

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE

THE LATEST PLAGUE-CARRIER.
The Bohemian Reports Eleven Deaths.
QUARANTINE, S. I., Sept. 15—(Special.)
The Hamburg liner Bohemia which arrived last night, reports eleven deaths on the voyage and four persons sick.

No more deaths from cholera are reported on the plague fleet in the lower bay or on the islands.

The Cornerstone Laid To-day.
New York, Sept. 16. (Special).—The ceremony of laying the cornerstone of the Christopher Columbus Monument

took place to-day. There was a parade at 10 o'clock, after which the corner stone was placed in position by Mayor Grant.

Commissioner of Charities Wible delivered an address in behalf of the Committee of One Hundred, and at two o'clock the following

A Race for 800 Lives.
New York, Sept. 15-(Special.)—The ferryboat South Brooklyn now lies sunk in twenty feet of water at her slip near the foot of Whitehall street after a very narrow escape from going to the bottom.

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A submerged obstruction was struck in mid-channel leaving a hole in the side of the ship which had just time to race to her slip before sinking.

The Official New York Bulletin.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16. (Special.—Official.)—The only suspected case of cholera in this city reported since the last bulletin is that of Edward Hoppe, 1625 Madison avenue, who died yesterday, and whose case is being investigated.

The Somerville Board of Education held a meeting on Friday night, and decided to call a public meeting of citizens on September 22, to consider the matter of building a new school for the colored children. The necessity for some action was brought about by an application on the part of Rev. B. F. Wheeler, of the St. Thomas A. M. E. Zion church, for the admission of a colored girl, child of

The Board recognizes the fact that they cannot refuse such a demand, and some action is necessary at once. It is said that the Board is almost unanimously in favor of erecting a new building.

Another Re-Union for Plainsfield.
The next annual encampment of the New Jersey Association of Union Ex-prisoners of War will be held in this city on Thursday, Oct. 12. Notices have been sent out asking Grand Army Post to send all the names of ex-prisoners of war in their respective localities that they may be personally invited.

MAN wants .
but little .
here below .
but everybody .

H-O Hornby's
Oatmeal

For breakfast.



ESTON—In North Plainfield on September 15, 1995, Henry A., son of David and Frances Nestor, aged 6 years, 11 months and 27 days.

Funeral services from the parents' residence, No. 40 Pearl street, on Saturday, September 17 at 2:30 o'clock.

15-2-T & O*

big bargain in a fine carriage—actually to
cost—call at French's.

49 North Avenue

um—They will Stand
 ion—L. M. French's Repository, 16, 18, 20,
 et street.

CHINESE REGISTRATION.

The Powerful Six Companies Will Fight the Geary Law.

THEY SAY IT IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL

This Accounts for the Fact That in Spite of the Order of the Treasury Department the Six Companies of New York have been able to file their photographs as ordered.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—The editor of the Six Companies that Chinamen in the United States must not obey the act of congress requiring them to register is likely to afford a test of the authority of those organizations over their countrymen. It is based on an explicit declaration of the government, but on the belief that the act is unconstitutional. This is a matter that the Six Companies will test in the courts as soon as possible, and meanwhile they propose to nullify its execution by calling upon the Chinese everywhere not to register.

Yet should the courts pronounce the act unconstitutional the unregistered might be left in a bad fix, because the penalty of non-registration within the statute period is expulsion from the country. A good many Chinese who do not like the race discriminations made against them in the laws of the land would nevertheless rather submit to the Chinese everywhere than to register.

A good many too, who may resent the rigid exclusion system must reflect that this exclusion is a good deal worse for their countrymen who want to come to America and can't come than for those who are already here and enjoying a monopoly of Chinese labor. At all events, the Six Companies evidently do not think it safe to rely wholly on the sympathy of their countrymen now here in their views, and they are afraid of disowning any who register and of refusing to give them passage back to China.

The Position of the Six Companies. Accordingly we find the old cry of importation in America raised again on the Pacific coast, where this matter has its chief office. The position of the Six Companies, however, is based on their record of aid to their countrymen for many years and of defense of the latter in their legal rights.

They doubtless think that they are entitled to view of this history, at least to support in the present crisis. It is fair to say that no suspicion is entertained that the opposition of the Six Companies to the registry provision is based on the belief that it will interfere with emigration of their own. All the evidence goes to show that these associations are not engaged in the importation of labor from China, whether lawfully or unlawfully. They are really not companies, in the true sense of the word, but rather engaged in trade or manufacture of any kind. If they were called mutual benefit societies the phrase would better express their character.

These six associations were established at that time every Chinaman on the Pacific coast was believed to belong to one of them. The original object of their formation seems to have been that of sending the Chinese laborers to the provinces of the preliminary rise for that purpose. The cost of the burial here, the embalming and the return of the remains was so great that some such organization was required. The next step was naturally caring for the sick and the poor among their own. The difference in the districts or provinces which furnished emigration accounted for the formation of half a dozen such associations, each containing those who from their residence in China or other cases were most nearly allied.

Fourteen years ago, when the growing authority of these associations had extended to the coast, the Six Companies made a reply declaring that they had "never directly or indirectly brought or caused to be brought over any contract, writing or otherwise, as slave, coolie, laborer or in any capacity." They also disavowed the use of the word "coolie" in their name. The companies made a reply declaring that they had "never directly or indirectly brought or caused to be brought over any contract, writing or otherwise, as slave, coolie, laborer or in any capacity."

