PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS

Vol. 5, No. 70. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1886. Price Two Cents

WERNER'S

CLOTHING HOUSE,

No. 29 W. FRONT ST.

Will open in the Store formerly occupied by John H. French with a Large Line of

Mens Boys and Youths'

CLOTHING

and Gents Furnishing Goods

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 22d, 1886.

The GREAT Feature of this house is its connection with a large Wholesale Clothing House in New York which enables us to sell at

JOBBERS' PRICES,

thus saving one profit to the customer. Do not fail to call on us before making your Fall Purchases. No trouble to show goods. One Price and no deviation.

Gentlemanly Courtesy

A PRIVATE family having one room than they need will be one of two things—disagreeable or lonely. Should, on the second floor. Address P. O. Box 1095, or apply at 10 First Place. 17-3

FOR SALE or exchange—Very little cash required. Great bargain. House 12 rooms, improvements, stable, half acre of land, etc., if not sold by Oct. 1, prefer to rent; house of 9 rooms, stable, etc., to rent October terms, to separate tenant. M. M. Thom, opposite depot. North avenue. 21-3-1-w

FOUND—A Skye pup. Owner can recover it by proving property and paying charges. Call at 21 Park avenue after 6 o'clock. 21-1-1-

FASHIONABLE dressmaking at moderate terms. Miss Mc Nair, Second street. 20-3

FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS worth of second hand furniture wanted at Carey's at West Front street, Plainfield, N. J. 19-3-tf

LOST—On Monday evening between Carter's Hall and Second street a gentleman's ticket. A suitable reward will be paid on its return to care of Sentinel Office. 21-1

POOL TABLE—For sale cheap. Can be seen on E. Second street, on North avenue. 20-3

ONE HORSE POWER railroad track is good running order, for sale cheap. Address Box 300, Plainfield. 20-3

SQUARE to rent, North avenue. Apply J. F. Dey. 19-tf

TO LET—House and lot with or without land, to rent. Me to Jackson avenue, North Plainfield. 13-tf

TO LET—Furnished rooms for gentlemen only. Apply to Mrs. F. Dunn, 14 West Front St. 5-tf

WANTED—Permanent board for an old lady. Apply at 14 Madison avenue. 20-3

WANTED—A competent female teacher and assistant for a primary school. Apply to Mrs. Mrs. Wm. Hoodgood, 41 East Ninth S. 20-3

WANTED—A furnished house for small private family, for a term of years. Location and terms address, W., care of Evening News

Special Notices.

A VERY NARROW ESCAPE.

"Yes, I had a very narrow escape," said a prominent citizen to a friend. "I was troubled so much by a cough that my friends gave me up for a consumptive. I was induced to try Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, and it soon loosened the cough and I was cured. Only one dollar. Sold by all druggists. 19-3-1-w

BRASS AND STRING MUSIC

Furnished by Prof. F. Conde for balls, parties and picnics. Also, by the season, contracts for the Summer Gardens, on all business streets. Call on Mr. Conde, P. O. Box 1095. 19-3-1-w

FRENCH CUT FLOWERS.

A Supply for the trade, for weddings, parties and funerals. Also, on short notice, in the best manner, all kinds of floral work. Address A. M. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite Liberty street. 4-6-tf

NOTICE.

The books of the Overseer of the Poor contain a list of the poor entitled to aid. Call at the office of the Overseer, Mon. No. 10 Front street. LOUIS F. WADSWORTH, 14-3-tf Overseer of Poor.

FOR SALE CHEAP

A set of horse boots, hardly suitable for driving or a small hackney. Inquire of J. F. PERRITER, Vanderbilt Place, Or at J. W. Laing's Livery office.

GOOD PRICES PAID

For second hand clothing, every one-of clothing, also old gold and silver bought. Dental Gold a specialty. Address Lemon promptly attended to. 20-3-1-w

TAXI.

The Cedar Hill Market Plainfield, keeps the best meats, poultry, game, fish, oysters, etc. Choicest Family Groceries. Apply to J. E. Mills, Lady's Bridge, Cor. Cedar Place, on 4 to 6 p. m. 4-tf

TWO BOSDING COARS.

Inquire of Mrs. Dunn, corner of Sedgwood and Park avenue, corner of Sedgwood. 20-3-1-

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding date of last year, as kept at Beeler's drug store, corner of Front street and Park avenue.

1886.		1885.	
6 a. m.	65	6 a. m.	50
9 a. m.	65	9 a. m.	61
12 m.	66	12 m.	70
3 p. m.	68	3 p. m.	73

Ministerie Almanac.

1886

Sun Rises	5 47
Sun Sets	6
Moon Sets	11.25

JOTTINGS.

—A special meeting of the City Council will be held in the Council chamber at eight o'clock this evening.

—One week from Thursday the excursion of Perseverance Lodge K. of P. to Fairmount Park and Philadelphia takes place.

—The Middlesex County Grand Jury yesterday sent in a batch of ten indictments, which include cases of libel, slander, murderous assault and larceny. They will be tried next week.

—An apportionment was made yesterday at the City Hall, Elizabeth, of the city taxes thus far collected for the year 1886, amounting to $10,000. This will enable the police to get their April pay.

—The bare belonging to Sanford F. Roll of Rahway were destroyed by fire at an early hour yesterday morning. Mr. Roll succeeded in rescuing three horses. The fire is thought to have been caused by an incendiary.

—Constable Smith at noon yesterday began to serve the delinquent five tax warrants. He reports having met with but two or three refusals to pay promptly, and in each case payment was promised in a day or so.

—It will be clothing, say a dress, to put away in a dark closet or drawer, it will in time become yellow. But if it be placed in a box lined with blue paper, or even wrapped in dark blue cloth, it will come out as white as it ever was, no matter how long it has.

—Mr. C. W. Opdyke, whose team was reported to have knocked down and seriously injured a young son of Charles Brogan on Peace street yesterday morning claims that it was not his team which injured the boy, notwithstanding the report of others to the contrary. Mr. Opdyke says his horses were not out of the stable during yesterday.

—John H. French, having sold his ready-made clothing department to the Werner clothing house, will continue the merchant tailoring at the old stand, No. 29 West Front street. Mr. French says he will now carry a much larger stock than ever before of dry goods, cutting of English, French and American cloths, cassimeres and vestings of the latest styles and patterns, and that he will guarantee every customer a perfect fit or no sale, and offer every inducement in his power to prevent people from buying made out of town, thus making it profitable for them in every way to encourage home trade and thereby benefit their own home trade centre. He invites all to give him a call before making Fall purchases. See advertisement.

Probably Identified.

The mystery surrounding the death of the unfortunate man, "Patrick J. Halpin," who was killed by jumping from a passenger train at the Park avenue bridge several weeks ago, and whose remains were buried in St. Mary's Cemetery after unsuccessful efforts had been made to ascertain his home or the home of his relatives, has probably been cleared up, through the indefatigable efforts of Andrew E. Kenny, the President of St. Mary's T. A. B. Society, who, on the 20th of August last, while the victim's body was lying at Ford & Stiles' morgue awaiting identification, addressed a letter to the Parish Priest, and one to the Postmaster at North Strand, Drogheda, Ireland. Mr. Kenny also enclosed the full particulars surrounding the man's death, together with an account taken from The News, in an envelope addressed to "Julia," the signature to the letter found on the dead man's person. Last evening Mr. Kenny was the recipient of the following letter from Ireland:

NORTH STRAND, Drogheda, Ireland, September 5, 1886.

DEAR KIND SIR:—The postmaster is just after sending us your letter containing the very sad news of a young man being killed. We shall feel for ever grateful if you will add to your list of kindnesses by sending to every parishioner, as we are almost heartbroken fearing it is our own darling brother. The letter published was written by my sister, Julia. I enclose you the last address written by himself. It was thus our letter was addressed to him. We cling to the hope that some other person may perhaps bring it to him. Our dear brother is only in his 23d year and we think he was scarcely be by heavy. I am sure he was six feet high. He was fair complexion. In his last letter to us he had been in the dysentery and had to leave off work in consequence. He was born and reared in Newry, Ireland, and has a brother, a solicitor, living there. The poor fellow has neither father or mother and is only three years in New York. I am going to Germany and leave for Hull on Friday, and pray some dear-to-me word may arrive before I leave. You will have all our prayers for your great kindness. Hoping to hear from you per return mail,

I remain yours very sincerely,
SARAH RAVEN.

P. S.—My brother and all our family are Roman Catholics. S. R.

The following is the address above referred to, and to which a letter was written on receipt of the foregoing: "P. J. Halpin, care Mr. Michael Burns, 220 Market street, Newark, N. J., U. S. America."

More Burglars.

Within the past few weeks several unsuccessful attempts have been made to rob places on Madison avenue, but in each case the burglars were either frightened away soon after they gained admission to the place or were unable to find anything of great value. During Sunday burglars effected an entrance through a back window in the store of Moore, Lutkins & Hammer on Park avenue, and after rifling the money drawer they left through the back entrance, leaving the door wide open. Louis Mulford, an employee of the firm, says he opened the store as usual yesterday morning and found an unused money drawer locked, the counter opened. He says he thought nothing strange of that, as he for ever kept the money in a drawer in the office. An investigation disclosed the back door to be wide open and the drawer empty. Along with a dollar's worth of pennies and the safe-key were the only articles missing. The door of the safe had to be drilled open yesterday in order to get the books out. Mr. Mulford says the burglars must have gained an entrance in the daytime, as the shades in front were down during the day and hoisted at night.

St. Mary's Fair.

The interest taken in the fair now in progress in St. Mary's Hall for the benefit of St. Mary's church is unparalleled in the history of similar entertainment's gotten up under the auspices of St. Mary's church. Last evening the hall was filled with a well-disposed gathering bent on contributing their surplus cash to the success of the undertaking.

The Dramatic Association appeared in a farce—"Matter of the Situation"—which earned the plaudits of the spectators. To-morrow evening the contest for the diamond ring between Miss Julia Field and Miss Maggie Day will be decided, and on the following evening the gold and silver watch contest will be decided. On Saturday evening, at ten o'clock, the ticket good for a passage to Europe and return will be disposed of.

Ordained to the Ministry.

The Auburn (N. Y.) Daily Advertiser of the 13th instant thus speaks of Prof. R. B. Holmes of this city, who, with his wife, are on a three weeks' visit to Auburn: "Professor Richard B. Holmes, registrar of the Chautauqua university, was yesterday ordained to the ministry at the First Presbyterian church in this city. The services were impressive and interesting. Rev. C. C. Hemenway of the Central Presbyterian church delivered the charge to the candidate and Prof. Lewis Crozier, D. D., of the Theological seminary preached a discourse on the character and office of the Holy Ghost."

Howell Division Reception.

This evening at their headquarters on East Front street, Howell Division, Sons of Temperance, will tender a complimentary reception to New York Division, No. 1, of New York city. A delegation of Lincoln Division, S. of T. of Elizabeth, will also be in attendance, and an enjoyable time is anticipated.

—The Democratic primary to elect delegates to the State and county conventions will be held in the Democratic Association rooms on West Front street this evening. The city is entitled to four delegates to the Congressional convention—Dr. Cornelius Cowenhoven, Dr. Dr. Dr.

Professional Cards.

ARTHUR P. MILLER,
Attorney at the Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public. Will buy and sell real estate, loan money, rent and care charge of property. Office near Post Office. p-p-y

CHAS. A. MARSH, Jr.,
Counselor Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office over Prop. and Treasurer's.

