

Do You Want the News?
Drop Us a Postal,
WE'LL DO THE REST.

THE DAILY PRESS.

PLAINFIELD'S ONLY NEWSPAPER

ESTABLISHED MAY 10, 1887.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., SATURDAY, APRIL 25, 1891.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

MME. E. GETTI, 65 PARK AVENUE.
Imported Dress Goods, of the Latest Designs, and
Trimmings to Match.
Cloves for Street and Evening Wear.

Dresses Made at Short Notice.

Misses A. L. & M. D. Gorsline,
Fancy Goods, Notions, Art Needle Work, Painted Novelties, &c.,
14 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Stamping and Designing a Specialty.
Artistic Outfitting and Embroidery.

Fresh Goods at Cut Prices—Saturday, April 25, 1891.

New Canned String Beans, 6c can; Corn, 6c; Peas, 6c; Lima Beans, best, 10c; Stringless Beans, best, 10c; Best Coddish, 6c; Choice, 5c. Hams have advanced 3c a pound, but will offer best Flemington Sugar-Cured Hams, 12c lb. Extra fine Mackerel, 14c lb.
Something New—Lemon Crackers, 2 lbs 25c; Coffee do., 2 lbs 25c; Oyster 3 lbs 25c; Soda do., 3 lbs 25c; King Butter do., 3 lbs 25c; Ginger Snap, 3 lbs 25c; Choice California Raisins, 3 lbs 25c; finest London Layer Raisins, 2 lbs 25c; extra California Raisins, 2 lbs 25c; 18 very choice Oranges, 25c; 4 lbs best Dates, 25c. We still continue our sale of California Canned and Dried Fruits.
Ask us about FLOUE. We will give you all information about the different brands, and sell you cheaper than any other store in the State.

United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association,
The New Reliable and Leading Cash Grocers, 29 WEST FRONT STREET, 90 ft

French Dressmaking Establishment.

Madame CHARCOIS BOUTES,
[Pupils of Worth, Paris.]

Formerly Cutter, Fitter and Designer with Messrs. A. T. STEWART, ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & Co., and STERN BROS., is now prepared to take orders for Dinner and Evening Dresses, Walking Costumes, Tea Gowns, Riding Habits, Etc. Paris Fashions received semi-monthly.

Madame CHARCOIS BOUTES, Importer,
7 West Second street, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

THE OLD RELIABLE HOUSE,
I. H. BOEHM, 7 W. Front St.

We have the largest assortment of Ladies' and Children's Revere Jackets, \$2 up. Ingrain Carpets, 25c up. Complete assortment of China and Japan Matting, from 12c up. We are the Agents of the King Dyeing French Cleaning establishment, No. 227 Ferry street, Easton, Pa. We guarantee any work from above firm will be as good as new. Also, Agent Domestic Sewing Machines; all parts for sale. French Sateen, 4-1 wide, rich patterns, only 9c. Geese Feathers, our best quality, 75c per lb.; also, 65c per lb. Curtain Poles and Fixtures, 25c.

Chandeliers Refined.

New Line Toilet Ware.

Dinner and Tea Sets.

Lamps and Gas Fixtures.

GAVETT'S, 15 E. FRONT ST.

**V. and W.
-SAY:-**

WE will offer 140 cases of Granite Ironware, consisting of Tea and Coffee Pots, Stew Pans, Dish Pans, etc. These goods are the Manufacturers' Seconds, (slightly imperfect) which amounts to nothing, and you buy the ware at half price. WE will offer 1,000 yards fine Dress Gingham—goods made to sell for 10c. Our price 5c.
50 Dozen Large Turkish Towels, 10c each.
DO you want Matting? Our assortment is the largest, and our prices the lowest. WE have about 25 Spring Jackets, odd sizes, that we cannot duplicate, and are going to close out. If you have your size, and the garment suits you, buy it at half price.

THERE is no better assortment of Surah and Swiss Capes than we are displaying this season, and our prices on them are remarkably low.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

Don't Scold

About the way your shoes wear; but when you get another pair buy them of DOANE & VAN ARSDALE, then you will have the best.

22 West Front street may not be the nearest place for you to trade, but it is the best, if you would wear GOOD SHOES and SAVE MONEY.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
(The One Price Boot and Shoe House.) 22 W. Front Street.

TRY

Williams's Famous Iced Cream Soda!

AT

THE CRESCENT PHARMACY,

GEORGE E. WILLIAMS, Prop'r,

N. E. Cor. Park Ave. & 4th St., PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Hallock & Davis,
(Formerly "Old Stand")

5 WEST FRONT STREET.

Have in to-day the latest SPRING SEASONS in

Men's Derby Hats.

GEO. A. HALLOCK.

JAMES W. DAVIS.

LAUNDRY WORK A SPECIALTY.

WHY ROYAL Baking Powder is Best

"The Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure, for I have so found it in many tests made both for that company and the United States Government."

"I will go still further and state that, because of the facilities that company have for obtaining perfectly pure cream of tartar, and for other reasons dependent upon the proper proportions of the same, and the method of its preparation,

"the Royal Baking Powder is undoubtedly the Purest and most reliable baking powder offered to the public."

"HENRY A. MOTT, Ph. D."
Late United States Government Chemist.

THE RIPPER'S WORK

Horrible Butchery of an Out-cast Woman in New York.

JUST LIKE LONDON'S FIEND.

The Victim Strangled to Death and Then Hacked With a Knife.

The Discovery Made by the Attendant of the Low Resort Where the Murder Occurred—Inspector Byrnes and a Force of Detectives at Work—They Think They Have the Murderer.

New York, April 25.—A horrible crime, committed in a thickly populated section of lower New York some time between 11 o'clock at night and 4 o'clock in the morning, justifies a suspicion that the fiend known as "Jack the Ripper," of Whitechapel notoriety in London, has located in this city, or that an equally bloodthirsty wretch is plying his trade of murder in the same fashion.

At 10:45 p. m. a woman over 50 years of age, a disolute character, accompanied by a man entered the Fourth Ward Hotel, a low resort at No. 14 Catherine slip, and registered as "Knickel and wife." They took a room on an upper floor and the woman was not seen again alive.

Discovering the Horrible Crime.
In the morning Edward Fitzgerald, a clerk in the house, hearing no noise, rapped on the door of the room occupied by the couple. There was no answer and he finally broke in the door. A horrible sight met his gaze.

On the floor lay the woman in a big pool of blood. She had been dead for hours. Her abdomen had been fairly ripped open with a dull, broken table knife, that lay in the pool of blood. The viscera had been cut, and from appearance a part was missing.

With cunning still analogous to that of the Whitechapel murderer this blood-thirsty wretch also made his escape and left no trace behind.

The woman's body was bandaged. A cloth had been tied about her neck and back, but whether for any foul purpose or to hide any other traces of murder the attendant did not wait to see. He gave the alarm at the office, and a messenger was hastily despatched to the police station.

She Was Strangled First.
Coroner Schultz quickly arrived at the hotel and made a hasty examination. When the face of the woman was exposed to the light it was a hideous sight. The tongue was out of the mouth and swollen, the eyes bulged from their sockets, the nose was flattened to the face, and about the neck was a circle of congealed blood. The appearance of the face convinced the coroner that the woman had first been strangled and then cut. Turning over the body it was found that the murderer had left his mark. The broken end of the knife had been used to make a large cross on the back of the spine.

A Force of Detectives at Work.
The police are straining every nerve to apprehend the murderer. Four Central Office detectives have been detailed to aid the ward detectives in the matter and a search is being made of all the downtown lodging houses to ascertain whether any stranger had taken a room subsequent to the perpetration of the awful butchery.

Similar to London's Whitechapel.
The murdered woman has been positively identified as an all night "rounder" of many years standing in the district where the crime was committed, which is similar in many respects to the Whitechapel district of London. Though the woman's real name could not be ascertained, it was learned that she was known as "Shakespeare" among her associates. This monicker was applied to her because of the fluent way in which she repeated the lines of the great bard. She was a handsome woman, with striking features of a Roman cast, and a form of remarkable symmetry for a woman of her age. There are even traces of redness visible beneath the marks left by a life of dissipation.

"Home of All Drunks."

was ended is known to the residents in that locality as the "Home of all drunks." It has a bad reputation and is perhaps one of the worst of its class in the city. The police say that numerous crimes have been committed within its portals, and only recently the bartender has been arrested for cutting a man down with a sabre.

Several Arrests Made.
Two detectives arrested a young Frenchman who is called "Frenchy." It is claimed that "Frenchy" was seen with the murdered woman on Thursday night. This he strenuously denies, but Inspector Byrnes feels confident he has got the right man. Altogether the police have arrested four men and have women who are supposed to be able to throw light upon the affair.

Later investigations of the police have disclosed much of the woman's identity and history. Her name was Carrie Brown.

London Police Interested.
LONDON, April 25.—Great interest is taken here in the news of "Jack the Ripper" murder in New York. The police authorities are inclined to think that the absence of a gash in the throat of the New York victim indicates that the work is done by a man of a different type. The Scotland Yard officials are excited over the fact that Inspector Byrnes, whose criticism on the London police still ranks in the bosoms of those functionaries, has now an opportunity to exercise his powers on a case similar to those which have baffled the Londoners.

Killed by a Torpedo Explosion.
BRADFORD, Pa., April 25.—John Horan, foreman of the Associated Producers' oil lease, was instantly killed at noon by the explosion of a torpedo. The torpedo, containing 30 quarts of nitro-glycerine, exploded prematurely, killing Horan instantly. Two other men were close to the derrick when the accident happened, but they escaped uninjured. The derrick was totally demolished.

Iceberg Mountains High.
PHILADELPHIA, April 25.—The steamer Maryland, which arrived here to-day, announces that on April 18, in latitude 42.23 north, longitude 47.35 west, she passed a square iceberg 300 feet high, and on the same day, latitude 45.09 north, longitude 48.46 west, she passed a conical iceberg 140 feet high.

Counting the Treasury's Cash.
WASHINGTON, April 25.—The count of the cash and securities in the Treasury, which is always kept up to date, is now being made. The committee appointed to superintend the count is composed of Mr. E. B. Daskam, of the Public Money Division, who will represent the Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. J. H. Huntington, the chief of the Loan Division, who will represent Mr. Huxton, the retiring Treasurer, and Mr. George Robertson, a chief of a division in the office of the Controller of the Currency, who will represent Mr. Nebeker.

