



AS THOUGH  
YOU BOAT,  
THE PRESS  
WILL BRING  
FROM HOME  
THE NEWS OF  
EVERYTHING.

# THE DAILY PRESS.



FROM HOME  
IS SURE  
UNLESS  
BY EACH  
DAY'S MAIL  
IN SEET  
THE PRESS.

ESTABLISHED MAY 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1894. TWO CENTS A COPY. \$5 A YEAR.

**IF YOU WANT**  
Good Oats, go to W. J. Tunison.  
If you want good feed, go to W. J. Tunison.  
If you want good flour, go to W. J. Tunison.

**W. J. TUNISON.**  
J. W. VAN SICKLE,  
Dealer in all kinds of  
Fresh & Salt Meats, Oysters, Clams, &c.  
CAME IN SEASON.  
New No. 123, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J.  
Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and delivered promptly.

**Cut Flowers**  
Fresh every day. Floral design work a specialty, using only the best material and choice of flowers at lowest prices. A large assortment of everything for the garden.

**A. E. LINCOLN,**  
226 PARK AVENUE.

**Lusardi & Co.,**  
No. 120 North Ave.  
Will be pleased to serve their friends and the public generally with first-class fruits and confectionery, cigars, etc. Fresh roasted peanuts every day. Fruit, French stores 285 West Front St., and Front and Somerset streets.

**J. T. VAIL,**  
Real Estate and Insurance,  
177 NORTH AVENUE.  
Blue Stone Flagg, No. 934

**M. M. DUNHAM,**  
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7 East Front Street.

**NEUMAN BROS.,**  
Grocers,  
Washington Avenue,  
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**PLAINFIELD SOUVENIR**  
SOLID SILVER SPOONS.  
**COLLIER'S,**  
103 PARK AVENUE.  
ESTABLISHED 1869.

**Jones & Co., Excavators.**  
Cemeteries and slabs thoroughly cleaned. Attention given to sanitary condition. Buildings, cellars, etc., disinfected. All work done under experienced management.  
JONES & CO.,  
Cemeteries built.

**Deane's Safe Deposit Vault.**  
LOCK BOXES  
From \$5.00 to \$10.00 a year.

**REMOVAL.**  
I have removed my watchmaking and jewelry business from Park Ave. to  
**142 North Avenue**  
Next to Walker's bakery, and shall be pleased to have my friends call.  
CALEB JACKSON.

**DEL MARVA FARMS DAIRY,**  
327 Washington Avenue.  
Our creamery now completed. We make our own butter; always fresh, always good. Acreated milk. Registered Jersey cattle.

**PASSAIC VALLEY DAIRY**  
PURE MILK from Jersey cows delivered at residence. Our Jersey Cream is rich and pure. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

**J. O. COOPER,**  
Plainfield, N. J.

**E. J. RICHARDS,**  
Proprietor of the  
**Gem Pharmacy,**  
Corner of 5th and Liberty Sts.  
Residence in the building is a light here is quickly answered.

**RICHARD SCHROEDER,**  
No. 215 Somerset St., teacher of  
**VIOLIN, PIANO AND ORGAN.**  
Graduate from Weimar Music School, Thuringia, Germany. Pupils solicited. 6 p m

**CODDINGTON'S**  
FURNITURE AND FRAMES  
**EXPRESS.**  
OFFICE: 10 West Front Street, at Park Avenue.  
Phone No. 102.

**PIANO**  
Piano for sale. Good piano, large room, country. Cheap. Call on 102 West Front Street.

**NEW EVIDENCE**  
Of Dr. Lighthill's  
Success.

A Flattering Testimonial From Col. John Dietrich, One of Plainfield's Oldest and Best Known Residents.

16 ARINGTON PLACE,  
Plainfield, N. J., July 17, 1894.

I am profoundly grateful to Dr. Lighthill for his speedy and radical cure of a most painful malady of over ten years standing. I deem it proper to say to all afflicted to place themselves under the care of this skillful physician and be permanently cured. I will cheerfully impart any information I possess when called upon.  
JOHN DIETRICH.

**A HAPPY EXPERIENCE.**  
The interesting testimony of Mr. W. E. Ditts, the Popular Passenger Conductor of the N. J. Central.

ROSELLE, N. J., July 1, 1894.  
To My Friends and the Public:

I take pleasure in calling public attention to the remarkable cure which Dr. Lighthill effected in my case. For the past ten years I had been afflicted with a severe form of piles which finally gave me the greatest pain and distress nearly all the time, and from which I could not obtain any relief, in spite of all my efforts.