Wheelwright and Carpenter, office in Second and Washington streets, Plainfield, N. J. Repairing of every description in city, carriages to be repaired can be depending in his line with business and dispatch. p-p-y

D. CHAS. S. THOMAS, DENTIST,
Office Front Room, Second floor, Corner Second and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Gold fillings for preserving teeth without pain. Gold filling a specialty.

C. A. MARSH, Jr., Plainfield, N. J.
Office Front Room, Second floor, Corner Second and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Gold fillings for preserving teeth without pain. Gold filling a specialty.

J. CUNNAM,
Civil Engineer, Consul's Building, Clerk, Engineer and Surveyor, Having had 20 years experience in city surveying, I feel that I can be of great service to the public in the line with business and dispatch. p-p-y

J. FERRIS,
Attorney and Counselor, Office in Chas. Part's Building, 2nd floor, Corner Second and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Prompt and Wellman avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Dealer in all kinds of real estate, and Notary Public. Will give Consultation on Sundays. Collections promptly attended to. Residence on E. Fifth street.

J. DEARING, Jr.,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, Commissioner of Deeds, Office Corner of Park avenue and Second street.

J. A. OAKLEY, Jr.,
Assistant, No. 40 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

OSCAR E. TEALE,
Architect, 207 Broadway, New York City. Residence at Grant Avenue and Tudor Road, Dunellen. Residence Plainfield, N. J. 1-y-p

SUTDAM & STILLMAN,
Counselors at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Commissioners of Deeds, Notaries Public, etc. 31 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

WM. K. McCLURE,
Attorney-at-Law, Commissioner of Deeds, Office 21 East Second. Money to lend on first and second mortgages.

Educational.

ELOCUTION,
Lessons in Elocution class or private instruction, address Miss Alberti, P. O. Box 1004.

MRS. G. KENNY,
Mrs. Jane Fine Piano will receive a limited class of boys under eight years of age, for instruction on the Kindergarten Method, Monday, Sept. 20. Parents please call between 2, 30 a. m. and one p. m.

MISS A. MARSHALL
Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Private or Class instruction. Terms address Box 1004.

MISS MARTHA MATTISON,
Teacher of piano. Given lessons either at her pupils or at home. Address Box 1004.

T. A. BARNES,
Teacher of Music, Class or private instruction, Violin, Guitar, Banjo, Mandolin, Flute and Cornet. Address Box 1004, North Plainfield.

The Evening News,

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON,

The Only Daily Paper in Plainfield,

T. W. MORRISON, PUBLISHER.

Office 7 Somerset St., Plainfield, N. J.

Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

New Jersey Central Division.

Trains in New York, foot of Liberty Street. Arrangement Commencing June 28, '86.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 3.07, 5.45, 6.30, 7.05, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.32, 10.27, 11.08, a. m.; 12.33, 1.31, 2.31, 3.15, 3.57, 4.31, 5.30, 6.06, 6.33, 7.03, 7.32, 8.41, 9.34, 11.16 p. m. Sunday, 3.27 (9.31, 10.31, 11.31 a. m.; 1.37, 2.34, 4.31, 7.30, 7.38, 9.33 p. m.

Leave New York, Foot Liberty Street at 4.00, 6.00, 6.45, 7.45, 8.30, 9.15, 11.00 a. m.; 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday 4.00, 8.45, 9.30, 10.00 m.; 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Newark.

Leave Plainfield at 5.43, 6.23, 7.03, 7.30, 7.50, 8.02, 8.40, 9.32, 10.27, 11.08, a. m.; 12.33, 1.31, 2.31, 3.57, 5.31, 6.06, 6.33, 7.03, 7.32, 8.41, 11.16 p. m. Sunday, 8.37 (9.31, 10.31, 11.31 a. m.; 1.37, 2.34, 4.31, 7.30, 7.38, 9.33 p. m.

Leave New York, Foot Liberty Street at 4.00, 6.00, 6.45, 7.45, 8.30, 9.15, 11.00 a. m.; 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday 4.00, 8.45, 9.30, 10.00 m.; 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Westfield.

Leave Plainfield at 5.43, 6.23, 7.03, 7.30, 7.50, 8.02, 8.40, 9.32, 10.27, 11.08, a. m.; 12.33, 1.31, 2.31, 3.57, 5.31, 6.06, 6.33, 7.03, 7.32, 8.41, 11.16 p. m. Sunday, 8.37 (9.31, 10.31, 11.31 a. m.; 1.37, 2.34, 4.31, 7.30, 7.38, 9.33 p. m.

Leave Westfield at 6.00, 6.35, 7.00, 7.32, 7.45, 8.32, 9.23, 10.15, 11.00 a. m.; 1.05, 1.30, 2.40, 3.35, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.25, 5.40, 6.05, 6.35, 7.05, 8.27, 9.10, 10.50 p. m. Sunday at 9.10, 9.50 a. m.; 4.35, 8.10, 10.50 p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Roselle.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.43, 7.14, 7.54, 8.25, 11.08, 11.41 a. m.; 2.05, 3.10, 4.43, 5.36, 6.22, 8.31, 6.03, 6.38, 9.39, 7.25, 8.05, 9.17, 9.39, 11.46 p. m. Sunday at 8.10, 9.59 a. m.; 2.45, 8.14, 6.43, 10.45.

Leave Somerville at 6.05, 6.30, 7.00, 7.32, 7.35, 8.05, 8.35, 9.05, 9.35, 10.05, 10.35, 11.05 a. m.; 1.05, 1.35, 2.05, 2.35, 3.05, 3.35, 4.05, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 6.05, 6.35, 7.05, 8.05, 9.15, 10.15 p. m. Sunday at 9.00, 9.45 a. m.; 1.00, 5.00, 7.00, 8.50 p. m.

Plainfield and Boston.

Leave Plainfield at 6.03, 8.37 a. m.; 12.40, 4.43, 4.55, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.15 a. m.; 7.00 p. m.

Westward Connections.

5.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading and Mauch Chunk.

7.50 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Delthaven, Lower Lehigh, Scranton, etc.

9.25 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schuylkill Haven, Pottsville, Hazleton, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Mahanoy City, Shamokin.

1.50 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

4.34 p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Delthaven, Hazleton, Scranton, etc.

5.12 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schuylkill Haven, Pottsville, Hazleton, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Mahanoy City, Shamokin.

6.35 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 9.27, 10.27 8.02, 11.08 1.31, 2.31, 3.57, 5.31, 6.06, 6.33 (except Ocean Grove) 8.37 a. m. 9.39 p. m.

Plainfield & Philadelphia via Lehigh & Bethlehem.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton at 1.32, 3.10, 8.20, 10.19, 11.46 a. m. 2.16, 5.03, 6.38, 7.50, 9.39 p. m. Sunday at 1.32, 3.10, 9.20 a. m. 6.38 p. m.

MONMOUTH.

Leave Philadelphia, South and Green Streets, at 8.00, 8.24, 11.40 a. m.; 1.15, 3.45, 5.45, 6.30, 7.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.30 p. m.; 3.30, 12.01 p. m.

Third and Fairmount avenues, at 5 10, 8.30, 9.00 10.30 a. m.; 1.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 9.00, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 4.00, 4.30 p. m.

Leave Toms River and Tuckerton at 6.25, 8.30, 9.00, 10.30, 11.30 a. m.; 1.34, 4.22, 6.34, 7.30 p. m. Sunday at 1.30, 4.00 p. m.; 6.18 p. m.

Plainfield connections for water morbus & sharp cure at Round Brook.

C. G. HANCOCK,
Gen'l Pass. & Ticket Agent.

W. W. STRANDS, Supt.

J. E. WOOTEN, Gen. Manager.

MAINE'S MISFORTUNE.

A Reformer Who Appears to Need a Little Reforming.

WALL STREET DID IT ALL.

How the Crookedness Leaked Out During the Cashier's Absence.

"Drive Me to the Jail"—How the Trusted Cashier Received the Fatal Blow to His Good Name—Gen. Neal Dow as a Philosopher—His Aged Father Overwhelmed.

Portland Opinions on the Case.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 21.—It is now thought that the defalcation of Mr. H. Gould will reach $145,000. The directors think the bank will not lose $367,000. The excitement over the affair is intense. Mr. Gould is 52 years old and has aged twenty years within a week. Besides being cashier of the First National bank he is vice president of the National Bankers association, also of the Portland Trust company, and a trustee of the Maine Savings bank. It is said that he began embezzling ten years ago. Others declare that the first stealing was done in 1883. There has been much talk in peculiar about his business affairs. He first bought a very modest home for about $5,800. Later he sold it and purchased an estate in Deering for some $17,000. This he sold and built his present residence at a cost of $20,000. He has not been asked to give a bond for many years. All of his original bondsmen, save his father-in-law, Gen. Neal Dow, are dead, and Dow can only be held for $20,000 of the original $50,000, if at all.

In a similar case here last spring it was decided that the bondsmen could not be held. The discovery of the defalcation is said to have come about as follows: About ten days ago Gould went to New York. During his absence a girl clerk discovered

A SEEMING CROOKEDNESS

in his affairs. He informed an official, who in turn notified the directors, and they summoned an expert. The latter soon found a $50,000 shortage. The directors were astounded. As Gould was absent, and a large amount of the bank's collateral was gone also, they supposed he had skipped to Canada. Investigation showed that the missing cashier was in New York. Instead of sending his arrest the directors sent a cautiously worded telegram summoning him home to advise concerning the investment of funds. Mr. Gould seemed to have no fear of the possibility of discovery and promptly returned.

Governor Robie and his wife were accompanied him to this city to prevent him from the least opportunity to escape. After reaching home, and while the investigation was going on, the missing cashier was kept in ignorance that he had

REACHED THE END OF HIS ROPE,

and the knowledge which came to him gradually was a blinding surprise. It was then too late to escape, and early last week the end came. The fallen man had at the last the important interview with administration of the law. He ordered his carriage, and gave to the driver the order: "Go direct to the jail." He had at that time formed the resolution of giving himself up, and of failing, and from the sense. The order was obeyed, but on the way he met a friend, to whom he told the terrible story of his fall. The gentleman said to him: "Drive you can't go to jail; no one has made the slightest charge against you."

Mr. Gould then drove about the city for a time and finally said: "Drive to the bank." At the bank he was met by the directors, and at the suggestion of one he went to the Falmouth hotel, took a room and was seen and consulted with in regard to the disordered affairs of the bank.

All the week the directors worked on the accounts, assisted by an expert, but instead of finding the defalcation growing larger were, and at last it was plain that close to $100,000 had been lost. Then the directors laid the case before Hon. William S. Putnam, who told them that Gould must be arrested and that a further neglect on their part to secure his arrest would make them liable for the loss. Mr. Gould was then arrested and left a

PRISONER IN HIS OWN HOUSE.

Gen. Dow assisted at the investigation and declared that he could not have been more astonished at the result if the city of New York had sunk out of sight, but he took the trouble like a philosopher. He said: "I never fret over what I can't help."

The father of the defaulter, Hon. Edward Gould, who is a very old man, seems more affected by the trouble than any one else. It is proper that Mr. Gould has been carrying on his peculiar financial business for the last ten years there will be little sympathy felt, as the greater part of his public and religious labors have been within that period. "How could he have prayed as he did while all the time engaged in stealing?" is the question on many tongues. It was perhaps the unexpected discovery of his crime.

Gould will be held till the comptroller orders proceedings against him. The bank officials have made no criminal charge against him. Friends Lively says:

EVERY DOLLAR OF THE STOLEN MONEY

was lost in Wall street.