Shot Himself Before the Girl He Loved.
ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 25.—Last evening at 9:30 o'clock, as Mr. Skillman, son of Dr. Skillman, was returning to his home in Greece, two miles from here, Edward Hupp, aged 18 years, stopped a buggy and said to Miss Jessie Fisher, the young lady riding with Mr. Skillman, that she was the only girl he ever loved. He immediately drew a revolver and placed it to his own head and fired. The young man lay motionless.

Believe He Has Been Murdered.
BIRMINGHAM, Conn., April 25.—Capt. D. S. Briggs, of the 1st Cavalry, has disappeared from this city about a month ago and nothing has been heard of him since. His family believe he has been murdered, and will offer a large reward for the recovery of his body. The harbor here has been dragged without finding him. When last seen he had a large sum of money on his person.

King Kelly's Twisted in Trouble.
LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 25.—King Kelly's crack twirlers, Crane and McGill, painted the town during the night and were arrested in an intoxicated condition early in the morning. Kelly secured their release on payment of \$50 each. Afterward he "put some lead in their shoes," as he expressed it, by having them shot each.

YON MOLTKE IS DEAD

The Great Military Strategist Passes Away Suddenly.

STROKEN WITH HEART FAILURE

The News of His Death Caused Great Sorrow in Berlin.

He Was Present at the Reichstag Yesterday Afternoon—The Ninetieth Anniversary of His Birth Was Celebrated Last October—Sketch of the Great Field Marshal's Career—The Kaiser's Sorrow.
BERLIN, April 25.—Count von Moltke died suddenly here last night. He attended the session of the Reichstag held in the afternoon. His death was very sudden, and the physicians who were summoned announced that it was caused by failure of the heart. He died at 8:45 p. m., passing away quietly and painlessly. The news of the Count's unexpected death has caused great sorrow in this city.

Sketch of a Glorious Career.
The passing away of Count Helmuth von Moltke, Chief Marshal of the German Empire, will leave a vacancy as great as that left by the death of Frederick the Great. He was certainly the greatest General of the present century. He was more to Germany than Grant was to the United States, for he won from the beginning on military tactics and plans peculiarly his own.

Son of a Danish General, he was born at Muelheim, October 26, 1800. He was, so to write, brought up with the sword even within sight. The family settled in Holstein when the subject of this sketch was an infant, and at the age of 13 young Moltke was sent to Copenhagen to study modern sciences.

Count Moltke entered first into the Danish service, and was promoted to the rank of lieutenant in 1822, but shortly afterward, in 1823, passed into the Prussian army. In about ten years he succeeded in achieving promotion to the staff.

In 1832 he made a voyage to the East, where he was introduced to Sultan Mahmud of Turkey. At the request of the Sultan von Moltke undertook important military reforms in the Turkish service and also won the credit in the Syrian campaign of 1839.

Returning to Prussia, he was appointed Chief of Staff in 1840, and aide-de-camp to Prince Frederick William. He devised the campaign of 1846 against Austria, and, having been promoted to the rank of general, he directed operations under the King William, in the decisive battle of Sedowia. He is credited with having laid the plan of operations for the Franco-Prussian war, and in behalf of the military director on the German side in that great struggle. The investment of Paris was his plan for ending the war.

He has since been the chief military figure in Europe, leading up his activities even until his death.

DAVITT COMING HERE.

He Will Try and Regain His Health in California.

LONDON, April 24.—Michael Davitt's resignation from the editorship of the Labor World was made necessary by the state of his health. The doctors told him that he must take a long holiday or break down. He still retains his stock in the company which controls the paper, and will contribute to its columns occasionally.

Mr. and Mrs. Davitt will soon start for San Francisco, and will remain on the Pacific coast for some time. Mr. Davitt will take no part in politics during his absence.

Mr. Michael Davitt when asked if he intended to make a long stay in the United States, replied that he was only going to California for rest and in order to recruit his health. It is Mr. Davitt's intention to return soon to England.

Case of the Explosion in Rome.
ROME, April 25.—The investigation made by military experts here concerning the explosion of the magazine at Pozzo Pantaleone originated in the accidental discharge of some sharpshooter's cap. Seven of those who were taken to the hospital in a wounded condition have died. King Humbert has been unremitting in the manifestation of his solicitude for the families of those who were killed and for the wounded.

Drowned Himself in a Bath Tub.
BIRMINGHAM, April 25.—Albert W. Bissel, 45 years old, committed suicide by drowning himself in the bath tub at his home, 630 Gold street, last night. He was dependent upon continued ill-health for support. Bissel, formerly lived in Woodborough, Va., and was a war veteran.

An Anatomical Specimen.
EXETER, N. H., April 25.—Patrick Conner was arrested here charged with causing the death of his mother. He, while drunk, dragged her about the room, and she fell dead. He had just completed a term in prison for assaulting his mother. Bissel was due to heart failure, brought on by alcohol.

Lambert Wins a Battle.
LONDON, April 25.—Lambert, the American fighter, defeated O'Neill at the Antwerp Casino, Brussels, in Dublin, Ireland, after fighting 13 rounds.

Opposition to Mr. John Macdonald.
OTTAWA, April 25.—Sir John Macdonald has been served with a copy of a petition against his return as M. P. for Kingston.

LUCEY GARDINER'S TRIAL

The Jury Will Decide To-day on the Charge of Stealing Goods from the Firm of Stern Brothers, New York.

NEWARK, N. J., April 25.—The case of Miss Lucy A. Gardiner, the Orange belle charged with stealing goods from the firm of Stern Brothers, New York, which has been on trial in the Newark Court of Sessions for three or four days, will be finished to-day. The evidence was closed last evening, and this forenoon the jury was charged.

Miss Gardiner was the principal witness yesterday. In her own way she told the whole story, denying each and every particular of the alleged crime. She was cool, collected and emphatic, a sharp cross-examination failing to shake her.

WHISKEY KILLS A BOY.

Two Brooklyn Youths Stole Five Gallons of Liquor and Drank It.

NEW YORK, April 25.—Andrew McKenna, eight years old, and Neil Mottat, eleven years old, stole a five-gallon keg of whiskey from a wagon in Brooklyn last evening. They rolled the keg into a vacant lot, where they tapped it and drank heavily of its contents.

How much they drank is not known as the keg was empty when found. The boys were found unconscious by a policeman and taken to the hospital. McKenna died shortly after his arrival there, and his companion is very low and will also die.

AVENGED THEIR COMRADE.

A Body of Soldiers Break Into a Jail and Shoot to Death a Prisoner.

FOUNTAIN, Ore., April 25.—The news has been received here that a body of 150 soldiers broke into the jail at Walla Walla, Wash., and shot to death A. J. Hunt, who shot Private Miller, Wednesday night.

It is reported that the guards fired on the soldiers and that several persons were killed.

Laying in Heavy Stocks of Coal.

FARMINGTON, April 25.—Heavy rains in the city are apprehensive of a strike in the Clearfield and Beech Creek districts on May 1. They have advised their customers to lay in heavy stocks, and some of them have made conditional arrangements with Southern producers to supply enough coal to enable them to protect their most important contracts. Among others the ocean steamship lines operating out of New York have been provided for.

A Brakeman Killed in a Week.

ELBA, Pa., April 25.—While two Lake Shore freight trains were passing Avonia, 13 miles from here, a weak beam dropped in front of the engine of the latter, and the engine jumped the track, crashing into a train going in the opposite direction on the other track. Twenty cars were piled up in one mass, and brakeman Williams was instantly killed. All trains East and West were badly delayed.

Miss Cousins Will Make a Fight.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—The trouble among the Lady Managers of the World's Fair, which was begun in Chicago, has been transferred to Washington. Miss Phoebe W. Cousins, who has been deposed as secretary of the Lady Managers, had an audience with Secretary Foster to-day in regard to being reinstated. Secretary Foster said that he would give the matter consideration.

Detroit's Strike to Be Arbitrated.

DETROIT, Mich., April 25.—The Mayor has sent a letter to the street car officials, suggesting that the trouble between the company and its employees be settled by arbitration. The secretary of the street railway company, replying to the Mayor's suggestion, it is not thought that any attempt to run cars will be made until the Committee on Arbitration reports. The strikers are jubilant.

Justice Bradley Very Sick.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—The condition of Justice Bradley, who has been confined to his house for about two weeks with a cold and an attack of the grip, is not so favorable as it has been. His associates are apprehensive that he will not be able to be present in court next Monday, when the Behring Sea and lottery cases should be heard.

Doctors Overworked.

NORWALK, Conn., April 25.—The grip has been very prevalent here for some time, and hundreds of persons are confined to their houses with the disease. Several deaths occurred here in a single night. The doctors of this town are all overworked attending to patients suffering from this disease.

Foster's Resignation Accepted.

MALDEN, Mass., April 25.—The resignation of Rev. J. Nelson Lewis, pastor of the Baptist Society, was accepted by the Society last night. A resolution was unanimously adopted, however, expressing belief in the truthfulness of the charges against him that have been brought against him.

Found the Body of the Sever Victim.

NEW YORK, April 25.—The body of John Callaghan, who fell into the sewer at East Twenty-third street, was recovered last evening at the foot of East Twenty-third street, near where the sewer empties into the East River.

Mambrino King Retired.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 25.—C. J. Hamlin, the veteran brooder of this city, has retired from the management of his famous stallion, Mambrino King, from public service. This action has created a sensation among Erie County breeders.

Decided to Call Dr. Lortimer.

BOSTON, April 25.—The Union Temple Baptist Church, which holds its meetings in Tremont Temple, met last night and decided to call the Rev. Dr. Lortimer, of Chicago, to its pastorate.

Florida's Senatorial Contest.

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., April 25.—In the joint Senatorial caucus last night three names were taken in each to be called to call Dr. Lortimer.



"Yes, madam, ladies who try Cleveland's Baking Powder will have nothing else. They say it goes farther and gives better results. Almost everyone uses it now."

TERRIBLE REVENGE

Hungarians Discovered Loading Dynamite Bombs.

TO BLOW UP COKE KING FRICK.

Determined to Kill the Man They Blame for Shooting the Strikers.