Hearing of a number of cures which Dr. Lighthill effected in similar cases, I placed myself under his care, and I rejoice to say the effected a complete cure in my case and gave me new life in doing so, for I am sure that I could not have endured my misery much longer. And it will be a matter of importance to those who are suffering from this disease to learn the happy fact that Dr. Lighthill effected my cure without giving me pain or delaying me from work.

W. E. DITTS.

**A Card from Mr. T. R. VanZandt,**  
Of No. 304 and 306 Park Ave., Plainfield, N. J.

I certify with pleasure that Dr. Lighthill has effectively cured me of a most painful case of piles. For some time past I had been subject to its attacks but the last attack was so exceedingly painful that it completely upset my whole system. The pain extended to my legs and in many other directions, and made me so nervous that I could neither sleep nor lie down or move about without serious discomfort and distress. Such was my condition when I applied to Dr. Lighthill for relief, and I am glad to say that as soon as he took hold of my case, I began to improve, and in a short time I found myself completely cured. Dr. Lighthill has also effected a radical and permanent cure in a most terrible case of piles on my cousin, Mr. J. V. Z. Griggs, of Rocky Hill, N. J., whose grateful testimonial is in Dr. Lighthill's possession.

**T. R. VAN ZANDT,**  
304 and 306 Park Avenue.

**Dr. Lighthill**  
can be consulted daily (except Thursdays) on all OBSCURE, OBSTINATE AND COMPLICATED diseases of the human system of whatever name and nature, at his office and residence,

**No. 144 Crescent Avenue.**  
Deafness, Catarrh and Diseases of the Head, Throat and Lungs successfully treated. The most aggravated cases radically and permanently cured in a few weeks, without pain or detention from business, and all other rectal diseases are treated with equal success. Diseases of the Skin and Blood, Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Scrofulous Affections. Diseases of the Heart, Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys and Bladder are successfully treated, even when other medical skill has failed.

**THE CHEN WHEN SUNK**  
Fierce Battle Fought Between the Chinese and Japanese Forces.

Two Cruisers Captured by the Japanese—Another Reported Destroyed—One Thousand Men Were Drowned—Among Them German Officers—Statement by the Japanese Government—Interest Manifested at Washington—The British Lion Roars.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 1.—The battle between the Chinese and Japanese naval forces which was fought Monday, was a fierce one. The Chinese ironclad man-of-war Chen Yuen, the largest and most recently built ship in the Chinese navy, was sunk, and two Chinese cruisers, but by the Armstrongs at Elswick, were captured by the Japanese.

The two Chinese cruisers which were captured by the Japanese were the Chen Yuen and Ching Yuen. It is reported that another cruiser, the Foo Teching, was also destroyed. The Chinese fleet carried about 1,000 men, most of whom were drowned. Among the killed were two German officers attached to the Chen Yuen.

The Chen Yuen was a battleship of 7,400 tons displacement, carrying 14 12-inch guns. She was built for China at the Saito works. She was a sister ship of the Ting Yuen, and was the most powerful warship in the Chinese navy, with the exception of Ting Yen.

**JAPANESE STATEMENT.**  
Differences Which Led to the Rapture Between the Two Countries.

YOKOHAMA, Aug. 1.—The Japanese government has issued the following official statement: "Japan and China were approaching a settlement of their difficulties when China suddenly requested Japan to withdraw her fleet from Korea and to give a formal compliance with the Chinese demands by the July 30, otherwise the Chinese forces were to land and a sea advance upon the part of China was to be made. The Japanese government, in view of the friendly powers, agreed to the proposals in principle in amended form, at the same time declaring that the threatened Chinese advance was made on July 20, would be regarded as a menace to Japan."

The Japanese assert that the claim that the Kow Shing was flying the British flag is unfounded. They also deny with indignation the charges that the officers and crew of the Japanese cruiser that sunk the Kow Shing were brutal in their treatment of the Chinese sailors while struggling in the water.

**WAR NEWS AT THE CAPITAL.**  
Much Interest Manifested at the State and Navy Departments.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The news of the second naval engagement between the Chinese and Japanese ironclads, with its disastrous results to the Chinese navy, as revealed by press despatches, was read with great interest at the State and Navy departments and at the foreign legations, but not one line of additional news was received here by cable from any source.