Gould has conveyed to Governor Robie, as trustee for the bank, all his real estate, and has also, by assignment, all that he takes his personal property, the whole amounting to $60,000. He has left himself and family without a dollar. It is apparently useless to do what he can to make good the amount taken. Mrs. Gould has joined her husband in this manly act, and has conveyed the real estate standing in her name to Governor Robie as trustee for the bank. It is said apparently on authority that unless Mr. Gould has made some active return to the comptroller of the currency he will not be called upon to answer as defendant of a criminal charge. National Bank Examiner Wiswell is in Boston and Portland. Mr. Hoyt, examiner, have arrived, and will at once make a most thorough examination into the affairs of the bank.

The Argus says the misfortune is not so serious to the bank, which can stand its loss, as to the people of Maine, who have lost confidence in men whom they had been taught to look upon as

MODEL AND EXPERT FINANCIER,

one who was regarded as foremost in the Congregation of American Bankers and whose peculiar ability had attracted wide spread attention. It says: It is certainly uncharitable, perhaps wrong, to put the whole blame upon the shoulders of Mr. Gould. It is possible that other men have shared with others, or what, in the quaint language of the Norman French law, so long imbedded in English statute and commentaries and colleges, has something to do with the case. At any rate it is well to reserve judgment until the facts are known. Mr. Gould may be entirely to blame, but that interesting remains to be demonstrated. It is turns out that the fault is entirely his, words of condemnation too strong can hardly be found in any language.

WHITE PLUMES WAVING.

What the Knights Templars are Doing at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 21.—Twenty thousand Knights Templars were brought to this city yesterday by river and rail to the triennial conclave of the Defenders of the Cross. All the hotels and fashionable boarding houses are crowded to their capacity with the knightly hosts and their families. Special trains continued to arrive all day, bringing thousands to the conclave. Reception delegations from the latter were met by the troops of military bands, escorted the visiting commanderies from the wharves and depots to their respective headquarters.

The city has been given up to the entertainment of the plumed guests. From every window the Templar flags and pennants bearing the designs and mottoes of the order are fluttering in a bracing September breeze.

One of the chief subjects, if not the main one for discussion and determination at the meeting of the grand encampment, is the question of amending the organic law of the order with regard to the powers and privileges of the grand encampment. A meeting of members of the grand encampment had been called for this afternoon, at the Nebraska headquarters, to decide what course the opponents of the proposed changes shall pursue.

The call is addressed to all members of the grand encampment who oppose its enactment, and the delegates from Illinois in favor ways and means to give effective expression to the desire for reform (if reform be needed) within our order as now constituted, and to defeat the existing effort to weaken our general governing body, thereby destroying its efficiency." The propositions for changes made by the grand commandery of Pennsylvania were defeated in view of the Iowa grand commandery, and were formulated by the latter body in five resolutions, as follows:

Resolved, That the grand encampment, Knights Templars of the United States abandon the system of centralized and exclusive power which it now maintains and return to the general system devised by the founders.

Second—Resolved, That the constitution and code be revised and so simplified as to include general principles, leaving to grand commanderies the right of self-government, to grand commanderies the right of self-government, to legislate upon all matters of detail.

Third—Resolved, That sovereign power be recognized as vested in grand commanderies, and such general powers only in the grand encampment as may be expressly delegated to it.

Fourth—Resolved, That under the general legislation of the grand encampment jurisdiction be vested in grand commanderies on the subjects of uniforms, ritual and membership.

Fifth—Resolved, That in order that the general encampment may in peace and quietness provide the legislation necessary to carry out the foregoing changes, it is its duty hereby to positively prohibit all parades and entertainments at the time and place when and where its convention shall be held.

The question involved seems to be what is known in politics as the "state's rights" problem, and according to one of the Nebraska opponents of the proposed changes, the Knights, speaking in general terms, are divided on about the same geographical lines as those which have heretofore marked the dominance of the political parties upholding "state's rights" and "centralization" respectively.

The Apaches at Fort Marion.

ST. AUGUSTINE, Fla., Sept. 21.—The band of Apaches, numbering 341 Indians of men and 145 children, have arrived at Fort Marion. They were in charge of Col. J. F. Wade, Eighteenth cavalry, and two companies of troops. Waiting to receive them were the Chihuahuas, Nani, Hosea, Colay and others of the band of seventy-five who have been here some months. The men are in the main active and well-made. Many of the younger women are good-looking, with hands and feet small enough to provoke the envy of their Saxon sisters. One is more noticeable of these last arrivals is "Dutchey," who so gallantly avenged the murder of Capt. Crawford by the Mexicans. Billing from the train they were served, shot, and another after laying his fallen commander tenderly aside under the protection of the rocks.

Accustomed to Earthquakes.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 21.—The condition of Summerville for the past two days in regard to earthquake disturbances have been very reassuring, and the people are already impressed with the belief that the annoying underground detonations are about to cease. They occur now at very long intervals, and are unheeded except by the most timorous. The attention to Charleston is brighter and more cheerful, a fact largely due to the favorable weather and escape from the threatened West India hurricane. The death list from the effects of concrete is fortunate as against seventy-nine in the previous week. There is still a scarcity of skilled bricklayers and plasterers, and wages are at earthquake prices. Refugees are returning to the city.

Smelling Fluids Guilty.

BOSTON, Sept. 21.—In the superior criminal court Samuel G. Snelling, late treasurer of the Lowell bleachery, pleaded guilty to embezzlement of $67,000 from that corporation. On the charge of perjury Mr. Samuel Mr. Snelling pleaded not guilty. Mr. Snelling was accompanied by his counsel, Rev. Dr. Phillips Brooks and a few friends. He appeared quite calm and self-possessed and his strong face had the expression of one who had attained a good degree of mastery over his feelings. Snelling was sentenced to seven years in state prison.

Divorced for Intolerable Cruelty.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 21.—In the supreme court, before Judge Beardsley, ex-Mayor Gressie Kendrick, of Waterbury, was granted a divorce from her husband, Gov. Kendrick, of Waterbury, upon the facts found by ex-Judge Lemon B. Morris, a committee of the court. The parties were married June 26, 1884, and the grounds of complaint were intolerable cruelty. Habitual intoxication was included in the original bill, but was withdrawn from the proposal for. Mr. Kendrick showed a disposition to fight the case on this point.

Manning and the Austrian Mission.

BUFFALO, Sept. 21.—A special from Sampson Bridge says: Secretary Manning left the Mission yesterday for Saratoga. He will have a conference with the president in that city on Wednesday. He said while here that he had received no offer of the Austrian mission and would not accept it if tendered him.

An Editor's Sad Death.

LEMONT, Cal., Sept. 21.—C. S. Hayes, editor of The Tracer Tidings, was shot and instantly killed Sunday night by some unknown person, while sitting by the side of his fiancee, in the house of Dr. Loveless. A Lecaver, an admirer of Mr. Hayes' betrothed, has been arrested on suspicion.

Bulgaria and Her Fate.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—A dispatch from Constantinople says that England, Austria and Germany have sent a joint note to the sultan inviting Turkey to occupy Roumelia in the event of Russia invading Bulgaria.

THE MAYOR IMPEACHED

ACTION OF PHILADELPHIA'S COUNCIL ON MAYOR SMITH'S CASE.

After Voting Down Various Substitute Resolutions, the Original Report of the Investigating Committee was Adopted, Which Charged Malfeasance.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 21.—The impeachment resolution against Mayor Smith, as recommended by a majority of the committee of investigation, was adopted by the lower branch of the city council. After the reading the members divided upon the question of the right of council to impeach the mayor. A resolution was offered by Mr. Anderson, declaring that the power of impeachment rested with the state house of representatives.

This he offered as a substitute for the majority report of the committee, but after a somewhat lengthy debate it was rejected.

MAYOR W. B. SMITH.

The chair recognized Mr. Maloney, who offered as a substitute for the recommendation of the committee a resolution of censure of the mayor for loose and reprehensible business methods. Mr. Maloney supported his resolution by a speech, in which he said that to say the worst the mayor only mingled with his official duties, whether of humanity or city's, every cent has been accounted for and paid into the city treasury.

Mr. William M. Smith presented as a substitute the following resolution, which was accepted by Mr. Maloney in place of his own: Resolved, By the common council of the city of Philadelphia, that William B. Smith, mayor of Philadelphia, deserved, and should receive the unqualified censure of the councils of the city and of the people of Philadelphia for the laxity, negligent and careless manner in which he has performed many of the duties of his office, and that nothing but the general belief that the said William B. Smith had no dishonest purpose or corrupt motive in his reckless and reprehensible use of the public money has enabled common council to come to the conclusion (in view of the brief period that yet remains of his official term) that this resolution of censure and condemnation will serve under all the circumstances of the case, as an adequate punishment for the gross neglect of duty of the high and responsible office committed by the people to his charge.

Mr. Smith said: It believed it was the almost unanimous opinion of the citizens of Philadelphia that impeachment was too severe a penalty for the mayor's carelessness and neglect, and that condemnation was an adequate punishment. Mr. U. C. Smith thought that the mayor could make his best defence before select council, and that the matter should not be discussed with censure. President Lawrence at this point called Mr. Edwards to the chair and taking the floor made an earnest defense of the committee and his own course in the case. "I had not intended to make any remarks on the question before the chamber," he said. "I suppose the report of the committee would speak for itself, but when a member, however guarded his language, reflects upon the committee and the president of the chamber——"

Mr. Maloney interrupted to disclaim any such intention, and the president continued: "I wish to say that I do not think the mayor intended to wrong the city out of one cent; but the only thing for me to do was to report, as did the majority of the committee, on what he did not or what his motives were—common council must consider that this body has no right to sit in judgment. It cannot usurp the place of select council. To pass a vote of censure is to pass judgment on the charges and say they are true."

"If it is an impeachable offence," said Mr. Zane, "to receive money which he was required to receive for the city."

Mr. Leeds offered a resolution that the opinion of the city solicitor be obtained on the legal plan upon which counsel could proceed, and that he report to council on Thursday next.

The consideration of Mr. Smith's substitute to pass a vote of censure was discussed and voted down—yeas, 42; nays, 43. After the result of this vote was declared the committee's report for impeachment was adopted by a vote of: Yeas, 49; nays, 38.

A resolution providing for the appointment of a committee to notify select council of the finding of articles of impeachment against the mayor was postponed, and the chamber adjourned.

There has seldom been witnessed such a scene of excitement as was presented in and about the council chamber during the session. The galleries and lobby were crowded to their limit and hundreds were turned away. Nothing was thought of beyond the impeachment of Mayor Smith—the first event of the kind in this city. Every member was in his seat, and the arguments pro and con were forcible and eloquent. The arguments of Mrs. Clay, on behalf of the report, and Smith, against the recommendation, were masterly. When the last speaker had resumed his seat the vote upon the motion of censure as a substitute for the resolution of impeachment was taken, and resolution itself were quickly taken. The result spread like wildfire through the city, forming the absorbing topic of discussion.

Petroleum in Austria.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Consul Gilbert, of Trieste, gives tables showing a rapid falling off in the imports of American petroleum and a corresponding increase in that of Russia since 1880. The price of the American article is 8.60 florins per 100 kilograms, and substantially the same quality of Russian only 7.15 florins. Unless American exporters can make it possible to place upon the markets of Trieste and Austria a petroleum of a better quality than the late shipments, at a lower price there is little prospect of their retaining even the present portion of the trade.

Bicycles Still Running.

LYNN, Mass., Sept. 21.—There is every indication that the bicycle tournament of the Lynn Cycle Club on Tuesday, Friday and Saturday of this week will be the largest of the "big four." There are 233 entries, against 211 for four days at Springfield. This large number of entries includes nearly all the noted flyers. The number of men booked to participate is 83.