The Police Apprehend the Plot—Adjutant General McClelland Leaves the Coke Region for Pittsburgh—He Does Not Expect Trouble—Socialist Leaders Working Hard to Keep the Strikers Out.

PITTSBURGH, April 25.—A man named Theodore, of Bradock, has given to the police information of a plan to blow up H. C. Frick, the coke king, with dynamite.

Timmons is a carpenter and has been working in Homewood. He is obliged to pass a deep gully on his way to work, and yesterday he discovered a gang of 12 Hungarians busily at work there loading dynamite sticks.

Each Hungarian took 30 sticks and left for Bradock.

They were seen at that place and openly declared their intention of dynamiting Frick, and started for this city, where he lives.

The Hungarians are ignorant and will certainly fall into the clutches of the police here on their errand to kill the man they blame for the shooting in the coke region.

COKE STRIKERS QUIET.

Socialist Leaders Working Hard to Keep the Men Out Until May 1.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., April 25.—Adjutant General McClelland left for Pittsburgh last night, satisfied that Sheriff McCormack, with the aid of Company C, had the situation well in hand.

Twenty of the Trotter strikers were held in \$100 bail each, which they furnished.

The strikers of this end of the coke region held a large mass meeting on the fair grounds and were addressed by their leaders. The Socialists, James Delaney, also spoke, and in behalf of the Socialist labor movement they urged the strikers to hold out until May 1, when they would be joined by the workmen of the whole country in the great eight-hour fight.

BASEBALL SCORES.

League Games.
AT NEW YORK.
New York.....2 0 2 0 0 2 0 0 0
Boston.....1 0 2 3 1 0 0 2 0
Batteries—Hulse and Clark; Gettem, Clark and Baum.

AT PHILADELPHIA.
Brooklyn.....1 0 0 1 1 0 0 2 0
Philadelphia.....2 0 0 1 1 0 0 2 0
Batteries—Ferry and Knicker; Esper and Clement.

AT PITTSBURGH.
Pittsburgh.....0 0 1 0 1 0 2 3 11
Chicago.....0 0 1 0 1 0 2 3 3
Batteries—Mead and Berger; Gumbert and Kilbridge.

AT CINCINNATI.
Cincinnati.....0 0 0 1 2 0 0 0 0
Cleveland.....1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0
Batteries—Gardner and Zimmer; Rhines and Harrington.

The National League Record.
Per Game.
Cleveland.....3 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0
Boston.....3 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0
Cleveland.....3 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0
Philadelphia.....1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0

Association Games.
AT BOSTON.
Boston.....2 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Baltimore.....1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0
Batteries—O'Brien and Farrell; Cunningham and Townsend.

AT LOUISVILLE.
Louisville.....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0
Cincinnati.....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Batteries—Baily and Coyle; Kibbey and Kelly.

AT COLUMBUS.
Columbus.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Cincinnati.....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Batteries—Kane and Donohue; Stetson and Boyle.

AT WASHINGTON.
Washington.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Athletics.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Batteries—Curry and McGuire; Weyling and Cross.

The Association Record.
Per Game.
Cleveland.....3 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0
Boston.....3 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0
Cleveland.....3 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0
Philadelphia.....1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0

JUDGE ROYCE DEAD.

He Held Many Public Offices in Vermont, and Served Two Terms in Congress.

ST. ALBANS, Vt., April 25.—Ex-Chief Justice Homer F. Royce died here last night from apoplexy. He had been sick about two weeks with an attack of the grip.

Judge Royce was born June 14, 1830, in Berkshire, this State. He was educated in the district schools and began to study law in 1843, and he was admitted to the bar in 1844. He was State Attorney in 1846 and 1847 and represented Berkshire in both branches of the Legislature. He was a member of the Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth Congresses. He was chosen Associate Justice of the Supreme Court in 1870 and was appointed Chief Justice by Governor Farnham in 1882 on the death of Judge Pierpont.

Judge Royce resigned from the bench in 1890 on account of poor health. He leaves a wife, two sons and a daughter.

CONNECTICUT'S MUDDLE.

Further Time Gained by Gov. Bulkeley for His Answer.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 25.—The Superior Court room, in this city, was crowded in anticipation of the answer which Gov. Bulkeley and Gen. Samuel E. Merwin were to make to the

THE DAILY PRESS.

W. L. & A. L. FORD, Publishers and Proprietors.

J. A. DEMAREST, Managing Editor.

EARLY INTELLIGENCE.

—Brook trout may now be legally caught in New Jersey.

—Crane, the latter, says he has two stores full of bargains.

—A meeting of the Young Men's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. will be held Monday at 8 p. m.

—Wetumpka Combandery, No. 434, Knights of Honor, will meet next Monday evening in Wetumpka Lodge rooms.

—You don't need to refer to the calendar to know what the season is. Look at Peck's stock.

—Dr. J. H. Cooley will tell of "Some things that men need to know," at the Y. M. C. A., Thursday next, April 30, at 8 p. m.

—All are invited to the gospel meeting to be held at the Association Hall, opposite the post-office, this evening at eight o'clock.

—Next Thursday a mothers' meeting will be held by the Woman's Temperance Aid Society in the Reform Hall parlors at 8:30 p. m.

—A supper will be served at The Albion, to-night at 10:30, whereas the Echo bowling team of Brooklyn will be the guests of the Crescent League bowlers.

—The Woman's union prayer meeting held hitherto on Monday in Vincent chapel, will be discontinued until the fall, when it is hoped they will be resumed.

—John Schorb Jr., has been indicted for highway assault on Charles Barry, and yesterday was put by the court at \$2000 under \$200 bonds, to await trial.

—The U. T. evening praise service in the W. C. T. U. room will be held at 7:45 o'clock this evening, and the usual Sunday meetings will be held at 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.

—The Elkwood cafe, on Second street near Park avenue, will be open Sundays from 9:30 a. m. to 7 p. m. Table d'hôte dinner will be served from 5:30 till 7 o'clock in the evening.

—A House Warming, under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Monroe Avenue chapel, will be given on Tuesday evening, April 28, at eight o'clock, in the chapel. A welcome will be extended to all.

—At a recent meeting of the vestry of St. John's church, Elizabeth, it was decided that the city must find another bell upon which to strike a fire-alarm. The city must, therefore, build a tower or find some other means of giving an alarm of fire.

—The regular monthly meeting of shareholders in the Plainfield Building and Loan Association, for payment of dues, etc., will be held in the rear room of Little's store, 37 West Front street, entrance on Exchange alley, next Monday evening, at 7:30 o'clock.

—Yellow perch are now biting in the Long Island and New Jersey ponds. They are found in almost all large ponds or lakes, and at this season take the bait very freely. The common eel worm is all that they ask. Large perch make quite a struggle when secured on a light trout rod.

—The base-ball season here opens this afternoon on the Crescent League's grounds when that team meets the Pond Company's nine. It is rumored that the suggestion of THE PRESS a few days ago that Martin be re-engaged for his old position of shortstop, will be followed and he will play to-day.

—The young people of the First Baptist church will hold a meeting Monday evening in the lecture room of the church, at 8 o'clock. The object of the meeting will be to form a young men's auxiliary to the Young Ladies' Missionary Society.

Mrs. W. B. Haswell, of Durham, a most interesting speaker, will make an address, after which there will be a social gathering. A cordial invitation is extended to all, especially to the young.

—Ex-Governor George C. Ludlow, Warren Hardenbergh and Taylor Jeffile, the Commissioners appointed for that purpose, have awarded to John Mannion \$10,350, and to Elmer Smith, for the American Engine Company, \$9,340; damages for the right of way of the Port Reading Railroad through their lands. Mannion is an ex-police man of New Brunswick. He acquired the Bound Brook property for a mere song. The railroad company will pay him \$10,000 in cool cash.

—The laws of the State of New Jersey strictly prohibit any set lines or nets in streams stocked by the State with game fish, under a penalty of \$25 fine, or any device whatever that will interfere or deter such fish from ascending the streams. The penalty for killing any song or insectivorous bird, or taking or destroying eggs of such birds, is \$50 for each offence. The penalty for trapping or snaring any game bird at any time or place, either on one's property or that of another, is \$15 for each and every offence. Non-residents not complying with the by-laws of the game protective societies of the State are prohibited from shooting within its limits under a penalty of \$50, or imprisonment until the fine is paid.

My CATHERINE was very bad. For thirty years I have been troubled with it—have tried a number of remedies without relief. A druggist advised me to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I can say I feel like a new man. I make this voluntary statement that others may know of the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, for the blood.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal. And when he stops his paper because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

THEY'LL NEVER BE FORGOTTEN.

The Stinson Papers and the selfish harvest who have striven to retard the prosperity of Plainfield.

THE PRESS is entirely justified in claiming a large share of credit for the almost unanimous passage of the street railway franchise, its approval by the Mayor and its hearty endorsement by the people.

THE PRESS alone of the papers of Plainfield approved the project in its beginning, plainly and honestly presented its advantages day after day, and fought and battled the misrepresentations and falsehoods of its opponents. Over 50 columns of original, contributed and selected matter relating to the system, its utility and its benefits to town and tax-payers, have appeared in THE PRESS since the project was first thought of.

It is reasonable to believe that such matter—which included letters from the Mayors of cities where the trolley was in use, and statistics and other information from the superintendents of the companies—had the weight and influence that honest purpose always commands, to the end that but one councilman was eventually found opposed to the granting of the franchise.

And day after day THE PRESS presented the matter of a street railway in this city also in a way that was something of a warning. It became thoroughly and lastingly impressed upon the minds of the people by THE PRESS, that the opponent of such public benefits was a selfish servant if not an absolute enemy of the community.

How pitiful a place in the confidence and respect of the people is that now occupied by the Plainfield papers who have so lied in vain in their unjust and despicable opposition to an electric street railway for Plainfield.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Wm. C. Ayres of West Second street is quite ill with the grip.

Louis Harris is visiting Plainfield after an absence of nine years. He is engaged in mining in Montana, thirty miles from Helena.

City Judge Codington has the sympathy of the community in the serious illness of his daughter, who is suffering with pneumonia, the result of the grip.

The Continent says: "The sixtieth anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Abram S. See will be celebrated this afternoon at their home in North Plainfield."