The Japanese government has just received from the Japanese government the following graphic reports of the first great naval fight off the Korean coast between Japanese and Chinese men-of-war. It is positively stated that the Chinese gave the first provocation, and that the Chinese ironclad Sei Yen, which was one of the convoy, and which is the most powerful vessel in the Japanese northern squadron, fled after the exchange of a few shots.

One Chinese man-of-war was captured and one transport was sunk, as has already been stated, but none of the Japanese vessels was injured, as reported in telegrams from Peking and Shanghai.

**BRITISH LION ROARS.**  
The sinking of the Kow Shing Decried.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—The Standard denounces the Japanese for sinking the Kow Shing. It says:

"The pretext for the war are as flimsy as any ever advanced. If it further and more direct evidence is required, it will unquestionably be because the Japanese have resolved upon war and that nothing shall divert them from that policy."

The Standard warns the Japanese that if in the earlier stages of the fighting they carry off the honors, there is a patient and resourceful enemy about the Chinese coast that is likely to embarrass and even more powerful for than Japan. It advises the Japanese to awake to the probability that if the report about the Kow Shing is true Japan will also have to reckon with Great Britain, which has every reason to assert its position in the most uncompromising manner.

The Times says: Such explanations as Japan has put forth are certainly not of the sort that will diminish the indignation of China or gain the sympathies of other powers. The Japanese may have real excuses for the action of their sailors; if so, it is high time that they produced them, as the world is getting anxious to know.

**ENGLAND INTERESTED.**  
Wants a Detailed Report of the Sinking of the Kow Shing.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—Lord Kimberley, secretary for foreign affairs, has telegraphed to the British consul at Tien-Tsin for a detailed report of the sinking of the Kow Shing. The British government will probably ask the French government to get the commander of the French gunboat Lion to report on the affair.

The officials of the Japanese embassy here have telegraphed to Tokyo for an explanation of the Chinese charges that an unseaworthy transport was blown up.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

**Rolls Baking Powder**  
ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Chinese embassy here has received the confirmation of the report of a naval engagement on July 30. Some of the dispatches reporting the engagement are dated from Tien-Tsin, via Shanghai. The embassy here has received telegrams in communication with Tien-Tsin at present interrupted.

**MANNED BY BRITONS.**  
Owners of the Kow Shing Claim She Was a British Steamer.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—The manager of the Indo-Chinese Steam Navigation Company, which owned the steamer Kow Shing, stated that there is no room for doubt that that vessel was in every respect a British steamer, though she was in the Chinese government service. She was manned, he declares, by British officers, and carried the British flag. Besides the English captain the Kow Shing had four British officers, three of them engineers. The managers of the company say that the action of the Japanese in attacking the vessel was most extraordinary, seeing that their own government was at that time negotiating for the charter of steamers.

**RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.**  
It May Stay in the Air Until the Winter Session.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The tariff bill is not the only measure over which there is a deadlock between the houses of congress. The river and harbor bill, which is now in conference, is not only deadlocked, but it is intimated that it may either fall altogether or its further consideration be postponed until next winter. The conference on the bill of both houses has a uniform opinion that what occurs in the committee rooms. But the fact has leaked out that the house conferees have taken a determined stand and fully informed their senatorial associates that they will not consent to the increase made in the bill by the upper house.

The bill as it passed the house carried an appropriation of \$5,000,000 in addition to the \$5,000,000 provided for in the sundry bill to continue work under contract. This makes the total river and harbor appropriation for the next two years \$10,000,000 in round numbers. The senate increased the appropriation \$3,000,000. The bill has now been in conference for some days, and thus far the conferees have yielded only \$500,000. This is not enough to satisfy the representatives of the house. They insist that the bill as it passed the house be adopted, and as could have been expected, considering the depleted condition of the treasury.

**MISSIONARIES MISUSED.**  
An American Church Demolished by Chinese Soldiers.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 1.—From Hong Kong come reports which indicate that missionaries in southern and northern China are being molested by natives. A lot of disturbances occurred in Shek Lung near Tung Kuo on the Pei river on June 20. The American Presbyterian church was demolished by the heathen and one Christian killed. It is not known whether the victims were a foreigner or a native.

Chinese soldiers guarded the Catholic church, as at Kiang Yuen, where another anti-Christian disturbance occurred, and it escaped damage.

**YESTERDAY'S BALL GAMES.**  
National League.  
At New York—New York, 4; Boston, 1.  
At Baltimore—Baltimore, 11; Washington, 4.  
At Cleveland—first game—Cleveland, 12; Louisville, 10. Second game—Louisville, 12; Cleveland, 4.  
At Philadelphia—Brooklyn, 6; Philadelphia, 13.  
At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh, 11; Cincinnati, 10.  
At Chicago—Chicago, 9; St. Louis, 1.