SKIRMISHES IN BELFAST.

The Police Stoned by the Mob and Dispersed by Soldiers.

BELFAST, Sept. 21.—Desultory conflicts between the mob and the police have taken place in various parts of the city during last evening, but although quite a large number on both sides were wounded the injuries of none are serious. There has been a great deal of stone throwing on the part of the rioters and a free use of batons by the police. The crowd attacked a detachment of police while the latter were leaving a church. The force some of their brethren who were being overcome by a mob.

The policemen broke and ran from the field of stones, and were pursued by a howling mob hurling stones at every step. The policemen were almost exhausted, and many of them badly hurt, when they were rescued by a detachment of soldiers sent to their relief.

Another attack was made on Divis barracks last night, and considerable damage was done to the building before the mob could be driven away. Quite a number of buildings have been wrecked, some of them about a hundred. The police comprehend the total number of arrests during the day and evening.

DRIVEN TO SUICIDE.

A Mother Ends Her Sorrows in Lake Michigan.

CHICAGO, Sept. 21.—The body of the woman found floating in the lake last Wednesday morning was identified yesterday afternoon as that of Mrs. Amelia Fury, who boarded at 1 Lincoln Park. A sister of the dead woman, having noticed the descriptions in the papers, identified the body, and informed the dead woman's husband. He stated that he had not seen his wife since Tuesday night, and being unable to read knew nothing of the discovery on the beach. He went at once to view the body, and was identified it as that of his wife, and the body of the infant found with her as that of their child, whom the mother had taken with her when she left home on Tuesday. He did not seem in the least affected by the discovery. Fury is about 35 years old, and is employed in sewer building. He stated that while in drink Tuesday he went home and quarreled with his wife. When he awoke Wednesday morning she had gone, taking with her their youngest child. They had been married four years.

British Capital Notes.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—The appearance of Mr. Gladstone at Westminster was the signal for ovation, both inside and outside the house of commons. As he entered the hall of the house and made his way to his seat he was greeted with a storm of cheers, many Liberal Unionists joining in the tribute of respect to the ex-premier. He is in robust health and fine spirits.

In the house of commons Lord Randolph Churchill announced that the government would at the next session of parliament introduce a bill to facilitate the transfer of

Sir Michael Hicks Beach, chief secretary for Ireland, said that since June 13 1,000 families had been evicted in Ireland for nonpayment of rent, 650 of whom had been readmitted to their holdings as caretakers.

Captains of British Sealers Sentenced.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Dispatches have been received at the navy department from Lieut. Commander Nichols, commanding the Pinta, from Sitka, Alaska, relating to the seizure of the British sealers. He says "Two of the cases have been disposed of as follows: The captain and mate of the British schooner Thornton were tried by jury, found guilty, and sentenced each to imprisonment for ninety days and fined, the captain $500 and the mate $300. The captain and mate of the American schooner Minnie were also tried by jury and were tried before the court; both were found guilty and sentenced, the captain to two months and the mate to one month's imprisonment. The crews of the British and American schooners will come up in a day or two. The captain of one of them has disappeared, and it is supposed has committed suicide."

Little Rhody's Big Fair.

PROVIDENCE, Sept. 21.—The state fair, under the auspices of the Rhode Island Reformed Institute of Industrial Domestic Industry, was opened to visitors to-day and will continue till Saturday. There is no doubt of its being the greatest fair ever held in Rhode Island. The list of entries in almost every class is far in excess of any other fair. The fair is held at Narragansett park, which has been greatly improved, and is devoted exclusively by the Domestic Industry society. Thursday will be governor's day, when Governor Wetmore, of Rhode Island, and Governor Curtin, of Pennsylvania, will visit the fair, and the people will be addressed by Gen. Hawley, of Connecticut.

Death of a Philadelphian.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 21.—Gustavus Remack, president of the Fairmount Park commission and a prominent member of the Philadelphia bar, is dead from the effects of a stroke of paralysis. Mr. Remack was well known and especially popular among the German citizens. He was a democrat in his views of politics, and on the election of President Cleveland his name was connected with the mission to Germany. Mr. Remack, who is 70 years old, was born in Prussia, and during the revolution in that country and settled in this city.

Austin Corbin Will Be President.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 21.—Mr. Austin Corbin has arrived from New York, and after a short conference with Mr. Drexel and some other Reading magnates he made formal declaration of his intention to become a citizen of Pennsylvania, thus removing the only obstacle to his accepting the presidency of the Reading Railroad company. He will return to New York for a few days, when he will return and assume the duties of the presidency.

Sedgwick's Report-Not Ready.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Mr. Sedgwick has had a long conference with Secretary Bayard respecting his mission to Mexico. Mr. Sedgwick will at once begin the preparation of his report, which will be ready when the Fifty-fourth congress assembles. The Mexican secretary says, there is no information to be given out about the subject.

Shifting the Blame.

BROOKLYN, Sept. 21.—Nurse Edgerton, under a charge of the patient McCarthy, was sealed to death in a cell in the Long Island house asylum, claims that some of the lunatics must have turned the hot water on which was sent from the patient for a few moments, as when he left the water was tepid.

West Fifteen Per Cent. Advance.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 21.—Seven hundred men are on strike for 15 per cent. advance in wages at Neville, Schofield, Fox & Co's woolen mills, at Manayunk. The firm refuses to treat with the strikers through the Knights of Labor.

Back to the Capital.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Postmaster General Vilas and Assistant Postmaster Sparks have returned to the city.

The Plainfield Electric Light Company.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

This company is prepared to receive applications and to make contracts for incandescent lighting for both domestic and business purposes.

Sufficiently as sufficient number of lines of light are obtained, in each section of the Plainfield portion of the city, the necessary mains will be put down in that section. The date at which domestic lighting will be commenced will depend somewhat upon the number of applications received from each section.

The supply to the business section of the city will commence very shortly after the completion of the contract with the city for street lighting. Some delay has necessarily been incurred in consequence of the company having commenced to sell lamps thereby utilizing time after having commenced building operations, so also on account of the loss by fire of material which cannot be immediately replaced.

The company has decided in lieu of supplying current upon a meter for light consumers to appropriate the amount which would have been paid for that purpose to the support of a night watchman, who will use one of the first applicants aggregating 500 lights, and 200 in the business section and 300 in the resident sections.

A temporary office has been rented from Mr. Mahlon Stryker, corner of Second and Front streets, 25 and 27 North avenue, opposite the railway depot, where a representative of the company will be in attendance from 8 to 9 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m. daily, to receive applications between the hours of 7.30 and 8.30 a. m., and 4.30 to 6.30 p. m.

ALEX. C. WILSON, C. E.,
Engineer in Charge.

9-21-tf

CRUSHED STONE

Is Now Furnished by

WILSONS

A good supply of stone in THREE SIZES is kept constantly on hand, and orders for large quantities can be promptly filled. The stone is admirably adapted for ROAD BEDS on public thoroughfares, or for DRIVES and WALKS on private grounds. It is HARD and CLEAN. No clay and soft stone is mixed with it.

Orders can be sent through the post office or may be left with Robert Simpson, West Front Street corner Washington Ave.

R. R. FAIRCHILD

Furniture Warerooms,

21 EAST FRONT ST.

WALNUT, ASH AND CHERRY CHAMBER SUITES.

Spring Beds and Mattresses. A large assortment of Parlor Suites and Lounges. Ask for the

LACE WEB SPRING BED

Miscellaneous Cards.

Mrs. A. Corwin,
Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Corsets,
Having during recess in new prepared for the Sewing Machine, Ladies' Dresses, Cloaks, Sacques, Dress Skirts, the latest style, at East Front street. Wanted a dress maker.

John Lindsay, Established 1868.
Gardener & Florist
INTELLIGENT OFFICE by Mrs. Lindsay, No. 20 East Front street, and Grounds, Park avenue.

E. B. Maynard, No. 12 North avenue,
Shaving & Hair Cutting
Four long-chair artists in attendance. Ladies 12 Children 15 cents. Gentlemen's shave or a cent 15.

A. J. Couturier (Grocer, Vintner) Successor to John Boehm's
Choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Wigs, Full Dress Frontal Toupees, made and dressed. Manufacturer of Perfumes, Hair Oil, etc. 16 West Front St.

Milk Dairy,
Pure Fresh Milk Delivered Daily,
Address D. S. Collins, P. O. Box 300, Plainfield.

John Ross and Son,
For Cumberland Spring Water Ice.
Buy of the Park Avenue Ice Co. only. Price as low as can be bought in the city. Buy for safe. Ice Co. Park avenue.

Thomas Kenna, Corner of Grove St. and Church Road.
Dealer in all kinds of
Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,
At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Alfred I. Smalley, North avenue.
Meat Market,
Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone call No. 74.

Ten Eyck's Meat Market.
Fruits and Vegetables in season. 27 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

I. L. McVoy, Silver Mills,
Ice Cream and Wed Cake, Fruit and Confectionery to order. After an experience of fifteen years in the business of executing all work entrusted to my care with satisfaction to all, I still keep at the same place, East Front street. Shop at East Front.

T. E. Morgans,
Gunsmith, Books, Stationery
and Music, 27 East Front street.

Farmer's Hotel, Summer Resort
Boarding, Permanent or Transient
Stabling for horses by day, week or month. Terms moderate. Jacob Blazes, Prop.

J. W. and H. Coddington,
P. O. box 408 Plainfield, N. J. Poultry, hotels, restaurants, butchers, etc., supplied at lowest market rates with
Clear Spring Water Ice,
Also dealers in Flour, Feed and Grain.

Notice.
Composite, Nails & Prize Tickets,
thoroughly cleaned, as per our cleaned, then sealed, and warranted to be free from all dust, dirt, and foreign substances. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Tickets delivered free. Order by mail or telephone promptly attended to. John Barry, 1 Chestnut street, and 10 Arcadia property.

James O. Miles, No. 25 North Avenue
Agent for Writer and Stale Agent for
Diamond Tailors & Dumarie,
For Spring Clothing, Suitings, Pantings, Overcoats, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Shirts, Ties, Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, etc., in any shape, made to the shop.

Builders Cards.

Theodore Gray,
Mason & Builder
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
P. O. Box 350. Residence Hillside avenue.

PEARSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters and Builders
Estimates furnished for all classes of work.
JOBBING A SPECIALTY.
All work Promptly attended to and Satisfaction Guaranteed. P. O Box 1,421. Residence: W. J. Pearson, Vine street, near Emily. H B Gayle, 84 East Second Street.

Peter G. Kline,
Carpenter & Builder,
Estimates furnished. Repairing attended to. Shop on Second street, near East Front street. P. O. Box 300, Plainfield, N. J.

H. N. Spencer, Successor to Bodemann, Grocer & Bodemann,
Specialties—Fine Butter, Cheese, Lard, Teas, Coffees, Sugar and Produce. Full assortment of Canned Goods, Fruits and Vegetables. Fresh eggs, choice Hams (3c lb) at wholesale. Wyler Granite, C. C. Ginger Ale, Northern and Glenwood.

John Emmons,
Mason and Builder,
(Successor to Emmons & Sutton)
Jobbing promptly attended to. No. 47 West Front Street. P. O. Box 900.

R. A. Ross, 12 Somerset St., North Plainfield,
Informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish Mouldings, Sashes, Doors,
Blinds, of all Kinds of Dressed Lumber. Wet Lumber Kiln Dried. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Good Seasoned.