Mayor Gilbert yesterday signed the ordinance granting the Plainfield Street Railway company the franchise to construct and operate a trolley system of street cars in this city.

William G. Ostrom, oldest son of Capt. William B. Ostrom of this city, died yesterday at his home in Spring Valley, Rockland county, N. Y. Death was caused by pneumonia following an attack of grip. He leaves a wife and three children. His remains will be interred in Greenwood cemetery, to-morrow.

Miss Force of Duer street, tendered a reception last evening to her classmate and guest Miss Lizzie DeCamp, late of Burkeville, Va., and now of Chester, N. J. There was a large attendance of young people and the affair was an enjoyable one in every way, reflecting credit upon George W. Moreton, the master of ceremonies who arranged and carried out to successful completion the many little details without which entire gratification would be wanting. The music was by Rogers & Condo.

By the unanimous vote of the court at Elizabeth, this morning, the Hon. Fred C. Marsh, was appointed prosecutor of the pleas of Union county, for the coming term of court. Prosecutor Wilson's term had expired and it was the duty of the bench—Judges VanSickle and McCormick, and lay-judges Hyer and Wiley—in accordance with an act passed April 15, 1816, to appoint some one to serve as prosecutor. The same action will be necessary at the beginning of each term. Mr. Marsh's appointment will give universal satisfaction to the bar of Union county. Had a vote been taken among the lawyers of Plainfield, THE PRESS knows of but a solitary ballot that would have been cast for any other candidate.

Ex-Judge John F. Bingham, who died at the home of his physician, Dr. Chauncey M. Field, on Broadway, this city, yesterday morning, as told exclusively in yesterday's PRESS, had been a well-known counselor of Jay Gould since the Plank-Gould partnership of the early seventies. Judge Bingham lived at 178 West One Hundred and Fifth street, New York City. He was born in Newburg, N. Y., forty-six years ago, and moved to Bound Brook at an early age. Twenty years ago, he became Mr. Gould's confidential clerk, and secretary, with an office in the Grand Opera House. Subsequently Mr. Gould made him President of the Baltimore and Delaware Bay Railroad, a short line running from Chestertown, Md., to the Delaware State Line. When the Manhattan Elevated Railroad Company was organized, Judge Bingham was made its attorney, a position he held until his death. Besides Mrs. Bingham, he leaves one son and two daughters.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

GRAVE CHARGES AGAINST THE DEACON.

Young Women Complain of a Stirling Churchman's Behavior.

Alxander Cooper, deacon of the Presbyterian chapel at Stirling, a mountain village just back of North Plainfield, has been arrested on the charge of attempting an atrocious assault on Miss Ada Leonard, an estimable young lady of seventeen, within the sacred walls of the pretty edifice in which they both worshipped.

Deacon Cooper is out on bail for \$1,000, and his case will come before the Grand Jury of Morristown, May 6.

The deacon owns one of the finest farms near Stirling, and is reputed to be rich. His family consists of a wife, four daughters and two sons. The family is highly respected. Ever since the little Presbyterian church was built Alexander Cooper has been one of its most able supporters.

He is the senior deacon, a Sabbath-school teacher, and is closely identified with the church's interests.

It appears that the deacon attempted the assault in the vestibule at the side of the church, and was only prevented from accomplishing his purpose, it is alleged, by the timely appearance of constable Haney, who was attracted to the place by the girl's screams. It is said that the deacon's friends will make a strong effort to show that he has been insane for some time.

Besides the attempted assault, there are other serious charges against the churchman. Among them is that of writing letters of evil design to Stirling girls. One of these letters was to Miss Lillie Cozine, a highly respected young woman. It read as follows:

SATURDAY.
Miss Lillie Cozine:
Will you kindly meet, at chapel to-night, 7 o'clock sharp.
Strictly confidential. Burn up.
Yours truly, A. COOPER.

The girls invariably showed the letters, which were all of the same purport, to their mothers, and none of the appointments was kept.

The little Presbyterian chapel of which Cooper is senior deacon has for its pastor the Rev. A. Cushing Dill, who was on trial two days at Summit last March charged with being too familiar with some of his flock. The result of the trial was that the jury of ministers found him guilty of conduct unbecoming a minister, and he will leave the Stirling chapel next July. During Mr. Dill's trial Deacon Cooper, it is said, was one of his most persistent persecutors.

Miss Ada Leonard, the fair complainant against the deacon, is a comely brunette, with short hair, rosy cheeks, and a willowy figure. She is one of a large family of children. Her mother is a widow, Miss Leonard and one or two of her sisters work in the Stirling silk mill. The Leonards are hard-working people and have the respect of the little community in which they live. Their home is a plain cottage.

Mrs. Leonard, mother of Ada, burst into tears when asked for her story of the affair. "Last Tuesday evening," she said—"at about 8 o'clock, Deacon Cooper called at the house and asked Ada to meet him at the chapel at 7 o'clock. He wanted her to be there, he said, because there was to be service. I mistrusted that all was not right, as it is not usual to have service Tuesday evenings, and I didn't want my daughter to meet him at the chapel, because I had heard rumors about some of his strange actions. I concluded, however, to let Ada go, first sending for constable Haney and acquainting him with my suspicions and asking that he lie in hiding near the church. When the two reached the church they entered the vestibule at the side. Then Cooper asked Ada to bolt the door, but she refused. When inside the vestibule Cooper seized Ada and she shrieked and pulled away. He seized her a second time and she cried 'Murder!' Then constable Haney rushed in and found the man had hold of her. The constable caught her as she was about to faint."

Yesterday the family of the deacon had Dr. Ziegler of Mt. Bethel make an examination, the result of which was that the doctor formally declared the deacon insane.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell an editor to stop his paper because he "can't afford it," the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a great deal. And when he orders his paper stopped because he "hasn't time to read it," and then goes down and whittles a dry goods box for two hours, the editor may not say anything, but he thinks a great deal.

—The Patient Editor.

THE ELKWOOD CAFE

OPEN SUNDAY from 9:30 a. m.,

till 7 p. m.

TABLE d' HOTE—Dinner 5:30 till

7 p. m.

J. B. MILLER, Prop'r.

THE ELKWOOD, West Second Street, near Park Avenue.

415 H

Hires' Root Beer is essentially a temperance drink, and, as such, ought to find a place in every larder in the land. It is so cheap, too, a 50 cent package makes five gallons.

The Conservative Party. The Conservatives have called for a meeting at the Elks Club, on Monday, April 28, at 8 p. m. Sir James Baines, the Conservative candidate was elected by a vote of 1,205 to 1,105 for Henry (Gordon) Shee, Liberal. At the last election the late Right Hon. Cavendish-Bentinck received 1,316 votes to 1,110 for Shee.

Two of the Party Dressed. St. John, N. S., April 25.—A pleasure boat, containing a number of young people, capsized in the harbor during the morning, and two of the party, Nellie McAllister and Ethel Allen, were drowned. The others were rescued, some of them being badly bruised.

Shiloh's Cough Cure. This beyond question the most successful Cough Medicine we have ever sold; a few doses invariably cure the worst cases of Cough, Croup and Bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of Consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since the first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a test which no other medicine can stand. If you have a cough we earnestly ask you to try it. Price 10c, 50c, and \$1. If your lungs are sore, check your back lame, see Shiloh's Cough Cure. Sold by J. G. Miller, No. 10 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

MARRIAGES.

BLOOM—SPENCER. At the residence of the pastor, the Rev. James H. Barry, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, New York, Christopher L. Bloom to Miss Nellie Spencer, March 29, 1891.

DEATHS.

BENNETT—At Plainfield, N. J., April 23, 1891, Jacob Bennett, age 70 years, 10 months and 21 days. Funeral services from the residence of his son, John Bennett, North avenue, near Netherwood, Sunday, April 24, at 2 p. m.

GRAY—At Sampson, N. Y., Thursday, April 23, 1891, Mrs. Caroline Gray, wife of John Gray, 92 Westerville avenue, Sunday afternoon, April 24, at 4 o'clock.

PELTON—In North Plainfield, April 23, 1891, Robert F. Pelton, in his 29th year. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his father's residence, 92 Westerville avenue, Sunday afternoon, April 24, at 4 o'clock.

Arrived and Departure of Mails.
NEW YORK MAIL.
Arrive—1:30 a. m. and 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m.
Leave—5:30 a. m. and 11:30 a. m. and 8 p. m.
BOSTON MAIL.
Arrive—8:40 a. m. and 10:30 p. m.
Leave—9:30 a. m. and 11:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAIL.
Office open from 9:30 to 12:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 8:30 p. m.
R. R. FORD, P. M.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading are sent for each week insertion. Cash MUST accompany ads.

TREES and plants in great variety at Dunton's Nursery. 4-25-3

COW for sale, giving sweet milk of rich milk per day. At Dunton's Nursery. 4-25-3

WANTED—A flat or small house. Rent cheap. Location central. Address "Wanted" care DAILY PRESS.

WANTED—One or two rooms for an old lady. Call at Mrs. Louise Sullivan care Adk. Mrs. Ann Birmingham.

A FINE pair of carriage horses for sale. Apply to Geo. W. Rockwell, corner of North and Park avenues. 4-25-3

TO LET—First-class cottage, 9 rooms. All improvements, lawn, shade and garden. In neighborhood; 5 minutes from station at Westfield, N. J. John Ingram, Jr. Westfield. 4-25-3

3 ROOMS to let. 2 minutes from "Rendezvous" place. 4-25-3

A MAN wanted to solicit private families for New York State gilt edge dairy butter. Call at No. 24 Madison street. 4-25-3

FOR SALE—My residence, corner Myrtle and Girard ave., North Plainfield. Edward J. Waring. 4-25-3

WANTED—Salesmen. Permanent paying positions for intelligent workers. Write at once. Sullivan & Barry, N. Y. Hope Nurseries, Rochester, N. Y. 4-25-3

FOR SALE—A good (square) piano cheap. At 15 Jackson avenue. 4-25-3

COOK and landress wanted, colored preferred. Apply 209 West Seventh street, corner Monroe avenue. 4-25-3

WANTED—Two rooms for light housekeeping. Apply 41 North avenue. 4-25-3

SEWING-MACHINE Sewing Machines from \$5 up. Machines repaired, oils, belts, etc. 23 North street. 4-25-3

FOR SALE—Raspberry and strawberry plants. Get y cherries and other varieties, by the 100 or 1,000, at H. C. Campbell's, 509 West Front street. 4-25-3

BARNUM AND MEASLES.