**ATTENDANCE.**  
New York, 8,000. Pittsburgh, 1,900.  
Philadelphia, 1,900. Baltimore, 1,700.  
Cleveland, 1,000. Chicago, 1,400.

**Standing of the Clubs.**  
CLUBS W. L. P. C. CLUBS W. L. P. C.  
Boston 34 37 567 Philadelphia 30 38 520  
Baltimore 47 39 618 Cincinnati 30 41 493  
New York 49 31 613 Chicago 34 47 460  
Cleveland 46 34 575 St. Louis 35 50 412  
Brooklyn 42 38 545 Louisville 27 52 323  
Pittsburgh 45 38 543 Washington 34 57 306

**Hydraulic Canal Started.**  
NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Aug. 1.—The formal celebration of the starting of the work on the hydraulic canal, which is to supply 100,000 horse power to Love's Model City, near Lewiston, occurred yesterday. Some 2,000 persons were present at the ceremonies. They came in special trains from Buffalo and Rochester.

**Will Inspect the C. N. G.**  
HARTFORD, Conn., Aug. 1.—Major J. B. Babcock, assistant adjutant-general, U. S. A., located at Washington, D. C., has been detailed by the war department to inspect the Connecticut National guard in camp at Camp Bradley, Niantic, this month.

**A Guardian Society Disfranchised.**  
ALBANY, Aug. 1.—Deputy Attorney General Hogan secured from Justice Mayhall of the supreme court, an order annulling and forfeiting the privileges of franchise of the New York Guardian Society. The action was the result of the irregularities disclosed by the recent investigation into the society's affairs by the state board of charities.

**Ref. Dr. Wood Accepts.**  
BOSTON, Aug. 1.—Rev. Nathan E. Wood, D. D., of Brooklyn, who has received calls to succeed Rev. Philip Moxon as pastor of the First Baptist church, in this city, and also to the presidency of Colgate university, at Hamilton, N. Y., has accepted the former position. He will assume his new duties about Sept. 1.

**Eighteen Business Houses Burned.**  
EAGLE GROVE, Ia., Aug. 1.—Fire here destroyed eighteen business houses and two residences. Loss about \$70,000; insurance very light. The water supply was scarce and the fire department had a hard struggle to have the town.

**In Favor of Labor.**  
ALBANY, Aug. 1.—The prison committee of the constitutional convention took a vote today on the question of prison labor and decided in favor of labor, the product of which shall not be sold to the public.

**Minneapolis in Dry Dock.**  
PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 1.—The crack new cruiser Minnesota was with the same fate as her sister ship the Columbia, when she grounded in the Delaware river, and the new ship has three days in her bottom. The Minnesota was placed in the dry dock at League Island navy yard.

**No Cholera at Marseilles.**  
PARIS, Aug. 1.—The mayor of Marseilles officially denies that cholera is epidemic in that city. He says that the death rate is no higher now than it has been for two years, and that quarantine against the city is unnecessary.

**Madam,**  
your child needs  
up-building food  
generally—  
**H-O** Hornby's  
Oatmeal  
contains all the  
elements that go  
to make perfect  
development.

**HE WAS SHANGHAIED**  
Strange Disappearance of  
a Rich Pittsburg Man.

Followed by Detectives Around the World—After Two Years' Absence He Arrives at San Francisco—Said To Be Worth Nearly Two Million Dollars.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 1.—Among the passengers who arrived on the Great Horns was E. M. Byers, a rich iron manufacturer of Pittsburg, who came in company with Dr. Samuel A. Boyd, a physician, who has lately been traveling with him. According to the stories circulated Byers had for some time been abroad because of ill health, some say because he was not in his right mind. But another story has it that Byers' brother, who is his partner in the iron business in Pittsburg, is anxious to keep him abroad, there being a couple of million dollars concerned in it.

According to the story Byers was "shanghaied" from his home two years ago. His wife was in great grief and besought the brother to give some clue as to her husband's whereabouts. This he would not do. She then engaged detectives, supplied them plentifully with money, and urged them to use every endeavor to find him. They searched throughout the United States without avail.