R. V. Saums,
Carpenter & Builder.
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evens. P. O Box, 1326. Jobbing promptly attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all classes of work.

J. Manning, Rear of Evens P. O. Box 1326,
Carpenter & Builder,
Jobbing promptly attended to. Repairing promptly done.

Spicer & Hubbard, Midway avenue and Third street,
Mould

ODD FELLOWS' MEETING

THE SOVEREIGN GRAND LODGE BEGINS ITS WORK AT BOSTON.

Reports of the Grand Sire and Secretary Show a State of Great Prosperity—In the Order of the "Three Golden Links." Lists of Money Handled.

BOSTON, Sept. 21.—The sixty-second annual session of the Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., was called to order at 9:20 a. m. yesterday. An address of welcome was made by the grand master of Massachusetts, Mr. Hill, and was responded to by Henry F. Garey, of Maryland, grand sire.

The reports of the officers of the grand lodge were presented, and were referred for consideration to a special committee, consisting of Representative Goodwin, of Georgia; Jarrett, of Iowa; Jones, of Maryland; Marvin, of Minnesota, and Higgins, of Maine.

In his annual report Grand Sire Garey said that when the sovereign grand lodge last met in Boston, in 1885, the membership of the order in the whole world was only 157,628 members, and its total revenue only $1,161,426.05. To-day it was 217,210 members, and for 1885 its total revenue was $3,309,893.77. In 1884 the order existed in only one foreign country—the Sandwich Islands—while to-day it flourished in Germany, Switzerland, the Netherlands, Denmark, Sweden, Canada, Chili, Mexico, Cuba and Australasia. The grand sire does not favor the proposed removal of the headquarters of the order from Baltimore.

The grand sire then thanked his officers for their aid and support and made glowing predictions for the future prosperity of the order.

Grand Secretary Theodore A. Ross reported that during 1885 the net gain was 11 lodges and 1,080 members, and 13 encampments and 119 members, 115 Rebekah degree lodges and 6,082 members. The table established one year ago showing the statistics of the order from 1830 has been revised by adding the information received for the year 1885, and is submitted as follows:

Initiations in subordinate lodges, 1,404,110; members relieved, 1,290,180; widowed families relieved, 187,683; members, 117,906; total relief, $41,164,000.09; total receipts, $109,854,262.05.

The following, embracing Australasia and Germany, represents the condition of the order Dec. 31, 1885:

Sovereign grand lodge, 1; independent grand lodge (German empire and Australasia) 2; subordinate grand encampments, 2; subordinate encampments, 1,958; subordinate grand lodges, 65; subordinate lodges, 8,181; encampment members, 74,741; lodge members, 358,352.

From the report of the Grand Treasurer, Isaac A. Sheppard, it appears that the Sovereign Grand lodge is in a good financial condition. The balance on hand Aug. 30, 1885, was $16,572.65; receipts of the year, $40,045.86; expenditures, $42,430.07; balance on hand Aug. 30, 1886, $22,206.42.

The available assets of the sovereign grand lodge are $22,206.42 in cash and $55,500 in government bonds, a total of $78,706.42. The appointments to a large number of committees were then announced. The remainder of the session was devoted to the presentation of business.

The thirteen sections of the monument association of western Odd Fellows have arrived without accident.

The passage of so many excursion trains at one time with right of way over so great a distance as that between Chicago and Boston is something that is said to be unprecedented, but so far no accident has occurred beyond the breaking down of two Pullman sleepers near North Adams.

At the grand banquet to the Odd Fellows last night addresses were delivered by W. E. Parmenter, P. G. M., presiding, E. Bentley Young, Grand Secretary Garey, Governor Robinson, Mayor O'Brien and others. About 500 persons were present, and it was a very enjoyable affair.

West Point's Sentenced.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Sept. 21.—The sentence of the thirty odd cadets who engaged in the "hash" on Aug. 28, has been made public. It is a general deprivation of privileges until July, which puts off the graduation of the first class men for some weeks, and walking "extras," that is marching up and down at certain spaces for so many hours every Saturday for ten weeks. The cadet officers who were court martialed for disobedience of orders have had the decision in their cases forwarded to Washington. This means a heavy sentence, probably dismissal, as ordinary punishment can be inflicted without authority from the war department. The general belief among officers is that the president will mitigate the sentence.

Making Silver Dollars.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The amount of silver issued from the treasury is steadily increasing. During last week 1,114,904 new standard silver dollars were put into circulation, a larger amount than has ever before been put out in one week. There are now nearly 60,000,000 silver dollars in actual circulation. Treasury officials predict a large issue of $1 silver certificates, as it is thought they will take the place of some of the larger denominations of greenbacks.

Official Vote of Maine.

AUGUSTA, Sept. 21.—The official vote of Maine for governor, except a few small towns, returns from which have not been received, gives the following result: Bodwell (Republican), 68,837; Edwards (Democrat), 55,987; Clark (Prohibition), 2,822; scattering, 90. Bodwell's plurality, 12,850.

CONDENSED NEWS.

An anti-monopoly school ticket, at New Haven, received fifty-two votes in fifteen wards.

United States Consul General Bonham reports from Calcutta that large shipments of hides taken from diseased cattle are shipped to this country from India.

Judge James R. Ludlow died at Philadelphia.

The cattle fever has appeared at Crystal, Ja.

Martin Irons, manager of the Missouri Pacific strike, has been surrounded with business, and will be held in jail pending trial for tapping the telegraph wires during the late strike.

An unknown yacht capsized and sank in Boston harbor. It is thought no lives were lost, as no bodies were found.

The English cutter Helena, it is said, will visit New York harbor early next month.

The season at Coney Island has come to an end.

The Western Union Telegraph company has completed their undertaking of hanging its wires underground in New York, in spite of the wishes of the railway commission.

The school opens with an unusually large freshman class.

Employers and builders at Albany are at a standstill, about 3,000 men being idle. The agitation about the withdrawal of a boycott.

The city of Madrid is in a state of excitement over an extensive revolt in the army. Many arrests have been made and several killed were shot. Martial law has been declared.

MORE NEEDY THAN CHARLESTON.

The Railroads Suppress the Facts of the Texas Drought.

BUFFALO, Sept. 21.—Rev. John Brown, a Presbyterian clergyman of Albany, Tex., is in the city in the interest of 100,000 starving families, representing 500,000 people, whom he says were starving in the drought-stricken district of northwest Texas. Appeals have been made by him in different churches. Mr. Brown says that the suffering and distress caused by the drought, which has existed for the past fifteen months, was even greater than at Charleston, but the railroad authorities, who owned lands which they wanted to sell to settlers, concealed the real condition of the people, lest it should interfere with emigration. Thousands of families had not eaten meat this summer, and wolves in broad daylight thirty miles for household use. The object of his mission, he says, is to procure 100,000 bushels of seed wheat, but owing to the Charleston disaster he had thus far only received one wagon, otherwise he might have obtained thousands of dollars. The task was greater than the people of Texas could perform, and in the name of humanity, mercy and charity he appealed to the charitable public to help the starving multitude.

Patent Office Facts.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—A statement has been prepared at the patent office showing the operations of that bureau for the last fiscal year, ended June 30, 1886. During the year 40,676 applications for patents, designs, trade-marks and labels were received; 37,087 of these applications were for new patents alone, 731 for designs and 168 for reissue of patents. Twenty-four hundred and twenty-five and thirty-four patents and designs were issued during the year. The receipts of the office were $1,206,167; expenditures, $990,969; surplus, $215,198. From data included in the statement it seems the office has run behind in its work during the past year. On July 1, 1886, there were 6,713 applications awaiting action by the office, against 5,780 on July 1, 1885.

In the Diamond Field.

At Philadelphia—Athletic, 4; Cincinnati, 14.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 9; Louisville, 6.
At Staten Island—Metropolitan, 7; Pittsburg, 5.
At New York—New York, 3; Philadelphia, 2.
At Boston—Washington, 10; Boston, 8.
At Baltimore—Baltimore, 6; St. Louis, 4.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 0; Kansas City, 0.
At Utica—Rochester, 2; Utica, 10.
At Detroit—Detroit, 8; Chicago, 7.

No Hope for the Lost Miners.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—A Scranton dispatch says the shaft where the miners are imprisoned is so dangerous that not only are further explorations impossible, but great care has to be taken to prevent an explosion which might wreck the whole mine. Ropes are staked out to keep people away from the entrance to the mine, and watchmen are guarding them.

Two Rifled Mail Bags Found.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Sept. 21.—Two rifled United States mail bags were discovered under the platform of the cotton press here. Both were cut open and empty. No letter or sign of the contents was found, but there is reason to think that they were rifled on Saturday night after being matched from an incoming train from Nashville.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The Stock Market Takes a Little Bit of a Boom.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—Money opened at 5 highest 5, lowest 4. Exchange closed at 4.80@4.81. Actual rates, 4.81¼@4.81¾ for sixty days, and 4.84¼@4.81¾ for demand.

The stock market opened more active and higher for all stocks, the leading feature, however, being Reading, Lackawanna, Delaware and Hudson, Lake Shore and Western Union, all of which were largely traded in and showed advances by 1 o'clock on all stocks, ranging from ½ to 3¼ per cent. There was a reaction of ¼ to 1 per cent. about 2 o'clock, caused by heavy selling to realize profits. In the last half hour there was a general recovery.

Prices closed as follows:

West. Union Tel.	79¾	Del. & Hudson	104¾
Adams Express	140	Del., L. & W.	137¼
U. S. Express	61	Denver	26¼
C., C., C. & I.	65¾	Erie	29
N. Y. Central	114	Kansas & Texas	30¼
N. J. Central	—	Lake Shore	91¼
Illinois Central	135¼	Lake Erie & West	11
Ohio Central	—	North R. Reed	—
Michigan Central	84¼	Northwest	119¼
Northern Pacific	26¼	Do. pref.	140¾
Do. pref.	61¼	Pacific Mail	50¼
Central Pacific	43¾	Ohio & Miss.	—
Union Pacific	52¾	Western Mail	86¼
Missouri Pacific	111¾	Reading	34
Texas Pacific	17¾	Rock Island	127¼
Metropolitan L.	90	St. Paul	88
Alton & T. H.	35	Wabash	21¾
Canada Southern	65¾	Wor. & Quincy	127
Canada Pacific	67¾	Wor. & N. Y.	20¼
Chicago & Alton	143¾	Oregon Trans.	34¼
Ches. & Ohio	8¾	West Shore	—

General Markets.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—FLOUR—Quiet but firm; winter wheat, extra, $2.75@3; Ohio extra, $2.75@3.75; St. Louis extra, $2.75@3; Minnesota extra, $2.75@3; superfine, $2.25@2.60; fine, $2.10@2.35. Southern flour quiet; common to choice extra, $2.25@3.

WHEAT—Opened weak and declined ½c., but soon strengthened with the west, and advanced ¾@¾c., leading to a moderate speculative business, again reacting ¼@¾c., closing barely steady. Spot lots quiet. Spot sales of No. 2 red in elevator, 86¾c.; do. do. afloat, 84¾@85¼c.; do., 79¾@80c.; No. 2 red winter, Oct., 80¼c.; do. Nov., 81¼c.; do. Dec., 88¾c.

CORN—Opened weak, strong, and advanced ¼@¾c., then became weak, and reacted ¼@¾c. Spot lots quiet. Spot sales of No. 2 mixed at 46¾c.; unmixed mixed, 47¾@48c.; No. 2 mixed, Oct., 46¾c.; do. Nov., 50c.