"Critique" Tells a New Story About the Great Showman, and Talks of Woman's Ways in Measles Days.

A North Plainfield man tells a good story, and, what is more, a new one, about the late and only Barnum. It was in the old days, before the "greatest" was thought of, when the Broadway Museum was one of the seven wonders of the world. There came along some sort of a holiday and when the museum opened its doors, Barnum was delighted to see a great mass of pleasure-seekers rush in. They came and they came until the place was jammed and the morning only half gone. The museum stood on the corner of Broadway and Ann street, where the Herald office is now, and on this particular occasion both thorough-fares were blocked at noon by a crowd of eager people who couldn't get into the show because the halls were packed. It almost broke Barnum's heart when he looked out of his window and saw all those ten cent pieces ready and willing to drop into his pocket and yet go far away. He went into the museum halls and found the people there had been kind enough to bring their luncheons with them and proposed to make a day of it; they had seen all the freaks, to be sure, but they wanted to stay just the same and the good showman couldn't find it in his heart or his power to put them out. So he returned to his private office, shut the door behind him and sat down to think a way out of it. When Barnum put himself to thinking something generally came of it and, so it happened that he thought of an unused exit to the museum hall which led out to Ann street. He summoned his sign painter and gave him a few directions. In another half-hour the selfish people in the museum were surprised to see a sign hung over the entrance to a dark and mysterious passageway at the north end of the hall. The sign said:

"To the Egress."

Not one among that crowd could recall having seen an "egress," and filled with a mighty desire to view this rare freak of nature they arose, leaving their luncheons half disposed of, and flocked with one accord down the passageway to see the new curiosity. It was not until they found themselves outdoors that some of them remembered what an egress really was, and by that time the museum was filled with other visitors and the box office with other dimes. Barnum was a very hard man to lose.

The way most women act when some other woman's children have the measles and theirs are exempt is infinitely funnier than a play. An announcement that some ill-starred young one, upon whose future a mother has built her greatest hopes and dreamed her sweetest dreams, has been smitten with the prevailing epidemic is the signal for the isolation of the poor mother and a boycott is instituted that deprives her as completely of the comfort and assistance of her friends, so-called, as if her home were cursed by smallpox, spotted fever, Asiatic cholera or something equally murderous. The more daring of the women she knows will venture to speak with her a few words of ill-omen from the sidewalk fifty feet away and then, realizing the ghastly peril to which they have exposed themselves, hurry off and fumigate their clothes fearing to carry the awful infection into their own devoted families. But far the greater number of the women will not come near the house of terror and will prudently cross the street to pass it, holding their breath as they do so lest they inhale the poisoned atmosphere. I knew of one instance in which a family of three children belonging in this city were taken with scarlet fever while visiting in New York and a certain Plainfield woman refused to call at their home because she feared she might catch the fever. How she expected the contagion in New York to contaminate the house in Plainfield no one knew, but her convictions were strong enough to keep her away from the place for a long, long time. Of course, there are some sensible women, just as there are occasional reasonable men, but the majority of them go deaf when an incontinent malady strikes town and distant threatens their relatives. And it is all rank absurdity. It isn't as if measles were fatal, because in themselves they are not. The germs or bacilli or microbes, or whatever they may be, of measles, are in the air and the disease can be and generally is contracted without personal contact or anything of the kind. I heard two men arguing on this question last week; one saying that measles were in the air and the other holding that the disease could only be taken by contact, direct or indirect, with a sufferer. Finally the first man asked his friend from whom he supposed Adam and Eve caught the measles, and the friend collapsed. It is funny that a woman cannot comprehend that nine people out of every ten have got to go through the measles sooner or later, and understand that the sooner they have them the better. But they can't comprehend, I know; it isn't in them, and so the poor measles will go on through the limitless future branded with the awful stigma of woman's abhorrence, and held up before the fearful eyes of generations to come as a malady of the most dire, deadly and dangerous description, and the luckless measles germ will be misrepresented, misunderstood and slandered so long as woman lives.

And speaking of woman and germs reminds me of a conversation between two of our dear, bright, Chautauque-leaved girls which I overheard the other day.

They were getting pretty much lost in a wilderness of medical terms when one of them, resolving to reach at once the radical principle of all things, observed:

"Well, I don't care; but where do you suppose these horrible germs come from, anyhow?"

"From Germany, of course, you stupid thing!" snapped the other. And they didn't speak now, I hear. CRITIQUE.

New Jersey Real Estate.

The development of real estate continues to occupy more attention among investors in this State than any other form of speculative enterprise. There are no special indications that it is being overdone, and if a collapse should come it will be due to other causes, and a revival would be simply a matter of time. The conditions are strikingly different from those which prevailed in 1873. The speculation in real estate then was reckless, and it was largely due to the New York corporations which furnished the money. It was amazing how recklessly they loaned their dollars on mortgages, or rather it would have been amazing if it had not been known that their representatives in New Jersey were reaping great profits from their easy financial policy. That was the era of the second, third and fourth mortgage, of unpaid taxes, and of 1 per cent. payments on purchase. During the last two years New Jersey real estate in and near the cities has been developed to an enormous extent, but the loans made are on first mortgage and the purchasers are largely members of building and loan associations. The general prosperity of business in the last few years has enabled men to acquire homes of their own, and to live more comfortably, occupying entire houses. But the increase in population has been large also. There are various kinds of growth, and that of New Jersey in the last decade has been such as to add greatly to the wealth and to increase the number of homes. New Jersey has been able to show New Yorkers that they could get houses, pay commutation, have seats in the cars and be within an hour of their offices for a fraction of the cost for the same things in New York, and for less than Brooklyn required. Although most of the New Jersey railroads have been far from successful in grappling with the quick transit problem, they have given fair accommodations on the whole, and are arranging for better, and the business men appreciate it. The shrewd observers of New Jersey real estate transactions say that the inactivity from 1873 to 1885 has not yet been made up by the progress of the last five or six years.—Somerville Gazette.

WASHINGTONVILLE.

Wm. F. Spencer had 30 fowls stolen Thursday night.

A public library is soon to be opened at the Washingtonville public school. Mr. Gifford, the teacher, has already secured subscriptions amounting to \$30.

The many friends of Christopher Bloom are congratulating him on his marriage to Miss Bella Spencer, youngest daughter of W. F. Spencer. The wedding was a quiet one, only a few of the intimate friends of the contracting parties being present. The groom has a position of trust with the Long Island Railroad Company.

Without doubt the most wonderful remedy for pain is Salvation Oil. It sells for 25 cents.

Beverages of bachelors used to contain an alloy of painful anticipation on account of sleepless nights with the prospective baby, but Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup has made all that part a joy forever.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Brief notices will be inserted under this head free of expense, but must be delivered at this office not later than eleven o'clock on Saturday morning to insure publication.

A meeting will be held as usual at Mt. Pleasant on Sunday evening.

Workers training classes will meet at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow at 9:15 a. m. Visitors will be welcome.

The regular services of the Woman's Temperance Aid Society will be held as usual in Reform Hall, at 8:15 a. m. and 4 p. m., to-morrow.

At Monroe Avenue chapel to-morrow the Sabbath-school will meet at 3 p. m. Dr. H. K. Carroll.

Monroe Avenue chapel to-morrow. Sunday-school at 3 p. m. Preaching at 7:30 p. m. by Dr. Henry K. Carroll. Prayer meeting, Thursday at 8 p. m.

Cap. George D. Morrison will speak at the Memorial chapel at Washingtonville to-morrow evening. An unusually interesting address may be expected.

In the Congregational church West Seventh street, to-morrow. Morning service at 10:30. Sunday-school will meet at 9:15 a. m. The Christian Endeavor at 4:30 p. m.

At the First Unitarian church, Second place, to-morrow, the Rev. Robert Clark, pastor, will preach. Services will be held at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school will meet at 11:15 a. m.

Swedish Predikning. There will be a preaching service in Swedish at the Park Avenue church, to-morrow at 8:45 p. m. Seats free. All Scandinavians welcome.

The services in St. Mary's church to-morrow will be held as follows: Masses will be celebrated at 7:30, 8:30, 9:45 and 10:45 a. m. Vespers at eight o'clock p. m.; Sunday-school will meet at 9:30 a. m.

Services to-morrow in the German Reformed church on Craig place, North Plainfield, at 10:30 a. m. and at 8 o'clock p. m. Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m. Weekly meeting Wednesday at 8 o'clock p. m.

In the Trinity Reformed church, to-morrow, services will be held as follows: Preaching by the pastor, the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, at 10:30 and 7:30. Sabbath-school at 2:30. A cordial invitation is extended.

Services in the Park Avenue Baptist church

to-morrow will include preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Evening subject: "Little Taxes." Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. All are welcome, and seats are free.

Services will be held in the First Presbyterian church to-morrow, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., conducted by the pastor, the Rev. Dr. K. P. Ketchum. A special praise service will be held in the evening. All are welcome.

Grace church, April 25, fourth Sunday after Easter.—Early celebration at 12:30. Morning service and sermon at 10:30. Sunday-school at 2 p. m. Evening service at 4:30. Friday, May 1, S. S. Philip and James Day. Holy Communion at 10 a. m.

The Rev. George M. Anglemann, Jr., will conduct the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 4:15 p. m. Subject: "Morality versus Religion." Howard Case, Willis West and Eddie Brown, of the Boy Choir, will sing a trio. All men are invited.

"The Goodness of the Lord," Psalm xxxiv, will be the subject of the union gospel service to be held in the Methodist church, at Union Village, to-morrow evening. The meeting will be conducted by Charles B. Brown, assisted by several young men from our city.

Methodist Episcopal church to-morrow. The pastor, the Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell, will preach at 10:30 a. m. Subject: "The best answer to blasphemy." Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. Epworth League at 4:15 p. m. Preaching by the pastor at 7:30 p. m. Subject: "Why I am a total abstainer from alcoholic liquors."