A year ago they succeeded in locating him in Japan. When the detectives arrived there, however, Byers was gone. The detectives sent to bring him home followed him to Australia, China and the Hawaiian Islands. The sick man was finally followed back to Japan. The wife's detectives discovered by this time that Byers' brother had been using detectives and furthermore that he had a doctor engaged to travel with the missing man. Necessary legal papers were procured and Mrs. Byers' detectives took the invalid in charge and started back with him. All went well till they reached Honolulu. There the detectives employed by the brother attempted to prevent them from coming any further. They succeeded in getting away, however, and there was no more trouble until Byers and the detectives arrived here.

As a dispute arose between detectives representing the different interests, Byers was taken east on the overland, thwarting the efforts of his brother, who was trying to get out a habeas corpus. Byers had her husband taken from her in a peculiar way and by the same brother. He had been spirited away, and she had found him and was attending him in his illness. She stepped from the room for a moment, and when she returned he was gone. The doctor in attendance had been bought over by the brother, it is charged, and he, with the attendants, had taken the patient to the city of San Francisco.

**THE FULLMAN STRIKE.**  
Militia Withdrawn from the Town—No Further Trouble Expected.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—As a result of a conference between the Pullman company and the militia, the Pullman company, participated in by Adj. Gen. Ordendorf and Asst. Adj. Gen. Baylis, it was decided to call in eight of the twelve companies of state militia, depositing the First regiment and now doing duty between Fordham and Riverdale. This district includes the town of Pullman. Three will be stationed at Pullman. The leave to one hundred soldiers in charge of the town.

Mr. Wickes does not expect any trouble. He declined to say when an attempt to open the Pullman shops would be made, but it is believed that such an endeavor will take place this week.

Mr. Wickes did not oppose the withdrawal of the militia. He said the Pullman company would either resume operations with the old men or not at all. No attempt would be made at the present time to import new men.

**MURDER'S SENTENCE.**  
The Ship's Writer Severely Punished for His Conduct.

BOSTON, Aug. 1.—Benjamin F. Magie, ship's writer, who was charged with the United States steamer Dolphin, having been tried before a general court martial upon the charge of committing "outrages and crimes against the laws of good morals," and found guilty, has been sentenced to one year's imprisonment in the prison at Charlestown, to lose pay aggregating \$500, and at the expiration of his term was discharged on parole from the service.

**Forger Baker in Jail.**  
VINELAND, N. J., Aug. 1.—Horace D. Baker, the notorious forger, was committed to jail without bail to await further proceedings in his case. Baker had been in the Vineland prison for two years, and was known as John W. Ford. During his residence here he has committed a number of forgeries, and is charged with the forgery of a check for \$100,000, which was cashed at the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank of Vineland, N. J., on July 10.

**Woman Suicide Identified.**  
ORANGE, N. J., Aug. 1.—The woman who committed suicide here by drinking strychnine was identified as Mrs. Daniel Bradley, of 74 South Twelfth street, Newark. The identification was made by the woman's son and daughter. She was formerly an inmate of the Essex county lunatic asylum and was discharged on the 7th of July. She was sent to the asylum for melancholia. She had attempted suicide once before.

**Duel to the Death.**  
NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 1.—W. G. Randolph, parish treasurer of East Baton Rouge, and one of the most prominent men in politics and society in that parish, was shot and mortally wounded here by Dr. King Holt, city physician, who stands fourth in the number of votes in the social circles of the capital. Holt received bullet through the leg. Bad blood had existed between the men for some time.

**Killed by a Quarry Explosion.**  
CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—One man was killed, and two were fatally and several others seriously injured by an explosion of dynamite at the quarries of Delos & Shepard in Hawthorne yesterday. The man killed is said to be E. C. Clark, the superintendent of the quarries. What caused the explosion is not known.

**To Study Popocatepetl.**  
CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 1.—A party of scientists will leave this city to-day to make a topographical and geological study of the volcano Popocatepetl, which is the city of Puebla. The party goes by request of President Diaz, in view of attempts by an American company to purchase the mountain.

**Grand Rapids in Dry Dock.**  
PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 1.—The crack new cruiser Minnesota was with the same fate as her sister ship the Columbia, when she grounded in the Delaware river, and the new ship has three days in her bottom. The Minnesota was placed in the dry dock at League Island navy yard.

**Rebel Malaya Killed.**  
MADRID, Aug. 1.—The government at Malaya, under date of July 12, informs the state department that the chamber of commerce of that city has recommended the establishment of a new line of steamers direct from Amsterdam to New York.

**Rich for Governor of Wisconsin.**  
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Aug. 1.—The republicans of Michigan, after a bolt of one of their gubernatorial candidates, yesterday placed in nomination for governor, John T. Nick, of Elba.