OATS—Strong. Spot lots ¼@¾c. higher. Spot sales of No. 2 mixed, Oct., 31¾c.; do Nov., 32¾c.

RYE—Dull and unchanged; western, 55@56c.; Canada, 56@58c. State, 58@60c.

BARLEY—Dull and heavy.

PORK—Dull and in buyers' favor; new mess, $11.50.

LARD—Dull and depressed, and 2@3 points lower. Sales of prime, $6.50; do. city, $6.45.

CHEESE—Light demand, but firm; state, 7¾@8½c.; western flat, 8¼@8½c.

BUTTER—Moderate demand and firm; state, 16@22c.; western, 12@18c.

EGGS—Firm; state, 19@19½c.; western, 18@19½c.

COFFEE—Dull and more or less nominal; fair Rio, 11½c.; Java, 14@23c.

SUGAR—Steady; fair to good refining, 4¼@4½c.; centrifugal, 96 test, 5⅝c.; raw, dull; refined firm and in fair demand; cut loaf, 6 5-16@6¾c.; crushed, 6 5-16c.; cut, 6¼@6¾c.; powdered, 6 3-16@6¼c.; granulated, 5¾@5 15-16c.; mould "A," 6¾@6 15-16c.; confectioners' "A," 5¾c.; Coffee "A," standard, 5 11-16c.; coffee off "A," 5 9-16@5¾c.; white extra "C," 5¾@5 15-16c.; extra "C," 5¾@5¾c.; "C," 5¼@5¾c.; yellow, 4¾@5c.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

HARDWARE AND House Furnishings, PLUMBING, TINNING AND SHEET IRON WORK.

A Full Line of LADIES' Muslin Underwear, JUST RECEIVED AT POPE BROS., AT SPECIALLY LOW PRICES.

JOHN JOHNSTON, DEALER IN BEST QUALITY Coal. Yard and Office on South avenue, next to the Railroad. Orders by mail promptly attended to. P. O. Box 1467.

RAMONETTI'S CELEBRATED FRENCH AND AMERICAN Ice Cream & Water Ices, of all Choice Fruit Flavors. FANCY PUDDING a Specialty. A Large Variety of Individual Ice Cream Imitations. ICE CREAM for Wedding Parties, Church Fairs, Receptions, Festivals, etc., at a great reduction in prices. Also first-class Restaurant at RAMONETTI'S 24 North Ave., Telephone, No. 90. 6-24-12

Charles Bock, 7 and 9 E. SECOND ST. WHOLESALE and RETAIL dealer in Imported and Domestic Champagne, Wines, LIQUORS, CORDIALS, ALES, PORTER, PORTS, SHERRIES, Fine Old Cognacs from MEAR BEER and C. Tom Rum Kennel. Imported and Domestic Gin, Genuine Vichy, Vichy Carbonic Acid Lemonade Water, Soda, Seltzer, and Ginger Ale. Also Agent for Imported Guinness's Stout and Bass's Ale. Agent for Imported Rhine Gin and Ale. Agent for Imported Rhine and Liquors. American WINES, Extra Fine. by bottle, by gallon. ROSLING (Rhine Wine) ..... 50c ..... $2.00. BURGUNDY (Claret) ..... 50c ..... 1.00. SWEET CATAWBA ..... 50c ..... 1.00. MUSCATEL ..... 50c ..... 1.00. Philadelphia Ales and Porter, cwt. bottling, by per dozen, or more, or by the gallon. For the month of October, "FORT AYRE CIDER (Champagne) cases by per dozen, quart, $1; per dozen, pint, 75c. Orders from the country will receive prompt attention. Goods will be delivered free of charge. C. O. D.

Campbell's Comforts IN THE LINE OF SHOE WEAR. Cannot be excelled, as all his patrons testify. We manufacture on the premises and have the benefit of nearly twenty years experience, manufacturing in the upper part of the same building. We have superior facilities for making all our own goods both for stock and to retail order, either hand or machine made. We also will make a specialty of repairing. Know what you are about and call the finest lady's dressed kid shoe can be half-soled without the use of our pacific and made quite new.

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A. WILLETT, Boot and Shoe Dealer, 6 PARK AVE. Has received from one of the best city manufacturers a full line of LADIES' FRENCH KID and STRAIGHT GOAT BUTTON BOOTS, made by hand and warranted equal to any custom shoes, which, invites the ladies of Plainfield and vicinity to give them an examination before going to the city to buy.

A. SWALM, Wall Paper, No. 6 North Avenue.

A FULL LINE OF School Books. A good supply of SECOND-HAND SCHOOL BOOKS. A Great Variety of School Supplies at LOW PRICES may be had at ALLEN'S, 23 E. FRONT ST. Old books used in the Plainfield Schools and not too much soiled will be taken in exchange.

S. W. Wakefield, ENGINEER, PRACTICAL STEAM FITTER. Special attention given to heating public buildings and private dwellings by steam or hot water. Agent for the Dunning and Excelsior Feed-Water Heater. Sole for Burnished catalogue. Repairing promptly done. Satisfactorily furnished. OFFICE 80 SOMERSET STREET. My Reference is my Work.

Blue Stone Flagging, SILLS, LINTELS, STEPS, RUBBED HEARTHS AND MANTELS. Curbing & Crosswalks. All at Lowest Prices. First-class work guaranteed; 15 years' experience. M. POWERS, Yard, formerly 80 MANNING AVENUE, removed to Somerset St. Opp. Jackson Ave. P. O. BOX 1327.

Voorhees' DRUG STORE, at the old established stand, 21 WEST FRONT ST. near Music Hall. Established 1865. You can get the Purest, Drugs the Finest Toilet Articles, the Best Medicines, and Most Carefully Compounded Prescriptions at the Lowest Prices. Compound Extract Sarsaparilla for the blood, makes the weak strong. Equal in size and quality to Hood's or Ayers'. Sold at 75c per bottle. Voorhees' Concentrated Extract Jamaica Ginger relieves colic, cramps, diarrhœa, cholera morbus, etc., at 25c to 50c per bottle. Beef, Iron and Wine in bottle containing one pint at the low price of 50c. Quinine pills at a low price. Imported Bay Rum 25c per bottle. Freckle, Tan and Moth Lotion 50c bottle. Cream of Beauty, 50c elegant Cosmetic at 50c per bottle. All goods sold at low prices. Soda Water of fine quality, 5 cents a glass. Calisaya and Soda Antidote to Malaria. Bromo Caffeine for Brain-workers cures headache. Also the Fountain, Horsford's Acid Phosphates, with Orange, Lemon or Raspberry. Syrup Coca, something new; nothing like it drawn from any other fountain in the city. FOR BARGAINS IN NEW AND SECOND-HAND House Furnishing Goods AND FOR First Class Cabinet Work AND UPHOLSTERING CALL AT THE STORE OF J. S. Powlison 55 West Front Street.

Electric Fire Alarm. Electric Burglar Alarm, Guarded and sure. Electric Door Bells, Electric Gas Lighting. Electric Front Door Locks, Electric Servants Call Bells. Electric Thermostat so connected with battery that it will ring a bell in your house or bell instruments in your office, living apartment or sleeping room, when the fire is going out, or the temperature is lowered. REPAIRS TO ALL KINDS OF ELECTRIC APPARATUS. F. E. KINSMAN, Successor to F. E. KINSMAN & CO., 255 Broadway—61 Liberty Street New York. also P. O. Box 1388 Plainfield, N. J.

A FULL LINE OF Artists' MATERIALS, Engravings, Etchings, and Picture Frames of all Kinds. SWAIN'S 30 West Front Street, Plainfield. NEW YORK PRICES.

Photography No. 3 and 5 E. Front St. Instantaneous Process. Specialty of Children. Old Pictures Copied and Enlarged. Crayon, Water Color and Oil Work. Lowest Rates consistent with First-Class Work. F. G. LANGHORNE, Photographer.

REMOVAL. S. J. NEAL, THE CARPET WEAVER, has removed to 38 WEST FRONT ST. in the basement next to the Music Hall, where he is prepared to do all kinds of carpet weaving and weaving of silk curtains, lines, etc. Also a line of Brussels rugs made constantly on hand at the very lowest prices.

Wm. A. Woodruff. Represents the following first-class Insurance Companies: Fire Association of Philadelphia, LIVERPOOL, LONDON and GLOBE of England, WESTCHESTER, of New York, Norwich Union of England, North British Mercantile, of England, The Northern, of England, The Queen, of England, The Manchester, of Manchester, The Washington Life, of New York, and other equally good companies at positive insurance at BEST RATES. MONEY TO LOAN on approved security, and has inquiries for Real Estate. OFFICE Berry's Building corner of Front and Park avenue. Residence at East Second street.

THE OLD ESTABLISHED Clare's Jewelry Store, 9 PARK AVE. Continued as usual with a large and varied stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver ware, spectacles, etc. New Goods just received. New designs in Rings, Pins, etc., in sterling. Repairing in every branch of the business neatly and promptly done and equal to the New York or Boston and at less than New York prices. Great reduction in the price of Spectacles and Eye Glasses. Thankful for past patronage Mrs. Clare solicits a continuance thereof. Mr. C. E. VAIL, Manager.

G. F. & C. E. Brown, Wall Paper, WINDOW SHADES, INTERIOR DECORATIONS. 351 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.

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PROVIDENT SAVINGS Life Assurance Society OF NEW YORK. New plan of Life Insurance by an old company. Insurance at cost. No accumulations. Definite Insurance. About $10 per $1000 at age of 30. " 13 " " " " " 40. " 15 " " " " " 50. Only $3 per $1,000 for expenses per year. Over $200 of Assets to each $100 of liabilities. Popular with business men. Address or call A. S. TITSWORTH, New Market, N. J. Agt. for Union County. Office 44 West Front street. 8-4-6m

TRY B. T. Barnes' NEW MAKE MOLASSES CANDY, Opp. POST OFFICE.

DR. THIERS' "STOMATINE" FOR THE MOUTH, THROAT and Diseased Gums. Being slightly astringent it speedily removes all diseases of the mouth and throat, such as spongy gums, canker sore mouth, sore throat, tonsilitis, etc. It is perfect in its effect upon the teeth, making it an necessity for the sick room, removing the taste of medicine and is a fever keeping the mouth and tongue in a healthful condition.

PLAINFIELD TESTIMONIALS. From a pharmacist who knows what it will do. 30 W. First street, Plainfield, N. J., June 25, '86. Dr. Chas. Thiers. Dear Sir—You ask my opinion of your Stomatine. With a knowledge of your formula I will say with pleasure that the chemical combination is perfect, and the results must be as you claim, a perfect antiseptic but the best. I can safely and professionally say, I believe and know it to be a good remedy, and the sale of your article in my store has proved it so. With my experience of 30 years as a practical druggist I can say that I know of no other preparation for use from to say that yours is the best antiseptic for the use you recommend it for. Yours, etc., R. L. Dayton. I have used it freely in my own family. I find it satisfactory in all respects. I can say that it is the anyone of the troubles for which you recommend it, may be relieved and cured by its use. Respectfully, WILLIAM H. VOORHEES. Dr. Chas. R. Thiers. My dear sir—It affords me great pleasure to write this testimonial in behalf of your preparation called Stomatine. I have used it for some month, diseased and tender gums. On the 4th of October, 1885, you gave me a bottle of it and since then I have recommended and sold about five gross at retail and dozens at wholesale. Be my familiar with the component parts I can vouch for it as being genuine and a scientific basis combination. I find it to be all you claim for it, adapted to the purpose for which it is designed. Many of my customers say it is the finest article it very highly. I need hardly remind your valuable preparation to polish a spoken and singers, to be used as a gargle, giving strength and tone to the vocal organs. Yours Respectfully, R. L. DAYTON, Druggist. Plainfield, N. J., August 29, '86. Dr. Chas. R. Thiers. Dear sir—I most cheerfully bear testimony to the unrivaled excellence of Stomatine. I have not only used it myself, but have recommended it to my customers and they all speak in the highest praise of it. Yours Respectfully, F. M. STELLE. Plainfield, August 13, 1886.