The Church of the Holy Cross, the Rev. T. Logan Murphy, rector. Celebration of the Holy Communion to-morrow at 10 a. m. Sunday-school at 9:45; morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m.; Vesper service at 5 p. m. Service with holy communion on Friday at 10 o'clock, being the festival of Saint Philip and Saint James.

The First Baptist church will have their regular Sunday school to-morrow, as follows: 9:30 a. m.—prayer meeting for God's blessing upon all the meetings of the day. 10:30 a. m.—the Rev. D. J. Yerkes will preach. 2:30 p. m.—Sunday-school will convene. 7:30 p. m.—evening service for one hour. Strangers will be gladly welcomed.

At the First Church of Christ of Plainfield, to-morrow, Mr. Cleaver will preach. Morning theme: "How Much Owest Thou Unto My Lord?" Sunday-school at 2:30. Evening theme, selected. The Young People's League, Wednesday evening, will be led by Mr. Brown. Friday evening service will be held as usual. All are welcome to all these meetings.

The Warren Union Mission Sunday-school will meet to-morrow at 9:30. There will be a song service at 7:30. Preaching service at 8 o'clock, by the Rev. George Anglemann. Subject, "Unredeemed People." Christian Endeavor meeting Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, led by Walter Dobbin. A general invitation is extended to all who desire to attend these services.

Welcome Friends.

By a rare accident I was made acquainted with Dr. Deane's Dyspepsia Pills, and have used them for two years. They act gently and like a charm, correcting the secretion and preventing other diseases. I subscribe myself your friend, as your pills are welcome friends to me.

The Rev. J. M. Stevenson.

Hawthorne, N. J.

SLAVIN IS HERE.

Accompanied by Fugitive Mitchell, Who is Denounced by Jake Kilrain.

New York, April 25.—Frank Patrick Slavin, the Australian prize-fighter, or "Pat" Slavin, as he is better known in America, has at last touched American soil and is now fairly aching to get on a match with any fighter in the country. He arrived here on the Germanic, and if looks go for anything he should certainly be a good man. He stands 6 feet 11 inches in height, measures 49 1/2 inches around the chest, weighs about 200 pounds and looks every inch a fighter. Beside his splendid physique, Slavin has youth and Irish blood on his side.

Slavin is accompanied by Charlie Mitchell and Tony Moore.

Slavin's statement that he will remain in this country only 10 weeks is rather disappointing. Kilrain, who would probably be the first man to meet him, would have considerable work to do before he could fit himself for a hard mill. By the time he would be ready Slavin would be about leaving the country or have already gone, perhaps. Then the winner of the Corbett-Kilrain match, which does not take place until the latter part of May, would doubtless desire to meet Slavin also, but would not have time to prepare for another hard battle. But if Kilrain is in any kind of shape at present, he could be fit before very long.

Pony Moore and his son-in-law, Charley Mitchell, visited Miner's Eighth Avenue Vaudeville Theatre and occupied a box. During the performance Jake Kilrain, who takes part in the fight, was ushered into the box to be introduced to the party. Kilrain pleasantly greeted Moore, but refused to shake hands with Mitchell and made things quite interesting to the audience by loudly denouncing Mitchell as "no gentleman," and refusing to shake the hand of the English prize-fighter. Mitchell, who appeared to be exceedingly sentimental, cried like a baby when Kilrain scored him.

Sanito Domingo Wants Reciprocity.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—Senator Manuel de Gálvez, formerly Minister to Washington from Santo Domingo, has returned to this city in the capacity of a special commissioner to endeavor to negotiate a reciprocity agreement between San Domingo and the United States under the terms of the new tariff act. Senator Gálvez has not as yet presented his credentials to the Department of State, nor has he seen Secretary Blaine.

An Old Clergyman Dead.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 25.—Rev. James Remington, the oldest clergyman in Western New York, died last night at his home in Akron, aged 90 years. He graduated at Williams College in 1838, and later from the Auburn Theological Seminary. In 1838 he was ordained by the Presbytery of Buffalo. He leaves three children.

Lord Churchill Off for Africa.

LONDON, April 25.—Lord Randolph Churchill left this city during the morning for South Africa. Lady Churchill and a crowd of the aristocracy gathered at the railroad station to bid him good-bye. He was loudly cheered.

Paris Workingmen Issue a Manifesto.

PARIS, April 25.—The May-Day committee of workmen of this city have issued a manifesto calling for the passage of an act making eight hours a legal working day throughout France.

Wife and Child Brought to Plainfield.

A party is applied for each month and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at drugstore; by mail, registered, 60 cents. 227 N. 10TH ST., NEW YORK.

Wife and Child Brought to Plainfield.

A party is applied for each month and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at drugstore; by mail, registered, 60 cents. 227 N. 10TH ST., NEW YORK.

Wife and Child Brought to Plainfield.

A party is applied for each month and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at drugstore; by mail, registered, 60 cents. 227 N. 10TH ST., NEW YORK.

Wife and Child Brought to Plainfield.

A party is applied for each month and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at drugstore; by mail, registered, 60 cents. 227 N. 10TH ST., NEW YORK.

Wife and Child Brought to Plainfield.

A party is applied for each month and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at drugstore; by mail, registered, 60 cents. 227 N. 10TH ST., NEW YORK.

Wife and Child Brought to Plainfield.

A party is applied for each month and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at drugstore; by mail, registered, 60 cents. 227 N. 10TH ST., NEW YORK.

Wife and Child Brought to Plainfield.

A party is applied for each month and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at drugstore; by mail, registered, 60 cents. 227 N. 10TH ST., NEW YORK.

Wife and Child Brought to Plainfield.

A party is applied for each month and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at drugstore; by mail, registered, 60 cents. 227 N. 10TH ST., NEW YORK.

Wife and Child Brought to Plainfield.

A party is applied for each month and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at drugstore; by mail, registered, 60 cents. 227 N. 10TH ST., NEW YORK.

Wife and Child Brought to Plainfield.

A party is applied for each month and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at drugstore; by mail, registered, 60 cents. 227 N. 10TH ST., NEW YORK.

Wife and Child Brought to Plainfield.

A party is applied for each month and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at drugstore; by mail, registered, 60 cents. 227 N. 10TH ST., NEW YORK.

Wife and Child Brought to Plainfield.

A party is applied for each month and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at drugstore; by mail, registered, 60 cents. 227 N. 10TH ST., NEW YORK.

Wife and Child Brought to Plainfield.

A party is applied for each month and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at drugstore; by mail, registered, 60 cents. 227 N. 10TH ST., NEW YORK.

Wife and Child Brought to Plainfield.

A party is applied for each month and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at drugstore; by mail, registered, 60 cents. 227 N. 10TH ST., NEW YORK.

Wife and Child Brought to Plainfield.

A party is applied for each month and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at drugstore; by mail, registered, 60 cents. 227 N. 10TH ST., NEW YORK.

Wife and Child Brought to Plainfield.

A party is applied for each month and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at drugstore; by mail, registered, 60 cents. 227 N. 10TH ST., NEW YORK.

Wife and Child Brought to Plainfield.

A party is applied for each month and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at drugstore; by mail, registered, 60 cents. 227 N. 10TH ST., NEW YORK.

Wife and Child Brought to Plainfield.

A party is applied for each month and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at drugstore; by mail, registered, 60 cents. 227 N. 10TH ST., NEW YORK.

Wife and Child Brought to Plainfield.

A party is applied for each month and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at drugstore; by mail, registered, 60 cents. 227 N. 10TH ST., NEW YORK.

Wife and Child Brought to Plainfield.

A party is applied for each month and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at drugstore; by mail, registered, 60 cents. 227 N. 10TH ST., NEW YORK.

Wife and Child Brought to Plainfield.

A party is applied for each month and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at drugstore; by mail, registered, 60 cents. 227 N. 10TH ST., NEW YORK.

Wife and Child Brought to Plainfield.

A party is applied for each month and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at drugstore; by mail, registered, 60 cents. 227 N. 10TH ST., NEW YORK.

Wife and Child Brought to Plainfield.

A party is applied for each month and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at drugstore; by mail, registered, 60 cents. 227 N. 10TH ST., NEW YORK.

POSITIVELY COMING!

In a State of Endless Glory!

The Colossus of Christendom!

THE

FRANK A. ROBBINS

STURGEON

NEW SHOWS

(INCORPORATED)

The Grand, Great and Uncomparable

WILD WEST

Roman Hippodrome

AND UNPARALLELED

ATHLETIC CONGRESS!

Will Exhibit at

PLAINFIELD

On THURSDAY, MAY 7, 1891.

The Exciting Wild West Exhibition is rendered by the united efforts of over 150 mounted and footed warriors, including tribes of Sioux and Comanches.

INDIANS,

Bucks, Squaws and Papooses.

COWBOYS,

Scouts, Trappers, Hunters, Gunmen, Cow Girls, Prairie Riders.

MEXICANS!

Vaqueros and Caballeros; Rifles, Shot Guns and Revolvers.

Beautiful Mustangs!

Wolves, Prairie Dogs, and Vulpes, Bucking, Biting Bronchos, dexterous Lasso and Lariat throwing.

PERFORMANCE DAILY. Afternoon at 2 o'clock; Evening at 8 o'clock.

Admission, 25 Cents.

The Grand Street Parade will start from the show grounds at 10 a. m. on the day of exhibition, and proceed through the principal thoroughfares, and a splendid Free Grand Exhibition will be given immediately it returns to the grounds. 4 15 2m

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

13 Park Ave.

LEDERER,

Would call special attention to his elegant selection of

Ladies' Trimmed Hats & Bonnets,

Which, by far, the Largest and Handsomest we have heretofore shown. Also, a complete line of Undergarment Hats.

A beautiful selection of FLOWERS, of every description; Millinery Ornaments, Tip, etc. Miss MATTHEWSON, who so successfully conducted this department, last season, has again been engaged by us.

In our CLOAK Department we are showing a very large assortment of Jackets, Blouses and Rebeckas, at correct prices.

The large and well-appointed room which we devote exclusively to Cloaks and Millinery, enables us to display them to better advantage than heretofore.

LEDERER'S,

West Front Street.

415 2m

IF YOU ARE GOING TO BUY A SUIT,

Or OVERCOAT, or anything in the line of

SPRING CLOTHING,

This season remember, that we are in the business, simply and purely. No promises to do what we know we cannot do; no expensive gifts to lure you into inferior articles, but

FOR SUNDAY READING.

