just know that he said the same thing to her."

"Well, what of it?"

"Nothing; only Mrs. Brown is going to have a new spickin' cloak, and she will go around and tell what the minister said. Then she will tell how much her husband loves her, and hint that you and I are going to separate."

Mr. Montgomery ordered the new cloak the next morning, and incidentally put out a story about the minister having lost a great many friends, and that he had better look for a different field.

Saved by Presence of Mind.

A man working on the Huntington bridge across the Ohio, near the foot of Central avenue, was standing on one of the piers at least twenty feet above the water. All around the base of the pier were broken stone, driven piles and all sorts of debris, on which a falling body would be dashed to pieces. Nowhere about the pier was there any deep water, save in a narrow hole, the upper part of which had an area of not more than four by six feet. While the man stood upon the edge of the pier, unknown to him, a huge stone, suspended from a derrick, was being swung toward him into its place. It struck his shoulder, and instantly he was plunged headlong. Did he strike the rocks or piling below? Not at all. He made as neat a dive as ever did the most expert swimmer, directly into the well hole already described, and came out uninjured. Had he swerved a foot to the right, his brains would have been splattered upon the rocks.

OHIO'S DOODLE BUG.

The Peculiar Sand-Hopper Known as the Doodle Bug.

The doodle-bug of the Ohio boy at thirty years ago is the same, and curious insect known as the ant lion, writes Ed. Mott from Milford, Pa., to the Atlantic Constitution. It grows to be about five-eighths of an inch in length. Its body is shaped like a gigantic and plump apple-seed, and is ringed and woolly. It has two jaws that give it a very fierce look. They curve inward like pincers. It can move backward, and only very slowly forward. When out of its lair it is the most helpless of creatures, and it would starve to death but for its cunning and skill. It is so savage and formidable-looking that no insect might eat will come near it, and it couldn't move to capture one if a hundred were within an eighth of an inch of its horns. The ant lion would even starve to death if heaps of the fattest ants or flies were killed and piled where it could get at them, for it will never feed on any prey it has not itself killed. And so the strong-jawed, backward-moving bug looks out for itself by digging a pit for his prey.

To do this the ant lion selects a sandy place and goes to work. It uses first one of its fore-legs as a shovel, excavating very rapidly and placing the dirt on its head. By a quick jerk of the head the dirt is thrown several inches away from the pit. When one leg gets tired the other is brought into service as a shovel, and thus the work of making the funnel-shaped hole goes on, a constant stream of sand being kept flying in the air from the cat-pail head of that industrious worker. The circle of the hole at the top is always measured with geometrical precision, and the insect works round and round it, digging on all sides, so that the excavation is symmetrical. The top of the funnel is about three inches across, and it is graduated so that at the depth of two inches the bottom has come to a point. Frequently, as the work is being done, small stones are encountered by the ant lion. Then the work of procedure is reversed. The insect digs and works about the obstacle with the extremity of its ringed and flexible body until the stone is loosened and worked upon the ant lion's back. The many rings and the hairy limbs can be so dexterously manipulated that the stone is balanced there while the insect climbs backward to the top of the hole with it, when by a sudden jerk the stone is thrown out of the way. If the stone leaves a hole where it was taken out, the insect fills up the cavity and smooths it down in keeping with the symmetry of the rest. If a stone too large for the insect to remove is encountered, the work is abandoned and the digging resumed in another place. In selecting its ground, however, the ant lion seems to have an instinctive knowledge that such obstacles are not apt to be met with in excavating.

The writer tested this instinct in the ant lion once. He put the insect in a box which had been filled with fine sand, but a layer of stones, the size of a chestnut had been placed at the bottom, and below the surface. The ant lion moved over every inch of the sand, apparently prospecting. It made no effort to dig a pit, and at last he went to one corner of the box, where it remained. It was afterwards removed, and without stones placed in the box, and in less than fifteen minutes was hard at work digging its lair.