New Store. BARKALEW & DUNN FINE GROCERIES, 18 NORTH AVENUE, PLAINFIELD. Try the Brunswick Ham recommended by Park and Tilford and Acker, Merrill and Condit.

Fusi Drop IN AT JOHN J. KENNEY'S Shoe Store No. 20 North ave., if only for curiosity And Ask TO SEE Our Favorite $2.00 Shoe. It is a Surpriser!

A. M. RUNYON & SON, Undertakers and Embalmers, 58 Park Avenue. Telephone Call 48. Residence 48 Madison avenue. Telephone call 57. Plainfield, N. J.

Bargains in Real Estate. FOR SALE and TO LET. To Let Furnished. To Let Unfurnished. Desirable Bargains in BUILDING LOTS. Fire Insurance, Sole Agency for North America, Phila.; Phœnix Assurance of London, Queen of Liverpool, Eng. Inquire of EDWARD C. MULFORD, Real Estate Broker, 32 and 37 opposite R. R. Station, Plainfield, N. J.

The Prince Royal FOR MEN'S WEAR. $3.50 Equal to any $5.00 Shoe made in Boston. Sole agency for Congress, Button and Lace Boots, with genuine Glove calf tops, of the celebrated house of Edward Ryder of Boston. The best fitting, best wearing and best shape shoe in the city for the money. SHERWIN, Sole Agent, 23 W. Front.

RICHARD DAY (Successor to Frank Day.) LIVERY STABLE North Avenue Opposite Depot. Plainfield, N. J. Carriages to Meet all Trains. Family Riding a Specialty. Telephone Call 38.

At the White Front. Many are surprised to find us so busy in the midst of summer, but when they look around our store and see our prices and our goods they cease wondering. We are busy selling Summer Goods at half their value and we are busy showing new goods for fall and winter. Business is dull, but the mild weather makes us think of them and the price on woolen goods is advancing so we have bought them early. This week we will offer special inducements all through our stock so come and see us and get the bargains. We have purchased another lot of those Turkish Linen. We will sell them for 5c, other cost 8c. We will sell one case of best Prints at 5c. We will sell 1000 yards all linen crash at 5c. We will sell one case of Best Down Ginghams, fall styles, 10c. If you want Oriental Lace come and see what we have. Our Muslin Underwear sale is a great success and will continue for another week. We will sell 2000 yards Black Cashmere at 15c, worth 25, and don't forget that we keep a full line of Tinware and Crockery. J. E. WHITE and SON.

The Premium. Charged by the Fidelity and Casualty Co. of New York is no greater than that of Co-Operative or Mutual Accident Insurance Associations, but is thoroughly guaranteed. The annual rates now are as follows:

$2500 and $12.50	indemnity	$9.
5000 " 25.00	"	18.
7500 " 37.50	"	27.
10,000 " 50.00	"	36.

NO ANNUAL DUES. No Assessments. Many gentlemen residents of this city are insured by the Fidelity and Casualty Co., and some are thoughtlessly inclined to make a trifle and the feeling of satisfaction in possessing a policy issued by this company is more than compensation for the outlay and besides it leaves to feel that you are insured while you are at home recovering from serious injury. Send for circular showing examples of claims paid. Jos. T. VAIL, AGT. OPPOSITE DEPOT.

DON A. GAYLORD Dealer in LUMBER MASONS' MATERIALS And COAL. AND FERTILIZERS Agents for the Soluble PACIFIC GUANO. Madison Avenue.

Park Ave. Dairy Co. We would respectfully announce to our patrons and the public in general that our prices for milk this fall and winter are: Less than 5 qts. 8 cents per qt. From 5 to 10 " 7 " " " 10 " 15 " 6 " " " Over 15 quarts 5 cents " " Our cows are grade Jersey's and are fed on pure grain, hay, roots and corn fodder. No beer grains being used on our farms. Milk customers can be supplied with fresh laid eggs. Park Ave. Dairy Co., POST OFFICE BOX 223, PLAINFIELD.

L. M. FRENCH Carriage Manufacturer. FINE CARRIAGES ALL STYLES. CHEAP FOR PROMPT CASH. REPAIRING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES AT SHORT NOTICE. No. 18 Somerset St. PLAINFIELD, N. J.

SERRELL & POUND, Bicycles, Tricycles, and Tandems. Repairing and Accessories. Sole Agents for Columbia Cycles. Strong Roadster, Ladies' and other cycles. R. POUND, 19 E. Third street. H. SERRELL, on Willow street. Plainfield, N. J.

OPPOSITION. JONES & CO., Plainfield Odorless Excavating Co. For closing and disinfecting vaults, and price reduced. Thoroughly and satisfactorily done. Tools and horse with D. W. Lindsley, C. Kuykendall, Addie and Hoagland's livery stables, Plainfield, and Jones' office, P. O. Box 1201, Plainfield.

MANY YEARS AGO

WOMEN DIDN'T WEAR WARM CLOTHING AND OFTEN CAUGHT COLDS.

It Was the Fashion to Go About in Low-Necked Dresses and Short Sleeves in Winter, and Most of Them Married at Sixteen.

I have a dear old friend—a genuine "lady of the old school," who has a hobby. It is the precocity of the present age.

"Pray, madam, how old were you when you were married?" I asked her one day.

She sighed, and the blood rose a little in her delicate old face.

"Just 16," she responded.

After awhile it all leaked out. Most of the girls of her day were married at 15 and 17, often at 13. All of her sisters were married before they were 20. Then, after little diplomacy, she gave some particulars of the way they did in fifty years ago. Hygiene was not invented then; even the name was not known. The wonder is how any of the children survived to be women, and how any of the women survived at all. Nobody but men wore flannel; my old friend told me that the young ladies couldn't, positively couldn't.

"Why not?"

"Because they wore low-necked frocks all the year round. In winter they wore capes to cover their bare shoulders. Of course, they were not strictly decolletes, but the most delicate part of the chest and between the shoulders was exposed. The little girls wore not only low-necked, but short-sleeved, wooden dresses, with nothing over their little chests and arms but a thin muslin apron."

"Poor things," said I. "They must have shook and shivered—in the good old days. Fancy one of the little girls of to-day, clothed in warm flannel from her neck to her heels, with stout woolen stockings coming quite over the knees, compelled to adopt the costume of the good old days!"

"Then, the babies! Bare arms and bare necked, too, except in the coldest weather, when they had a thin merino sack put on them."

"Poor babies," said I. "The general idea seemed to be to expose the neck and arms as much as possible, under the most adverse circumstances. Wasn't there a good deal of rheumatism in the good old time?"

"I am afraid I must say yes," replied my old friend, doubtfully. "All middle-aged people, it seems to me, had the rheumatism then. And they don't seem to me now," continued the dear old lady, "to have made any change in their clothing according to variations in the weather. No dress waists for summer were lined. The line between summer and winter clothes was rightly drawn. In May, ladies put away all their thick dresses, and wore nothing but the thinnest muslins and cambrics until autumn. Of course, we had cold snaps, but we learned to shiver through them in our airy garments. If I had gone and put on a thick frock, as my daughter does when the thermometer gets down to 50, I would have been thought crazy. Besides, they were all packed away.

"The one thing which they wore without regard to the seasonable temperature was a woman in moderate circumstances fifty years ago schlomd had not one bonnet, and that she wore until she wore it out, summer and winter. If the bonnet gave out in summer, most likely she bought a straw or drawn silk bonnet, which she wore the next winter without commanding remark; and if it was winter she bought a velvet bonnet, perhaps, and wore it bravely through the dog days. Dunstable bonnets were very fashionable when I was a girl. They were a kind of plaited straw, but they melted away if water touched them. A rain storm was death to them. Dunstable bonnets and percussion caps appeared about the same time, and a good many people confused the names and called them Dunstable caps and percussion bonnets."

"How about the shoes? In these bad modern times any young woman appearing on the street in cloth gaiters would be thought a lunatic. Nothing is admissible except a regular kid or leather walking shoe, substantially cut and made."

"I'm afraid," sighed the dear old soul, "that we didn't even always wear cloth gaiters. Many a day in winter I have gone down the street in low cut cloth shoes and silk stockings. Indeed, that was considered the only correct wear for a young woman with any pretensions to elegance."

"I have seen some of those old gaiters," I remarked, with gentle malice. "They hardly came to the ankle; they were of the thinnest kind of cloth, and the soles were no soles at all—scarcely thicker than good wrapping paper. I would be afraid to go around the corner in such shoes."

"I am afraid we girls had a good many colds and coughs," my old friend sighed.

"I should think so," said I.

"Then as to wraps," she continued, "it was the height of every girl's ambition to have a Canton crape shawl. If a girl had one she wore it, no matter how cold it might be. I was pretty cold, I remember, one January day, with nothing around me but a silk shawl, but I didn't mind it. Then, we couldn't walk fast to keep up our circulation. It was proper for ladies to walk in a slow and leisurely manner."

"That, together with the insufficient clothing and scanty food you allowed yourselves, must have made you rather pale and nervous."

"Well, it was not considered elegant," remarked the old lady, "for young girls to eat much. A delicate appetite was considered refined and interesting. As to sleeping rooms, it is true we had open windows, which afforded some ventilation, but as none of the windows let down from the top of course we couldn't have much of a fire in the room over our bedrooms. We slept on feather beds. They lasted a long time. Sometimes they were in use fifty years. When I waked up in the morning I used to feel as if I had sinked in the summer we had mattresses put on top of the feather beds. There were very few hair mattresses in those days. Most of them were of corn husks, with an occasional corn cob thrown in."—New York Tribune.

A Curious Chinese Myth.

The curious belief exists in China that white hairs are spread over the ground by earth-spaders, some affirming that these hairs are those of the beard of a celebrated sage, and that shakes the world. Dr. Macgowan has suggested that the crystals have been deposited from gypsum-bearing waters, and he has inclines to the opinion that the hairs of the Chinese traditions had a vegetable origin. This leads Professor W. T. Dyer to point out that an English preacher who had the curiosity to investigate the alleged phenomenon after an earthquake at Shanghai in 1852, found that the hairs were those of horses, dogs and well-known plants, and, of course, were no more unknown than are other times.—Arkansaw Traveler.

Emperor William's Lobster.

Wherever the Emperor William undertakes to eat his dearly loved lobster his doctor invariably shudders and protests, but the aged sovereign is obstinate and will continue his meal. He eats a good deal and is particularly fond of shell fish.—Chicago Tribune.

FIGURATIVELY SPEAKING.

Astronomy is I-dorful
And interesting I,
The earth I-ver around the sun,
Which makes a year 4 you.

The moon is dead and can't re-S
By law of phys-4 good,
B'n I where the dead live,
Do mighty school-I.

If watchful Providence be-S,
With good intentions fraught,
Did such kindness go in grand design
We soon should come to 0.

Astronomy is I-dorful,
But it is I-SO-4
I must I-gnore, and that is why
I'd better say no more.

—H. C. Dodge.

MAKE HAY WHILE DE SUN DO SHINE.