Confession It is Constitutional. The proclamation was signed by the president of the six Chinese companies, Yung Wo, Ning Yung, Kong Chow, Yung Wo, Sam Yung and Hap Yung. It is probably the most important document of the Six Companies without trace interests, although possessing undoubtedly more or less authority over their respective members. It was long ago a practice of the Pacific states to refuse to let a passport ticket to a Chinaman unless he showed a receipt from the company to which he belonged for the fee, at that time fifteen dollars, due on account of the burial and transportation privileges already spoken of.

The course would seem to be to test fully the constitutionality of the Geary law long enough before the expiration of the period named in it for registry to allow all the Chinamen full opportunity to comply with its provisions, should the decision be other than the Six Companies' completely expected.

It should be very easy to do, because the limits for registration prescribed in section 6 of the Geary law is one year after its passage, and the date of its approval was May 1, 1892.

It may be noted here that although the bill, which was passed in the house under the suspension of the rules, originally contained an elaborate provision for a certificate of residence, the senate struck it out. Then the conference committee arranged the present provision as finally discussed. "To require all Chinese laborers in the country to apply to the collectors of internal revenue in their respective districts for certificates of residence within one year after the passage of the act."

Any Chinese laborer found without such a certificate after the year may be arrested and taken before a United States judge, who may order him to be deported without delay. However, he may avoid the penalty by proving to the satisfaction of the judge that by reason of sickness or other unavoidable cause he could not procure his certificate, or that having procured it he lost it. Any Chinese person other than a laborer who wants such a certificate may have it on application. The collector of the district is empowered that any who can show the unconstitutionality of this law, and hence their exemption not to pay for certificate under it.

The R. R. "Circular," advertised to sail from Glasgow September 23d and from New York October 13th, has been withdrawn, and there will be no sailing on that date.



None Such Mince Meat
Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with superior care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—insist on having the NONE SUCH BRAND.

MERRELL & SOULE, SYRACUSE, N. Y.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For President, BENJAMIN HARRISON, of Indiana.

For Vice-President, WHITEWATER REID, of New York.

For Governor, JOHN KEAN, JR., of Elizabeth.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTIONS.

At Large—Eugene Alexander G. Cattel and John H. Johnson.

First District—George H. Taylor.

Second District—John H. Johnson.

Third District—Adolph Mack of Hartman.

Fourth District—Louis Kottmeier of Portia.

Fifth District—Donald McKay of Bergen.

Sixth District—Frederick Kuhn of Newark.

Seventh District—George F. Perkins of Jersey City.

Eighth District—William F. Chamberlain of Bergen.

Educational.

Harned Academy

RE-OPENED SEPT. 15,

with increased facilities. A thorough academic course, with opportunities for classical and special studies.

The School of Languages in charge of Prof. G. C. Harned, A. M., is conducted on the individual method.

Classes run in German and French. Special classes for evenings. Private lessons. Tutoring. Preparations for college. Music. Weekly lectures.

E. N. HARNED, Prin.

MISS SCRIBNER & MISS NEWTON'S

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

and KINDERGARTEN.

17 LAUREL AVENUE.

Will Re-Open September 10, 1892.

For particulars address the principals.

MISS SCRIBNER & MISS NEWTON.

Plainfield Seminary,

for YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN,

will re-open

THURSDAY, SEPT. 15.

For particulars address MISS E. K. KENYON, Principal.

MR. A. VENINO.

Teacher of Piano and Composition, will resume instruction.

For choice of hours and terms address P. O. Box 70, Plainfield.

PLACEMENT.

A. Instruction in Education, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss Alberti, P. O. Box 103.

FRENCH LESSONS.

Instruction and entertainment in French. French, a few or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surrounding towns. Particulars from Prof. L. A. Venino, 17 Laurel Avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT.

Teacher of French, Primary and Intermediate French. French instruction in English and French. At home or at school. Plainfield.

School re-opens Thursday, Sept. 15.

MISS JENNIFER MATSON.

Teacher of French, Latin and Italian. At her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms. Address of reference, No. 14 Somerset street.

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Anchor Line.

No Boats to Cholera Ports.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO AGENTS.

Please discontinue the sale of Prepaid and Return Tickets to and from All Continental Ports until further advice.

Tickets to and from England, Ireland, Scotland and Scandinavia Ports can be sold as usual.

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\$500 LIFE INSURANCE Free

of cost to ALL Customers that trade with

FRED. W. DUNN.

The Plainfield Grocer,

No. 18 North Avenue.

\$500 Come and Get a Free Policy

We Cannot Give You

A House and Lot,

But we can, and will, do your work, and furnish you Material as low as is consistent with first-class work and material.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

Palmer and Decorators,

228 East Front Street.

Legal Advertisements.

AN ORDINANCE

To change the name of North Richmond street.

The inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That the name of the street extending from the intersection of the street known as North Richmond street to the intersection of the street known as North Richmond street, be and the same be known as North Richmond street, which name it has heretofore borne.

Adopted by the Common Council September 5, 1892.

Approved by the Mayor September 7, 1892.

Attest—F. W. BUNTON, City Clerk.

AN ORDINANCE

For the repair and permanent improvement of Hillside avenue.

The inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That the name of the street extending from the intersection of the street known as North Richmond street to the intersection of the street known as North Richmond street, be and the same be known as North Richmond street, which name it has heretofore borne.

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AN ORDINANCE

For the repair and permanent improvement of East Ninth street.

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THE BEE HIVE

Kid Gloves.

4-Button Ladies' Kid Gloves

Tan, Brown, and Black.

Posterior Kid Gloves, colored

The "Glad" English walking

Gloves, in tan, black & brown

8-Button knitted Russe

gloves, in tan and black.

Gents' Kid Gloves,

Also a full line of

Fall Underwear.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street

2d School Books

Those having

Old School Books

which they wish to exchange, will place