When the ant lion has finished his den it buries itself in the bottom, all but the very tips of its horns, in which these are very sensitive eyes and ears—or rather surcular nerves. The ant lion is well provided with seeing powers, for it has a pair of eyes. The moment it hides itself in the bottom of the pit it is ready for any stray ant that may tumble in. In this respect, also, the ant lion displays wonderful instinct in building its trap, for when ever one is made it is on the "run way" of ants or other small insects. The old pine at Milford where a family of ant lions have lived so long is fairly overrun, in the summer season, with large wood ants. A fly buzzing near the hole will put the ant lion on the alert. An ant, hastening along on some errand of its own, seldom turns out for any obstacle. Hence, if one comes to the edge of an ant lion's hole, it walks down one side with the intention of going up the other, and probably to do some exploring in the way. The ant that walks down to the bottom of one of these pits disappears from sight the instant he reaches that point. The ant lion has grabbed it with its pincers, pulled the ant in, and in a short time will have its juice-sucked dry. Then the ant lion comes up out of his hiding-place with the body of the ant in its jaws. He backs up to the top of his pit, jerks the carcass of his prey far away, and returns to wait for another. Sometimes an ant that has started down the side of the ant lion's den will change his mind before he reaches the bottom and turn to start back. But he seldom reaches the top. The ant lion always has one or two of his six eyes out for just such occasions, and the retreating ant at once becomes the target for shovels or sand that the ant lion throws at him and ahead of him with wonderful precision, using his horns for the purpose. This bombardment invariably fetches the ant back, either on a run or on a tumble. If an ant lion lies at the bottom of his pit for a day or two and bags no game, he makes up his mind that he has made a mistake in his hunting place, and he moves on.

The ant lion, as an ant lion in active service, lives two years. At the end of that time he weaves about himself a cocoon, having completely buried himself in the sand for that purpose. Two months later his horns and his legs and his eyes disappear. His stumpy, hairy body has come long and as slender as a knitting needle. In place of his savage horns are two long, silken antennae. Four iridescent gossamer wings appear, and the tiny, fierce, formidable ant lion emerges from the sand one of the most beautiful of winged insects. Its life is short. It lays two eggs in a sandy place and dies. The eggs in time become ant lions, to dig and prey on ants for their allotted time.

A Woman's Useful Invention.

The theory that women never invent any thing—any thing of a mechanical nature, that is—is overturned by Mrs. Bailey, wife of the editor and proprietor of the Utica Observer. Her close acquaintance with the hospitals of Utica showed her the necessity for some means of lifting patients from their beds, besides reliance on the main strength of nurses, which is used to great disadvantage as to frequently inflict serious injury upon themselves, as well as discomfort upon the sick. Mrs. Bailey devised an arrangement of bars and straps, attached to the bedstead, by means of which the patient can utilize the strength of his arms to lift himself up. A variety of attachments to this device furnish a rest for the leg, a table for medicines, or a book, or a curtain, by means of which the light or a draft may be shut out. The invention has been in use for some time at the Paxton Hospital, at Utica, and physicians speak in high terms of its usefulness. Mrs. Bailey has secured a patent upon it.

JANUARY BARGAIN SALE.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

Commencing TO-MORROW, and Continuing through THIS MONTH.

Throughout Every Department Prices will be found so low that it will be to everyone's interest to visit our store, knowing full well that every one is looking for the place where they can obtain the most for their money. We consider quality first, and do not push out any poor trashy stuff and call it a bargain. We don't keep that kind. Every article we offer at cut prices are good seasonable goods that are needed every day in the year. We commence this sale TUESDAY, and we will offer New Fresh Goods Every Day. We will find our Special Bargain Table interesting. We want every one to come to this sale. You will find Special Prices on Hosiery and Underwear, Cambrics and Ghinghams, Bleached and Brown Domestic, Dress Goods, Table Linens, Towels and Napkins, Bed, White and Blue Flannels, and in our Crockery, Glass and Tinware Department you will find goods that are always wanted, but can't always buy at prices that we are offering them at now.

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12-2-11

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Those Seeking Homes, Investments or Speculation.

The Finest Building Property in this section of the country, now offered for Sale at PRICES calculated to suit all.

This property is located near Grant Avenue station, PLAINFIELD, N. J., and is close proximity to the FORD TOOL MANUFACTURING COMPANY, also the POTTER PRESS WORKS. It is situated in the healthiest, most delightful and prosperous part of the city of Plainfield. To those desiring to procure homes or young men wishing to make small investments, this opportunity is especially inviting.

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For Particulars, inquire of

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Map of property can be seen at DR. FRITTS' OFFICE.

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Fine Assortment of the Celebrated FRENCH

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7-11-11

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COAL, WOOD,

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SHOES,

From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

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Buyers, fully confident of being able

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Stoves & Ranges,

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It will Contain the Answer to the Four Questions

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1-12-6

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And all other Kinds of SKATES!

Sleighs! Coasters!

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PLAINFIELD, N. J.

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HOLIDAY GOODS.

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9-20-7

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Proprietors,

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