Oh, de June bug rustles an' buzzes an' sings
'Ez he hitches fum on de fly;
But wha' ye do June bug's hummer an' wings
W'en yo' ketch yo' fum de sky?
De yallab dog t'inks de sun beam' too shine
Nex' winter jis' lik' hit do now;
Ba'b'l bout fo' a bone an' hunt and whine,
An' wish he war dead, I allow.

De hen yo' eat in de spring oh de yo'ar
Won't lay yo' no aign in de fall;
An' de sweet ma'ble dat yo' ketch
Won't ladder do nuttie in de stall.
De nigglah that plays w'en de sun shines bright,
An' neyah do no ha' no' de fall,
Mus' mad mawal hows too 'is appetite
An' sin'nish too keep outen jail.

—J. S. Waldron in Judge.

THE HUSBAND SPEAKS.

Ye Gods, you gave to me a wife
Out of your wonted favor,
To be the chief companion of my life,
And I was glad to have her;
But if your Providence divine
For something else designs her,
To obey your will at any time,
I'm ready to resign her.

—Old English Ballad.

Earthquakes.

A good number of jokes are being poked at the earthquake, but the Charleston papers are not copying any of them.—Detroit Free Press.

When the earthquake came the other night there were 30,000 women in Georgia were convinced that they had discovered a man under the bed.—Macon Telegraph.

The jury in the Gilbert Davis case were in their room at the court house unable to agree, and, it is said, there was no probability of their arriving at a verdict. After the earthquake was over, however, they agreed in about three minutes.—Rochester (Ga.) Times.

The idea of naming a little girl baby Earthquakesa just because she was born in Charleston two or three hours before the shaking up is simply horrible. The poor innocent little thing may have cried, but she didn't cause the earthquake, and there is no sense in tying it to her, and making her drag it through life.—Cleveland Leader.

Brevities.

The woman who has a handsome bonnet always carries her parasol high in the air.—Philadelphia Herald.

The fat woman at a dime museum may not be "all wool," but she is generally "a yard wide and a half long."—Norristown Herald.

"Are cigars offensive to you, madam?" he asked. "Them five-cent kind is," she replied, with her nose in the air.—New York Sun.

The melancholy days have come,
Which make young men look blue;
Salons display the double sign,
Ice cream and oysters, too.

—Boston Courier.

The latest gem in the line of coroner's jury verdicts comes from Dakota, where a jury found that "she came to her death from a natural desire to reach a happy hereafter."—Alta California.

Clergyman (overtaking young couple of his congregation on their way to church)—Wot's you and your friend gal's been doin' with me to church, Miss Blanche? Miss Blanche (innocently)—Oh, no, I thank you; we only go for the walk.—Life.

"Laura," said Mrs. Parvenu, on the hotel piazza, to her daughter—"Laura, go and ask the leader of them orchestras to play that 'sympathy from Meddlejohn' over again. It's such an awful favorite of mine and your father's, too!"—Boston Traveler.

If eastern journalism wants to keep pace with the enterprise of the young and vigorous west, it must look up its news in this shape: "Rev. William Waterbury, the evangelist, was gunning for sinners at Hayfield and bagged 500 converts in four weeks."—Norristown Herald.

Fogg has said the meanest thing any man ever was capable of saying. When Mrs. F. left him alone in the house the other evening she remarked: "I won't be lonely, dear?" "No," he replied; "I shall be with you at all. The parrot, you know, is here."—Boston Transcript.

A man from Detroit sliced out on third base.

Sliding Cago, Chicago, Chicago.

In vain did he wipe the hot tear from his face.

Sliding Cago, Chicago, Chicago.

"Is it weakness of pitching or fielding?" I cried, "Or a big lot of base hits all on the wrong side?" He sang very feebly, "I guess I'm dead!"

Chicago, Chicago, Chicago.

—Life.

A canine with a tin can attached to his tail by a stout cord passed hurriedly down street. "Is that dog mad?" inquired an anxious pedestrian. "Well," responded another, "I caught a glimpse of his countenance as he passed by, and he didn't look the first bit pleased."—Pittsburg Dispatch.

"You will always notice that when there is nothing about the garden to cut the grass with, but a common break-back sickle the wife always does the work; but when there is a new patent lawn mower around, the man of the house is always very willing to accept the responsibility."—The Judge.

The following notice is posted on a fence in Moor township, Pa.: "Whoever, male or woman's cows or oxen gits in thise here oats bin or her tail will be cut off, as the case may be. I am a Christian man and pay my taxes, but if cows a runin thru thise oats critters loses my I."—New York Tribune.

The rude brakeman again. "Is this the right train?" a lady asked of a brakeman the other day. "Yes, madam, if you make up your mind to be a passenger," he replied the brakeman. "None of your impudence," retorted the lady. "I shall report you to the superintendent for impudence." "Well, madam, I'm sorry I spoke to you about your ankles."—New York Tribune.

It is strange how a circus will upset a town. Thirty or forty years ago, people were heard to remark, on coming out of a circus: "Well, when you catch me going to a place like that again you'll know it." Every year since the first show started on the road that same remark has been made, but those people are always the very first to be seen at the circus when the next one pitches its tents.—Pack's Sun.

"What have you been doing up in the Jones's office?" asked a man of a serious-looking individual who came down the stairs. "Are you married, my friend?" interrogated the serious-looking individual. "Yes," replied the man. "Is your mother-in-law living?" "No." "Well, then, you will not fully appreciate what I have been doing. I have been taking the cotton-seeds out—that if my wife died and I should marry another, my mother-in-law and wife will be an orphan if I have to wait till she is 100 years old."—St. Paul Globe.

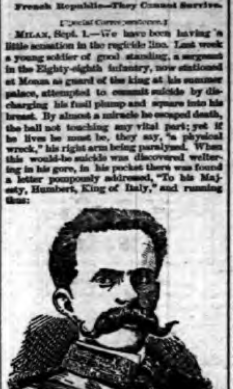
UNDER ITALIAN SKIES.

GRACE GREENWOOD CHATS ABOUT MANY INTERESTING THINGS.

A Make-Believe Engledoo—Exiled Claimants to Crowns—King Humbert in the Halls—About Titles of Nobility in the French Republic—They Cannot Survive.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

MILAN, Sept. 1.—We have been having a little excursion in the reglcide line. Last week a young soldier of good standing, a sergeant in the Eighty-eighth infantry, stationed at Monza, on guard of the king at his summer palace, attempted to commit suicide by discharging his fusil plump and square into his breast. By almost a miracle he escaped death, the ball not touching any vital part; yet if he lives he must be, they say, "a wreck, a wreck," his right arm being paralyzed. When this would-be suicide was discovered weltering in his gore, in his pocket there was found a letter addressed, "To his Majesty, Humbert, King of Italy," and running thus:



KING HUMBERT OF ITALY

I have received a command to kill your majesty, but at the moment of action I have thought that your life is precious and that mine is dear only to my mother. I cannot, therefore, to kill myself. Before dying I commend to your majesty my poor mother.

FRANCESCO DE FRANCESCHI.

On reading this letter, Humbert made a remark which spoke both for his courage and goodness of heart. He said: "This is a crazy fellow, who would render his suicide interesting." The king was, however, mistaken. Though when first interrogated, the sergeant had declared that the "removal" of Humbert was a "little job" laid out for him by a secret society of conspirators who, on coming to an hour of Nihilistic infatuation, he had solemnly sworn to obey, he state has confessed that this story was an utter fabrication, and that he concocted it to give his poor mother a claim on the generous charity of the king. As for the motive of his attempt on his own life, the horrible "wrong in the case," was not a good old lady, but a very naughty young one, whom, on a recent leave, he had met at Alzano, his native town. It seems that a much less good man than he, to care, to take to a fellow soldier, which treacherous Signorina Delilah had taken a fancy to and gained possession of by some means, and Francesco had, on being taken to account for the disappearance, was on the eve of being denounced as a thief, disgraced and stripped of the sergeant's epaulets, and preferred death. Perhaps it is a pity he could not have had his choice.

The son of Vittorio Emanuele does not scare well. On the very day of this sensational event, while many about him were alarmed by the sergeant's letter, Humbert drove down to Milan in an open carriage, with no guards, and one attendant. It was on the day of the most terrific thunder storm of the season. What a rain was that—rushing, roaring, pouring, plunging down. It looked, seen across the wide Piazza del Duomo, like a lake out and out when the tempest was at its height the king drove into the piazza, toward the royal palace. Some of his loyal subjects, sheltered under the colonnades, raised a shout of "Viva il Re!" and he, seeing himself found out, bowed in return, lifting his hat with his usual exceeding courtesy, baring his anointed head to the pelting flood—for that was a storm in which no stoutest umbrella could live. About an hour later he started back to Monza—still in the rain, still in an open carriage.

Yet King Humbert knows, by experience, the peculiar perils which beset the best regulated royal families nowadays. "Uneasy lies the head that wears a crown"—the only exceptions among present European monarchs being the Infantile Alphonso, of Spain, and the imbecile Otho, of Bavaria—and yet how many heads there are that ache and itch to wear that troublous and perilous circlet. Behold in France, no fewer than four, and four pretenders, all after that old crown which the republic has laid on the shelf, yet all posing as distinguished patriots, thinking only of the welfare of poor "distracted" France, lifting her from the slough of republican vulgarity and corruption to the old height of imperial glory or Bourbon purity. They are ready and eager to lay down their lives on the altar of *la patrie*—they are as sacrificial lambs, bleating to be offered up. I thought, with many others, that the government of M. Grevy was of that serene thing, than a crime, a blunder, in expelling all those princes, till the indignant exiles went to "proclamation" in furious and foolishly-each fellow showing his hand for the proposed game of revolution.

Those Parthian arrows were dipped in the very venom of the Bourbon faction, and furnish the best defense for the severe action of the government. Since those manifestoes appeared, I feel sure the English have welcomed "the illustrious exiles" with some sentimentalous sympathy, I have hoped more sardently than ever that the French republic would continue to "hold the fort" against the two elder men and the two boys, who threaten her most direfully. In the number of the pretenders is her safety, perhaps.

The four Bourbons are preying one another to death. I do not believe that the dainty Bourbon lilies will ever again really flourish in their native soil, water them with blood and manure them with human ashes—still, "they will be overgrown by vulgar democratic weeds, or perhaps choked with communistic and socialistic brambles and thistles. I believe the last Napoleonic dynasty was broken with the Tuileries. If the present government has strengthened and not weakened itself by thus throwing overboard of its Jonahs, and shall enter on a new period of power and prosperity, its tendency must be more and more democratic. An able English writer, Sidney Whitman, lately came long survive in the French republic.

A member of the chamber of deputies aimed a deathblow at them not long since by contemptuously proposing that they be sold in open market. According to his plan, plain citizens, by the payment of certain guaranteed sums to the government, could call themselves dukes, marquises, counts, etc. The old aristocracy of France is, after all, wise enough to regard the invidiable title of citizen as the best of all. Perhaps they and wife will be an orphan if I have to wait till she is 100 years old."—St. Paul Globe.

GRACE GREENWOOD.

LAWS OF NEW JERSEY.

[BY AUTHORITY.]

CHAPTER LXXXVIII.

A Further Supplement to an act entitled "An act to prevent the killing of game and fish, and to regulating game and game fish," approved March twenty-first, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

1. Be it enacted, by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That the nineteenth section of the act to which this is a supplement be and the same is hereby repealed.

II. And be it enacted, That no person, persons or corporation shall at any time, place or place, take or cause to be taken, any fish or other delicacies, substance or any kind of fish, or any fish, or any fish, or any