"THE GREATEST OF THESE."

Look not then dimly through hot tears,
Down the dark vista of the years,
Nor break thy heart with weary sighs,
For all that dies
But turn thy back upon the night,
Thou hast three friends, with faces bright,
Who yet shall lead thee into light.

None needs must go. Speak thy farewell
To him who, in his hermit cell,
Searches the depths for mysteries
And prophecies.
Nor cling to him who gives thee pain,
With showers of words that beat like rain.
Dismiss him; better friends remain.

Walk by his side ever, thought-lined;
Bids to thee show, sternly kind;
Things wonderful has he to show
And make thee know.
But knowledge, though he lead thee far,
From height to height, and star to star,
Is not thy friend, as others are!

They shall all vanish—these abide,
Faith, lofty-browed and eagle-eyed,
Open to the invisible;
Which deep things dwell,
Looks thy heart, and give thee place!
She sees through mist, God's shining face,
And crows thee with an angel's grace.

And Hope, fair Hope, has ever been
A comfort, with voice sweet,
Who holds thee close, and in the storm
Keeps thy heart warm;
Wouldst thou be strong, and brave and free?
In now or then, keep her with thee,
The very light of day she is!

Not greatest, liveliest of the three,
Is tender, grand-eyed Charity,
The heart that finds her ends its quest,
In perfect rest.
Oh! hold her, keep her, in thy care,
For earth like Heaven is rich and fair,
If love be with thee everywhere!

—Marianne Farnham.

SHOULD BE ENLIGHTENED.

To Be Guided by Conscience Without En-

lightenment is Usually Dangerous.
John Foster says of conscience: "It is a relation of the King of Heaven; we should not be in its society without a solemn regard to it. It has been called 'God in man.' It is the second 'great light,' the moon of the soul. It is that which tells us what is right and wrong in reference to ourselves. It has no reference to others; it simply refers to the operation of feeling and judgment on ourselves; and it asserts its right to look at and examine everything in man. It is placed there not to let everything pass for right.

It need scarcely be said that the conscience is not infallible. It needs enlightenment. Some of the vilest things in the world have had the approval of men's consciences. Paul's conscience approved his acts of persecution. He says: "I verily thought within myself that I ought to do many things contrary to the name of Jesus of Nazareth." So persecutors have been conscientious. Bigots are generally conscientious. The most troublesome people in churches to-day are remarkable for a constant avowal of their homage to their consciences. In many cases a great deal of ignorance is allied with a great deal of conscience.

A good conscience in quality will only be found in men who have a large knowledge of God's word and form their judgments under its guidance. A conscience which is guided by the example of others will be defective in its judgment of what is good or evil. So also the conscience by its familiarity with abounding sin may deteriorate. Men can easily put their prejudice or predilections in the light of conscience. In these ways Satan is often "transformed to an angel of light." We shall only be surely right as with unbiased mind we accept the teaching of the Bible.

"Through Thy precepts," says the Psalmist, "I get understanding, therefore I hate every false way."
And this good conscience as a possession will only be had as there is a full surrender to its authority. There can be no true peace in a man's save as he follows that which he knows to be right. "Conscience," it is well said, "makes cowards of us all." Fearless men can not be, when they bear a witness within themselves of wrong-doing. And conscience is a prophet, and however determined men may try to disbelieve its threatenings they can not possibly silence its voice as it testifies of retribution. To fight against it is to beat the air.

Let conscience, however, have its rightful way and it will cause us to regard our relations to God and our neighbor that there will be right living and right action. Then, the peace of God will rule in the heart and we shall find it possible to live peacefully with all men. To have "hearts sprinkled from an evil conscience" an inestimable blessing. Truly happy are they who can say: "We are persuaded that we have a good conscience, desiring to live honorably with all men."—Christian Inquirer.

A SAFEGUARD TO CHARACTER.

Harm Can Not Come Unless the Enemy Enter the Innermost Sanctuary of Our Lives.

One of the strongest influences in the formation of our characters is our relation to other people; no outside influence can so make or mar our happiness as our mental attitude to the world about us. Our worst enemy can not harm us until he is allowed to enter the holy of holies, the innermost sanctuary of our lives, changing our feeling toward the world, lessening faith, changing trust to doubt, interest to indifference, "love of mankind to selfish distrust which narrows our opportunities to give or to receive that measure of inspiration that comes from free intercourse, free companionship. The eye of the master saw the angel in the block of marble; the maker of plaster images would see only the hardness of the material, the labor necessary to reveal the angel, even if he could comprehend the ideal of the master when revealed. We get from life, what we put into it, in all our relations to man. The man who thrusts us out from our well-earned position does not defend us beyond our purse unless we permit him to throw his evil shadow over our spiritual vision, and cease to see men clearly because of this shadow. The man who for selfish ends defeats our best-laid plans is not victorious until we let his acts place all

men on his level, until we permit his act to color our thought of other men.

We are sometimes to blame for the defects that limit our ambitions, because we have not made true estimates of character. We have called gilt gold, and by our mistaken estimate have put in circulation counterfeit coin. When we learn its nature, should we be surprised, having accepted our first estimate, to find our world acting upon it, and slow to understand our changed relationship? And people are so many-sided that it is quite possible for truth and falsehood to be revealed in the same character.

How often, when traveling where a high mountain is in sight, we are struck with the changes, not of atmospheric effects, but in the mountain itself—grand when seen from one point of view, graceful as a hill with rolling outlines when seen from another, tame as a hillock when seen from another! The mountain has not changed, but we have seen it from different levels, from different angles, and our estimate as to its height and beauty have changed with each view, unless we have seen mountains before from the decks of steamers or the windows of railway trains; if so, we are prepared for the phenomenon. So with people. If we let a new view of character limit our faith and trust, even though through this revelation our dearest hopes may be checked, our ambitions defeated, disaster comes from it only when it changes our relation of peace and trust with all mankind; when it becomes an influence on our own characters.—Christian Union.

OUR SELFISHNESS.

We Have Only a Fading Interest in the Sad Misfortunes of Others.

Our interest in the misfortunes of others is likely to be measured by our personal esteem for those who are newly in trouble, rather than by their needs, or by their personal relation to others. We read of a railroad accident. Quickly our eyes run over the list of killed or injured, and it is with a feeling of relief that we find no one of our dear ones named there. If, indeed, there be no name which we have heard before, no neighbor or prominent fellow-citizen mentioned in that list, the accident seems a less important one than we feared. And if it be shown that no passengers were among the injured, but only employees of the railroad company, the whole thing is likely to pass from our mind as a matter hardly worth another thought. Yet why should we feel that our circle of affection or of acquaintance is alone of importance to us? Why should we fail of being impressed by the thought that every one of those killed or injured was a center of interest and of influence in a circle as important as that of which we are a center? Why should we not realize that it is true that it is an employee of the company who was stricken down, decreased the probability that a needy home was bereft of its support, and that stricken hearts had now the double burden of sorrow and of want? It is a selfish measure of misfortune that is gauged by its effect on ourselves and our dear ones. If we would look far outside of ourselves in our thinking and would consider how other hearts are affected by the misfortune that attracts our attention, it would seem a very different matter to us. And if we would but think of those who are newly sorrowing as those who are dear to our friends and who are commended to us as His representatives, we should find that our relation to them is closer than we had imagined. It is true that we can not take the whole world into our hearts; but it is also true that we ought not to think and feel as if there were no world of importance outside of our personal circle of acquaintance.—S. S. Times.

CHOICE SELECTIONS.

—As we live on God's bounty we should live to His glory. — Chicago Standard.

—Love always takes off its coat when it goes to work.—Ran's Horn.

—If we who have no inclination to learn more will be very apt to think that he knows enough.—Powell.

—There is strength deep-bedded in our hearts, of which we reek but little till the shafts of Heaven have pierced its fragile dwelling. Must not earth be rent before her gems are found?—Mrs. Hemans.

—It seems easy to glorify God in worship and acts of great self-sacrifice, but it requires a high degree of conservation to the command: "Whether thou go, ye eat or drink, or whatsoever ye do, do all to the glory of God."—United Presbyterian.

—He who has acquired the art of making the best of everything will make everything best, and will hence, relatively to his thoughts and feelings, have the best of all time. He will of course be a contented and happy man, no matter what may be the environment of his earthly condition.—N. Y. Independent.

—The Bible speaks more than once of the wings of the Almighty. Those wings are broad wings. They cover up all our wants, all our sorrows, all our sufferings. He puts one wing over our cradle, and He puts the other over our grave. Yes, it is not a desert in which we are placed; it is a nest.—Talmage, in N. Y. Observer.

—There is a Divine purpose in every-day life. We may not easily discover it, but we come into God's kingdom for some service. It is necessary that we seize our opportunities, for they soon vanish. If we do not recognize our place and fulfill our services we shall be unfaithful to the noblest trust and miss the grandest rewards.—Christian Inquirer.

—It is no use saying that we love our fellow-men, unless we try to help them; and it is no use pretending to sympathize with the heavy burdens which darken their lives, unless we try to ease them and to lighten their existence. Inasmuch as we have more practical experience of life than other men, by so much are we bound to help their inexperience, and share our ailments with them.—Gen. Booth.

VEGETARIAN AS FOOD.

Vegetarians are frequently told that their diet is insufficient to maintain a proper amount of strength for hard labor; but let us ask where the ox gets his strength? He is a strict vegetarian. By examining a table of food values it will be found that meat is not really the most nourishing food. All the grain preparations are three times as nourishing as meat, and the same is true of peas and beans. A pound of beans contains more of the albuminous elements than a pound of beefsteak. Besides that it has additionally fifty per cent. of the carbonaceous elements for the production of heat and strength, whereas meat is almost entirely deficient in carbonaceous elements. From careful computation of the flesh foods and the vegetable foods, respectively, as given in a standard table of values, it is found that flesh foods are only two-thirds as nourishing as vegetable foods, while they require one-third longer for digestion. So, really then, vegetable foods are not only the most nourishing but the most easily digested and therefore of the greatest value.—Dr. J. H. Kellogg.

—Comparing Notes.—"Did you hear the new play at the Theatrical last night?" "No. I saw it. Theater party. Did you see the new play at the Historical?" "No. I heard it. Hat."