**Giving the Anarchists a Chance.**  
ROMA, Aug. 1.—The government has issued a circular letter to prefects instructing them to refrain from prosecuting anarchists and socialists who are keeping within the limits of the law.

**Blocked by Sugar.**  
WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Mr. Springer went over to the senate side of the capitol yesterday to look up the situation and see what the chances were for the success of the house bill or a compromise. He returned to the house feeling very confident that there was no sign of weakening on the part of the senate.

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**BLOCKED BY SUGAR**  
Mr. Jones Says the Senate Will Not Surrender.

Representative Springer Reviews the Situation and Thinks the Fate of the Bill Will Not Rest With the Senate—Basis of Settlement Offered by the House Conference.

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"There have been all sorts of rumors about the bill," said Mr. Springer, "but the fact is that the senate would resist from the main items in dispute. I have looked carefully over the situation this afternoon and while I believe the senate conferees will be glad to concede the fate of the bill does not seem to rest with them. The more important question is how do Senators Gorman, Smith, Murphy, Brice, Camden, Faulkner, Fugh and Morgan feel about the matter. I have endeavored to ascertain some of the sentiments to-day and the result of my investigation convinces me that there is no sign of weakening on the part of these senators. They appear to be as zealous as they have ever been in behalf of the senate bill. I believe this congress will still pass a tariff bill, and I do not think the day of its passage is far distant."

When asked about his call for a caucus, Mr. Springer replied that he had more than enough to do, and that the caucus would be held only if the house conferees were to call it. He said that he had given much attention to the matter, but inasmuch as the date had been postponed Mr. Springer said there was still ample time in which to call a caucus.

In the face of investigation by Mr. Springer and the statements of senators recognized as leading factors in the senate "combination," a story is circulated to the effect that the house conferees offered their senate colleagues a basis of settlement for the three disputed items, to wit: Iron ore, to be placed on the free list, coal to be taken out of the free list, and a reduction of the duty on sugar from 10 cents to 8 cents. It is said that the senate conferees agreed to accept the offer, and that a treaty was signed to that effect.

This is not to be wondered at, for it is in the interest of protection and the protection of the Louisiana senators, both in caucus and on the floor of the senate. The senate by a vote refused to grant the bounty, and the house struck it out altogether. How it figures as a part of the conference agreement under such circumstances does not seem clear.

According to this same story it is said the senate conferees are anxious to accept the proposition, and that Senator Jones had a long conference with Mr. Smith, urging him to give his consent to its acceptance. Another story says that the conference committee journeyed, Messrs. Gorman, Vest and Jones held a long consultation in the room of the committee on appropriations at which this proposition is said to have received consideration.

Opposed to this story is another to the effect that at the conference in the morning, Mr. Jones gave the house conferees an ultimatum on the part of the senate. It was that upon the three items of coal, iron ore and sugar, the house must accept the senate bill, and that definite results must be reached within a short time. Several of the leading members of the conservative bloc denied with emphasis that the senate conferees would accept a proposition similar to that indicated above, or that any had been made. Such a resolution would, they say, be not a compromise, but absolute surrender, a concession to which the senate will not agree.

**Anti-Lynch Committee.**  
LONDON, Aug. 1.—The duke of Argyll, several clergymen and numerous members of the house of commons have taken the initiative in forming an anti-lynch committee, formed to act in concert with a similar committee in the United States. The idea was suggested by the duke of Argyll, who is treasurer and Florence Balgarnie secretary of the committee.

**First Execution in Fifty Years.**  
NORFOLK, Va., Aug. 1.—The first execution in Norfolk for fifty years took place noon yesterday, when Madison Brown, a convict in the state prison, was hanged for the murder of John Dillard. The execution was witnessed by about sixty persons and went off without a hitch. Brown was decidedly the coolest man in the crowd.

**Trying to Stop a Paper's Sale.**  
NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 1.—The local authorities have taken steps to prevent the Waterbury Globe matter and will endeavor to stop the sale of it in this city. Notices have been issued to local dealers, informing them that they are prohibited from procuring it, if they continue to deal in the paper.

**New Line of Steamers Likely.**  
WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Consul Downes, at Amsterdam, under date of July 12, informs the state department that the chamber of commerce of that city has recommended the establishment of a new line of steamers direct from Amsterdam to New York.

**High for Governor of Wisconsin.**  
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Aug. 1.—The republicans of Michigan, after a bolt of one of their gubernatorial candidates, yesterday placed in nomination for governor, John T. Nick, of Elba.

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**Rebel**