A FIRE AND A LIFE.

A Sad Story Which Will Come Home to Many Hearts.

Fire! Fire! Fire!
How the alarming cries, and wild clanging of bells thrill you with the horrors of imperiled life!
A house, a home on fire, strikes terror to the soul, and how eagerly you leap to assist in extinguishing the flames, even although the effort be futile, and only a charred and skeletoned ruin remains.

How well you know, and how many times you have thought it, that the sure time to put out a fire is in the beginning—when the flames are small and the pressure of the foot, even, cannot pass them out.

And yet, although you know this, although you fully realize the necessity of quick work in the danger of delay in case of fire, in those instances fires of disease which break out in our bodies, and which threaten our health and life, you are stupidly or ignorantly careless.

Do you not know that as the small flames in a house, if allowed to progress, will soon wrap the whole structure in ruin; so the little and apparently trivial ailments and symptoms which undermine our health, if allowed to develop, will soon involve the body in fatal disease?

A little hacking cough, slight fever attended with more or less prostration, will, unless arrested, result in the fires of Consumption.

A weakness from Spring debility, loss of appetite, indigestion, biliousness, etc., will in time kindle the fires of Physical Exhaustion.

Headache, loss of memory, confused and dull and heavy feeling in head, drowsiness during the day and wakefulness at night, gloom and depression of mind, sense of exhaustion after mental exertion, a feeling of irritability, crossness, or discouragement are sure signs of the approach of that terrible fire of the brain—Insanity.

Gold feet and legs, weakness and weariness of limbs, trembling, numbness or pricking sensation, are the sure precursors of PARALYSIS.

Headache, loss of memory, confused and dull and heavy feeling in head, drowsiness during the day and wakefulness at night, gloom and depression of mind, sense of exhaustion after mental exertion, a feeling of irritability, crossness, or discouragement are sure signs of the approach of that terrible fire of the brain—Insanity.

Will you allow the fires of disease to overwhelm you when you can easily stamp out the struggling flames, and by arresting the symptoms now could all danger?

How, do you ask?
By the use of that great remedy for nerve, brain and blood—Dr. Greene's Nervine, which physicians, druggists and people everywhere acknowledge as the greatest medical discovery of the century, the sure restorer of strength, vigor, power and health to the weakened and exhausted system.

SOMETHING TO LIVE FOR.

The Pleasure Accorded by the Prospect of proper feeding for dinner.

When I was a young man, said a man a few days ago, my mother never used to let me know what kind of pudding we were going to get for dinner. And there was a lot of youngsters in that family, too; youngsters in roundabouts and youngsters in petticoats, and life never lost its charm for them, because each day unfolded a mystery that touched life in its dearest aspect—the pudding for dinner. There was maternal wisdom for you! All day long there was something to speculate about, and to be vaguely glad over, as children can be, without quite remembering what it is that makes them glad. And it wasn't the pudding alone, though, to be sure, any healthy stomach, young or old, can derive an amount of optimism from a pudding in prospect that would put to the blush many grown persons, with a fortune in prospect. It was the not knowing. Mystery was the finest and most potent flavor that went into the sauce, and the best of the pudding was in the anticipation. Why, they ate pudding all day long, these wisely-mothered children, and when the pudding moment actually came they were in a state of uncertainty and rapturous expectation that would glorify the most commonplace batter that was ever beaten up out of eggs and flour into such a pudding as the lips of children never touched before. And so there was something to live for and be glad over all day long, until the moment of realization came, and after that it was bed time and then morning and another pudding.—Chicago Journal.

—Comparing Notes.—"Did you hear the new play at the Theatrical last night?" "No. I saw it. Theater party. Did you see the new play at the Historical?" "No. I heard it. Hat."

—Benevolent Citizen.—"You should be ashamed, a man of your physical powers, to be beggared by a quarter. Tramp—'Ah! Possibly. How would a half dollar harmonize with my prowess?'—N. Y. Herald.

PASTOR KENNEDY'S NERVE TONIC

St. Vitus Dance Cured!
SAN ANTONIO, CALIF., Oct. 1890.
My boy, 13 years old, was so affected by it, that he had to be taken to the hospital. I bought a bottle of Pastor Kennedy's Nerve Tonic, and he is now attending school again.

The Best in the World.
Provided Pastor Kennedy's Nerve Tonic for my son, who was out of his mind for some time, but came back to his senses after taking it. I consider it my duty to speak in the highest praise of this remedy for nervousness and sleeplessness.

Our pamphlet for free to any address, and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge from us. For the past ten years, and is now prepared under his direction by the

ROCKING MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO, ILL.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.
Price \$1 per bottle. 6 bottles for \$5.

R. H. Stoll, Druggist, Agent, Plainfield, N. J.

Save Money on Meat.

Beginning Monday, Apr. 13.

I shall do a strictly cash business at my meat market.

94 Somerset Street.

DELI-CIOUS FRESH, and first-class cuts will be given, for spot cash. Finest satisfaction guaranteed, as a service to you.

CHARLES ARNOLD, (Successor to H. S. Smalley).

J. T. VAIL, REAL ESTATE, AND INSURANCE, 48 NORTH AVE.

DEALERS IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING, &c.

Children's Caps.

IN GREAT VARIETY. Also, New Fancy Goods, Fancy Work Materials, Cleanest Quality of Black Stockings, Notions and Workings.

Huyler's Candy.

C. E. CLARKE, 9 East Front St.

1237

B. J. Barnes

FLAXED AND LEMON COUGH DROPS.

Opposite Postoffice.

Willcox & Gibbs

S. M. CO.

Orders left at

10 GROVE STREET.

Will be promptly attended to.

NEEDLES, OIL, &c.

V. A. WELLS, Agent.

The Reina Victoria Segar

Is an ELIGIBLE FOR THE SEAGAR.

At the Crescent Parlor.

22 North Avenue.

Notary Public for New Jersey.

M. J. COYNE, CUSTOM TAILOR.

Clothes Cleaned, Repaired and Re-Trimmed and Pressed, as GOOD AS NEW!

Millar Building, 4th St., near Park Ave.

1219

BROWN & HILL, Shaving and Hair Cutting Parlors.

(Formerly Brown's), 30 North Avenue.

Special attention paid to Children's Hair Cutting.

2404

J. V. BERKAW, (Successor to Geo. W. Force).

11 West Front Street, Calls for special attention to his

NEW SPRING STOCK

Boots and Shoes,

Comprising a complete line of all grades and qualities at Current Prices.

Union Market, 17 WEST FRONT ST.

The subscriber informs his friends and the public in general that he has opened a

Meat, Vegetable, Butter & Egg Market,

at the above stand, where he is prepared to furnish the best quality of articles at reasonable prices.

Four patronage is solicited.

Respectfully yours, JACOB VOENL, 127

REMOVAL!

I have removed my shoe store from No. 6 Park Avenue,

(Store formerly occupied by M. East.)

Where I hope to see all my old friends and many new ones.

Special Inducements in Prices!

NEW GOODS! NEW STYLES!

My friends, and the public generally, are invited to call and inspect my stock before purchasing.

A. WILLETT, 2114

A Card to Our Friends

We desire to call your attention to the fact that we now control the entire

Grocery Business.

Corner of Broadway and Sixth Street, formerly conducted by Emilio, Taylor & Newman, where we shall be pleased to meet you.

Thanking you for past favors, we hope to merit an increase of the same.

April 2, 1891.

NEUMAN BROS.

123-12

FISCHER PIANOS

ESTABLISHED 1840.

RECOMMENDED FOR TONE & DURABILITY MODERATE PRICES

EAST TOWN, PENNSYLVANIA.

DELIVERED FREE WITHIN 50 MILES OF NEW YORK CITY Catalogue Mailed on Application.

110 Fifth Ave., cor. 16th Street, NEW YORK CITY.

447

Everything for the Garden!

Othello Ranges.

House Furnishing Goods.

Choice Clover and Timothy.

Hardware, Plumbing & Tinning.

A. M. GRIFFIN, 13 East Front Street.

TELEPHONE 644 C.

DO YOU WANT YOUR FEET

To Have a Good Time?

Keep Them Clad in

Kenney's Shoes!

Plainfield's most satisfactory market for Foot-Wear is

KENNEY'S, Front Street and Park Ave.

The Shoes KENNEY sells are Reliable, Durable, Inexpensive.

644

THE INDEPENDENT

Woman's Exchange

5 PARK AVENUE.

Persons wishing to become members, will call at the earliest opportunity.

Mrs. W. L. FORCE, 121

NO CIGARETTES SOLD!

But any kind of a SUGAR you desire can be purchased Wholesale and Retail at

Dobbins' Sugar Store, 37 North Avenue, Opposite R. R. Station.

Re-manufacture them and know what the result is.—THEY THEM.

A Box of Tooth Powder, FREE!

To All Scholars Having Their Teeth Cleaned at

Dr. CHAS. R. THIERS' Dentist, 21 West Front Street.

121

EDWARD C. MULFORD, 42 North Avenue.

Opposite Station.

REAL ESTATE INSURANCE.

TRY OUR

Queen & New England Bread

HENRY LIEFKE, No. 27 WEST FRONT ST.

1204

--No. 8--

PARK AVENUE, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

STAMPING!

PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS ETC.

THE LYRIC, Is the Best 10-cent Segar now being sold in Plainfield for the money, and

N. H. GUTTMAN, 12 West Second St., Plainfield, N. J.

Amphion Hall Segar Store is the only man selling them.

The box containing three Segars, (100 in number) is a Musical Box, playing two tunes, or airs. Each purchaser of three segars (25 cents) is given a coupon, entitling him to a chance to draw said musical box.

6-12

The Headquarters

For Base Ball and Tennis Goods, Croquet, Express Wagons, Velocipedes, Garden Sets, Fishing Tackle, Hammocks, etc., is at

Joseph M. Harper's, No. 75 PARK AVENUE, 24 steps South of 4th Street, Plainfield, N. J.

6-12

BUY YOUR

BABY CARRIAGES!

WINDOW SHADES, Etc., at

FAIRCHILD'S, 21 and 23 E. Front Street, next to P. O.

6-12

Mrs. STEPHENSON has resumed the manufacture of Ice Cream and Water Ices, and will guarantee perfect satisfaction and prompt delivery of all orders